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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 401

BY BUSINESS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO MORTGAGE PRACTICES; AMENDING SECTION 26-2239, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; REPEAL-ING CHAPTER 28, TITLE 26, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO MORTGAGE COMPANIES; AMENDING SECTION 26-31-102, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS, TO DEFINE A TERM, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 26-31-201, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION, TO REMOVE DEFINITIONS, TO DEFINE A TERM, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 26-31-202, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE AN EXEMPTION AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL COR-RECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 26-31-206, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE REFERENCES TO A QUALIFIED PERSON AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SEC-TION 26-31-207, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A REFERENCE TO A QUALIFIED PERSON AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 26-31-211, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A CERTAIN PROHIBITED PRACTICE, TO REMOVE A REFERENCE TO A QUALIFIED PERSON, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 31, TITLE 26, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 26-31-212, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS REGARDING RESERVE AC-COUNTS; AMENDING CHAPTER 31, TITLE 26, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 26-31-213, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN ANNUAL STATE-MENTS; AMENDING CHAPTER 31, TITLE 26, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 26-31-214, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR A NOTICE OF TRANS-FER OF A BORROWER'S RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN; AND AMENDING SECTION 26-31-304, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO ORIGINATE LOANS IN CERTAIN INSTANCES AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 26-2239, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 26-2239. EXEMPTIONS. The provisions of this act shall not apply to the following:
- (1) Persons licensed to practice law in this state, to the extent that they are retained by their clients to engage in activities authorized by this act, and such activities are incidental to the practice of law. Such exemption shall not apply to an attorney engaged in a separate business conducting the activities authorized by this act;
- (2) Any regulated lender as defined in section 28-41-301, Idaho Code, and its subsidiary, affiliate or agent, to the extent that the regulated lender, subsidiary, affiliate or agent collects for the regulated lender or engages in acts governed by this act which are incidental to the business of a regulated lender;
- (3) Any bank, trust company, credit union, insurance company or industrial loan company authorized to do business in this state;

(4) Any federal, state or local governmental agency or instrumentality;

- (5) Any real estate broker or real estate salesman licensed under the laws of and residing within this state while engaged in acts authorized by his real estate license;
- (6) Any person authorized to engage in escrow business in this state while engaged in authorized escrow business;
- (7) Any mortgage company <u>lender</u> engaged in the regular business of a mortgage company <u>lender</u> as defined in section 26-280231-201, Idaho Code, except a mortgage company <u>lender</u> engaged in a separate business conducting the activities authorized by this act;
 - (8) Any court-appointed trustee, receiver or conservator;
- (9) Any telephone corporation as defined in subsection (14) of section 62-603, Idaho Code, whose initial request for payment on behalf of such telephone corporation or on behalf of another person is made by the telephone corporation as a part of regular telecommunications billings to its customers and at a time before the account, bill, claim or other indebtedness becomes past due or delinquent;
- (10) Any person while acting as a debt collector for another person, both of whom are related by common ownership or affiliated by corporate control, if the person acting as a debt collector does so only for persons to whom he is so related or affiliated and if the principal business of such person is not the collection of debts.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 28, Title 26, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 3. That Section 26-31-102, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 26-31-102. GENERAL DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter and in rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter:
 - (1) "Borrower" means the person who has applied for a residential mortgage loan from a licensee, or person required to be licensed, under this chapter, or on whose behalf the activities set forth in section 26-31-201(3), (5) or (7) or 26-31-303(7), Idaho Code, are conducted. "Borrower" does not include an organization that, as part of a regular business of constructing or rehabilitating dwellings, makes application for a residential mortgage loan to finance the construction or rehabilitation of a dwelling.
 - (2) "Control person" means a person who:
 - (a) Is a person who hHas the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a company, including a managing member, general partner, director, executive officer, or other person occupying a similar position or performing similar functions or, in the case of a limited liability company, is a managing member;
 - (b) Directly or indirectly has the right to vote ten percent (10%) or more of a class of a voting security of a mortgage broker or mortgage lender; or
 - (c) Is a qualified person in charge as defined in section 26-31-201, Idaho Code; or

- (d) Is an individual identified as a manager of a location for which an applicant is applying for a license under part 2 of this chapter.
- (3) "Deficiency" means information contained in, or omitted from, an application for a mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or mortgage loan originator license that causes the application to be inaccurate, incomplete, or otherwise not in conformance with the provisions of this chapter, any rule promulgated or order issued under this chapter, application instructions published by the director or the provisions of the NMLSR policy guidebook.
 - (4) "Department" means the department of finance of the state of Idaho.
 - (5) "Director" means the director of the department of finance.
- (6) "Financial services" means any activity pertaining to securities, commodities, banking, insurance, consumer lending, money services businesses, consumer debt management, or real estate including, but not limited to, acting as or being associated with a bank or savings association, credit union, farm credit system institution, mortgage lender, mortgage broker, real estate salesperson or agent, appraiser, closing agent, title company, escrow agent, payday lender, money transmitter, check casher, pawnbroker, collection agent, debt management company, title lender, or credit repair organization.
 - (7) "Housing finance agency" means any entity that is:

- (a) Chartered by a state to help meet the affordable housing needs of the residents of the state;
- (b) Supervised, directly or indirectly, by the state government; and
- (c) Subject to audit and review by the state in which it operates.
- (8) "Licensee" means a person licensed pursuant to this chapter to engage in the activities regulated by this chapter.
- (9) "Nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry" or "NMLSR" means a mortgage licensing system developed and maintained by the conference of state bank supervisors and the American association of residential mortgage regulators for the licensing and registration of mortgage brokers, mortgage lenders, and mortgage loan originators.
- (10) "NMLSR policy guidebook" means the conference of state bank supervisor's and the American association of residential mortgage regulator's NMLSR policy guidebook for licensees, published by the NMLSR, as identified by administrative rule.
 - (11) "Organization" means a person that is not a natural person.
- (12) "Person" means a natural person, corporation, company, limited liability company, partnership or association.
- (123) "Real estate settlement procedures act" means the act set forth in 12 U.S.C. section 2601 et seq., as identified by administrative rule.
- (134) "Regulation X" means regulation X as issued by the federal bureau of consumer protection and codified at 12 CFR 1024 et seq., as identified by administrative rule.
- (14 $\underline{5}$) "Regulation Z" means regulation Z as issued by the federal bureau of consumer protection and codified at 12 CFR 1026 et seq., as identified by administrative rule.
- $(15\underline{6})$ "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other equivalent consensual security interest on a dwelling, as defined in section 103(w) of the truth in lending act, located in Idaho, or on residential real estate.

(167) "Residential real estate" means any real property located in Idaho upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling as defined in section 103(w) of the truth in lending act.

- (178) "Truth in lending act" means the act set forth in 15 U.S.C. section 1601 et seq., as identified by administrative rule.
- (189) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned by protocols established by the NMLSR.
- SECTION 4. That Section 26-31-201, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 26-31-201. DEFINITIONS. As used in this part and in rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter and pertinent to this part:
- (1) "Agent" means a person who acts with the consent and on behalf of a licensee and is subject to the licensee's direct or indirect control, and may include an independent contractor.
- (2) "Loan modification" means an adjustment or compromise of an existing residential mortgage loan. The term "loan modification" does not include a refinancing transaction.
- (3) "Loan modification activities" means, for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, engaging in or offering to engage in effecting loan modifications in this state. The definition of "debt counselor" or "credit counselor" in section 26-2222(9), Idaho Code, shall not apply to loan modification activities.
- (4) "Mortgage broker" means any nonexempt organization that performs the activities described in subsection (5) of this section, with respect to a residential mortgage loan.
- (5) "Mortgage brokering activities" means, for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept an application for a residential mortgage loan, assisting or offering to assist in the preparation of an application for a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, negotiating or offering to negotiate the terms or conditions of a residential mortgage loan with any person making residential mortgage loans, or engaging in loan modification activities on behalf of a borrower.
- (6) "Mortgage lender" means any nonexempt organization that makes residential mortgage loans to borrowers and performs the activities described in subsection (7) of this section.
- (7) "Mortgage lending activities" means, for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept applications for residential mortgage loans, or assisting or offering to assist in the preparation of an application for a residential mortgage loan, or servicing a residential mortgage loan on behalf of any person.
 - (8) "Organization" means a person that is not a natural person.
- (9) "Qualified person in charge" means the person designated, pursuant to section 26-31-206, Idaho Code, as being in charge of, and primarily responsible for, the operation of a licensed location of a mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensed under this part "Servicing" means collecting payments of principal, interest, or any other payment obligations required pursuant to the terms of a residential mortgage loan.

SECTION 5. That Section 26-31-202, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

26-31-202. EXEMPTIONS. The provisions of this part do not apply to:

- (1) Agencies of the United States and agencies of this state and its political subdivisions;
- (2) An owner of real property who offers credit secured by a contract of sale, mortgage, or deed of trust on the property sold;
- (3) A loan that is made by a person to an employee of that person if the proceeds of the loan are used to assist the employee in meeting his housing needs;
- (4) Regulated lenders licensed under the Idaho credit code and regularly engaged in making regulated consumer loans other than those secured by a security interest in real property;
 - (5) Trust companies as defined in section 26-3203, Idaho Code;
- (6) Any person licensed or chartered under the laws of any state or of the United States as a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or industrial loan company. The terms "bank," "savings and loan association," "credit union," and "industrial loan company" shall include employees and agents of such organizations as well as wholly owned subsidiaries of such organizations, provided that the subsidiary is regularly examined by the chartering state or federal agency for consumer compliance purposes;
- (7) Attorneys duly authorized to practice in this state, to the extent that they are retained by their clients to engage in activities authorized by this part and such activities are ancillary to the attorney's representation of the client;
- (8) Accountants with an active license under chapter 2, title 54, Idaho Code, provided that they are retained by their clients to engage in activities authorized by this part and such activities are ancillary to the representation of the client;
- (9) Persons employed by, or who contract with, a licensee under this part to perform only clerical or administrative functions on behalf of such licensee, and who do not solicit borrowers or negotiate the terms of loans on behalf of the licensee;
- (10) Any person not making more than five (5) <u>residential mortgage</u> loans primarily for personal, family or household use and primarily secured by a security interest on residential real property, with his own funds for his own investment, in any period of twelve (12) consecutive months; nor
- (11) Any person who funds a residential mortgage loan which that has been originated and processed by a licensee under this part or by an exempt person under this part, who does not directly or indirectly solicit borrowers in this state for the purpose of making residential mortgage loans, and who does not participate in the negotiation of residential mortgage loans with the borrower. For the purpose of this subsection, "negotiation of residential mortgage loans" does not include setting the terms under which a person may buy or fund a residential mortgage loan originated by a licensee under this part or an exempt person under this part.
- SECTION 6. That Section 26-31-206, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

26-31-206. LICENSE TO DO BUSINESS AS A MORTGAGE BROKER OR MORTGAGE LENDER. (1) The director shall receive and act on all applications for licenses to do business as a mortgage broker or mortgage lender. Applications shall be filed through the NMLSR, or as otherwise prescribed by the director, shall contain such information as the director may reasonably require, shall be updated through the NMLSR, or as otherwise prescribed by the director, as necessary to keep the information current, and shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of three hundred fifty dollars (\$350).

- (2) An application for license may be denied if the director finds that:
- (a) The financial responsibility, character and fitness of the license applicant, or of the officers and directors thereof, if the applicant is a corporation, partners thereof if the applicant is a partnership, members or managers thereof if the applicant is a limited liability company and individuals designated in charge of the applicant's places of business, or other control persons, are not such as to warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of this part;
- (b) The qualified person in charge of the applicant's places of business has not been issued a license under part 3 of this chapter or does not have a minimum of three (3) years' experience in residential mortage brokering or mortgage lending;
- (c) The applicant or any control person of the applicant has been convicted of or pled nolo contendere to any felony, or has been convicted of or pled nolo contendere to a misdemeanor involving any aspect of financial services, or a court has accepted a finding of guilt on the part of the applicant or any control person of the applicant of any felony, or of a misdemeanor involving any aspect of financial services, fraud, false statement or omission, any theft or wrongful taking of property, bribery, perjury, forgery, counterfeiting, extortion or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses;
- (\underline{dc}) The applicant or any control person of the applicant has had a license to conduct financial services issued by a government agency revoked or suspended under the laws enforced by such agency;
- (\underline{ed}) The applicant or any control person of the applicant has filed an application for a license which is false or misleading with respect to any material fact;
- (\underline{fe}) The applicant or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, employee, agent or other control person of the applicant has violated this chapter or any rule promulgated or order issued under this chapter and pertinent to this part;
- (\underline{gf}) The applicant or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, employee, agent or other control person of the applicant has violated any state or federal law, rule or regulation pertaining to financial services; or
- $(\frac{hg}{})$ The applicant or any control person of the applicant has not provided information on the application as reasonably required by the director pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or has provided materially false information.

(3) The director is empowered to conduct investigations, as he may deem necessary, to enable him to determine the existence of the requirements set out in subsection (2) of this section.

- (4) Upon written request to the director, an applicant is entitled to a hearing on the question of his qualifications for a license if:
 - (a) The director has notified the applicant in writing that his application has been denied;
 - (b) The director has not issued a license within sixty (60) days after receipt of a complete license application from an applicant. If a hearing is held, the applicant shall reimburse, pro rata, the director for his reasonable and necessary expenses incurred as a result of the hearing. A request for hearing may not be made more than fifteen (15) days after the director has mailed a writing to the applicant notifying him that the application has been denied and stating in substance the director's finding supporting denial of the application.
- (5) A license application shall be deemed withdrawn and void if an applicant submits an incomplete license application and, after receipt of a written notice of the application deficiency, fails to provide the director with information necessary to complete the application within sixty (60) days of receipt of the deficiency notice. A written deficiency notice shall be deemed received by a license applicant when:
 - (a) Placed in regular U.S. mail by the director or his agent using an address provided by the applicant on the license application; or
 - (b) E-mailed to the applicant using an e-mail address provided by the applicant on the license application; or
 - (c) Posted by the director or his agent on the NMLSR.
- (6) Every licensee under this part shall maintain a home office located in the United States and licensed under this part as the licensee's principal location for the transaction of mortgage business. The director may, on application through the NMLSR, or as otherwise prescribed by the director, issue additional branch licenses to the same licensee upon compliance with all the provisions of this part governing the issuance of a single license. A separate license shall be required for each place of business from which mortgage brokering activities or mortgage lending activities are directly or indirectly conducted. The qualified person in charge of each place of business shall continuously satisfy the requirements of subsection (2) (b), (c) and (d) of this section.
- (7) No licensee under this part shall change the location of any place of business, consolidate two (2) or more locations or close any home office location without giving the director at least fifteen (15) days' prior written notice. A licensee under this part shall give written notice to the director within three (3) business days of the closure of any branch location licensed under this part. Written notice of the closure of a home or branch office location shall include a detailed explanation of the disposition of all loan applications pending at the time of closure of the licensed location.
- (8) No licensee under this part shall engage in the business of making or brokering residential mortgage loans at any place of business for which he does not hold a license nor shall he engage in business under any other name than that on the license.

(9) The director may suspend action upon a mortgage broker or mortgage lender license application pending resolution of any criminal charges before any court of competent jurisdiction against an applicant which could disqualify that applicant if convicted.

- (10) The director may suspend action upon a mortgage broker or mortgage lender license application pending resolution of any civil action or administrative proceeding against an applicant in which the civil action or administrative proceeding involves any aspect of a financial service business and the outcome of which could disqualify the applicant.
- (11) A license applicant under this part shall make complete disclosure of all information required in the license application, including information concerning officers, directors, partners, members, managers, employees or agents. A license applicant, or person acting on behalf of the applicant, is not liable in any civil action other than a civil action brought by a governmental agency, related to an alleged untrue statement made pursuant to this part, unless it is shown by clear and convincing evidence that:
 - (a) The license applicant, or person acting on behalf of the license applicant, knew at the time that the statement was made that it was false in any material respect; or
 - (b) The license applicant, or person acting on behalf of the applicant, acted in reckless disregard as to the statement's truth or falsity.
- (12) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, an individual licensed under part 3 of this chapter may apply for a license under this section.
- SECTION 7. That Section 26-31-207, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 26-31-207. REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF LICENSE. (1) If the department has reason to believe that grounds exist for revocation or suspension of a license issued pursuant to this part, the department may initiate a contested case against a mortgage broker or mortgage lender, and any partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent whose activities constitute the basis for revocation or suspension, in accordance with chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. The director may, after proceedings pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, suspend the license for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or revoke the license, if he finds that:
 - (a) The licensee or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent of the licensee has violated this chapter or any rule promulgated or order issued under this chapter and pertinent to this part; or
 - (b) The licensee or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent of the licensee has violated any state or federal law, rule or regulation pertaining to mortgage brokering, mortgage lending, or mortgage loan origination activities; or
 - (c) Facts or conditions exist $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{that}}$ would clearly have justified the director in refusing to grant a license had these facts or conditions been known to exist at the time the license was issued; or
 - (d) The licensee or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent of the licensee has been convicted of any felony, or of a misdemeanor involving any aspect of financial ser-

vices, or a court has accepted a finding of guilt on the part of the licensee or partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent of the licensee, of any felony, or of a misdemeanor involving any aspect of financial services; or

- (e) The licensee or any partner, officer, director, manager, member, control person, employee or agent of the licensee has had a license to conduct financial services, including a license substantially equivalent to a license under this act, revoked or suspended by any government agency; or
- (f) The licensee has filed an application for a license which that as of the date the license was issued, or as of the date of an order denying, suspending or revoking a license, was incomplete in any material respect or contained any statement that was, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, false or misleading with respect to any material fact; or
- (g) The mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensee has failed to notify the director of the employment or termination of, or the entering into or termination of a contractual relationship with, a licensed mortgage loan originator pursuant to section 26-31-208(2), Idaho Code; or
- (h) The mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensee has failed to supervise diligently and control the mortgage-related activities of a mortgage loan originator as defined in part 3 of this chapter and that is employed by the licensee; or
- (i) The mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensee has failed to designate a new qualified person in charge and notify the director of the same through the NMLSR within thirty (30) days following a change in the qualified person in charge; or
- (j) The licensee has failed to notify the director of the appointment or employment of a control person within thirty (30) days of such occurrence.
- (2) If the director finds that good cause exists for revocation of a license issued under this part, and that enforcement of this chapter and the public interest require immediate suspension of the license pending investigation, he may, after a hearing upon five (5) days' written notice, enter an order suspending the license for not no more than thirty (30) days.
- (3) Any mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensee may relinquish its license by notifying the department in writing of its relinquishment, but this relinquishment shall not affect its liability for acts previously committed, and may not occur after the filing of a complaint for revocation of the license.
- (4) The director may, in his discretion, reinstate a license issued under this part, terminate a suspension or grant a new license under this part to a person whose license issued under this part has been revoked or suspended, if no fact or condition then exists $\frac{1}{2}$ that clearly would justify the department in refusing to grant a license.
- SECTION 8. That Section 26-31-211, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

26-31-211. PROHIBITED PRACTICES OF MORTGAGE BROKERS AND MORTGAGE LENDERS. No mortgage broker or mortgage lender licensee under this part or person required under this part to have such license shall:

- (1) Obtain any exclusive dealing or exclusive agency agreement from any borrower;
- (2) Delay closing of any residential mortgage loan for the purpose of increasing interest, costs, fees or charges payable by the borrower;
- (3) Accept any fees at closing $\frac{\text{which}}{\text{that}}$ were not previously disclosed fully to the borrower;
- (4) Obtain any agreement or instrument in which blanks are left to be filled in after signing by a borrower;
- (5) Engage in any misrepresentation or omission of a material fact in connection with a residential mortgage loan;
- (6) Make payment, whether directly or indirectly, of any kind to any in-house or fee appraiser for the purpose of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of any residential real property which that is to be covered by a residential mortgage loan;
- (7) Make any false promise likely to influence or persuade, or pursue a course of misrepresentations and false promises through mortgage loan originators or other agents τ or through advertising or otherwise;
- (8) Misrepresent, circumvent or conceal, through whatever subterfuge or device, any of the material terms of a residential mortgage loan transaction;
- (9) Enter into any agreement, with or without the payment of a fee, to fix in advance a particular interest rate or other term in a residential mortgage loan unless written confirmation of the agreement is delivered to the borrower as required by rule promulgated pursuant to this chapter and pertinent to this part;
- (10) Engage in mortgage loan origination activity through any person who at the time of such mortgage loan origination activity does not hold a mortgage loan originator license issued by the department or temporary authority pursuant to this chapter; or
- (11) Receive a fee for engaging in loan modification activities except pursuant to a written agreement between the person subject to this part and a person seeking a loan modification. The written agreement must specify the amount of the fee that will be charged to the person seeking a loan modification, specify the terms of the loan for which modification will be sought and disclose the expected impact of the loan modification on the monthly payment and length of the loan; nor
- (12) Employ or otherwise appoint as a qualified person in charge any person who the director has found to have violated standards of conduct adopted by the NMLSR applicable to a person taking a written test administered pursuant to section 26-31-308, Idaho Code, or who has obtained or attempted to obtain credit for education required pursuant to section 26-31-307 or 26-31-310, Idaho Code, by means of false pretenses or representations.
- SECTION 9. That Chapter 31, Title 26, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 26-31-212, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

26-31-212. RESERVE ACCOUNTS. (1) A mortgage lender shall, conspicuously and specifically, disclose to each borrower all contractual provisions relating to reserve accounts, impound accounts, escrow accounts, or any other account maintained for the borrower in order to pay for property taxes, property insurance, or private mortgage insurance.

- (2) Except as otherwise required by the truth in lending act, the real estate settlement procedures act, regulation X, or regulation Z, a mortgage lender shall not keep more than one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the amounts necessary on an annual basis to pay expected insurance, taxes, or other agreed charges. Upon written notice by a borrower to the mortgage lender that reserves being required are excessive, the mortgage lender must, within thirty (30) days, either refund the excess or explain to the borrower why the amounts being required are believed to be reasonable and necessary. If, after notice of hearing under chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, the director determines that the reserve account, impound account, escrow account, or any other similar account maintained for a borrower is not reasonable, the director may order the mortgage lender to reduce its reserve requirements for such accounts. In any proceeding under this section, the burden shall be upon the mortgage lender to prove that the amounts required for such reserve accounts are based upon actual and reasonably anticipated charges.
- SECTION 10. That Chapter 31, Title 26, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 26-31-213, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 26-31-213. ANNUAL STATEMENTS. (1) A mortgage lender shall deliver to the borrower at least annually, during the month of January, a statement of the borrower's account showing the date and amount of all payments made or credited to the account for the immediately preceding twelve (12) month period and the total unpaid balance. The statement shall also clearly describe in full the amounts received on all tax and insurance reserve accounts, the disposition of such funds, and the amounts held in reserve in such accounts. The statement shall clearly indicate any penalty or interest payments because of failure to pay taxes on time. A fee shall not be charged to the borrower for the statements.
- (2) A borrower may request additional statements from a mortgage lender at any time, and the mortgage lender may, unless otherwise prohibited by law, require a fee to provide each such statement. The statement shall be delivered to the borrower within thirty (30) days after receipt of a written request from the borrower.
- SECTION 11. That Chapter 31, Title 26, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 26-31-214, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 26-31-214. NOTICE OF TRANSFER. Except as otherwise provided for in the truth in lending act, the real estate settlement procedures act, regulation X, or regulation Z, a mortgage lender shall provide notice to the borrower within fifteen (15) days after any sale or assignment of the borrower's residential mortgage loan to another person wherein the mortgage lender does

not retain the loan servicing. A mortgage lender purchasing or receiving assignment of a residential mortgage loan with servicing shall provide to the borrower within thirty (30) days a written statement describing policies relating to the reserve account.

SECTION 12. That Section 26-31-304, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

26-31-304. LICENSE AND REGISTRATION REQUIRED -- EXEMPTIONS. (1) Unless specifically exempt under subsection (2) of this section, an individual shall not engage in the business of a mortgage loan originator with respect to any dwelling located in this state without first obtaining and maintaining annually a license under this part. Each licensed mortgage loan originator shall register with and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the NMLSR.

(2) The following are exempt from this part:

- (a) Registered mortgage loan originators when acting on behalf of an entity described in section 26-31-303(9)(a) through (c), Idaho Code;
- (b) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan with or on behalf of an immediate family member of the individual;
- (c) Any individual who offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan that is secured by a dwelling that serves as the individual's residence; and
- (d) An attorney duly authorized to practice in this state who negotiates the terms of a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary matter to the attorney's representation of the client, unless the attorney is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such lender, mortgage broker or other mortgage loan originator.
- (3) A loan processor or underwriter who is an independent contractor may not engage in the activities of a loan processor or underwriter unless such independent contractor loan processor or underwriter obtains and maintains a license under subsection (1) of this section. Each independent contractor loan processor or underwriter licensed as a mortgage loan originator must have and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.
- (4) For the purpose of implementing an orderly and efficient application and licensing process, the director may establish licensing rules and interim procedures for licensing and acceptance of applications. For previously registered or licensed individuals, the director may establish expedited review and licensing procedures.
- (5) An individual subject to the licensing requirements of this part may obtain temporary authority to originate loans in this state under the conditions of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection.
 - (a) Upon becoming employed by a mortgage broker or lender that is licensed pursuant to this chapter, an individual who is a registered loan originator shall be deemed to have temporary authority to act as a loan originator in this state for the period described in paragraph (c) of this subsection if the individual:

Has not had an application for a loan originator license de-1 2 nied, revoked, or suspended in any governmental jurisdiction; 3 (ii) Has not been subject to or served with a cease and desist order in any governmental jurisdiction nor subject to an action pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 5113(c); 5 (iii) Has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony that would 6 preclude licensure under the laws of this state; 7 (iv) Has submitted an application for a loan originator license 8 9 under this part; and 10 Was registered in the NMLSR as a loan originator during the one (1) year period preceding the date on which the information re-11 quired under this part is submitted. 12 (b) A loan originator shall be deemed to have temporary authority to act 13 as a loan originator in this state for the period described in paragraph 14 15 (c) of this subsection if the individual: 16 (i) Meets the requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of paragraph (a) of this subsection; 17 (ii) Is employed by a mortgage broker or lender that is licensed 18 pursuant to this act; 19 20 (iii) Was licensed as a mortgage loan originator in a state other than this state during the thirty (30) day period preceding the 21 date on which the information required under this part was submit-22 ted in connection with an application for a mortgage loan origina-23 tor license. 24 (c) The period described in this paragraph shall begin on the date on 25 which a loan originator submits the information required under this 26 part in connection with the application for a mortgage loan originator 27 license and end on the earliest of the date: 28 On which the loan originator withdraws the application for a 29 mortgage loan originator license submitted pursuant to this part; 30 (ii) On which the director denies, or issues a notice of intent to 31 deny, the application; 32 (iii) On which the director grants a mortgage loan originator li-33 34 cense; or 35 (iv) That is one hundred twenty (120) days after the date on which the loan originator submits an application, if the application is 36 listed on the NMLSR as incomplete. 37 (d) Any person employing an individual who, pursuant to the provisions 38 of this subsection, is deemed to have temporary authority to act as a 39 loan originator in this state shall be subject to the requirements of 40 this chapter and to applicable law to the same extent as if that individ-41 ual was a loan originator licensed by this state. 42 (e) An individual who, pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, 43 is deemed to have temporary authority to act as a loan originator in this 44 state and who engages in residential mortgage loan origination activi-45 ties shall be subject to the requirements of this chapter and to appli-46

cable law to the same extent as if that individual was a loan originator

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licensed by this state.