IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CON-GRESS ASSEMBLED, TO THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE STATE OF IDAHO IN THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF IDAHO, AND TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF IDAHO.

We, your Memorialists, the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Idaho assembled in the First Regular Session of the Sixty-seventh Idaho Legislature, do hereby respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, Idaho submitted new and revised Human Health Water Quality Criteria (HHWQC) rules (docket number 58-0102-1201) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on December 16, 2016, after years of extensive engagement with stakeholders, data collection, and final approval of the Idaho Legislature; and

WHEREAS, on April 4, 2019, the EPA approved Idaho's new HHWQC for toxics and other water quality standards criteria; and

WHEREAS, Idaho is the only state in the union to complete a comprehensive longitudinal study funded by the state to determine the actual fish consumption rate (FCR) of its citizens, which was conducted by Boise State University; and

WHEREAS, Idaho acted in accordance with the United States Clean Water Act in utilizing the best available scientific data to apply a FCR within the water quality formula to establish its HHWQC as part of its overall water quality standards (WQS); and

WHEREAS, the EPA recently published new proposed nationwide regulations (at 87 Fed Reg. 74361 (December 5, 2022)) that would effectively establish an unrealistic and unattainable WQS for state waters that are not based on actual FCR but on Indian treaties approved in the 19th century; and

WHEREAS, the federal regulation notice completely ignores the requirement of Executive Order 13132 for Federalism implications, instead stating that the rule will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the federal government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among levels of government; and

WHEREAS, the federal regulation notice economic analysis states that there will potentially be only incremental administrative burdens and costs, but it does not establish any requirements for regulated entities. However, it could lead to additional compliance costs with new permit limits, which the EPA is unable to provide cost estimates for; and

WHEREAS, it is clear that the EPA-proposed rules will circumvent and undo the scientifically established WQS in Idaho, require the establishment of unattainable standards in an effort to take control of Idaho's waters in violation of the Clean Water Act's directive that states retain primary responsibility to control pollution and develop land and water resources for state waters, and violate the long-established principle of federalism.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the First Regular Session of the Sixty-seventh Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that the people of the State of Idaho oppose the EPA-proposed rules that circumvent science and invalidate Idaho's WQS based on the flawed and elusive premise of 19th century water quality standards for Idaho waters in 2023. Idaho will defend its scientifically based standards in court if necessary.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and she is hereby authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Memorial to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of Congress, to the congressional delegation representing the State of Idaho in the Congress of the United States, to the Governor of the State of Idaho, and to the Attorney General of the State of Idaho.