IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 491

BY JUDICIARY, RULES, AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO NONCONSENSUAL COMMON LAW LIENS; REPEALING CHAPTER 17, TITLE 45,
3	IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO NONCONSENSUAL COMMON LAW LIENS; AND AMENDING
4	CHAPTER 8, TITLE 45, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 45-811,
5	IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE A TERM, TO PROHIBIT NONCONSENSUAL COMMON LAW LIENS
5	AND TO PROVIDE AN EXEMPTION FROM PENALTIES OR LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN PER-
7	SONS, TO PROVIDE THAT A PROPERTY OWNER MAY PETITION FOR RELIEF AND TO ES-
3	TABLISH PROCEDURES REGARDING SUCH PETITION. AND TO PROVIDE PENALTIES.

- 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
- SECTION 1. That Chapter 17, Title 45, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
 - SECTION 2. That Chapter 8, Title 45, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 45-811, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 45-811. NONCONSENSUAL COMMON LAW LIENS PROHIBITED. (1) For purposes of this section, "nonconsensual common law lien" means a lien that:
 - (a) Is not provided for by a specific state or federal statute;
 - (b) Does not depend upon the consent of the owner of the property affected for its existence;
 - (c) Is not a court-imposed equitable, judgment or constructive lien; and
 - (d) Is not of a kind commonly used in legitimate commercial transactions.
 - (2) Nonconsensual common law liens are hereby prohibited. The state of Idaho shall not recognize or enforce nonconsensual common law liens. Provided however, that if a county clerk or other recording officer accepts for filing or recording a claim of a nonconsensual common law lien, the clerk or officer shall not be penalized or be liable for such filing or recording.
 - (3) Petition to release and complaint for penalties.
 - (a) A person whose real or personal property is subject to a recorded claim of a nonconsensual common law lien may at any time petition the district court of the county in which the claim has been recorded for an order striking and releasing the claim. The petition, which may be heard ex parte, shall be heard as soon as practicable by the court. If it appears from the content of the lien that the lien is a nonconsensual common law lien, the court shall issue an order to the lienor to appear at a date not sooner than fifteen (15) days after the order is made, nor later than thirty (30) days, at which time the lienor must show cause why the claim of lien should not be stricken and released. If the lienor does not appear or if the showing of cause is insufficient, the court shall issue an order striking and releasing the claim of lien. If good

cause is shown by the lienor that the lien is not a nonconsensual common law lien and has a valid basis, the matter shall be set for further proceedings to determine the validity of the lien.

- (b) A complaint for penalties and other relief awarded pursuant to subsection (4) of this section may be filed separately or in conjunction with a petition filed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, but such complaint may not be filed any later than ninety (90) days after the hearing on the court's order to show cause as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (4) Penalties.

- (a) Any person who files or records in the office of a county clerk or recorder, or with the secretary of state, any document attempting to create a nonconsensual common law lien against real or personal property, and who has refused or failed to withdraw such document upon written request by the owner of the property, shall be liable to the owner for the sum of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or for actual damage caused thereby, whichever is greater, together with any court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- (b) Any lienor or other person claiming interest in property under a recorded nonconsensual common law lien against real or personal property who has refused or failed to record a release or disclaimer of interest in such property upon written request by the owner of the property shall be liable to the owner for the damages, court costs and attorney's fees provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection.