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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 633

## BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT RELATING TO PROPERTY TAXES; AMENDING SECTION 63-602GG, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE
2 3 4	A REQUIREMENT FOR A PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN LOW-INCOME HOUS- ING AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
5	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
6 7	SECTION 1. That Section $63-602$ GG, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
8	63-602GG. PROPERTY EXEMPT FROM TAXATION LOW-INCOME HOUSING OWNER
9	BY NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS. (1) As provided in this section, low-income
10	housing owned by nonprofit organizations shall be exempt from taxation.
11	(2) In order to qualify as a nonprofit organization under this section,
12 12	an organization must demonstrate that:  (a) It is organized as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to chapter 30,
13 14	title 30, Idaho Code, or pursuant to equivalent laws in the applicable
1 <del>4</del> 15	state of incorporation; and
16	(b) It has received an exemption from taxation from the internal rev-
17	enue service pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
18	Code; and
19	(c) No proceeds or tax benefits of the organization or from the low-in-
20	come housing property owned by the organization shall inure to any indi-
21	vidual or for-profit entity other than normal employee compensation.
22	(3) In order to qualify for the exemption provided in this section, the low-income housing property shall meet the following qualifications:
23 24	(a) Both legal and equitable title to the property is solely owned by
25	the nonprofit organization seeking the exemption and is managed by the
26	owner or <del>a related</del> another nonprofit organization qualifying for the
27	exemption set forth in section 63-602C, Idaho Code; and
28	(b) Tenants shall not be evicted based upon their inability to pay for
29	a period of three (3) months if such inability is due to a catastrophic
30	event that is not under the tenant's control. For purposes of this sub-
31	section, "catastrophic event" means a medical condition or injury in
32	which sudden, serious and unexpected symptoms of illness or injury are
33 34	sufficiently severe to render the tenant unable to participate in employment and such illness or injury has been certified by one (1) or more
3 <del>4</del> 35	licensed physicians and/or psychiatrists or psychologists. The terr
36	"catastrophic event" does not apply to individuals who voluntarily re-
37	move themselves from the workforce; and

(c) Except for a manager's unit, all of the housing units in the low-in-

come housing property are dedicated to low-income housing in the fol-

lowing manner: Fifty-five percent (55%) of the units shall be rented

to those earning sixty percent (60%) or less of the median income for

the county in which the housing is located; twenty percent (20%) of the

units shall be rented to those earning fifty percent (50%) or less of the median income of the county in which the housing is located; and twenty-five percent (25%) of the units shall be rented to those earning thirty percent (30%) or less of the median income for the county in which the housing is located.

(4) The exemption provided in this section shall not apply:

- (a) If the project is financed after the effective date of this act and applicable law permits the payment of property taxes with federal or state funds, grants, loans or subsidies; or
- (b) If the property is receiving federal project-based assistance, as provided by 42 U.S.C. sections 1437f(d)(2), 1437f(f)(6), and 1437f(o)(13); or
- (c) To any property used by a taxpayer to qualify for tax credits under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. chapter 42 or any successor programs until such time as the property is solely owned by a nonprofit organization as defined in this section and is no longer utilized to receive federal tax credits.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a low-income housing property shall be exempt from taxation due to undue hardship if:
  - (a) The property was financed prior to the effective date of this act; and
  - (b) Such financing was dependent upon the tax-exempt status of the property; and
  - (c) The law does not allow additional federal or state revenues to be available for the payment of property taxes.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall affect the qualification of properties for tax-exempt status under other provisions of title 63, Idaho Code.