IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 15

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CON-GRESS ASSEMBLED, TO THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE STATE OF IDAHO IN THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND TO THE COUNCIL OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY.

We, your Memorialists, the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Idaho assembled in the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-fifth Idaho Legislature, do hereby respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, on January 1, 1970, President Richard Nixon signed the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) into law. NEPA created the Council of Environmental Quality (CEQ) within the Executive Office of the President. CEQ oversees implementation of NEPA and recommends policies to the President that promote and improve our nation's goals for environmental quality; and

WHEREAS, NEPA regulations apply to a wide range of vital projects for states such as roads, bridges, traditional and renewable energy projects, transmission lines, timber, mining, grazing, and broadband development just to name a few; and

WHEREAS, NEPA is a procedural statute that requires federal agencies to analyze the impacts of major federal actions and does not mandate substantive outcomes; and

WHEREAS, there are different levels of NEPA review depending on the significance of the project, including a categorical exclusion, environmental assessment (EA), and environmental impact statement (EIS); and

WHEREAS, the spirit and intent behind the adoption of NEPA 50 years ago has been eroded. A 2018 report issued by CEQ stated that the average EIS takes nearly 5 years to complete and exceeds 600 pages in length. The average EIS for a transportation project under the Federal Highway Administration takes well over 7 years; and

WHEREAS, too often NEPA is used as a tool to slow or halt meaningful projects. Agencies are now preparing NEPA documents in preparation of litigation, which increases the time and costs associated with federal projects; and

WHEREAS, in 1978, CEQ issued regulations, set forth in 40 CFR 1500-1508, to guide federal implementation of NEPA. These regulations have not been substantively updated in over 40 years; and

WHEREAS, on April 10, 2019, President Trump issued the Executive Order on Promoting Energy Infrastructure and Economic Growth, which called for "efficient permitting processes and procedures that employ a single point of accountability, avoid duplicative and redundant studies and reviews, and establish clear and reasonable timetables"; and

WHEREAS, on January 10, 2020, the Trump Administration, through CEQ, published a set of proposed reforms aimed at reducing paperwork and ineffi-

ciencies related to the NEPA process, while still safeguarding the environment; and

WHEREAS, the proposed reforms would enhance coordination with states, localities, and tribes and would better utilize existing studies, data, and analyses prepared by the states; and

WHEREAS, the proposed reforms would set presumptive time and page limits for NEPA review documents; and

WHEREAS, the proposed reforms would cut down on federal red tape helping to deploy critical projects to advance economic development in a timely manner; and

WHEREAS, NEPA reform has long-standing bipartisan support. The Obama Administration signed into law a reform designating a lead federal agency for certain construction projects that include several different federal decision makers known as the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act; and

WHEREAS, the current NEPA process, including project analysis and subsequent litigation, has oppressed the State of Idaho and caused severe negative economic impacts on our citizens.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the Second Regular Session of the Sixty-fifth Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that we support the effort by the Trump Administration, through the Executive Office of the President, to modernize and simplify the NEPA regulations in order to streamline the review process without changing environmental standards.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and she is hereby authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Memorial to the President of the United States, the Council of Environmental Quality, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of Congress, and to the congressional delegation representing the State of Idaho in the Congress of the United States.