IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 423

BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO MATERNAL DEATHS; AMENDING TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION
3	OF A NEW CHAPTER 96, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE LEGISLATIVE FIND-
4	INGS, TO DEFINE TERMS, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING A MATERNAL
5	MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING COMMIT-
6	TEE PROCEEDINGS, RECORDS, CONFIDENTIALITY, AND IMMUNITY, TO PROVIDE
7	FOR ACCESS TO CERTAIN RECORDS, AND TO PROVIDE RULEMAKING AUTHORITY;
8	PROVIDING A SUNSET DATE; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN
9	EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW CHAPTER}}$, to be known and designated as Chapter 96, Title 39, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 96 MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW

39-9601. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. The legislature of the state of Idaho finds that:

- (1) The world health organization in 2023 reports that the United States was one of eight countries and territories that had a significant percentage increase in their maternal mortality rates between 2000 and 2020;
- (2) The centers for disease control and prevention national center for health statistics found that the United States had a maternal death rate of 32.9 deaths per 100,000 live births in 2021, compared with a rate of 23.8 in 2020 and 20.1 in 2019;
- (3) Per Idaho vital statistics, Idaho's maternal death rate increased from 18.7 in 2018 to 22.3 deaths per 100,000 in 2021;
- (4) Maternal deaths are a serious public health concern and have a tremendous family and societal impact;
- (5) No statewide process currently exists for the confidential identification, investigation, or dissemination of findings regarding maternal deaths; and
- (6) The state has a public health interest in the establishment of a process for review of maternal deaths in order to develop recommendations for the prevention of maternal deaths.

39-9602. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Best practice" means a technique or methodology that, through experience and research, is proven reliably to lead to a desired result.
- (2) "Committee" means the maternal mortality review committee established by section 39-9603, Idaho Code.
 - (3) "Department" means the state department of health and welfare.

- (4) "Designated state perinatal quality collaborative" means a statewide, nonprofit network of health care facilities, health care professionals, community organizations, and public health professionals working to improve the quality of care for mothers and babies through continuous quality improvement.
- (5) "Maternal death" means the death of a woman from any cause during pregnancy or within one (1) year following the end of the pregnancy.
- (6) "Severe maternal morbidity" means a condition occurring in a woman during pregnancy or within one (1) year of the end of pregnancy that results in:
 - (a) Admission to the intensive care unit of a health care facility; or
 - (b) Transfusion of four (4) or more units of blood products.
- 39-9603. ESTABLISHMENT OF MATERNAL MORTALITY REVIEW COMMITTEE. (1) There is hereby established in the department a maternal mortality review committee, which committee shall conduct comprehensive, multidisciplinary reviews of maternal deaths in Idaho for the purposes of:
 - (a) Reviewing cases of maternal deaths;

- (b) Identifying the causes of maternal mortality and the factors associated with the deaths; and
- (c) Reviewing cases and trends in severe maternal morbidity, if necessary.
- (2) The department may enter into a contract with a third party for administrative functions of the committee.
- (3) The committee shall consist of at least fourteen (14) members selected by the department that represent diverse communities and a variety of clinical, forensic, and psychosocial specializations, legislative, and community perspectives. The committee shall include:
 - (a) Five (5) physicians licensed under chapter 18, title 54, Idaho Code, with one (1) each from the following medical specialties:
 - (i) Family medicine with a practice that includes maternity care and delivery;
 - (ii) Obstetrics and gynecology;
 - (iii) Maternal fetal medicine;
 - (iv) Family medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, or emergency medicine that includes maternity care and delivery in a rural setting; and
 - (v) A medical examiner or pathologist or other physician who conducts autopsies;
 - (b) One (1) advanced practice professional nurse licensed under chapter 14, title 54, Idaho Code;
 - (c) One (1) registered nurse licensed under chapter 14, title 54, Idaho Code, working in labor and delivery;
 - (d) One (1) certified nurse midwife licensed under title 54, Idaho Code;
 - (e) One (1) coroner;
 - (f) One (1) master social worker licensed under chapter 32, title 54, Idaho Code;
 - (g) One (1) emergency medical services provider licensed under chapter 10, title 56, Idaho Code;

- (h) One (1) public health representative with an expertise in maternal and child health;
- (i) One (1) legislative member from the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; and
- (j) One (1) legislative member from the senate appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate.
- (4) In selecting committee members, the department shall follow best practices, consider a composition that is reasonably representative of the state's geographic diversity, and include members working in and representing communities affected by higher rates of maternal mortality and by a lack of access to the full scope of maternity care health services.
 - (5) The department shall:

- (a) Identify maternal death cases;
- (b) Obtain and review medical records and other relevant data using best practices for case reviews;
- (c) Consult, as appropriate, with relevant experts to evaluate and interpret the records and data;
- (d) Consult, as appropriate, with family members and other affected or involved persons to collect additional relevant information;
- (e) Convene the committee at least annually and provide committee members with the available information necessary to fully review each case;
- (f) Deliver an annual report of the committee's findings to the governor and chairs of the senate and house of representatives health and welfare committees no later than June 30 of each year. These findings shall be made available to health care providers, health care facilities, and the general public. The report must include prioritization of a limited number of causes of maternal mortality that are identified as having the greatest impact on the pregnant and postpartum population in Idaho and as most preventable; and
- (g) Request input and feedback from interested and affected stakeholders.
- (6) The committee shall:
- (a) Review medical records and other data obtained by the department for each case;
- (b) Identify the causes of maternal mortality, including any trends and patterns across racial, geographic, and other groups;
- (c) Make determinations regarding the preventability of maternal deaths; and
- (d) Perform any other functions as resources allow to enhance the capability of the state to reduce and prevent maternal mortality.
- 39-9604. PROCEEDINGS, RECORDS, CONFIDENTIALITY, AND IMMUNITY. The purpose of the maternal mortality review committee is to gather data and information concerning maternal mortality and conduct thorough and unbiased critical analyses of the causes of maternal mortality. In order to collect the necessary data and information, to the fullest extent possible, the proceedings of the committee and the statements, records, and information created or made therein or gathered by the committee in furtherance of its duties shall be treated as confidential and privileged, and the committee

and all participants shall be afforded all protections provided to other organizations and participants therein conducting peer review or other critical analyses under sections 39-1392a through 39-1392f, Idaho Code, or other provisions of state or federal law. Nothing in this chapter shall affect the privileged and confidential nature of a health care organization's peer review records, activities, or actions.

39-9605. ACCESS TO RECORDS. Upon request of the department, all information relating to the incidence of maternal mortality under review shall be provided by health care providers, providers of social services, health care facilities, law enforcement agencies, coroners, medical examiners, emergency medical service personnel, providers of medical transport services, and any other political subdivision or agency of state government having information relevant to the performance of the committee's duties.

39-9606. RULEMAKING. The department of health and welfare may promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, necessary to administer the provisions of this chapter, subject to legislative approval.

SECTION 2. The provisions of Section 1 of this act shall be null, void, and of no force and effect on and after July 1, 2030.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.