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First Regular Session - 2025

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 77

BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	AN ACT RELATING TO PHYSICIANS AND PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1867, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR ASSISTANT PHYSICIAN LIMITED LICENSURE AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING CHAPTER 18, TITLE 54, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 54-1868, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE GENERAL PRACTICE LICENSURE OF CERTAIN ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
8	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
9 10	SECTION 1. That Section $54-1867$, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
11 12 13 14 15	54-1867. LIMITED LICENSE FOR BRIDGE YEAR ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS. (1) As used in this section and section 54-1868, Idaho Code: (a) "Assistant physician" means a person who: (i) Is within the first three (3) years of graduation from a medical school accredited or provisionally accredited by an entity
16 17	recognized by the board; and (ii) Is a United States citizen or attended medical school in the
18 19 20	United States. (a) (b) "Board" means the state board of medicine. (b) "Bridge year physician" means a person who:
21 22 23	(i) Is within the first year of graduation from a medical school accredited or provisionally accredited by an entity recognized by the board;
23 24 25	(ii) Is a United States citizen or attended medical school in the United States; and
26 27	(iii) Applied to, but was not accepted into, an accredited medical residency training program.
28 29	(2) The board shall establish a one (1) three (3) year, nonrenewable renewable limited license under which bridge year assistant physicians may

- (2) The board shall establish a one (1) three (3) year, nonrenewable renewable limited license under which bridge year assistant physicians may practice medicine under terms, conditions, and a scope of practice determined by the board. If there is a limit to the number of limited licenses that may be issued, priority shall be granted to bridge year assistant physicians who live in Idaho or who have longstanding long-standing ties to the state of Idaho, as determined by the board.
- (3) Persons practicing under a limited license established pursuant to this section shall:
 - (a) Practice only within the scope of practice determined by the board;
 - (b) Practice under the supervision of a licensed physician or pursuant to a collaborative practice agreement. The person practicing under a limited license shall qualify as one (1) of a supervising physician's permitted advanced practice professionals. The board shall prescribe supervision requirements for limited licensees, provided that such re-

quirements shall be no less stringent than supervision requirements for physician assistants;

- (c) Have prescriptive authority as determined by the board; and
- (d) Be subject to the same professional discipline, civil liability, and criminal liability as a fully licensed physician.
- (4) The services provided by a person practicing under a limited license shall be compensable in accordance with customary medical billing practices.
 - (5) The board is authorized to:

- (a) Take such actions as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including the promulgation of any necessary rules;
- (b) Charge a fee of up to three hundred dollars (\$300) for a limited license; and
- (c) Cooperate with the department of health and welfare and other relevant entities, including hospitals and health care clinics, whether public or private, in establishing a limited license.
- (6) No later than January 31, 2033, the board shall provide a report to the senate and house of representatives health and welfare committees on:
 - (a) Requirements for a limited license;
 - (b) The number of limited licenses issued and the number of limited license holders who were later accepted into a residency program; and
 - (c) Whether and how limited licenses have increased the supply of health care providers in health professional shortage areas.;
 - (d) The number of limited license holders remaining in practice without attaining full licensure; and
 - (e) The number of assistant physicians who ultimately attained full licensure without being accepted into a residency program.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 18, Title 54, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 54-1868, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 54-1868. GENERAL PRACTICE LICENSURE FOR ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS. (1) An assistant physician with a license in good standing shall be eligible to become a licensed general practitioner if the assistant physician has completed:
 - (a) Step 3 of the United States medical licensing examination or the equivalent of such step of any board-approved medical licensing examination in three (3) or fewer attempts and within a seven (7) year period after completing steps 1 and 2 of the United States medical licensing examination;
 - (b) A total of thirty-six (36) months of cumulative, postgraduate, hands-on, full-time, active collaborative practice. The thirty-six (36) month period shall begin on the date the assistant physician entered into a collaborative practice arrangement and began practicing. Any time the assistant physician was not working within a collaborative practice arrangement with a collaborating physician shall not count toward this requirement; and
 - (c) At least fifty (50) hours of continuing medical education every year during the period of active collaborative practice described in this section.

(2) In order to meet the thirty-six (36) month collaborative practice requirement of subsection (1)(b) of this section, an assistant physician shall present a didactic training report every one hundred twenty (120) days to the collaborating physician during the thirty-six (36) month period.

- (3) Upon an assistant physician's completion of the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the board shall issue to the assistant physician a license to practice as a licensed general practitioner.
- (4) Any assistant physician obtaining licensure as a physician under this section shall be fully licensed as a physician and shall be subject to all statutes and regulations pertaining to physicians.
- SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025.