First Regular Session - 2025

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 253

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

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| 2 | RELATING TO PUBLIC RECORDS; AMENDING SECTION 74-101, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE |
| 3 | A TERM; AMENDING SECTION 74-102, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RE- |
| 4 | GARDING PUBLIC RECORDS REQUESTS; AMENDING SECTION 74-103, IDAHO CODE, |
| 5 | TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE REQUEST AND RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR |
| 6 | EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS; AMENDING SECTION 67-4126, IDAHO CODE, TO |
| 7 | PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND |
| 8 | DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE. |

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 74-101, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

74-101. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Applicant" means any person formally seeking a paid or volunteer position with a public agency. Applicant does not include any person seeking appointment to a position normally filled by election.
- (2) "Copy" means transcribing by handwriting, photocopying, duplicating machine or reproducing by any other means as long as the public record is not altered or damaged.
- (3) "Custodian" means the person or persons having personal custody and control of the public records in question.
- (4) "Independent public body corporate and politic" means the Idaho housing and finance association as created in chapter 62, title 67, Idaho Code.
- (5) "Inspect" means the right to listen, view and make notes of public records as long as the public record is not altered or damaged.
- (6) "Investigatory record" means information with respect to an identifiable person, group of persons or entities compiled by a public agency pursuant to its statutory authority in the course of investigating a specific act, omission, failure to act, or other conduct over which the public agency has regulatory authority or law enforcement authority.
- (7) "Law enforcement agency" means any state or local agency given law enforcement powers or that has authority to investigate, enforce, prosecute or punish violations of state or federal criminal statutes, ordinances or regulations.
- (8) "Local agency" means a county, city, school district, municipal corporation, independent public body corporate and politic, district, public health district, political subdivision, or any agency thereof, or any committee of a local agency, or any combination thereof.
- (9) "Person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, state or local agency or any other recognized legal entity.

(10) "Prisoner" means a person who has been convicted of a crime and is either incarcerated or on parole for that crime or who is being held in custody for trial or sentencing.

- (11) "Public agency" means any state or local agency as defined in this section.
- (12) "Public official" means any state, county, local district, independent public body corporate and politic or governmental official or employee, whether elected, appointed or hired.
- (13) "Public record" includes, but is not limited to, any writing containing information relating to the conduct or administration of the public's business prepared, owned, used or retained by any state agency, independent public body corporate and politic or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics. Provided, however, that personal notes created by a public official solely for his own use shall not be a public record as long as such personal notes are not shared with any other person or entity.
- (14) "Requester" means the person requesting examination and/or copying of public records pursuant to section 74-102, Idaho Code.
- (15) "Resident" means a person whose domicile has been within Idaho continuously for a period of at least thirty (30) days, excluding a full-time student who is a resident of another state, and shall also include a domestic entity as provided in section 30-21-102, Idaho Code. Establishment of residency shall include a spouse and dependent children who reside with that person in the domicile. A domicile shall not be a person's workplace, vacation residence, or part-time residence.
- (15) (16) "State agency" means every state officer, department, division, bureau, commission and board or any committee of a state agency, including those in the legislative or judicial branch, except the state militia and the Idaho state historical society library and archives.
 - (16) (17) (a) "Unwarranted invasion of personal privacy" means:
 - (i) Disclosure of information used to identify, locate, or harass a juvenile, a victim of an alleged crime of mass violence or domestic violence, or a victim of physical or sexual abuse; or
 - (ii) Disclosure where release of information is likely to violate legitimate and substantial privacy interests of the person identified when such interests are weighed against general public information.
 - (b) Release of the name, age, sex, and hometown of any deceased person after notification of next-of-kin shall not constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy and shall be disclosed unless otherwise exempt under this chapter.
- (17) (18) "Writing" includes, but is not limited to, handwriting, type-writing, printing, photostating, photographing and every means of recording, including letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and prints, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums or other documents.
- SECTION 2. That Section 74-102, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

74-102. PUBLIC RECORDS -- RIGHT TO EXAMINE. (1) Every person has a right to examine and take a copy of any public record of this state and there is a presumption that all public records in Idaho are open at all reasonable times for inspection except as otherwise expressly provided by statute.

- (2) The right to copy public records shall include the right to make photographs or photographic or other copies while the records are in the possession of the custodian of the records using equipment provided by the public agency or using equipment designated by the custodian.
- (3) Additionally, the custodian of any public record shall give the person, on demand, a certified copy of it if the record is of a nature permitting such copying or shall furnish reasonable opportunity to inspect or copy such record.
- (4) A public agency may require that a request for public records be submitted to it in a writing that specifically describes the subject matter and records sought, including a specific date range for when the records sought were created. The requesting party shall be as specific as possible when requesting records. A request shall describe records sought in sufficient detail to enable the public body to locate such records with reasonable effort. A request shall also provide the requester's name, mailing address, e-mail email address, and telephone number, and a written declaration by the requesting party attesting or affirming under oath whether such requester is a resident. A request for public records and delivery of the public records may be made by electronic mail.
- (5) The custodian shall make no inquiry of any person who requests a public record, except:
 - (a) To verify the identity of the requester in accordance with section 74-113, Idaho Code; or
 - (b) To ensure that the requested record or information will not be used for purposes of a mailing or telephone list prohibited by section 74-120, Idaho Code, or as otherwise provided by law; or
 - (c) As required for purposes of protecting personal information from disclosure under chapter 2, title 49, Idaho Code, and federal law.
- (6) The custodian shall not review, examine or scrutinize any copy, photograph or memoranda in the possession of any such person and shall extend to the person all reasonable comfort and facility for the full exercise of the right granted under this act.
- (7) Nothing herein contained shall prevent the custodian from maintaining such vigilance as is required to prevent alteration of any public record while it is being examined.
- (8) Examination of public records under the authority of this section must be conducted during regular office or working hours unless the custodian shall authorize examination of records in other than regular office or working hours. In this event, the persons designated to represent the custodian during such examination shall be entitled to reasonable compensation to be paid to them by the public agency having custody of such records, out of funds provided in advance by the person examining such records, at other than regular office or working hours.
- (9) The public agency may provide the requester information to help the requester narrow the scope of the request or to help the requester make the

request more specific when the response to the request is likely to be voluminous or require payment as provided in subsection (10) of this section.

- (10) (a) Except for fees that are authorized or prescribed under other provisions of Idaho law, no fee shall be charged for the first two (2) hours of labor in responding to a request <u>submitted by a resident</u> for public records, or for copying the first one hundred (100) pages of paper records that are requested by a resident.
- (b) A public agency or public official may establish fees to recover the actual labor and copying costs associated with locating and copying documents if:
 - (i) The request is for more than one hundred (100) pages of paper records; or
 - (ii) The request includes records from which nonpublic information must be deleted; or
 - (iii) The actual labor associated with responding to requests for public records in compliance with the provisions of this chapter exceeds two (2) person hours.
- (c) A public agency or public official may establish a <u>separate</u> copying fee <u>schedule</u> schedules for requests <u>submitted</u> by residents and requests <u>submitted</u> by <u>persons</u> who are not residents. The fee <u>for residents</u> may not exceed the actual cost to the agency of copying the record if another fee is not otherwise provided by law.
 - (d) (i) For providing a duplicate of a computer tape, computer disc, microfilm or similar or analogous record system containing public record information, a public agency or public official may charge a fee, uniform to all persons residents, that does not exceed the sum of the following:
 - $\frac{\text{(i)}}{1}$ The agency's direct cost of copying the information in that form;
 - $\frac{\text{(ii)}}{2}$. The standard cost, if any, for selling the same information in the form of a publication;
 - $\frac{\text{(iii)}}{3}$. The agency's cost of conversion, or the cost of conversion charged by a third party, if the existing electronic record is converted to another electronic form.
 - (ii) A public agency or public official may charge additional fees, uniform to all persons who are not residents, for requests involving duplication of a computer tape, computer disc, microfilm or similar or analogous record system containing public record information.
- (e) Fees for requests made by residents shall not exceed reasonable labor costs necessarily incurred in responding to a public records request. Fees, and if charged, shall reflect the personnel and quantity of time that are reasonably necessary to process a request. Fees for requests made by residents for labor costs shall be charged at the per hour pay rate of the lowest paid administrative staff employee or public official of the public agency who is necessary and qualified to process the request. If a request from a resident requires redactions to be made by an attorney who is employed by the public agency, the rate charged shall be no more than the per hour rate of the lowest paid attorney within the public agency who is necessary and qualified to process

the public records request. If a request $\underline{\text{from a resident}}$ is submitted to a public agency that does not have an attorney on staff, and requires redactions by an attorney, the rate shall be no more than the usual and customary rate of the attorney who is retained by the public agency for that purpose.

- (f) The public agency shall not charge any cost or fee for copies or labor when the requester <u>is a resident and</u> demonstrates that the requester's examination and/or copying of public records:
 - (i) Is likely to contribute significantly to the public's understanding of the operations or activities of the government;
 - (ii) Is not primarily in the individual interest of the requester including, but not limited to, the requester's interest in litigation in which the requester is or may become a party; and
 - (iii) Will not occur if fees are charged because the requester has insufficient financial resources to pay such fees.
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a public agency or public official may charge fees for labor and copying costs associated with locating and copying documents requested by a person who is not a resident or an employee of a resident. The fee rates and schedule for requests made by persons who are not residents or employees of residents shall be at the discretion of the public agency or public official as long as such fees do not exceed actual costs of the public agency or public official.
- (g) (h) Statements of fees by a public agency shall be itemized to show the per page costs for copies, and hourly rates of employees and attorneys involved in responding to the request, and the actual time spent on the public records request. No lump sum costs shall be assigned to any public records request. If a separate fee schedule is adopted for requests from persons who are not residents or employees of residents, the separate fees for such nonresidents shall be separately identified.
- (11) A requester may not file multiple requests for public records solely to avoid payment of fees. When a public agency reasonably believes that one (1) or more requesters is segregating a request into a series of requests to avoid payment of fees authorized pursuant to this section, the public agency may aggregate such requests and charge the appropriate fees. The public agency may consider the time period in which the requests have been made in its determination to aggregate the related requests. A public agency shall not aggregate multiple requests on unrelated subjects from one (1) requester.
- (12) The custodian may require advance payment of fees authorized by this section. Any money received by the public agency shall be credited to the account for which the expense being reimbursed was or will be charged, and such funds may be expended by the agency as part of its appropriation from that fund. Any portion of an advance payment in excess of the actual costs of labor and copying incurred by the agency in responding to the request shall be returned to the requester.
- (13) A public agency shall not prevent the examination or copying of a public record by contracting with a nongovernmental body to perform any of its duties or functions.

(14) Nothing contained herein shall prevent a public agency from disclosing statistical information that is descriptive of an identifiable person or persons, unless prohibited by law.

- (15) Nothing contained herein shall prevent a public agency from providing a copy of a public record in electronic form if the record is available in electronic form and if the person specifically requests an electronic copy.
- (16) A public agency or elected official shall designate a custodian or custodians for all public records, which includes any public official having custody of, control of, or authorized access to public records and also includes all delegates of such officials, employees or representatives.
- SECTION 3. That Section 74-103, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 74-103. REQUEST AND RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR EXAMINATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS. (1) All requests to examine public records shall be made to the designated custodian of such records as defined in section 74-101(3), Idaho Code. A public agency, a public official, or an employee of a public agency shall have no obligation and shall not be deemed to have assumed any obligation to respond to a public records request that fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection. A public records request must clearly indicate that it is a public records request.
- (2) A public agency or custodian shall either grant or deny a person's a resident's request to examine or copy public records within three (3) working days of the date of the receipt of the request for examination or copying. A public agency or custodian shall either grant or deny a request from a person who is not a resident and not employed by a resident to examine or copy public records within thirty (30) days of the date of the receipt of the request for examination or copying. If it is determined by employees of the public agency that a longer period of time is needed to locate or retrieve the public records, the public agency shall so notify in writing the person requesting to examine or copy the records and shall provide the public records no later than ten (10) working days following the person's request, if such person is an Idaho a resident, and no later than twenty-one (21) working forty-five (45) days following a request from a nonresident., except that a response to a request to examine or copy public records from a person who is not a resident and not employed by a resident may be further extended for unusual or exigent circumstances, in which case an explanation of such circumstances shall be provided to the requester. Provided however, if Additionally, if it is determined that the existing electronic record requested will first have to be converted to another electronic format by the agency or by a third party and that such conversion cannot be completed within ten (10) working days the time allotted for the response, the agency shall so notify in writing the person requesting to examine or copy the records. The agency shall provide the converted public record at a time mutually agreed upon between the agency and the requester, with due consideration given to any limitations that may exist due to the process of conversion or due to the use of a third party to make the conversion.

(3) If the public agency or custodian fails to respond within the time allotted for the response, the request shall be deemed to be denied within ten (10) working days following the request.

- (4) If the public agency denies the person's request for examination or copying the public records or denies in part and grants in part the person's request for examination and copying of the public records, the person legally responsible for administering the public agency or that person's designee shall notify the person in writing of the denial or partial denial of the request for the public record.
- (5) The notice of denial or partial denial shall state that the attorney for the public agency has reviewed the request or shall state that the public agency has had an opportunity to consult with an attorney regarding the request for examination or copying of a record and has chosen not to do so. The notice of denial or partial denial also shall indicate the statutory authority for the denial and indicate clearly the person's right to appeal the denial or partial denial and the time periods for doing so.
- SECTION 4. That Section 67-4126, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-4126. POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD. The board of trustees of the society shall have powers and duties as follows:
- 1. To appoint a director of the society as provided herein and advise him in the performance of his duties and formulate general policies affecting the society.
- 2. To encourage and promote interest in the history of Idaho and encourage membership in the society.
- 3. To collect for preservation and display artifacts and information illustrative of Idaho history, culture and society.
 - 4. To print such publications and reports as may be deemed necessary.
- 5. To encourage creation of county historical societies and museums in the counties of Idaho.
- 6. To facilitate the use of Idaho records for official reference and historical research.
- 7. To be responsible for records management services for state government. Records management services include the management, storage and retrieval of all state_created records under retention. State_created records shall mean any document, book, paper photograph, sound recording or other material, regardless of physical form or characteristic, made or received pursuant to law or in connection with the transaction of official state business. The board may charge reasonable amounts for records management services. The records managed pursuant to this subsection will not be subject to the exemption in public records law provided in section 74-101(15) 74-101(16), Idaho Code.
- 8. To accept from any state, county, or city, or any public official, any official books, records, documents, original papers, newspaper files, printed books, or portraits, not in current use. When such documents are so accepted, copies therefrom shall be made and certified under the seal of the society upon application of any person, which person shall pay for such copies reasonable fees established by the society.

- 9. To require that any state, county, or city, or any public official, deposit official books, records, documents, or original papers, not in current use, which are of definite historical importance, in the society for preservation and to provide methods whereby such materials, which have no significance, may be destroyed.
- 10. To establish such rules as may be necessary to discharge the duties of the society.
- 11. To employ such personnel as may be necessary for the administration of its duties in accordance with the rules of the administrator of the division of human resources promulgated pursuant to chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code.
 - 12. To have and use an official seal.

- 13. To delegate and provide subdelegation of any such authority.
- 14. To identify historic, architectural, archaeological, and cultural sites, buildings, or districts, and to coordinate activities of local historic preservation commissions.
 - 15. To serve as the geographic names board of the state of Idaho.

SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025.