## LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO Sixty-eighth Legislature First Regular Session - 2025

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 344

## BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

- RELATING TO THE GOVERNOR AND DISASTER EMERGENCIES; AMENDING SECTION
   46-1008, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE GOVERNOR AND
   DISASTER EMERGENCIES; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EF FECTIVE DATE.
- 6 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

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7 SECTION 1. That Section 46-1008, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 8 amended to read as follows:

46-1008. THE GOVERNOR AND DISASTER EMERGENCIES. (1) Under this act, 9 the governor may issue executive orders and proclamations and may amend or 10 rescind them. Executive orders and proclamations have the force and effect 11 of law; provided, however, that any such orders, proclamations, or rules 12 13 must be essential to protect life or property from the occurrence or imminent threat of the state of disaster emergency threatening the safety of per-14 sons or property within the state and must be narrowly tailored to effec-15 tively protect life or property without placing unnecessary restrictions on 16 the ability for a person or persons, regardless of job type or classifica-17 tion, to work, provide for their families, or otherwise contribute to the 18 economy of the state of Idaho. 19

(2) A If the governor has exercised his authority to convene a special 20 session of the legislature by proclamation under section 9, article IV of 21 the constitution of the state of Idaho, then he may also declare a disaster 22 23 emergency shall be declared by executive order or proclamation of the governor if he finds a disaster has occurred or that the occurrence or the threat 24 thereof is imminent. The governor may declare a disaster emergency only if 25 the stated purpose for convening the special session includes the matter 26 of the disaster emergency. The state of disaster emergency shall continue 27 until the governor finds that the threat or danger has passed or the disaster 28 has been dealt with to the extent that emergency conditions no longer exist, 29 and when either or both of these events occur, the governor shall terminate 30 31 the state of disaster emergency by executive order or proclamation; provided, however, that no state of disaster emergency may continue for longer 32 than thirty (30) days unless the governor finds that it should be continued 33 for another thirty (30) days or any part thereof. The governor shall not 34 continue the state of disaster emergency beyond sixty (60) days from the date 35 36 the disaster emergency was declared. The legislature by concurrent resolution may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. Thereupon, 37 the governor shall issue an executive order or proclamation ending the state 38 39 of disaster emergency. All executive orders or proclamations issued under this subsection shall indicate the nature of the disaster, the area or areas 40 threatened, the area subject to the proclamation, and the conditions caus-41 ing the disaster. An executive order or proclamation shall be disseminated 42

1 promptly by means calculated to bring its contents to the attention of the 2 general public and, unless the circumstances attendant upon the disaster 3 prevent or impede, be promptly filed with the Idaho office of emergency man-4 agement, the office of the secretary of state, and the office of the recorder 5 of each county where the state of disaster emergency applies.

(3) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster emergency 6 7 shall activate the disaster response and recovery aspects of the state, local, and intergovernmental disaster emergency plans applicable to the po-8 litical subdivision or area in question and be authority for the deployment 9 and use of any forces to which the plan or plans apply and for use or dis-10 11 tribution of any supplies, equipment, and materials and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made available pursuant to this act or 12 any other provision of law relating to disaster emergencies. 13

(4) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, the governor is commander-in-chief of the militia and may assume command of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the greatest extent practicable, the governor shall delegate or assign command authority by prior arrangement embodied in appropriate executive orders or rules, but nothing herein restricts his authority to do so by orders issued at the time of the disaster emergency.

(5) In addition to any other powers conferred upon the governor by law,he may:

(a) Suspend the provisions of any rules prescribing the procedures for
conduct of public business that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the emergency;

(b) Utilize all resources of the state, including, but not limited to,
those sums in the disaster emergency account as he shall deem necessary
to pay obligations and expenses incurred during a declared state of disaster emergency;

(c) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state depart ments and agencies or units thereof for the purpose of performing or fa cilitating emergency services;

(d) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation under sec tion 46-1012, Idaho Code, and except as provided in subsection (7) (c) of
 this section, commandeer or utilize any private property, real or per sonal, if he finds this necessary to cope with the disaster emergency;

(e) Direct and compel the evacuation of all or part of the population
from any stricken or threatened area within the state if he deems this
action necessary for the preservation of life or other disaster mitigation, response, or recovery;

(f) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in connection with evacuation;

(g) Control ingress and egress to and from a disaster area, the movement
of persons within the area, and the occupancy of premises therein;

(h) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or transportation of alco holic beverages, explosives, and combustibles; and

47 (i) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary emergency48 housing.

(6) Whenever an emergency or a disaster has been declared to exist in
Idaho by the president under the provisions of the disaster relief act of
1974 (P.L. 93-288, 42 U.S.C. 5121), as amended, the governor may:

4 5 (a) Enter into agreements with the federal government for the sharing of disaster recovery expenses involving public facilities;

- 6 (b) Require as a condition of state assistance that a local taxing dis-7 trict be responsible for paying forty percent (40%) of the nonfederal 8 share of costs incurred by the local taxing district that have been de-9 termined to be eligible for reimbursement by the federal government, 10 provided that the total local share of eligible costs for a taxing dis-11 trict shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the taxing district's tax 12 charges authorized by section 63-802, Idaho Code;
- (c) Obligate the state to pay the balance of the nonfederal share of eligible costs within local taxing entities qualifying for federal assistance; and
- (d) Enter into agreements with the federal government for the sharing
   of disaster assistance expenses to include individual and family grant
   programs.
- (7) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency, neither
   the governor nor any agency of any governmental entity or political subdivi sion of the state shall:
- (a) Impose or enforce any additional restrictions on the lawful man-22 ufacturing, possession, transfer, sale, transport, storage, display 23 or use of firearms or ammunition or their components or accessories, or 24 otherwise limit or suspend any rights guaranteed by the United States 25 constitution or the constitution of the state of Idaho, including but 26 not limited to the right to peaceable assembly or free exercise of re-27 ligion. The transport, storage, transfer, sale, commerce in, import 28 and export of, distribution, repair, maintenance, and manufacture of 29 firearms, ammunition, and related accessories and components, shooting 30 ranges, and other goods and services directly related to lawful firearm 31 possession, use, storage, repair, maintenance, sale or transfer, and 32 training in the use of firearms are declared to be life-sustaining, 33 essential businesses and services for the purposes of safety and secu-34 rity in times of declared emergency or any other statutorily authorized 35 responses to disaster, war, acts of terrorism, riot or civil disorder, 36 public health crises, or emergencies of whatever kind or nature; 37
- (b) Suspend or revoke a license to carry concealed weapons or refuse
   to accept and process an application for a license to carry concealed
   weapons, except in accordance with the provisions of chapter 33, title
   18, Idaho Code; or
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (5) of this section,
  seize, commandeer, or confiscate in any manner any privately owned
  firearm, ammunition, or firearms or ammunition components that are possessed, carried, displayed, sold, transferred, transported, stored, or
  used in connection with otherwise lawful conduct.
- 47 (8) During any state of disaster emergency, the governor may not alter,48 adjust, or create any provision of the Idaho Code.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby
declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after
July 1, 2025.