LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-eighth Legislature   First Regular Session - 2025

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1067

BY COMMERCE AND HUMAN RESOURCES COMMITTEE

1   AN ACT
2   RELATING TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE INTENT; AMEND-
3   ING TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW CHAPTER 98, TITLE 67,
4   IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS AND TO PROVIDE FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
5   REGULATION LIMITATIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EF-
6   FECTIVE DATE.

7   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

8   SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the Legislature to
9   recognize that computation is a form of personal expression, and as such
10 takes on the protections and responsibilities of free speech. Furthermore,
11 artificial intelligence (AI) inference models, training data, algorithms,
12 and supporting parameters are recognized as an extension of human thought
13 and creativity, subject to the same protections and responsibilities of
14 free speech. The development and refinement of AI systems must be free from
15 excessive regulation, allowing for innovation and improvement through dis-
16 tributed continuous iteration and experimentation.

17   SECTION 2. That Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended
18 by the addition thereto of a NEW CHAPTER, to be known and designated as Chap-
19 ter 98, Title 67, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

20   CHAPTER 98
21   LIMITATIONS ON REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

22   67-9801. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:
23   (1) "Artificial intelligence" or "AI" means a form of algorithmic com-
24 putation that is an engineered or machine-based system that varies in its
25 level of autonomy and can, in response to explicit or implicit objectives,
26 infer or otherwise algorithmically determine from the input it receives how
27 to generate outputs that can influence physical or virtual environments.
28   (2) "Computation" means machine-based algorithmic data processing or
29 manipulation.
30   (3) "General purpose technology" means a foundational engineered or
31 machine-based system without explicit use case, but that provides a founda-
32 tional component enabling a broad variety of complementary technologies and
33 potential applications.
34   (4) "Governmental entity" means and includes the state and political
35 subdivisions as defined in this section.
36   (5) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, municipal corpora-
37 tion, health district, school district, or any other political subdivision
38 or public corporation.
39   (6) "State" means the state of Idaho or any office, department, agency,
40 authority, commission, board, institution, college, university, or other
41 instrumentality thereof.

1   67-9802.   ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE REGULATION LIMITATIONS. (1) No gov-
2 ernmental entity may enact or enforce any law or ordinance that has the ex-
3 press or practical effect of constraining the development, training, or use
4 of artificial intelligence, including but not limited to:
5   (a) Regulating research and development;
6   (b) Deployment in commercial applications; and
7   (c) Consumer use of AI technologies.
8   (2) No governmental entity may regulate the operation of an AI system's
9 underlying algorithms or decision making processes.
10   (3) AI technologies shall be classified as general purpose technology
11 for regulatory purposes, subject to all requirements applicable thereto.

12   SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby
13 declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after
14 July 1, 2025.