

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixtieth Legislature

First Regular Session - 2009

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1214

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS; AMENDING SECTION 72-1367A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR A STATE "ON" INDICATOR RELATING TO THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009, TO PROVIDE CRITERIA, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO A STATE "OFF" INDICATOR, TO PROVIDE AN ADDITIONAL CRITERION FOR A STATE "OFF" INDICATOR, TO PROVIDE FOR TOTAL EXTENDED BENEFIT AMOUNTS IN HIGH UNEMPLOYMENT PERIODS, TO DEFINE A TERM AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 72-1367A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

72-1367A. EXTENDED BENEFITS. The extended benefits program shall be administered pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(1) Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Extended benefit period" means a period which:

(i) Begins with the third week after a week for which there is a state "on" indicator; and

(ii) Ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later:

1. The third week after the first week for which there is a state "off" indicator; or

2. The thirteenth consecutive week of such period;

provided, that no extended benefit period may begin by reason of a state "on" indicator before the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state.

(b) (i) There is a state "on" indicator for any week if the director determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve (12) weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted):

(i) Equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen (13) week period ending in each of the preceding two (2) calendar years and equaled or exceeded five percent (5%); or

(ii) Equaled or exceeded six percent (6%).

(ii) With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning on or after February 1, 2009, and ending three (3) weeks prior to the last week for which federal sharing is authorized by section 2005(a) ("full federal funding of extended unemployment compensation for a limited period") of division B, title II, the assistance for

unemployed workers and struggling families act, of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009, public law 111-5, as amended, there is a state "on" indicator for any week if the director determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor that:

1. The average rate of seasonally adjusted total unemployment, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three (3) months for which data for all states are published before the close of such week equals or exceeds six and five-tenths percent (6.5%); and
  2. The average rate of seasonally adjusted total unemployment in the state, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in subsection (1)(b)(ii)1. equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent (110%) of such average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two (2) preceding calendar years.

(c) There is a state "off" indicator for any week if the director determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve (12) weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted):

- (i) Was The rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) was less than six percent (6%) and was less than one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen (13) week period ending in each of the preceding two (2) calendar years; or
  - (ii) Was The rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) was less than five percent (5%); or
  - (iii) The option specified in subsection (1)(b)(ii) does not result in an "on" indicator.

(d) "Rate of insured unemployment," for purposes of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, means the percentage derived by dividing:

- (i) The average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular compensation in this state for weeks of unemployment for the most recent thirteen (13) consecutive week period, as determined by the director on the basis of his reports to the United States secretary of labor; by
  - (ii) The average monthly employment covered under this chapter for the first four (4) of the most recent six (6) completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen (13) week period.

(e) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under this chapter or under any other state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) other than extended benefits.

(f) "Extended benefits" means benefits (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) payable to an individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in his eligibility period.

(g) "Eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period.

(h) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period:

- (i) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him under this chapter or any regular or extended benefits available to him under any other state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) in his current benefit year that includes such week; provided that for the purposes of this subparagraph, an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to him although as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages that were not considered in the original monetary determination in his benefit year, he may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits; or
  - (ii) His benefit year having expired prior to such week, has no or insufficient wages on the basis of which he could establish a new benefit year that would include such week; and
  - (iii) Has no right to unemployment benefits or allowances under the railroad unemployment insurance act and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor; and has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits under the unemployment insurance law of Canada; but if he is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency determines that he is not entitled to benefits under such law he is considered an exhaustee.

(i) "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state approved by the United States secretary of labor under section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

(j) For purposes of this section only, the term "suitable work" means, with respect to any individual, any work which is within such individual's capabilities; except that, if the individual furnishes evidence satisfactory to the department that such individual's prospects for obtaining work in his customary occupation within a reasonably short period are good, the determination of whether any work is suitable work with respect to such individual shall be made in accordance with applicable state law.

(2) Effect of state law provisions relating to regular benefits on claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits. Except when the result would be inconsistent with the other provisions of this section, the provisions of this chapter which apply to claims for, or the payment of, regular benefits shall apply to claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits.

(3) Eligibility requirements for extended benefits. An individual shall be eligible to receive extended benefits with respect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period only if the director finds that with respect to such week:

- (a) The claimant is an "exhaustee" as defined in subsection (1)(h) of this section;
  - (b) The claimant has satisfied the requirements of this chapter for the receipt of regular benefits that are applicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, including not being subject to a disqualification for the receipt of benefits;
  - (c) The claimant has had twenty (20) weeks of full-time employment for covered employers during his base period, or earned wages for services performed for covered employers during his base period equal to at least one and one-half (1 1/2) times his high quarter wages, or has earned wages for services performed for covered employers during his base period equal to at least forty (40) times his most recent weekly benefit amount.
  - (d) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, payment of extended benefits under this chapter shall not be made to any individual for any week of unemployment in his eligibility period:

- 1        1. During which he fails to accept any offer of suitable work, as defined in  
2                  subsection (1)(j) of this section, or fails to apply for any suitable work to  
3                  which he was referred; or  
4        2. During which he fails to actively engage in seeking work.

5        (ii) If any individual is ineligible for extended benefits for any week by reason  
6                  of a failure described in subsection (3)(d)(i)1. or (3)(d)(i)2. of this section, the  
7                  individual shall be ineligible to receive extended benefits for any week which  
8                  begins during a period which:

- 9                  1. Begins with the week following the week in which such failure occurs;  
10                 and  
11                  2. Does not end until such individual has been employed during at  
12                 least four (4) weeks which begin after such failure and the total of the  
13                 remuneration earned by the individual for being so employed is not less  
14                 than the product of four (4) multiplied by the individual's average weekly  
15                 benefit amount.

16        (iii) Extended benefits shall not be denied under subsection (3)(d)(i)1. of this  
17                  section to any individual for any week by reason of a failure to accept an offer of,  
18                 or apply for, suitable work:

- 19                 1. If the gross average weekly remuneration payable to such individual for  
20                 the position does not exceed the sum of:
  - 21                     (A) The individual's average weekly benefit amount, as determined  
22                     for purposes of subsection (b)(1)(C) of section 202 of the  
23                     federal-state extended unemployment compensation act of 1970, for  
24                     his benefit year; plus  
25                     (B) The amount, if any, of supplemental unemployment  
26                     compensation benefits, as defined in section 501 (c)(17)(D) of  
27                     the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, payable to such individual for  
28                     such week.

- 29                 2. If the position was not offered to such individual in writing or was not  
30                 listed with the department;

- 31                 3. If such failure would not result in a denial of benefits under the  
32                 provisions of this chapter to the extent that such provisions are not  
33                 inconsistent with the provisions of subsections (1)(j) and (3)(d)(iv) of this  
34                 section; or

- 35                 4. If the position pays wages less than the higher of:

- 36                     (A) The minimum wage provided by section 6(a)(1) of the fair  
37                     labor standards act of 1938, without regard to any exemption; or  
38                     (B) Any applicable state or local minimum wage.

39        (iv) For purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be treated as actively  
40                 engaged in seeking work during any week if:

- 41                 1. The individual has engaged in a systematic and sustained effort to  
42                 obtain work during such week; and  
43                 2. The individual provides tangible evidence to the department that he has  
44                 engaged in such an effort during such week.

1                         (v) For purposes of this section only, the department shall refer applicants for  
 2 extended benefits to any suitable work to which paragraphs 1., 2., 3. and 4. of  
 3 subsection (3)(d)(iii) of this section would not apply.

4 (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, payment of extended  
 5 benefits shall not be made to any individual for any week if:

6                         (i) Extended benefits would, but for this subsection have been payable for such  
 7 week pursuant to an interstate claim filed in any state under the interstate benefit  
 8 payment plan; and

9                         (ii) An extended benefit period is not in effect for such week in such state.

10                         (b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not apply with respect to the first two (2) weeks  
 11 for which extended benefits are payable, determined without regard to this subsection,  
 12 pursuant to an interstate claim filed under the interstate benefit payment plan to the  
 13 individual from the extended benefits account established for the benefit year.

14                         (c) Section 3304 (a)(9)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall not apply to any  
 15 denial of benefits required under this subsection.

16                         (5) Weekly extended benefit amount. The weekly extended benefit amount payable to an  
 17 individual for a week of total unemployment in his eligibility period shall be an amount equal  
 18 to the weekly benefit amount payable to him during his applicable benefit year.

19                         (6) (a) Total extended benefit amount. The total extended benefit amount payable to  
 20 an eligible individual with respect to his applicable benefit year shall be the least of the  
 21 following amounts:

22                         (ei) Fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of regular benefits which were  
 23 payable to him under this chapter in his applicable benefit year;

24                         (bii) Thirteen (13) times his weekly benefit amount which was payable to him  
 25 under this chapter for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year;

26                         (eiii) Provided that the amount so determined shall be reduced by the total amount  
 27 of extended benefits paid, or being paid, to the individual for weeks of extended  
 28 unemployment in the individual's benefit year which began prior to the effective  
 29 date of the federal-state extended benefit period which is current in the week for  
 30 which the individual first claims such benefits.

31                         (ediv) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, if the benefit year of  
 32 any individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of  
 33 extended benefits that such individual would, but for the provisions of this section,  
 34 be entitled to receive in that extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of  
 35 unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced, but  
 36 not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for which the individual  
 37 received any amounts as trade readjustment allowances within that benefit year,  
 38 multiplied by the individual's weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

39                         (b) (i) Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high unemployment  
 40 period, subsection (6)(a) of this section shall be applied by substituting:

41                         1. "Eighty percent (80%)" for "fifty percent (50%)" in subsection (6)(a)(i)  
 42 of this section, and

43                         2. "Twenty (20)" for "thirteen (13)" in subsection (6)(a)(ii) of this section.

44                         (ii) For purposes of subsection (6)(b)(i) of this section, the term "high  
 45 unemployment period" means any period during which an extended benefit period

1       would be in effect if subsection (1)(b)(ii) were applied by substituting "eight  
2       percent (8%)" in subsection (1)(b)(ii)1. for "six and five-tenths percent (6.5%)."

3       (7) (a) Beginning and termination of extended benefit period. Whenever an extended  
4       benefit period is to become effective in this state as a result of a state "on" indicator, or  
5       an extended benefit period is to be terminated in this state as a result of a state "off"  
6       indicator, the director shall make a public announcement.

7       (b) Computations required by the provisions of subsection (1)(d) of this section shall  
8       be made by the director, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the United States  
9       secretary of labor.

10      (8) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, none of the benefits paid  
11     pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be charged to an employer's account for  
12     purposes of experience rating.

13      (9) Whenever a program of unemployment benefits becomes available that is financed  
14     entirely by the federal government, and such program will not allow payments to individuals  
15     who are entitled to extended benefits pursuant to this section, the governor may, by executive  
16     order, trigger off an extended benefit period as defined in subsection (1)(a) of this section in  
17     order to provide payment of such federal benefits to individuals who have exhausted their right  
18     to regular benefits. When the federal benefits are exhausted, or if the director determines that  
19     payment of extended benefits would be more economically advantageous to the state of Idaho,  
20     the governor shall, by executive order, trigger extended benefits on if the criteria of subsection  
21     (1)(b) of this section are otherwise met.

22      (10) Until conformity with the federal-state extended unemployment compensation act  
23     of 1970 requires otherwise, the eligibility requirements in subsections (1)(j) and (3)(d) of  
24     this section are suspended. Except where inconsistent with the provisions of this section,  
25     the eligibility requirements of section 72-1366, Idaho Code, applicable to claims for regular  
26     benefits shall apply in lieu of the suspended provisions.

27      SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to  
28     exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.