Dear Senators LODGE, Vick, Bock, and Representatives WILLS, Luker, Burgoyne:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Juvenile Corrections:

IDAPA 05.01.01 - Rules for Contract Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0101-1401);

IDAPA 05.01.05 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0105-1401);

IDAPA 05.02.01 - Rules for Residential Treatment Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0201-1401);

IDAPA 05.02.02 - Rules for Staff Secure Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0202-1401);

IDAPA 05.02.03 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0203-1401);

IDAPA 05.02.04 - Rules for Supported Living Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0204-1401).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 09/26/2014. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 10/27/2014.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4834, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Jeff Youtz Director Serving klaho's Cilizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary & Rules Committee and the House

Judiciary, Rules & Administration Committee

FROM: Senior Legislative Research Analyst - Ryan Bush

DATE: September 9, 2014

SUBJECT: Department of Juvenile Corrections

IDAPA 05.01.01 - Rules for Contract Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0101-1401)

IDAPA 05.01.05 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0105-1401)

IDAPA 05.02.01 - Rules for Residential Treatment Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0201-1401)

IDAPA 05.02.02 - Rules for Staff Secure Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0202-1401)

IDAPA 05.02.03 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0203-1401)

IDAPA 05.02.04 - Rules for Supported Living Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0204-1401)

(1) 05.01.01 - Rules for Contract Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0101-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.01.01 - Rules for Contract Providers (Chapter Repeal). The Department states that this chapter is being repealed in its entirety and replaced by new chapters IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers" and IDAPA 05.02.02, "Rules for Staff Secure Providers."

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

(2) 05.01.05 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (Chapter Repeal) (Docket No. 05-0105-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.01.05 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (Chapter Repeal). The Department states that this chapter is being repealed in its entirety and replaced by new chapters IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers," IDAPA 05.02.03, "Rules for Reintegration Providers" and IDAPA 05.02.04 "Rules for Supported Living Providers."

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

Mike Nugent, Manager Research & Legislation Cathy Holland-Smith, Manager Budget & Policy Analysis

April Renfro, Manager Legislative Audits Glenn Harris, Manager Information Technology

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

(3) 05.02.01 - Rules for Residential Treatment Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0201-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.02.01 - Rules for Residential Treatment Providers (New Chapter). The Department states that this chapter is applicable to all residential treatment providers who contract with the IDJC. The Department further states that this chapter will eliminate duplication in multiple chapters, provide additional requirements relating to Department of Justice Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) standards and provide clarification in areas of past misinterpretations. Specifically, this chapter does the following:

- (1) Authorizes the Department to inspect programs and facilities;
- (2) Provides for the safety and maintenance of buildings, vehicles and drivers;
- (3) Provides for qualifications, requirements, training and criminal background checks for program personnel;
- (4) Provides for the maintenance of juvenile records;
- (5) Requires precautions against suicide; and
- (6) Provides for the rights, responsibilities and discipline of juvenile offenders; and
- (7) Provides for operational and reporting requirements for programs.

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

(4) 05.02.02 - Rules for Staff Secure Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0202-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.02.02 - Rules for Staff Secure Providers (New Chapter). The Department states that this chapter is applicable only to staff secure providers. The Department further states that this chapter will provide additional requirements relating to Department of Justice Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) standards and provide clarification in areas of past misinterpretations. Specifically, this chapter does the following:

- (1) Provides rules for various aspects of juvenile living, such as inspections, clothing, food service, employment, mail, visitation, contraband and room restrictions;
- (2) Provides minimum mandatory staff training requirements of 80 hours for the first year of employment and 40 hours following the first year;
- (3) Imposes program requirements for educational and vocational competence, behavior problems and to prepare juveniles for responsible living in the community;
- (4) Sets guidelines for educational, medical, counseling, substance abuse, life skill and various other services;

- (5) Provides reporting requirements for each juvenile offender's case and requires a written service implementation plan;
- (6) Authorizes drug screening for juvenile offenders with certain conditions; and
- (7) Provides guidelines for release and transfer.

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

(5) 05.02.03 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0203-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.02.03 - Rules for Reintegration Providers (New Chapter). The Department states that this chapter is applicable only to reintegration providers. The Department further states that this chapter will provide additional requirements relating to Department of Justice Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) standards and provide clarification in areas of past misinterpretations. Specifically, this chapter does the following:

- (1) Provides rules for various aspects of juvenile living, such as inspections, clothing, food service, employment, mail, visitation, and contraband and body searches;
- (2) Imposes program requirements for educational and vocational competence, behavior problems and to prepare juveniles for responsible living in the community;
- (3) Sets guidelines for counseling and other outpatient services, such as drug and alcohol counseling, and the teaching of life skills and independent living;
- (4) Provides reporting requirements for each juvenile offender's case and requires a written service implementation plan;
- (5) Sets guidelines for educational and medical services;
- (6) Authorizes drug screening for juvenile offenders with certain conditions; and
- (7) Provides guidelines for release and transfer.

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

(6) 05.02.04 - Rules for Supported Living Providers (New Chapter) (Docket No. 05-0204-1401)

The Department of Juvenile Corrections submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 05.02.04 - Rules for Supported Living Providers (New Chapter). The Department states that this chapter is applicable only to supported living providers. The Department further states that this chapter will provide additional requirements relating to Department of Justice Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) standards and provide clarification in areas of past misinterpretations. Specifically, this chapter does the following:

- (1) Provides rules for various aspects of juvenile living, such as inspections, clothing, food service, employment, mail, community service and contraband;
- (2) Imposes program requirements for educational and vocational competence, behavior problems and to prepare juveniles for responsible living in the community;
- (3) Sets guidelines for counseling and other outpatient services, such as drug and alcohol counseling, and the teaching of life skills and independent living;
- (4) Provides reporting requirements for each juvenile offender's case and requires a written service implementation plan;
- (5) Sets guidelines for educational and medical services;
- (6) Authorizes drug screening for juvenile offenders with certain conditions; and
- (7) Provides guidelines for release and transfer.

The Department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2014 edition of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 20-504, Idaho Code.

cc: Department of Juvenile Corrections Sharon Harrigfeld

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.01.01 - RULES FOR CONTRACT PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0101-1401 (CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being repealed in its entirety and replaced by new chapter IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers," and IDAPA 05.02.02 "Rules for Staff Secure providers," which are being published in this Bulletin.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 27.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410. Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014.

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83702-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

IDAPA 05.01.01 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.01.05 - RULES FOR REINTEGRATION PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0105-1401 (CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This rule is being repealed in its entirety and being replaced with new chapter IDAPA 05.02.03, "Rules for Reintegration Providers," IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers" and 05.02.04, "Rules for Supported Living Providers," which are being published in the Bulletin.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 28.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410. Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83702-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

IDAPA 05.01.05 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.02.01 - RULES FOR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0201-1401 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers," will contain rules that are applicable to all residential treatment providers who contract with the IDJC. This will eliminate current duplication of these rules in multiple chapters. Changes include: additional requirements relating to the Department of Justice PREA Standards and providing clarification in areas of past misinterpretation.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 29.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014.

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 05-0201-1401

IDAPA 05 TITLE 02 CHAPTER 01

05.02.01 - RULES FOR RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROVIDERS

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vvv.		UA)	LAN	UI	п	נע	Λı		ı.

	01.	Section	20-504(10)), Idaho	Code.	Pursuant	to Sect	ion 20-504	(10),	Idaho C	Code, th	ie departr	nent
shall	establish	minimum	standards 1	for the	operatio	ons of all	private	residential	and	nonresi	dential	facilities	and
progr	ams which	h provide s	ervices to ju	ivenile c	offender	s commit	ted to the	e departmer	ıt.			()

- **O2. Section 20-504(12), Idaho Code.** Pursuant to Section 20-504(12), Idaho Code, the department shall have authority to adopt such administrative rules pursuant to the procedures provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code, as are deemed necessary or appropriate for the functioning of the department and the implementation and administration of the Juvenile Corrections Act.
- **03. Interstate Compact on Juveniles**. By the provisions of Sections 16-1901, et seq., Idaho Code, the "Interstate Compact on Juveniles," the department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title**. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers," IDAPA 05, Title 02, Chapter 01.
- **O2. Scope**. These rules are established to ensure that the juvenile corrections system in Idaho will be consistently based on the following principles: accountability; community protection; and competency development. These rules apply to all residential treatment providers that coordinate needed treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans.

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency has written statements which pertain to the interpretations of these rules. The document is available for public inspection and copying at cost at the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285.

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for appeal of the administrative requirements for agencies. (

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference into these rules.

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections is located at 954 W. Jefferson St., Boise, Idaho 83720. Business hours are typically 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Mail regarding the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections' rules should be directed to 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. The telephone of the office is (208) 334-5100 and the telecommunications relay service of the office is 1 (800) 377-1363 or 711. The facsimile number of the office is (208) 334-5120.

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Docket No. 05-0201-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

	cords asso	C RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE. ociated with the residential treatment providers are juvenile records of the Idaho Departm ons, and are subject to the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 9, Chapter 3, Idaho Code.	ent o
007.	REGIO	NAL FACILITY CONTACT INFORMATION.	
799-333	01. 32.	IDJC Region 1 Facility. The Juvenile Corrections Center at Lewiston may be contacted at	(208
465-844	02. 43.	IDJC Region 2 Facility. The Juvenile Corrections Center at Nampa may be contacted at	(208
624-346	03. 62.	IDJC Region 3 Facility. The Juvenile Corrections Center at St. Anthony may be contacted at	t (208
008	009.	(RESERVED)	
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.	
	01.	Adult. A person eighteen (18) years of age or older.	(
purpose	02. e of guidin	Assessment . The process of gathering information to determine risk and program needs for placement decisions and to develop the individualized treatment/service plan.	or the
detect c	03. contrabanc	Body Cavity Search . The examination and possible intrusion into the rectal or vaginal cavid. It is performed only by the medical authority.	ties to
is not re	04. equired to	Body Search, Clothed . Also referred to as a Pat Search. A search during which a juvenile of remove their clothing, with the exception of such items as a jacket, hat, socks and shoes.	fende
offende	05. r is requir	Body Search, Unclothed . Also referred to as a Strip Search. A search during which a jured to remove all clothing that is conducted by a medical health professional.	venile
	ht of the 1	Clinical Supervisor. Person who supervises juvenile services coordinators and clinicia and reviews and approves case management documentation. This responsibility also in regional observation and assessment process, and assisting in the maintenance and developm	cludes
	07.	Commit. To transfer legal custody to the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections.	(
		Community Service Hours . Hours of community service performed by a juvenile offenurt order or which may be imposed following a formal disciplinary process within a resider program for damages to the facility or program.	
provide	input into	Community Treatment Team . A team including the juvenile services coordinator, resider case manager, juvenile probation officer, family, and others, as necessary, who work toget to each juvenile offender's service implementation plan, implement their respective sections or and report progress on treatment goals.	ther to
	10.	Contraband . Any item not issued or authorized by the residential treatment provider.	(
federal	11. law, feder	Confidential Information . Information that may only be used or disclosed as provided by sal regulations, or state rule.	tate o

12.

13.

Criminogenic Risks and Needs. Assessed juvenile offender risk factors or attributes of juvenile

Court. District court or magistrate's division thereof.

Docket No. 05-0201-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

offenders that ar	e directly linked to criminal behavior and, when changed, influence the probability of recidiv	vism. ()
14.	Department . The Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections.	()
15. own or the comm	Detention . Refers to the temporary placement of juveniles who require secure custody munity's protection in physically restricting facilities.	for the	11
16.	Director . The director of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections.	()
17. attempting to lea without permission	Escape/Attempted Escape . Attempting to leave or leaving a facility without permissive or leaving the lawful custody of any officer or other person responsible for juvenile's suption.		
18.	Facility. The physical plant associated with the operation of residential or nonresidential pr	ograms (3.
direct services to	Facility Treatment Team . The group of staff employed by the department or by the reler who have input into developing the juvenile offender's service implementation plan, who be juvenile offenders, and who monitor and report on the progress on meeting the goals in the innent team is responsible for working with the community treatment team to develop and imprementation plan.	provid nat plar	e 1.
20. which threatens program and wh	Incident Report . A written document reporting any occurrence or event, or any other the safety and security of staff, juvenile offenders or others, or which threatens the securitich requires a staff response.		
	Interns . A paraprofessional staff who is pursuing a degree and who, as a part of doct a college or university, may provide counseling or other services to juvenile offender stody or their families, under direct supervision of qualified staff.	umente s in th (d e
22.	Judge. A district or a magistrate judge.	()
23. age at the time of	Juvenile . A person less than eighteen (18) years of age or who was less than eighteen (18) f any act, omission or status bringing the person within the purview of the Juvenile Correction		
24. status and who h	Juvenile Offender . A person under the age of eighteen (18), at the time of any act, omissus been adjudicated as being within the purview of the Juvenile Corrections Act.	ssion, c) (
25. and medical hist	Juvenile Records . Information concerning the juvenile offender's delinquent or criminal, pory, behavior and activities.	ersona (l,
but are not limit services coordin coordinator con	Juvenile Services Coordinator . An individual, employed by the department, who pation of services for juvenile offenders committed to the custody of the department. Services ted to: case coordination/management, family services, and reintegration. In all cases, the ator collaborates with the facility case manager in providing these services. The juvenile municates information with families, communities, courts, and with other IDJC entenile's commitment.	includ juvenil service	e
	Legal Custody . The relationship created by the court's decree which imposes upon the coff physical possession of the juvenile offender, the duty to protect, train and discipline him food, shelter, education and ordinary medical care.		

28. Legal Guardian. A person appointed as guardian of a minor under the laws of Idaho. For the purposes of this title, legal guardian does not include and shall not be construed to include the owner, operator or the agent of an owner or operator of a detention center, observation and assessment center, secure facility, residential

facility of	r other f	acility having temporary or long-term physical custody of the juvenile offender.	()
	29. uring the	Mechanical Restraints . Mechanical devices used to prevent an uncontrollable juvenile omselves or others.	offender ()
	30. I, nurse j	Medical Health Professional . An individual who meets the applicable state's criteria as a practitioner, physician assistant, physician or the equivalent.	licensed
	31. e state's	Mental Health Professional . An individual who possesses a master's degree and mocriteria as a licensed LPC, LMFT, LCPC, LCSW, LMSW, psychologist or the equivalent.	eets the
observati		Observation and Assessment Evaluation . Written documentation of assessment tool erviews, risks, and any special considerations resulting in the creation of the service plantal reintegration plan.	
	33. assessm	Observation and Assessment Program . A residential or nonresidential program designents of juveniles in the custody of the department.	gned to
	34. or holdi	Physical Restraint . Any method of physical control of a juvenile offender which involving a juvenile offender to limit or control the juvenile offender's actions.	es staff
		PREA . A federal act promulgating standards that promote zero tolerance toward sexual as by staff or by other juvenile offenders. Also known as Public Law 108-79 or the Prison	
•	36.	Program Director . The administrator of the residential treatment provider for juvenile offer	enders.
	37. nplemer	Progress Report . A written report summarizing progress toward the goals and objectives so tation plan.	et in the
	38. al treatm	Quality Improvement Services Bureau. Department employees responsible for overent provider's compliance with contract terms and these rules.	erseeing
		Referral Packet . The information necessary for a potential residential treatment prover the program can appropriately meet the identified criminogenic risks and needs of the	
	40. s offered	Region . Subunits of the department organized by geographical areas and including all serving the department in that area.	ices and
state.	41.	Regional Facility. Department-operated juvenile correctional centers located in each region	n of the
		Reintegration Plan . That part of the juvenile offender's service plan which specifically actions and services to be provided as the juvenile offender moves to a lower level of care or legartment.	
	43. em beha	Relapse Prevention Plan . A document completed by the juvenile, used to identify intervior, positive supports, and high risk people and places.	ventions
	44.	Release from Department Custody. Termination of the department's legal custody of a ju	venile.
with the		Residential Treatment Provider . Also known as Provider. A residential program under ent to supervise juvenile offenders, provide accountability and competency development in to, consistent with public safety.	

- **46. Restitution**. Financial payment intended to reimburse victims for loss, damage, or harm caused by a juvenile offender. Restitution must be court ordered. Providers may not impose restitution against a juvenile offender without a court order.
- **47. Restricted Clinical Information**. Any record, document or other information legally protected from dissemination to the general public by statute or rule, such as psychological evaluations, therapy notes, therapy journals, sex histories, polygraph results, psychological testing, or other legally confidential information. ()
- **48. Room Confinement**. Instances in which juvenile offenders are confined in the room in which they usually sleep, rather than being confined in an isolation room.
- **49. Separation or Isolation**. Any instance when juvenile offenders are confined alone for over fifteen (15) minutes in a room other than the room in which they usually sleep.
- **50. Service Implementation Plan**. A written document produced and regularly updated by a residential treatment provider with input from the community treatment team. This plan describes interventions and objectives to address the service plan goals including the areas of community protection, accountability, and competency development.
- 51. Service Plan. A written document produced during the observation and assessment period following commitment to the department that defines the juvenile offender's criminogenic needs and risks, strengths, goals, and recommendations for family and reintegration services. The service plan addresses the relevant needs and services for each juvenile offender in areas such as mental health, medical, education, substance abuse, and social skills.
- **52. Sexual Abuse.** Includes any type of contact which is sexual in nature and directed toward a juvenile offender by staff or by juvenile offenders as well as sexual harassment which includes repeated and unwelcomed sexual advances, comments, gestures, voyeurism, implied threats, and coercion.
- **53. Staffings**. Regularly scheduled meetings of the community and facility treatment team members to review progress on treatment goals and objectives identified in each juvenile offender's service implementation plan.
- **54. Subcontractor**. A person or business which has contracted with the residential treatment provider for provision of some portion of work or services.
- **55. Suicide Risk Assessment**. An evaluation performed by a mental health professional to determine the level of immediate risk of a juvenile offender attempting suicide, and to apply this information in developing a safety plan for the juvenile offender.
- 56. Suicide Risk Screening. An evaluation that is used to quickly determine, based upon known history and current behavior, whether a juvenile offender presents any identifiable risk of immediate suicidal behavior, and to call in a mental health professional to complete a suicide risk assessment.
- **57. Superintendent**. The person who has responsibility and oversight of a regional facility and over the region of the state where the regional facility is located.
- **58. Transfer**. Any movement of a juvenile offender in the custody of the department from one (1) residential treatment provider to another without a release from department custody.
- **59. Treatment**. Any program of planned services developed to meet risks and needs of juvenile offenders and their families, as identified in an assessment, and as related to activities designed to teach alternate behaviors and to support change in the beliefs that drive those behaviors. Treatment as referenced in this context also includes the maintenance of conditions that keep juvenile offenders, staff and the community safe.
 - **Variance.** The means of complying with the intent and purpose of a residential treatment provider

rule in a manner	other than that specifically prescribed in the rule.	()
61. in the area of wo	Vocational Services . Any service provided related to assessment, education, guidance or ork or basic living skills.	trainin;	g)
	Volunteer . A person from the community who freely chooses to do or provide both of to juvenile offenders or staff at a facility or juvenile correctional center. This person is not coort compensated for the services.		
63. residential treatr	Waiver. The non-application of one (1) or more of these rules based upon a requestment provider and a written decision issued by the department.	t by th	e)
64. the purpose of re	Work Program . A public service work project which employs juveniles at a reasonable veinbursing victims of juvenile offender's delinquent behavior.	wage fo	or)
011 099.	(RESERVED)		
	ATION OF SERVICES. committed to the department under the provisions of the Juvenile Corrections Act (Sections Idaho Code).	,	1
Minimum progr provider. A waiv	ER AND VARIANCE. The standards established herein shall apply to all services provided by the residential to the standards established herein shall apply to all services provided by the residential to the residential to the standards stated in these rules must receive prior written approval to the attached as a formal amendment to the contract.		
This chapter appindividual service for Staff Secure	CABILITY. plies to all residential treatment providers that coordinate needed treatment services iden ce implementation plans. Resident treatment providers must also abide by IDAPA 05.02.02 Providers"; IDAPA 05.02.03, "Rules for Reintegration Providers"; or IDAPA 05.02.04, "R g Providers," as applicable.	, "Rule	S
103 199.	(RESERVED)		
200. AUTH	ORITY TO INSPECT.		
treatment provide and all juvenile	Inspections . The department shall have the authority to conduct reviews of programs, facilities to ensure the residential treatment provider's compliance with these rules. The relar shall cooperate with the department's review, and must provide access to the program or records for juveniles in department custody, as deemed necessary by the department. How lly assess the operation of the program, aggregate data and information for all juveniles must	sidentia r facility vever, in	al y n
department's Q	Quarterly Reports. In order to assist the department in monitoring contract programs for kerformance, each residential treatment provider will be required to submit a quarterly reportability Improvement Services Bureau. These reports may be submitted by facsimile, within thirty (30) calendar days of the end of each quarter. The reports must include, at a minimation:	rt to the mail, o	e
a.	All staff turnover during the quarter;	()
b.	Number of reportable incidents of the type listed below:	()
i.	Assaults against juvenile offenders;	()
ii.	Assaults against staff;	()

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iii.	Behavioral and psychiatric emergencies;	()
iv.	Contraband;	()
v.	Escapes;	()
vi.	Visitation restrictions due to juvenile offender beha	vior; ()
vii.	Injuries or illness requiring significant medical atte	ntion; ()
viii.	Restraints;	()
ix.	Separation or isolation;	()
х.	Sexual abuse; and	()
xi.	Self-harm and suicide behavior.	()
с.	Number of hours and topics included in staff training	ng for the quarter; ()
d.	Community services hours;	()
e.	GED/HSE or high school diplomas awarded; and	()
f.	A copy of juvenile offender grievances and resolution	ons according to Section 232 of these rules.)
type of service,	Notification of Program Changes. Residential tree, but no later than thirty (30) calendar days, before the characteristics of juveniles being served, changes in larges in ownership or in the organizational structure.	ere is a change in the name of the organizati	on,
04. situation in whice immediately not	Emergency Closure of Program . In the event of a h the residential treatment provider may be closed tendify the regional juvenile correctional center in its response.	nporarily, the residential treatment provider v	
offender's paren	Notification of Death of a Juvenile Offender. In a stody, the residential treatment provider must imput or guardian, and law enforcement. Other notification er and the department.	nediately notify the regional facility, juver	nile
any and all incid 241.01, that occ department's cur scope of the in	Additional Incident Reporting. The residential trace lents of the type normally requiring immediate notice our in their program or facility regardless of whe stody. Any such reports regarding juveniles not in acident without any information identifying the judity Improvement Services Bureau.	the to the department, as identified in Subsect ther or not the juveniles involved are in department custody must include the type a	ion the and
	The residential treatment provider must report to ting to juvenile care and that result in any type spension of a professional license, or revocation or les.	of suspension or termination of employme	ent,
	All instances of battery committed on staff must the appropriate authorities. Each such incident must ator as an incident report according to Subsection 24	st be reported to the juvenile offender's juver	

07.

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Quality	Improve	or order of a program are at risk, more frequent and more detailed reporting will be required ment Services Bureau. The department has a responsibility at all times to monitor the overall er of a program for the protection and well-being of the juvenile offenders.		
201.	COMP	REHENSIVE AND CURRENT PROGRAM DESCRIPTION.		
departm		Program Description . Residential treatment providers must provide, and keep current was gram description detailing the range of services to be provided and the methods for providing		
	02.	Minimum Requirements. At a minimum, the program description must include:	()
	a.	Target population and specific admission criteria;	()
	b.	Primary and secondary treatment modalities;	()
	c.	Outline of daily schedules for juvenile offenders and staff;	()
	d.	Full description of educational services provided;	()
medicat	e. ion moni	Description of emergency and routine medical and mental health services, including psychtoring, unless this population is specifically excluded from admission to the program;	otrop (ic)
indicate	f. d by the i	Description of religious services, recreation services, and other specialized services provinceds of the identified target population;	ided (as)
the prog	g. gram prio	Written criteria for successful completion of the program and written criteria for termination to completion;	n fro (m)
the freq	h. uency of	A thorough description of all services offered as a part of the program, including a descrip service delivery;	otion (of)
educatio	i. onal grou _l	A detailed description of each individual treatment intervention, such as treatment group, p, cognitive restructuring group, and peer group including:	sych (o-)
	i.	The overall goals of the treatment intervention or service area;	()
area;	ii.	The average length, total length, and number of sessions in the treatment intervention or	servi (ce)
	iii.	The facilitator education and training requirements; and	()
	iv.	The specific curriculum used in the treatment intervention or service area.	()
	j.	A detailed description of the behavior management component of the program.	()
risks, ne provider	ile offendeeds, and rs must e	SITION OF REFERRALS FROM THE DEPARTMENT. der's admission into the program shall be based on an assessment of the juvenile offender's str on the anticipated ability of the program to reasonably address those issues. Residential trensure that the juvenile offender and parent or guardian are provided an opportunity to participates and related decisions.	atme	nt

Additional Reporting Requirements. In situations where the department has determined that the

01. Accepting Referral. Upon receipt of a complete referral packet from the department, the residential treatment provider has four (4) business days in which to decide whether to accept or decline the referral. Upon acceptance, the Referral Acceptance/Denial Form must be completed and signed. By accepting the referral, the

residential treatment provider agrees to address the identified treatment goals and the anticipated length of stay. Once

the acceptance h	as occurred, the juvenile offender's transportation will be made.	()
residential treated department's Re	Declining Referral . Residential treatment providers must not, without just cause, deny adffender who meets the specific admission criteria set forth in the provider's program descript ment provider denies a referral, the specific reason for denial must be documented ferral Acceptance/Denial Form and the form returned to the regional referral coordinate that provider must then destroy the referral packet.	tion. If on tl	f a he
	Change in Admission Criteria . Any change in the residential treatment provider's adreflected in the provider's admission policy and requires a written amendment to the contract apprary exceptions are covered under Section 101 of these rules.	with tl	
approval, the m	Reservation of Program Slots . When a program slot is to be reserved, the department ential treatment provider and request that the slot be reserved. Unless the department gives aximum time for which a program slot may be reserved and the residential treatment propagation by payment is forty-eight (48) consecutive hours.	specif	fic
203. SAFET	Y AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.		
	Compliance with State and Local Codes and Ordinances. The residential treatment pompliance with all state and local building, life safety, and zoning requirements. Document to be made available to the department.		
02. required by the regulations.	Accessibility. The program buildings, parking lots and other structures must provide as Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended, and other applicable federal and state la		
from any hazard	Maintenance . The residential treatment provider must ensure that all structures are maintained are free from hazards to health and safety. The grounds must also be maintained and must to health and safety. The residential treatment provider must have a written plan for preventance of its building and grounds.	t be fr	ee
consider the eff	Construction Considerations . When designing or acquiring any new program or facility bstantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, the residential treatment provided to the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the provider's ability to my harm, including sexual abuse.	ler sha	all
	Program Safety . Each residential treatment provider must have a designated staff member he safety of the program. This individual must conduct monthly inspections of the program pections kept on file for review by the department, to identify:		
a.	Fire safety;	()
b.	Existing hazards;	()
c.	Potential hazards; and	()
d.	The corrective action that should be taken to address these hazards.	()
06. emergency proce	Emergency Procedures . The residential treatment provider will utilize and maintain a edure manual which must include, at a minimum, procedures pertaining to:	curre (nt)
a.	Fire safety and escape;	()
b.	Emergency medical care;	()
с.	Notification and filing charges on escape;	()

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	d.	Incidents of violence within the program;	()			
	e.	Suicide prevention;	()			
	f.	Child abuse reporting; and	()			
	g.	Sexual abuse disclosures.	()			
204.	VEHIC	LES.					
meet the	01. e departm	Condition . Vehicles used to transport juveniles must be mechanically sound, in good repent's requirements for insurance coverage.	oair, an (d)			
comply		Compliance with Applicable Laws. All vehicles must possess current state licenses at applicable state laws. When in use, all vehicles must carry a standard first aid kit and					
inspecti operatir	ons, the ong system	Maintenance and Equipment Checklist. The residential treatment provider must have a equipment checklist, which must include a listing of all critical operating systems and equipment checklist, which must include a listing of all critical operating systems and equipment checklist, which must include a listing of all critical operating systems and equipment checklist, and the type of service or action taken. All repairs required to as, such as brakes and headlights, must be made immediately. All worn or missing critical equipment checklist, and seat belts.	uipmer critica	nt al			
205.	TRANS	SPORTATION.					
relied u	pon to pr	Transportation for Service Plan . It shall be the responsibility of the residential treatment purportation associated with the juvenile offender's service implementation plan. The family ovide transportation for passes and some other community contacts as long as this does not reburden to the juvenile offender, family, or community.	may b	e			
related	to court a	Transportation for Court Proceedings . It is the provider's responsibility to immediately ader's juvenile services coordinator of court dates and appearances. Arrangements for transpapearances, as well as related to transfer or release of juvenile offenders from department of tween the residential treatment provider and the juvenile services coordinator.	ortatio custody	n			
in perso	03. onal vehic	Transport in Personal Vehicles . Juveniles in the custody of the department will not be transless an emergency situation exists and is substantiated by documentation.	isporte (d)			
206.	DRIVE	RS.					
operated preceding traffic converses reviewe	01. Juvenile Transport . All drivers of vehicles transporting a juvenile offender must possess a valid driver's license from the applicable state and the proper licenses required by state law for the type of motor vehicle operated. All such operators' driving records must be checked through the Department of Motor Vehicles for the preceding three (3) years and annually after date of hire. During that time, the operator must not have had any felony traffic convictions or withheld judgments. Any incidents of suspended licenses during that time must be specifically reviewed by the residential treatment provider. Personnel files must contain evidence of training to transport a juvenile offender as well as other appropriate documentation.						
		Parent or Guardian Transport . When parents or guardians are allowed to transport a reason, it is the responsibility of the residential treatment provider to ensure that the inent and valid driver's license and insurance coverage.					
207 2	209.	(RESERVED)					

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORDS.

210.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Docket No. 05-0201-1401 - New Chapter Rules for Residential Treatment Providers Proposed Rulemaking Documentation Retention. The residential treatment provider must document and retain documentation of all information related to the following items: Program consultation provided, such as technical assistance on program design a. implementation; Training provided to staff; b.) All alleged instances of child abuse; c. d. Program audits or reviews, including corrective actions required and taken; e. Reports of sexual abuse disclosures to the applicable state licensing authority or law enforcement; f. Juvenile offender and staff grievances; Copies of all completed incident reports; and g. h. Copies of background checks for all current employees, contractors, volunteers and interns who may have contact with residents. 02. **Employee Files**. Employee personnel files must contain the following: a. Minimum qualifications for the job held; b. Hiring information; Copies of all required licenses or certificates related to the job function; c. d. Copies of academic credentials, driving record and criminal background checks, as required by state law; Current training records; and e. Performance evaluations and copies of personnel actions, such as disciplinary action taken and acknowledgements of outstanding performance.

211. STAFF QUALIFICATIONS.

- **01. Licenses.** All individuals providing services to juveniles in the custody of the department must possess all licenses or certifications for their particular position as required by statute, rule, or by the applicable state licensing authority.
- **O2. Education or Experience**. All individuals providing services must be qualified to do so, on the basis of knowledge, skills, and abilities. In addition, certain program and professional caregivers must meet specific minimum standards for education or experience. These standards shall constitute, in part, the basis for determining the adequacy of program and professional services delivered under contractual agreement with the department.
- **03. Position Descriptions**. Residential treatment providers must maintain written position descriptions for every job class established in the organization. In all cases, the particular job titles used by the residential treatment provider to provide counseling, therapy, direct care, and supervision of juvenile offenders, as well as staff supervision and management, must be specifically cross-referenced with the job titles in these rules.

212. POSITION DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALIFICATION CRITERIA.

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- Ol. Clinician, Counselor, or Therapist. An individual who conducts a comprehensive assessment of the psychological, behavioral, social, or familial deficits or dysfunctions presented by the juvenile offender, then establishes and implements a plan for therapeutic services. The plan must specify diagnosis and treatment of problems to be addressed, an estimate of the time needed, and a schedule of the frequency and intensity of the services to be provided. The individual may also provide individual, group, or family counseling. At a minimum, the individual must have a master's degree and be currently licensed by the applicable state as a Licensed Professional Counselor (LPC), Licensed Marriage and Family Counselor (LMFT), Licensed Master Social Worker (LMSW), or certified school psychologist.
- **O2. Juvenile Services Coordinator or Social Worker.** An individual who is responsible for the assessment of treatment progress, and the provision and monitoring of therapeutic or rehabilitative treatment services to juvenile offenders participating in a treatment program. Individuals providing this function must possess at a minimum, a bachelor's degree from a fully accredited college or university in social work, psychology, or counseling, and must be licensed as a social worker in the applicable state.
- **03. Recreational Specialist.** An individual who develops and implements an individualized and goal-directed recreational plan for a juvenile offender in connection with the overall service implementation plan. The individual providing this function must possess a bachelor's degree in recreational therapy, health and physical education, or a related field, or have a high school diploma and two (2) years related experience in providing recreational services to juvenile offenders.
- **Rehabilitation Specialist or Facility Case Manager.** An individual, under direct supervision, who assists the juvenile offender in implementing the service implementation plan, evaluates the juvenile offender, and maintains the case record with respect to all nonclinical matters. The rehabilitation specialist or facility case manager also assists in presenting the case in staffings, communicates with appropriate individuals, including community interests, regarding the juvenile offender, and prepares written communications, under supervision, including final progress reports. The rehabilitation specialist or facility case manager may also serve as the social worker if properly licensed in the applicable state. Individuals providing this function must possess a bachelor's degree from a fully accredited college or university in the social sciences or a related field, or have a high school diploma and four (4) years related experience in providing services to juvenile offenders.
- **05. Rehabilitation Technician or Direct Care Worker.** An individual who is responsible for providing individual or group rehabilitative therapeutic services, supervising juvenile offender's day-to-day living activities and performing such duties as preparing nutritious meals, supervising and training juvenile offenders in basic living skills, and providing some community transportation. Such individual must have a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- **96. Special Education Teacher**. An individual who provides a modified curriculum for those students who are eligible for services under the IDEA. This individual must hold a valid standard exceptional child certificate with an endorsement as a generalist.
- **07. Teacher.** An individual who provides basic educational services as required by state and federal statutes. This individual must hold a valid teaching credential in the appropriate instructional field.

213. PROGRAM STAFFING REQUIREMENTS.

- **O1. General Staffing Ratios.** The residential treatment provider must ensure that an adequate number of qualified staff are present at all times to provide rehabilitation and treatment services, supervise juvenile offenders, and provide for their health, safety and treatment needs. Staffing patterns must ensure that professional staff is available to juvenile offenders at all times when they are in the program. The residential treatment provider staff should provide consistency and stability so that the juvenile offenders know the roles of each staff member. Specific staffing ratios shall be determined in each contract and must be based in the level of intervention of the program and the risk level of the juvenile offender population.
- **02. Emergency Staffing Ratios**. At all times at least one (1) staff member on duty per twenty (20) juvenile offenders in the program must be currently certified to administer first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

214. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR TRAINING.

manager	01. ment and	Training Plan . Training for staff must be conducted in accordance with a written plan approcoordinated by a designated staff member. The training plan must include:	oved b ()у)
	a.	Annual in-service training for all staff to include, but not be limited to:	()
	i.	Identifying and responding to suicide risk;	()
	ii	All training as outlined in section 115.331 of the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) stand	lards; ()
	iii.	Prohibition of abuse and mandatory reporting of abuse;	()
	iv.	De-escalation of juvenile behavior and appropriate physical restraint techniques; and	()
	v.	Incident reporting.	()
	b.	Those areas of practice and operations requiring a current certification;	()
technicia	c. ans or dir	Prior to being assigned sole responsibility for supervision of juvenile offenders, rehabitect care staff must have training in the following areas:	litatic (n)
	i.	Principles and practices of juvenile care and supervision;	()
	ii.	Program goals and objectives;	()
	iii.	Juvenile offender rights and grievance procedures;	()
complia		Procedures and legal requirements concerning the reporting of abuse and critical incider the PREA as outlined in these rules;	nts an	ıd)
	v.	Handling of violent juvenile offenders (use of force or crisis intervention);	()
	vi.	Security procedures (key control, searches, contraband);	()
	vii.	Medical emergency procedures, first aid, and CPR;	()
	viii.	Incident reporting;	()
	ix.	How to recognize and respond to suicidal behavior;	()
	X.	How to access emergency health and mental health care;	()
reactions	xi. s, includi	Proper storage and dispensing of medications, as well as general signs and symptoms of an identification of the individual who will dispense medications in the facility;	dvers (se)
	xii.	Appropriate response to health-related emergencies;	()
	xiii.	Ethics and professional boundaries; and	()
	xiv.	Appropriate and safe transportation of all juvenile offenders.	()
	d.	In-service training for all first-year staff must include:	()
	i.	Program policies and procedures;	()

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	ii.	Job responsibilities;	()
	iii.	Juvenile offender supervision;	()
	iv.	Safety and security emergency procedures (fire, disaster, etc.);	()
(HIPAA	v. .);	Confidentiality issues including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of	of 199 () 6
	vii.	Infectious diseases, blood borne pathogens, and universal precautions;	()
	viii.	Behavioral observation, adolescent psychology and child growth and development;	()
	ix.	Effective interventions with juvenile offenders including criminogenic risk and need factors	s;()
applicab	x. ole to the	Juvenile Corrections Act, balanced and restorative justice, this chapter, and departmer specific type of residential treatment provider;	nt rule	es)
	xi.	Basic security procedures;	()
	xii.	Signs and symptoms of chemical use or dependency;	()
	xiii.	Drug-free workplace;	()
	xiv.	Diversity training to include cultural awareness; and	()
	XV.	Juvenile offender searches for contraband.	()
	02.	Trainer Qualifications.	()
first aid, in their	a. , CPR, an personnel	Individuals who provide instruction in areas of life, health, and safety, including but not lined physical intervention techniques, shall have appropriate certification which must be docul or training file.		
experier	b. nce which	Individuals who provide instruction in treatment must have appropriate training, education must be documented in their personnel or training file.	on, ar (ıd)
Training	03.	Documentation of Training . Staff training records must be kept by a designated staff must be established for each staff member and volunteer and shall include:	perso (n.)
	a.	Name;	()
	b.	Job title;	()
	c.	Employment beginning date;	()
	d.	Annual training hours required; and	()
	e.	A current chronological listing of all training completed.	()
or in a s	04. eparate tr	Training Records . Training records may be kept separately within each individual person raining file. Access to curriculum materials must be made available.	nel fi	le)

215. SUBCONTRACTORS, VOLUNTEERS, AND INTERNS.

It is the responsibility of the residential treatment provider to identify the intended use of the subcontractor, volunteer, or intern. If the subcontractor, volunteer, or intern is providing direct services to juveniles, the residential treatment

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provider must adhere to the rules in this Section. The provider must notify the department's Quality Improvement Services Bureau promptly, in writing, of any proposed changes in the use of subcontractors, volunteers, or interns providing direct services to juveniles.

	providing direct	services to javenines.	,
interns to enhance and expand their services. However, volunteers and interns recruited to supplement and enrich a program may not be substituted for the activities and functions of program staff. Volunteers and interns must not be assigned sole supervision of juvenile offenders. a. Programs that utilize volunteers and interns regularly must have a written plan that includes stipulations for their use and training, and training of program staff on the role of volunteers and interns. Training provided must include all of the information necessary for the volunteers and interns to successfully perform their roles within the program. b. Recruiting of volunteers is conducted by the program director or designee. Recruitment is encouraged from all cultural and socio-economic segments of the community. c. Volunteers and interns must complete an application for the position and be suited for the position to which they are assigned. d. Written job descriptions must be provided for each volunteer and intern position. e. Interns must be documented to be enrolled in an accredited school or program for the profession. f. Interns must have a fully developed internship or practicum agreement which details their activities for the period, and relates these to learning objectives developed with the academic institution and program in which they are enrolled. The internship agreement must include the signatures of the intern, supervising residential treatment provider staff, and a representative of the academic institution in which the intern is enrolled. g. Interns must agree in writing to abide by all policies and standards of conduct, and must agree to meet the ethical standards for the profession for which they are training. h. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. i. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. ii. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. iii. Volunteers and interns must agree in writi	subcontractor pro original contract providers and the	oviding direct services to juveniles meets at least the minimum staff qualifications and terms of and these rules. The residential treatment provider must maintain a list of all subcontracted seein qualifications. Documentation of services provided by subcontractors must include the scop	of the ervice
stipulations for their use and training, and training of program staff on the role of volunteers and interns. Training provided must include all of the information necessary for the volunteers and interns to successfully perform their roles within the program. b. Recruiting of volunteers is conducted by the program director or designee. Recruitment is encouraged from all cultural and socio-economic segments of the community. c. Volunteers and interns must complete an application for the position and be suited for the position to which they are assigned. d. Written job descriptions must be provided for each volunteer and intern position. e. Interns must be documented to be enrolled in an accredited school or program for the profession. f. Interns must have a fully developed internship or practicum agreement which details their activities for the period, and relates these to learning objectives developed with the academic institution and program in which they are enrolled. The internship agreement must include the signatures of the intern, supervising residential treatment provider staff, and a representative of the academic institution in which the intern is enrolled. g. Interns must agree in writing to abide by all policies and standards of conduct, and must agree to meet the ethical standards for the profession for which they are training. h. Volunteers and interns must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, of good character, and sufficiently mature to handle the responsibilities involved in the position. i. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. O3. Subcontractor, Volunteer, and Intern Requirements. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns who perform professional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or must be documented to be supervised directly by staff meeting those credentials. b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checks as prescribed by state law.	interns to enhance program may not	ce and expand their services. However, volunteers and interns recruited to supplement and enterns to be substituted for the activities and functions of program staff. Volunteers and interns must not be substituted for the activities and functions of program staff.	rich a
c. Volunteers and interns must complete an application for the position and be suited for the position to which they are assigned. d. Written job descriptions must be provided for each volunteer and intern position. e. Interns must be documented to be enrolled in an accredited school or program for the profession. f. Interns must have a fully developed internship or practicum agreement which details their activities for the period, and relates these to learning objectives developed with the academic institution and program in which they are enrolled. The internship agreement must include the signatures of the intern, supervising residential treatment provider staff, and a representative of the academic institution in which the intern is enrolled. g. Interns must agree in writing to abide by all policies and standards of conduct, and must agree to meet the ethical standards for the profession for which they are training. h. Volunteers and interns must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, of good character, and sufficiently mature to handle the responsibilities involved in the position. i. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. O3. Subcontractor, Volunteer, and Intern Requirements. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns who perform professional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or must be documented to be supervised directly by staff meeting those credentials. a. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checks as prescribed by state law. b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following: ()	provided must in	heir use and training, and training of program staff on the role of volunteers and interns. Tranclude all of the information necessary for the volunteers and interns to successfully perform	ining
d. Written job descriptions must be provided for each volunteer and intern position. e. Interns must be documented to be enrolled in an accredited school or program for the profession. f. Interns must have a fully developed internship or practicum agreement which details their activities for the period, and relates these to learning objectives developed with the academic institution and program in which they are enrolled. The internship agreement must include the signatures of the intern, supervising residential treatment provider staff, and a representative of the academic institution in which the intern is enrolled. g. Interns must agree in writing to abide by all policies and standards of conduct, and must agree to meet the ethical standards for the profession for which they are training. h. Volunteers and interns must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age, of good character, and sufficiently mature to handle the responsibilities involved in the position. i. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. 03. Subcontractor, Volunteer, and Intern Requirements. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns who perform professional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or must be documented to be supervised directly by staff meeting those credentials. a. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checks as prescribed by state law. b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following:			ent is
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i. Volunteers and interns must agree in writing to abide by all program policies. O3. Subcontractor, Volunteer, and Intern Requirements. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns who perform professional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or must be documented to be supervised directly by staff meeting those credentials. a. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checks as prescribed by state law. b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following:	g. meet the ethical s		ree to
O3. Subcontractor, Volunteer, and Intern Requirements. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns who perform professional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or must be documented to be supervised directly by staff meeting those credentials. a. Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checks as prescribed by state law. b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following:			and)
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b. Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following: ()	who perform pro	ofessional services must be licensed or certified as required by state law or rule, or mu	
		Subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must have background and criminal record checte law.	ks as
i. Program goals and objectives; (b.	Minimum training for subcontractors, volunteers, and interns must include the following: ()
	i.	Program goals and objectives; ()
ii. The role of the subcontractor, volunteer or intern and job duties or duties related to the learning plan;		The role of the subcontractor, volunteer or intern and job duties or duties related to the lea	rning)

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iii. outlined in these	Subcontractor, volunteer, or intern's role in reporting incidents of sexual abuse un rules;	der PREA	as)
iv.	Basic security procedures;	()
v.	Recognizing suicidal behaviors;	()
vi. (HIPAA); and	Confidentiality issues including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability	Act of 199	96)
vii.	Ethics and mandatory reporting of juvenile abuse.	()
04. from Subsection	Volunteers of Minimal Use . Volunteers who meet all of the following criteria may 215.03.a. and Subsection 215.03.b.:	y be exclude	ed)
i.	Use of the volunteer by the residential treatment provider does not exceed four visits	per year;)
ii.	Use of the volunteer by the residential treatment provider does not exceed four hours	per visit; an	nd)
iii. treatment provid	The volunteer is under constant personal supervision of at least one staff member of the during their visit.	the residenti (ial)
	Documentation . The residential treatment provider must maintain individual personand intern working in the program. The files must contain all documentation as 03 of these rules.		
	Supervision of Volunteers. Volunteers will be supervised at all times by a staff ment provider. This individual shall coordinate and direct the activities of the voluntest be evaluated periodically and evidence of this evaluation be made part of the person	eer. Volunte	er
intern's school a direct the activit	Supervision of Interns . An intern will be supervised by a paid employee of the who has the licenses and credentials required by state law and who has been act as an appropriate supervisor for the discipline of instruction. This individual shall coiles of the intern. Intern performance must be evaluated periodically and evidence of the work record of the intern.	cepted by the coordinate and	he nd
08. volunteers and is which they are e	Termination . The residential treatment provider must establish a procedure for the tnterns. Termination of interns shall be in collaboration with the academic institution arnrolled.		
216. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS. The residential treatment provider must ensure that all employees, subcontractors, interns, and volunteers, with the exception of those listed in Section 215.04 of these rules, have undergone a criminal background check every five (5) years in the manner and form required by IDAPA 16.05.06, "Criminal History and Background Checks." In addition to the crimes listed resulting in unconditional denial, any crime not specified there that requires registration on the sex offender registry in Idaho or any other state, will also result in an unconditional denial of employment for direct care or services, or where the employee would have any opportunity to have contact with a juvenile offender in the residential treatment provider's care, including as a volunteer or intern. Documentation of appropriate requests and responses must be kept in confidential employee personnel files.			
217 219.	(RESERVED)		

JUVENILE RECORDS.

220.

)1. enile off	Case Management Documents . The residential treatment provider must maintain individue fenders which shall include:	ıal fil (es)
a	ı.	Observation and assessment evaluation provided by the department;	()
b) .	Additional assessments;	()
c	: .	Service implementation plans;	()
d	ì.	Progress reports;	()
e	: .	Incident reports;	()
f	:	Court documents and dispositions;	()
g	g.	Professional correspondence;	()
h	1.	Restricted clinical information, which must be kept separate;	()
i	•	Medical records, which must be kept separate;	()
j		Educational records and school history, which must be kept separate;	()
k	ζ.	Relapse prevention plan;	()
1.		Identifying information and physical descriptions;	()
n	n.	Last known parent or guardian address and telephone number;	()
n	1.	Date of admittance and projected release from the residential treatment provider;	()
earned;).	Records of juvenile offender's earnings, restitution payments, and community services	e hou	ırs)
0)2.	Confidentiality.		
	ı. iality, ur	Sections 20-525 and 9-340(2)(b), Idaho Code, and Idaho Court Administrative Rule 32 producer certain conditions, of records that contain information about juvenile offenders.	vide f (or)
Health In		All matters relating to confidentiality of juvenile offender files must also comply with the Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and 42 CFR Chapter 1, Sub-Chapter A, of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Patient Records."		
	:. v and sto	Restricted clinical information, as defined, and education and medical records must each ored in a secured area.	be fil	ed)
		For residential treatment providers that serve sex offenders, individual treatment assignment etailed sexual histories, must be destroyed at the time the juvenile offender is transferred or residence.		
	iality of	The residential treatment provider must have written policies and procedures to address juvenile offender records. In compliance with HIPAA's privacy regulations, written proprivacy officer who will:		
i		Supervise the maintenance of identifiable personal health care information;	()

Serve as custodian of all confidential juvenile offender records; and ii. iii. Determine to whom records may be released. Automated Records. Automated records must include a procedure to ensure confidentiality and be 03. in compliance with any state or federal privacy laws pertaining to those records. The procedure must also include provisions for backing up automated records. 04. Restrictions to Records Access. a. Access to personal health information must be limited to:) Employees of the department and the residential treatment provider, to the extent necessary to perform normal business functions, including health treatment, and other functions designed to maintain the good order, safety and security of the juvenile offenders or the program; Individuals participating in a staffing for a juvenile offender, who have a direct need to know the ii. information, and who are obligated to or promise to maintain the confidentiality of information disclosed. These individuals may include employees or representatives of law enforcement, the department, the residential treatment provider, probation officer, medical or mental health professionals and other appropriate individuals; and Law enforcement members, emergency medical personnel, the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or the applicable state licensing authority, and similar court or government officials, as necessary to perform their duties, and only if not otherwise prohibited by state or federal law or rule. Access to all other confidential juvenile offender records must be limited to the following authorized persons: Staff authorized by the residential treatment provider and members of the administrative staff of the residential treatment provider's parent agency; A parent or guardian or the juvenile offender, to the extent that disclosure is not privileged and is clinically appropriate; iii. Appropriate staff of the department; iv. Counsel for the iuvenile offender with signed consent form: Judges, prosecutors, juvenile probation officers, and law enforcement officers, when essential for official business; vi. Other individuals and agencies approved by the department; and vii. Schools, as appropriate. Withholding of Information. If the department or the residential treatment provider believes that information contained in the record would be damaging to the juvenile offender's treatment or rehabilitation, that information may be withheld from the juvenile offender, parent or guardian, or others, except under court order. **Retention of Juvenile Records**. At the time of transfer or release from department custody, all case management records must be forwarded to the juvenile correctional center in Nampa. Requests for Information. Requests for information of any kind about juvenile offenders in

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Rules for Residential Treatment Providers

directed to the juvenile correctional center in Nampa.

department custody, following their release or transfer from a residential treatment provider's program must be

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08. Document Reproduction. The residential treatment provider agrees that documents provided by the department shall not be distributed without written permission from the department.

221. RELEASE FORMS.

- **Release of Nonmedical Information**. The juvenile offender, parent or guardian, and department representative must sign a release of information and consent form before information about the juvenile offender is released to any non-juvenile justice entity. A copy of the consent form must be maintained in the juvenile offender's file at the program and in the case management file maintained by the department.
- **Release of Medical Information**. Release of medical information requires more specific authorization. The residential treatment provider must abide by IDAPA 05.02.02, Section 262, "Rules for Staff Secure Providers"; or IDAPA 05.02.03, Section 262, "Rules for Reintegration Providers"; or IDAPA 05.02.04, Section 262, "Rules for Supported Living Providers," as applicable.

the follo	03. owing:	Minimum Information . The release of information and consent form must, at a minimum,	includ (le
	a.	Name of person, agency or organization requesting information;	(,
	b.	Name of person, agency or organization releasing information;	(,
	c.	The specific information to be disclosed;	(
	d.	The date consent form is signed;	(,
age of 1	e. 8;	Signature of the juvenile offender and the parent or guardian if the juvenile offender is un	ider th	16
	f.	The signature of the person witnessing the juvenile offender's signature; and	(
	g.	Effective and expiration dates.	(

222. JUVENILE OFFENDER PHOTOGRAPHS.

- **01. Limitations**. No juvenile offender in the custody of the department may be used in person or by photograph or any other visual image for the express purpose of any fund raising efforts.
- **02. Department Authorization**. Permission to release or use the photographs and any other visual image of juvenile offenders in the custody of the department must require written authorization from the department director or designee.

223. RESEARCH PROJECTS.

- **01. Written Policy**. The residential treatment provider must have a written policy regarding the participation of juvenile offenders in research projects. The policy must prohibit participation in medical or pharmaceutical testing for experimental or research purposes.
- **02. Voluntary Participation**. Policies must govern voluntary participation in nonmedical and non-pharmaceutical research programs. However, juvenile offenders must not participate in any research program without prior written approval from the director or designee.

224. PROHIBITED CONTACT AND PRISON RAPE ELIMINATION ACT (PREA) COMPLIANCE.

01. Sexual Abuse of Juvenile Offenders. The residential treatment provider must have written policies and procedures mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment and outlining the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to such conduct. These policies and

procedures must contain, at a minimum, the following:
a. The prohibition of any sexual abuse or sexual harassment as defined in PREA Standards or as defined in Title 18, Chapter 61, Section 18-6110, Idaho Code;
b. The appointment of a PREA Coordinator, as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.311(c), to be determined by the program director;
c. Procedures that enable juvenile offenders to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine well-being checks as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.315(d);
d. The requirement of staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering a housing unit or any area where juvenile offenders are likely to be showering, performing bodily functions, or changing clothing as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.315(d);
e. The provision of multiple avenues for a juvenile offender or a third party to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, at least one of which must be external to the agency as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.351;
f. The process for gathering information to make classification and housing decisions to reduce the risk of sexual victimization as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.342;
h. The process to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.322;
i. Policies to protect all residents and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment from acts of retaliation as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.367;
j. The provision of timely and unimpeded access to crisis intervention services, medical, and mental health care to victims as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.382(a);
k. The provision for and documentation of training to staff as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.331;
l. The provision for and documentation of age appropriate education to juvenile offenders as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.333;
m. Within 30 days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation the residential treatment provider must conduct a sexual abuse incident review as outlined in PREA Standards 28 C.F.R. 115.386; ()
n. A process that requires reporting and documentation of any instance of sexual abuse among juvenile offenders or between juvenile offenders and staff or volunteers, according to Subsection 241.01 and Subsection 241.05 of these rules. These must be reported on a form provided by the department;
o. A process for an initial internal investigation when sexual abuse is reported;
${f p.}$ An expected first response practice of separating the alleged perpetrator from the alleged victim until the investigation is complete;
q. In addition to completing the form supplied by the department, the residential treatment provider

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law enfor	r. cement	The residential treatment provider must report all sexual abuse to appropriate licensing authorized when sexual abuse is suspected.	ority or
		Resident Access to Outside Support Services . The facility must provide residents with advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse as outlined in PREA Standard	ccess to ards 28
	03. federal	Sexual Victimization Survey . Residential treatment providers are required to participate surveys, and shall complete and submit the survey and supply the department with copies.	e in all
225.	SUICIE	DE PRECAUTIONS.	
	01. ng to juv	Policy Requirements . All residential treatment providers must have a written policy renile offenders who present a risk of suicide. The policy, at a minimum, shall require that:	icy for
indicate a	a. ı risk of	Staff are regularly trained to identify, document and appropriately respond to behavior th suicide;	at may
profession suicide ris	sk scree	The residential treatment provider utilizes medical or other staff trained by a mental eview history, interview, and observe juvenile offenders new to the program in order to companing within two (2) hours of admission. The screening is done to identify any immediate them and the need for a suicide risk assessment;	nplete a
assessment assessment health info of staff are suicide rist of self-ha	nt is a sometion of the just assess arm, a of	The residential treatment provider utilizes a mental health professional to complete a suici juvenile offender who has been identified by staff as presenting a risk of suicide. A suici system of structured and documented observation, interview and review of behavioral and interview and review of behavioral and mental health information and interview offender concerning the behavior that seems to present the threat of self-harm or suicesment typically involves an assessment of the juvenile offender's determination to act on interview and review of planning for making the attempt, the availability of the it ary for the juvenile to act on that plan and the lethality of the plan as expressed;	ide risk mental erviews cide. A entions
a safety p		The residential treatment provider utilizes a mental health professional to develop and dissect a presenting a risk for suicide. The safety plan includes a conformation of the juvenile offender;	
		Reassessment of suicide risk and whether it is reduced enough to reduce or terminate ade at a time determined by the mental health professional completing the assessment and is at same mental health professional; and	
-	f. l as pres	The residential treatment provider prohibits the use of separation and isolation of juvenile of enting a suicide risk, unless constant one-on-one (1 on 1) staff supervision is provided.	fenders
	02. e risk of	Separation or Isolation . All juvenile offenders in separation or isolation are closely monit f suicidal behaviors.	cored to
	03. ed to the	Reporting to the Department . All incidents of suicide, attempted suicide or threat of suicide department in the manner described in Subsection 241.01 of these rules.	de must
226 22	29.	(RESERVED)	

 ${\bf 230.} \qquad {\bf JUVENILE~OFFENDER~RIGHTS~AND~RESPONSIBILITIES.}$

01. Residential Treatment Provider Obligations. The residential treatment provider must respect, and not infringe upon, the rights of each juvenile offender in its program. The residential treatment provider must also be responsible for understanding the rights and responsibilities of juveniles in custody, and knowing which rights

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Docket No. 05-0201-1401 - New Chapter Rules for Residential Treatment Providers Proposed Rulemaking have been forfeited as a result of being placed in custody. Juvenile Offender Program Responsibilities. The residential treatment provider must inform each juvenile offender, upon admission to its program, of each juvenile offender's responsibilities during the program. Additionally, each juvenile offender must have an understanding of the following program expectations: a. Requirements needed to complete program; b. How to access medical services; How to file a grievance; c. d. How to report incidents of sexual abuse between juvenile offenders or between staff and juvenile offenders; and How to contact the juvenile services coordinator and juvenile probation officer. e.) DISCIPLINE OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS. 231. 01. Written Policies and Procedures. All providers offering treatment services must have comprehensive written discipline policies and procedures, which shall be explained to all juvenile offenders, families, and staff. These policies must include positive responses for appropriate behavior. They must include a provision for written notice to the juvenile offender being disciplined, a mechanism for a fair and impartial hearing to include at least one staff member not involved in the disciplinary action, and a process for appeal. Administration of Discipline. Discipline will be administered in a way to create a learning experience for the juvenile offender, and never in a way that degrades or humiliates the juvenile offender. Staff will make every effort to maintain control of juvenile offenders through positive methods. No juvenile offender shall supervise nor carry out disciplinary actions over another juvenile offender. Prior to and upon initiating a disciplinary action, careful attention should be given to ensure the disciplinary sanctions are proportionate with the nature and circumstances of the behavior and the program rules to determine the seriousness of the misbehavior and the appropriate type of discipline. Disciplinary actions are not the same as the consequences that are spelled out as a part of a service b. implementation plan for the juvenile offender. A residential treatment provider must make every effort to resolve problems with the least amount of formal disciplinary activity possible. Efforts should be made first to instruct and counsel the juvenile offender. Any restriction of a juvenile offender's participation in a program resulting from a formal disciplinary action must be reported in an incident report. Prohibited Actions. The residential treatment provider is prohibited from using certain actions as disciplinary responses as listed in the child care licensing rules of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare. 04. **Denial of Services**. Denial of the following are prohibited as disciplinary responses: a. Educational and vocational services: b. Employment;

Food;

c. d. Medical or mental health services;

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Docket No. 05-0201-1401 - New Chapter Rules for Residential Treatment Providers Proposed Rulemaking Access to family, juvenile services coordinator, juvenile probation officer, and legal counsel; and f. Religious services. 05. Appeal of Formal Disciplinary Penalties. Each residential treatment provider must have a formal written process through which a juvenile offender can appeal a disciplinary action and receive a review of the case. The residential treatment provider shall explain to the juvenile offender how to use the appeal process. The juvenile offender must be informed that the juvenile services coordinator may be included in the disciplinary process at the juvenile's choice. 232. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES. Written Procedures. The residential treatment provider must have a written grievance procedure for juvenile offenders, which shall include the right to appeal disciplinary actions against them if a separate disciplinary grievance procedure is not available. It must be written in a clear and simple manner and shall allow juvenile offenders to make complaints without fear of retaliation. **Grievance Forms.** The grievance procedure must be explained to the juvenile offender by a staff member who shall document the explanation in the juvenile's file. Grievance forms must be in a location accessible to juvenile offenders without having to request such a form from staff. Completed forms should be placed in a secure area and collected daily. The provider must complete a review and discuss findings with the juvenile offender within three (3) working days of receipt of the grievance form. If the juvenile offender lives independently, the provider must have a process for the juvenile to submit grievance forms to the program director without having to request such a form from staff. A copy of the grievance and the resolution of that grievance must be attached to the quarterly report as specified in Subsection 200.02 of these rules. JUVENILE OFFENDER SAFETY. Every juvenile offender has the fundamental right to feel safe. Residential treatment providers have the responsibility to ensure that a juvenile offender is safe while in their care. Every juvenile offender must be informed of procedures whereby a professional staff person can be contacted on a twenty-four (24) hour basis if the juvenile offender does not feel safe. The residential treatment provider's administration must make periodic contact with juvenile offenders in the program to determine if they feel safe and are comfortable when interacting with peers and staff. JUVENILE OFFENDER AND PARENT OR GUARDIAN HANDBOOK. The residential treatment provider must provide each juvenile offender and their parent or guardian with program handbooks that are written in an age-appropriate manner. 01. **Required Content**. Handbooks must address, at a minimum, the following: a. Requirements needed to complete program;

b.

c. d.

e. f.

g. h.

i.

The provider's policy on searches for contraband, including a list of what constitutes contraband;

A list of what constitutes as contraband and the consequences for its possession;

Juvenile offender rights and responsibilities;

The provider's disciplinary process;

Visitation, mail, and phone correspondence;

Grievance procedures;

Religious services;

The means available to safely report sexual abuse and harassment;

			()
barriers	j. , or other	The provider's obligation to make reasonable accommodations for any disabilities, la special needs;	anguag (ge)
	k.	The daily schedule for juvenile offenders; and	()
	l.	A description of services or items for which a juvenile offender may be charged by the proving	vider. ()
their red	02. ceipt of th	Receipt of Handbook . The juvenile offender and their parent or guardian acknowledge in the juvenile offender and parent or guardian handbook.	writin (ıg)
235 :	239.	(RESERVED)		
240.	PROGI	RAM OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.		
	01.	General Requirements.	()
should		Residential treatment providers shall provide vigorous programming that minimizes period behavioral problems of juvenile offenders, and teaches and promotes healthy life choices. Pully address those factors in juvenile offender's lives that contribute to delinquency and that ged.	rogran	1 S
juvenile	b. e offender	Providers shall encourage appropriate telephone contact, mail contact, and visitation less and their families.	betwee	en)
vocatio	nal, indep	Residential treatment providers must structure and document services offered in the propagate as planning is obvious. Medical health, mental health, substance abuse, social skills, educated the living, and other special needs identified in the assessment must be clearly addressentation plan. Services provided to address those needs must be documented regularly.	cationa	ıl,
account	d. ed for in	Service needs remaining at the time of release from department custody or transfer the reintegration plan for each juvenile offender.	must b))
contacti from th	ng the ap	The residential treatment provider shall not admit more juveniles into care than the provider's license. Residential treatment providers wishing to increase capacity are responsible licensing agency. A copy of the written confirmation to the residential treatment puble licensing agency for verbal approval to exceed the licensed capacity must be forwarderality Improvement Services Bureau.	sible for	or er
in the fa	acility and	The residential treatment provider must have and strictly follow a comprehensive policy of juvenile offenders, including a plan for monitoring all movement of those juvenile offended, as appropriate, within the community. Staff at the facility must be aware of the location of assigned to that program at all times.	ers bot	th
assessm	g. nents.	Programs may not, under any circumstances, involve juvenile offenders in plethysmo-	graph (ic)
	02.	Use of Polygraphs.	()
sexually	a. y abusive	The use of polygraphs for juvenile offenders adjudicated for or documented to have demobehavior, must only be undertaken by court order or under the following circumstances:	nstrate (ed)
	i.	With the specific written authorization of the department's regional clinical supervisor;	()
	ii.	Only with the full, informed consent of the juvenile offender; and	()

	iii.	If the juvenile offender is a minor, only with the full, informed consent of the parent or guar	dian.)
Sexual (b. Offender	Polygraphers used in this process must be able to provide documentation of certification Management Board in the use of polygraphy with juvenile offenders.	by th	ne)
polygra	c. ph.	Residential treatment providers must not make treatment decisions solely on the resul	ts of	a)
provide	d. r.	Polygraph reports must be sent to the juvenile services coordinator by the residential tree	eatme	nt)
241.	INCIDI	ENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.		
provider treatment before to treatment juvenile	r is locate nt provide he end of nt provide probation	Incidents Requiring Immediate Notice to Parent or Guardian and Department er this section must be made to the regional facility in the region where the residential treated. Out-of-state providers must notify the juvenile correctional center in Nampa. Resident must ensure that a detailed, written incident report is completed and signed by involved the shift during which the incident took place. If any of the following events occur, the resident must immediately notify the juvenile offender's parent or guardian, juvenile services coord notificer, and the department's regional facility by telephone (not by facsimile or electronicall signal R.N. must also be notified immediately in the event of all medical and mental health income.	eatmenti identi ed sta identi dinato (y). Th	nt al aff al or, ne
	a.	Medical and mental health emergencies including, but not limited to:	()
	i.	Every instance of emergency room access;	()
	ii.	Refusal of medications, treatment recommended by a physician, or food for three (3) days;	()
	b.	Major incidents such as:	()
	i.	Death of a juvenile offender;	()
	ii.	Suicide, attempted suicide or threat of suicide;	()
	iii.	Attempted escape;	()
under P	iv. REA;	Sexual abuse among juvenile offenders or by staff including, but not limited to, incidents rep	ortab	le)
	v.	Criminal activity resulting in arrest, detention, or filing a report with local law enforcement;	;()
agency;	vi.	Any other relevant report made to the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or applicab	le sta	te)
of any k	c. tind;	Any incident of restraint which involves the use of medications, chemicals, or mechanical	device (es)
	d.	Incidents of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect of juvenile offenders;	()
	e.	Incidents involving major disasters affecting location or well-being of the juveniles; and	()
	f.	Any restriction of a juvenile offender's family visitation due to the juvenile's behavior.	()
	g.	A written incident report must also be transmitted within twenty-four (24) hours to the i	uveni	le

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offender's parent or guardian, juvenile services coordinator, and the juvenile probation officer, unless notification to the juvenile offender's parent or guardian would endanger the juvenile. Transmission of all written incident reports may be electronic or by facsimile.

may be electronic	c or by facsimile.	()
Nampa first, folloand juvenile prob transmitted withi and the juvenile p juvenile offender	Escapes Also Require Immediate Notice to Parent or Guardian and Department upe, the residential treatment provider must immediately notify the juvenile correctional of owed by the regional facility, juvenile offender's parent or guardian, juvenile services cooperation officer by telephone (not by facsimile or electronically). A written incident report must never twenty-four (24) hours to the juvenile offender's parent or guardian, juvenile services cooperation officer, unless notification to the juvenile offender's parent or guardian would end at Transmission of all written incident reports may be electronic or by facsimile. Upon apprehenties must be notified immediately.	center ordinate st also l ordinate anger tl	in or, be or, he
a. place until return	Clothing and other personal belongings must be secured immediately and maintained in ed to the department.	a secu	re)
status up to forty choose to transfer "Rules for Staff S	The juvenile offender shall continue to be assigned to the program, although not physically ight (48) hours. The program will be reimbursed for the days the juvenile offender was of reight (48) hours. Should the program, in consultation with the juvenile offender's treatment the juvenile offender after returning, then the procedures outlined in IDAPA 05.02.02, Sec Secure Providers"; or IDAPA 05.02.03, Section 237, "Rules for Reintegration Providers"; or 237, "Rules for Supported Living Providers," as applicable, shall apply.	n escapent tear tion 23	ре m, 7,
	Incidents Requiring Immediate Notice to Department and Three Day Notice to Parallel Following incidents require immediate notice to the juvenile services coordinator in the essection 241.01, and require notice within three (3) business days to parent or guardiand.	mann	er
a.	Any use of separation or isolation for more than two (2) hours;	()
b.	Incidents involving the disclosure of criminal behavior by juvenile offenders;	()
с.	Instances of physical assault or fighting;	()
d.	Major misconduct by one (1) or more staff against a juvenile offender;	()
e. or drugs;	Discovery of contraband that represents an immediate threat to safety and security such as	weapo	ns)
f.	Any instance of an unclothed body search or a body cavity search of a juvenile offender;	()
g. misconduct, negl	Other than incidents described in Paragraph 241.01.e., significant property damage result igence, or from incidents such as explosions, fires, floods, or other natural disasters; and	ing fro (m)
h. twenty-four (24)	Any pattern of restraint of a juvenile, which is defined as three (3) or more restraints hour period.	within (a)
04.	Incidents Requiring Notice Within Three Days to the Department.	()
	Residential treatment providers must ensure that a detailed, written incident report is completed staff before the end of the shift during which the incident took place. A copy of the coust be submitted to the juvenile services coordinator no later than three (3) business days	omplete	ed
b. not reportable un	A detailed incident report is also required for each incident of juvenile offender misconduder Subsection 241.03 and results in any type of:	ct that	is)

i. Instances of lost keys, equipment, or tools; ii. Discovery of contraband not posing an immediate risk; or iii. A pattern of refusal of program participation that rises to the point of raising questions about the appropriateness of the placement. A detailed incident report is also required for each incident of staff misconduct relating to iuvenile care that is not reportable under Subsection 241.03 and results in any type of: Any physical restraint that does not involve the use of medications, chemicals, or mechanical devices of any kind; or Separation, isolation, or room confinement for more than fifteen (15) minutes but less than two (2) ii. hours. 05. Incident Report Content. Residential treatment providers may elect to use the department's standard incident report form or may use another form as long as all of the following information is included: (Juvenile offender's assigned unit or location; a. b. Date, location, and time of the incident; c. Witnesses and other staff and juvenile offenders involved; d. Persons notified with date and time of notice; Brief narrative description of the incident; g. Type of incident by category, such as assault against staff or juvenile offender, behavioral and psychiatric emergency, contraband, escape, injury or illness, self-harm or suicidal behavior, or sexual abuse; (Action taken by category, such as restraint, separation, isolation, or room confinement with times in and out, visitation restrictions due to juvenile offender behavior, suicide precautions initiated, or escape precautions initiated: Signature of staff and reviewing supervisor, which may be affixed electronically: h. i. Documentation of injury and medical attention provided; and j. If the incident involves sexual abuse, the incident report must include a description of action taken to: Keep the alleged victim(s) safe from intimidation of further abuse and maintain confidentiality; i. ii. Address any immediate trauma, either physical or emotional; iii. Address long-term medical or mental health needs related to the alleged abuse; iv. Notify responsible licensing, regulatory, and law enforcement agencies and preserve evidence; Conduct an initial internal investigation of the incident and as necessary request that an external investigation be completed; and vi. Prevent repetition of the abusive situation.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

Rules for Residential Treatment Providers

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242. ADDITIONAL PROGRAM POLICY REQUIREMENTS.

01. Written Policies . In addition to other policy requirements listed in these rules, residential treatment providers must have, at a minimum, the following written policies concerning program operations available at the program site:				
a.	Program elements and implementation; ()		
b. sources of referra	Admission policy describing the target population and criteria for admission, and identify als to the program;	ing)		
с.	Criteria for assigning juvenile offenders to different units within the program, if applicable; ()		
d. population;	The provision of (or referral for) emergency and routine medical and mental health services for (the)		
e. detention and oth	Behavior management within the program, including use of points and levels, restraints, separat ner types of special management; (ion,		
f. within the prograshift changes;	Supervision of juvenile offenders policy that shall include managing juvenile offender moven am, including the timely transfer of behavioral information about juvenile offenders from staff due (
job sites, and incepasses;	Juvenile offender's access to the community policy that shall include use of community school dividual or group activities away from the program site. This also includes individual commu			
h.	Administrative coverage in emergency situations, after regular work hours; ()		
i. others on the cor	Documentation and reporting of critical incidents to program administrators, the department muunity treatment team; (and)		
j. on the communit	Treatment planning and progress reporting to the department, juvenile offender, family and other treatment team;	hers)		
k. from program pr	Reintegration policy that shall describe criteria for successful completion of program, termina ior to completion, and the involvement of the department and community treatment team; and(tion)		
l.	Emergency procedures in the event of a natural disaster; ()		
02. for review by the	Documented Staff Training . Documented staff training on these policies must also be available department.	able		
243 999.	(RESERVED)			

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.02.02 - RULES FOR STAFF SECURE PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0202-1401 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

05.02.02, "Rules for Staff Secure Providers," will contain additional rules that are only applicable to these specific providers. Changes include: additional requirements relating to the Department of Justice PREA Standards and providing clarification in areas of past misinterpretation.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 30.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014.

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 05-0202-1401

IDAPA 05 TITLE 02 CHAPTER 02

05.02.02 - RULES FOR STAFF SECURE PROVIDERS

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	01.	Section	20-504(10)), Idaho	Code.	Pursuant	to Sect	ion 20-504	(10),	Idaho C	Code, th	ie departr	nent
shall	establish	minimum	standards f	for the	operatio	ons of all	private	residential	and	nonresi	dential	facilities	and
progr	ams which	h provide s	ervices to ju	ivenile c	offender	s commit	ted to the	e departmer	ıt.			()

- **O2. Section 20-504(12), Idaho Code.** Pursuant to Section 20-504(12), Idaho Code, the department shall have authority to adopt such administrative rules pursuant to the procedures provided in Chapter 52, Title 67, Idaho Code, as are deemed necessary or appropriate for the functioning of the department and the implementation and administration of the Juvenile Corrections Act.
- **03. Interstate Compact on Juveniles**. By the provisions of Sections 16-1901, et seq., Idaho Code, the "Interstate Compact on Juveniles," the department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title**. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 05.02.02, "Rules for Staff Secure Providers," IDAPA 05, Title 02, Chapter 02.
- **O2. Scope**. These rules are established to ensure that the juvenile corrections system in Idaho will be consistently based on the following principles: accountability; community protection; and competency development. These rules apply to providers of treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans. ()

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency has written statements which pertain to the interpretations of these rules. The document is available for public inspection and copying at cost at the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285.

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for appeal of the administrative requirements for agencies.

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference into these rules.

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections is located at 954 W. Jefferson St., Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. Business hours are typically 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Mail regarding the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections' rules should be directed to 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. The telephone of the office is (208) 334-5100 and the telecommunications relay service of the office is 1 (800) 377-1363 or 711. The facsimile number of the office is (208) 334-5120.

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

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The records associated with the providers are juvenile records of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, and are subject to the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 9, Chapter 3, Idaho Code.

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(RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

- **01. Body Cavity Search**. The examination and possible intrusion into the rectal or vaginal cavities to detect contraband. It is performed only by the medical authority.
- **802. Body Search, Clothed.** Also referred to as a Pat Search. A search during which a juvenile offender is not required to remove their clothing, with the exception of such items as a jacket, hat, socks and shoes.
- **03. Body Search, Unclothed.** Also referred to as a Strip Search. A search during which a juvenile offender is required to remove all clothing that is conducted by a medical health professional.
- **64. Education Plan.** A written plan for general education students outlining the coursework they will complete each year towards meeting the Idaho Common Core Standards recommended coursework for their grade level based on assessed academic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. Students qualifying for Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) services will have an Individual Education Plan (IEP) in lieu of an education plan.
- **05. General Education Student**. A student who does not qualify for special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).
- **06. Health Services**. Including, but not limited to, routine and emergency medical, dental, optical, obstetrics, mental health, or other related health service.
- **07. Independent Living Services**. Services that increase a juvenile offender's ability to achieve independence in the community.
- **08. Individual Community Pass**. Any instance in which a juvenile offender leaves the residential treatment provider's facility for a planned activity, without direct supervision by at least one (1) residential treatment provider or department staff. Regular school or work attendance, regular participation in off-site treatment sessions or groups and other regular off-site activities specifically included in the service implementation plan or written reintegration plan and approved by the juvenile services coordinator are not included in this definition. Individual community passes include, but are not limited to:
 - **a.** Day passes with family or other, approved individuals; ()
 - **b.** Day or overnight home visits; ()
 - **c.** Recreational activities not otherwise approved as a part of a group activity; and ()
 - **d.** Funeral leave. ()
- **09. Individual Education Plan (IEP)**. A written document (developed collaboratively by parents and school personnel) which outlines the special education program for a student with a disability and is based on assessed academic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. This document is developed, reviewed, and revised at an IEP meeting at least annually.
- **10. Medical Health Assessment**. A thorough review to determine a juvenile offender's comprehensive health needs. This information is used to develop the medical terms of a juvenile offender's service plan. ()
- 11. Medical Health Professional. An individual who meets the applicable state's criteria as a licensed LPN, RN, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, physician or the equivalent.

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- **12. Medical Health Screening.** A process used to quickly identify a juvenile offender's immediate health needs and to determine if there are any immediate needs related to a chronic health condition.
- 13. Mental Health Assessment. A thorough review to determine a juvenile offender's comprehensive mental health needs. This information is used to develop the medical terms of a juvenile offender's service plan.
- 14. Mental Health Screening. A process used to quickly identify a juvenile offender's immediate mental health needs and to determine if there are any immediate needs related to a chronic mental health condition.
- **15. Privileged Mail.** Mail between the juvenile offender and their attorneys, legal aid services, other agencies providing legal services to juvenile, or paraprofessionals having legitimate association with such agencies; judges and clerks of federal, state and county courts; public officials and their authorized representatives acting in their official capacities; and the communications with clergy of the juvenile's faith. ()
- **16. Staff Secure Facility.** Secure residential facility with awake staff twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week for intensive supervision of juvenile offenders. This includes architecturally secure residential facilities.

011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. INITIATION OF SERVICES.

Juveniles are committed to the department under the provisions of the Juvenile Corrections Act (Sections 20-501 through 20-547, Idaho Code).

101. WAIVER AND VARIANCE.

Minimum program standards established herein shall apply to all services provided by the provider. Any waiver and variance from the standards stated in these rules must receive prior written approval from the department and must be attached as a formal amendment to the contract.

102. APPLICABILITY.

This chapter applies to providers of treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans. Staff secure providers must also abide by IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." ()

103. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. AUTHORITY TO INSPECT.

The department shall have the authority to conduct reviews of programs, program operations, juvenile offender placements, and facilities to ensure the provider's compliance with these rules. The provider shall cooperate with the department's review, and must provide access to the facility and all juvenile records for juveniles in department custody, as deemed necessary by the department. However, in order to more fully assess the operation of the program, aggregate data and information for all juveniles must be made available.

201. COMPLIANCE WITH RULES REQUIREMENTS.

The provider must comply with all relevant child care licensing rules of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, IDAPA 16.06.02, "Rules Governing Standards for Child Care Licensing," as well as the rules of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections. Providers located outside of the state of Idaho must comply with their state's relevant child care licensing rules as well as the rules of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections. If a conflict exists between department rules, the more restrictive rule applies. Any and all subcontractors and consultants of the provider are also subject to these rules.

202. MINIMUM MANDATORY STAFF TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.

Good professional practice in the area of juvenile offender treatment requires staff to be competently trained. Therefore, all staff is required to have eighty (80) hours of training for all staff during first year of employment. Up to twenty-five percent (25%) of the eighty (80) hours may be fulfilled by working with an experienced staff mentor, who must verify and document basic competencies for new staff; and forty (40) hours of training per year following

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the first year of employment. (

203. CLOTHING AND PERSONAL ITEMS.

- **O1.** Clothing Management. Juvenile offenders must have sufficient and appropriate clothing to participate in activities included in their service implementation plan. Juvenile offenders may arrive at the facility with their own clothing and personal items, which shall be inventoried. If the juvenile offender does not have sufficient or appropriate clothing, the provider must provide or purchase adequate and appropriate clothing for the juvenile offender. The provider will ensure the proper care and cleaning of clothing in the juvenile offender's possession. Providers shall not request nor require that the juvenile offender, parent or guardian pay for or purchase clothing.
- **02. Release from Facility**. All clothing and incidentals become the property of the juvenile offender upon release from the facility.
- **03. Replacement Clothing**. Clothing provided or purchased as replacement will be at the expense of the provider. Unique items of clothing not required for program participation may be purchased at the expense of the juvenile offender.

204. FOOD SERVICE.

Juvenile offenders must be served a varied and nutritional diet with menus approved or developed by a qualified nutritionist or dietician and which meet the recommended dietary allowances of the National Research Council or its equivalent. Juvenile offenders must be provided three (3) meals daily in accordance with the child care licensing rules of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, or the applicable state's licensing authority.

205. RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

The provider must ensure that attendance at religious services is voluntary. No juvenile offender shall be required to attend religious services, and no juvenile offender shall be penalized for not attending nor given privileges for certain attendance. The provider's staff schedule must not encourage or discourage participation in general or specific religious services or activities.

- **01. Voluntary Practice**. All juvenile offenders must be provided the opportunity to voluntarily practice their respective religions in a manner and to the extent that will not compromise the safety, security, emotional, or physical well-being of the juvenile offenders in the facility.
- **02. Attendance**. Juvenile offenders may be permitted to attend religious services of their choice in the community as long as community safety is ensured.
- **03. Transportation**. Programs must, when reasonably possible, arrange transportation for those juvenile offenders who desire to take part in religious activities of their choice in the community.
- **04. Risk to Community.** If the juvenile offender cannot attend religious services in the community because staff has determined that the juvenile is an escape risk, or otherwise presents a risk to the safety of the community, the provider must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the juvenile offender has the opportunity to participate in religious services of the juvenile's choice at the facility.
- **05. Visits**. Juvenile offenders must be permitted to receive visits from representatives of their respective faiths.

206. EMPLOYMENT OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

O1. Employment. If juvenile employment away from the program site is a part of the program, written policy and procedure must provide that program resources and staff time are devoted to helping employable juvenile offenders locate employment. Programs must ensure that each employment opportunity meets all legal and regulatory requirements for juvenile employment. The juvenile offender's employer must be consulted at least twice monthly by the provider concerning the juvenile offender's work abilities and performance on the job-site. Additionally, the provider must make checks on the job-site at least monthly to ensure the juvenile offender is working under

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acceptable conditions, and shall document these checks in the juvenile offender's progress report. Under no circumstances should staff or the families of staff benefit financially, or otherwise, from work done by juvenile offenders in the program.

O2. Employment Opportunities. Every reasonable effort must be made to select employment opportunities that are consistent with the individual interests of the juvenile offender to be employed. Preference will be given to jobs that are related to prior training, work experience, or institutional training, and may be suitable for continuing post-release employment. Reasonable effort must be made to provide a juvenile offender with the highest paying job possible. Income earned by a juvenile offender must be handled consistent with Subsection 207.04 of these rules.

207. PERSONAL FUNDS.

- **01. Funds Handled by a Provider**. The provider will follow generally accepted accounting practices in managing personal funds of juvenile offenders.
- a. The provider may deposit personal funds collected for the juvenile offender in a public banking institution in an account specifically designated "Juvenile Personal Funds." The provider must maintain a reconciled ledger showing each juvenile offender's deposits and withdrawals within the "Juvenile Personal Funds" account. If the funds are collected in an interest bearing account, the interest accrued must be credited to the juvenile offender for whom the funds are collected.
- **b.** If the amount of personal funds maintained for the juvenile offender does not exceed fifty (50) dollars, the provider may secure the funds locally if the following conditions are met:
- i. The juvenile offender's personal funds are kept in a fire-resistant, combination or digital lock-style safe that is permanently affixed to the floor or wall, or weighs at least 200 (two-hundred) pounds.
- ii. The provider has a process to clearly separate each juvenile offender's personal funds from one another.
 - iii. Access to juvenile offender personal funds is limited to the Program Director or designee. ()
- c. All withdrawals by a juvenile offender, or expenditures made on behalf of a juvenile offender by the provider, must be documented, signed, and dated by the juvenile offender. This documentation must be reconciled to the juvenile offender's ledger monthly.
- **d.** The provider must develop written procedures governing any limits to the amount of funds a juvenile offender may withdrawal from their personal funds.
- **e.** The provider shall not require juvenile offenders, parents, or guardians to pay for services and supplies that are to be provided by the provider.
- **02. Reporting Requirements**. A personal funds report must be submitted every other month to the juvenile services coordinator. The report must show a list of all juvenile offender account balances. The personal fund account is subject to review and audit by the department or its representatives at any time. Any discrepancies in juvenile offender accounts must be resolved by the provider within five (5) business days of completion of review.
- **03. Juvenile Offenders with Earned Income**. The provider is responsible for maintaining and accounting for any money earned by a juvenile offender. There must be a plan for the priority use of the juvenile offender's earned income to pay court ordered restitution, as referenced in Subsection 208.02 of these rules, and a specific allocation for daily incidental expenses. The provider must establish a written plan for the juvenile offender to save the funds necessary to be used upon program completion, for purposes such as paying deposits on utilities and housing or the purchasing of resources necessary for employment.
 - **O4.** Transfer of Personal Funds. If a juvenile offender is transferred to another program, the balance

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of the juvenile offender's funds must be given or mailed to the department's fiscal services within ten (10) business days and documented on the Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department, and on the final progress report.

208. COMMUNITY SERVICES AND RESTITUTION.

- **01. Community Service**. Juvenile offenders may have court-ordered community service hours. The provider must obtain prior approval from the juvenile probation officer to complete any court-ordered community service hours while at the provider. The provider shall be responsible for documenting approved community service hours and reporting the accumulation of completed hours in the juvenile offender's progress report. ()
- **Ourt Ordered Restitution**. The provider must create a plan for the juvenile offender to submit a portion of a juvenile offender's personal funds or earned income for the payment of restitution as described in this section. The provider must work with the juvenile probation officer and juvenile services coordinator to determine the amount of restitution owed. When juvenile personal funds are available the provider will submit payment to the county until the restitution amount is satisfied. Documentation of the payment is provided to the juvenile services coordinator. Court ordered restitution must be a claim against and paid from the juvenile offender's personal funds account in the amount of fifty percent (50%) of those funds. Should the juvenile offender have no other funds available, then a plan must be developed by the provider to assist the juvenile offender in earning the amount of restitution and, if appropriate, help him develop a payment plan.
- **03. Restitution for Program Damages**. Monetary restitution may only be sought through a court order when a juvenile offender has damaged or destroyed property, or has caused or attempted to cause injury to other juvenile offenders or staff. Restitution for damages at the program will not be paid to the exclusion of court ordered restitution. The provider must not access the juvenile offender's personal funds for program damages. Restitution for damages must begin with a plan for repair by the juvenile offender.

209. JUVENILE OFFENDER MAIL.

Q1. Restrictions. Juvenile offenders shall be allowed to send and receive letters from approved persons, which may include persons in other programs or institutions, unless specifically prohibited by the department or by court order. All other restrictions of mail must be discussed with the community treatment team, approved in writing by the juvenile services coordinator, and documented in the juvenile offender's service implementation plan. There must be no general restrictions on the number of letters written, the length of any letter, or the language in which a letter may be written. Juvenile offenders will be provided with sufficient stationery, envelopes, and postage for all legal and official correspondence, and for at least two (2) personal letters each week.

02. Inspection of Outgoing Letters.

- **a.** Outgoing letters are to be posted unsealed and inspected for contraband.
- **b.** Exception: Outgoing "privileged" mail may be posted, sealed and may not be opened, except with a search warrant, as long as it can be confirmed to be to an identifiable source. For purposes of this rule, "an identifiable source" means that the official or legal capacity of the addressee is listed on the envelope and that the name, official or legal capacity, and address of the addressee have been verified.
- ${f c.}$ Upon the determination that the mail is not identifiable as privileged mail, said mail shall be opened and inspected for contraband.
- **03. Inspection of Incoming Letters.** All incoming letters must be opened by the juvenile offender to whom it is addressed and may be inspected for contraband by staff and only in the juvenile offender's presence.
- **04. Reading of Letters.** Routine reading of letters by staff is prohibited. The department or court may determine that reading of a juvenile offender's mail is in the best interest of the juvenile offender, and is necessary to maintain security, order or program integrity. However, such reading of mail must be documented and unless court

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IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Docket No. 05-0202-1401 - New Chapter Rules for Staff Secure Providers Proposed Rulemaking ordered, must be specifically justified and approved by the juvenile services coordinator. **Privileged Mail.** Under no circumstances shall a juvenile offender's privileged mail be read. 06. Packages. All packages must be inspected for contraband.) **Publications**. Books, magazines, newspapers and printed matter which may be legally sent to juvenile offenders through the postal system may be approved, unless deemed to constitute a threat to the security, integrity, or order of the programs. Juvenile offenders shall not be allowed to enter into subscription agreements while in department custody. **Distribution of Mail.** The collection and distribution of mail must never be delegated to a juvenile offender. Staff must deliver mail within twenty-four (24) hours, excluding weekends and holidays, to the juvenile offender to whom it is addressed. VISITATION. 210. The provider must develop a written policy governing visitation which protects the safety of visitors, staff, and juvenile offenders. This policy may restrict visitors below an established age to the program or facility. The provider must provide a copy of the visitation policy to each juvenile offender, his parent or guardian, and the juvenile services coordinator. If there is reason to believe a visitor is under the influence of alcohol or drugs or possesses illegal contraband, admission into the residence shall be denied. In all cases, the provider will work with the juvenile services coordinator and juvenile probation officer to identify and approve potential visitors. 211. -- 219. (RESERVED) 220. SEARCHES FOR CONTRABAND. Searches of Personal Items. Routine searches of personal items being introduced into the program may be conducted by staff prior to the juvenile offender taking possession of his property, or when the juvenile offender is returning to the program from an individual community pass. Search of a juvenile offender's belongings may be done at any time and must be minimally intrusive. Policies and Procedures Governing Consequences. The provider must have written policies and procedures establishing the consequences for juvenile offenders found with contraband.) 03. Visitor Searches. Prior to visitors being allowed in the program, they must be given rules established by the provider that govern their visit and advised that they may be subject to a search by trained staff. They must sign a statement of receipt of these rules and it shall be placed in the provider's file. Visitors may be required to submit personal items for inspection. If there is reason to believe that additional searches are necessary, admission to the facility shall be denied. Visitors who bring in items that are unauthorized, but not illegal, will have these items taken and locked in an area inaccessible to the juvenile offenders during the visit. These items will be returned to the visitors upon their exit from the facility. All visitor searches must be documented. When contraband is found, a written report must be completed and submitted to the juvenile services coordinator. If necessary, the appropriate law enforcement agency

Clothed Body Searches.

will be notified.

04.

appointment, or activity.

necessary to discourage the introduction of contraband into the program, or to promote the safety of staff, juvenile offenders, and visitors. A clothed body search may be used when a juvenile offender is returning from a visit, outside

Clothed body searches of juvenile offenders may be conducted whenever the provider believes it is

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searches v	nt of H of juven will be c	Clothed body searches must be conducted in the manner required by the rules of the lealth and Welfare under IDAPA 16.06.02, "Standards for Child Care Licensing." Clothed ile offenders will be conducted by staff of the same gender as the juvenile offender. Clothed conducted using a pat down search on the outside of the juvenile's clothing. The staff membrate training in conducting clothed body searches.	ed body ed body	y
by a med Unclothed of abuse. I superinten	lical he l body s Immedi ndent ar	Unclothed Body Searches. Unclothed body searches of juvenile offenders may only be consisted professional and with prior written authorization from the program director or desearches must be based upon a reasonable belief that the juvenile is concealing contraband attely after conducting an unclothed body search the provider must notify the department's read the Quality Improvement Services Bureau. The provider must complete an incident requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."	esignee or signs regiona	S.
medical he searches of juvenile's reasonable provider in provider in	ealth proof juven mouth, e belief must no must co	Body Cavity Searches. Body cavity searches of juvenile offenders may only be conduct ofessional and with prior written authorization from the program director or designee. Body iles will not be performed by staff, interns, or volunteers under any circumstances. Lookin ears, or nose does not constitute a body cavity search. Body cavity searches must be based that the juvenile is concealing contraband. Immediately after conducting a body cavity seatify the department's regional superintendent and the Quality Improvement Services Bure omplete an incident report according to the requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rument Providers."	y cavity g into a l upon a arch the au. The	y a e
who condi yields cor requireme	lucted the ntrabance ents of II	Documentation of Searches . All searches must be documented in terms of reason for the he search, what areas were searched, and what type of contraband was found, if any. If a d, the juvenile services coordinator must be notified and it shall be reported according DAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." If necessary, the appropriacy should be notified.	search	1
staff must law enforce	be conficement be ility of	Contraband Disposal. All contraband found in the possession of juvenile offenders, visifiscated by staff and secured under lock and key in an area inaccessible to juvenile offenders must be notified in the event illegal drugs, paraphernalia, or weapons are found. It shall the program director, in consultation with the department, to dispose of all contrabalice.	s. Loca l be the	1
Juvenile o providers	offender must es	NG AND SALE OF CIGARETTES. s, regardless of age, are strictly prohibited from purchasing or using tobacco products. Staffstablish written policies and procedures banning the use of cigarettes and other tobacco products at the facility.	f secure lucts by	2
222. R	ROOM	RESTRICTIONS.		
-	venile o	Policy and Procedure . The provider must have written policies and procedures regulating ffender's room for room restriction. The provider's room restriction policy must at a mixing:		
a	ı.	Procedures for recording each incident involving the use of restriction;	()
juvenile of). offender	The reason for the room restriction must be explained to the juvenile offender and all to have an opportunity to explain their behavior;	low the)
c	: .	Other less restrictive measures must have been applied prior to the room restrictions;	()
d	ì.	A juvenile offender on room restriction must have access to the bathroom;	()
e	.	Room restriction may only be used in an unlocked area; and	()

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	Ι.	Room restriction must not exceed a total of eight (8) nours within a twenty-four (24) nour period.
depress five (5) of suici	ion or sui minutes i de risk is	Monitoring During Room Restriction. Staff must check on a juvenile offender in room restriction once every fifteen (15) minutes. Providers must ensure that a juvenile offender with a history of cidal ideation and those who have exhibited these behaviors while in care, are checked at least every in order to ensure safety. Even more frequent or constant observation must be maintained if any lever determined to be present at any time during room restriction. All items in the area that might be used arm should be restricted or removed.
223. Provide ensure t	rs license	F FORCE OR PHYSICAL RESTRAINTS. Ed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or the applicable state licensing authority, must cause of the licensing rules are strictly followed. Additionally, providers must ensure that:
destruct	01. ive behave	Minimal Use. Only the minimum level of force necessary to control a juvenile offender's vior shall be used.
offende punishn		Physical Force . Physical force, at any level, may only be used to prevent injury to the juvenile there and to prevent serious damage to property or escape. Physical force must never be used as
of inapp		Reporting Requirement . All instances of use of force must be documented in an incident report cording to the terms of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." Incidents use of force must be reported to the state's applicable licensing authority, or law enforcement as a contract of the state
224 2	229.	(RESERVED)
230.	PROGI	RAMMING.
problen gender	ns, and to specific,	Basic Program Requirements. Providers must provide opportunities and services for juvenile prove their educational and vocational competence, to effectively address underlying behavior prepare them for responsible lives in the community. Programs provided must be gender equitable and culturally competent. The ultimate treatment goal for juvenile offenders involved in these uccessful return of juvenile offenders to the community without committing further crimes.
	02.	General Requirements. (
characte	a. eristics of	Providers must provide a range of program services specifically designed to address the the target population identified in the comprehensive program description and in the admission (
emotion able to	b. nally distu demonstra	Programs that serve a special needs population, such as developmentally delayed or seriously urbed juvenile offenders, and those programs serving sexually abusive juvenile offenders, must be attended to the program services offered are supported by research.
	c.	Programs serving female juvenile offenders must be able to demonstrate that the services provided
juvenile		of a program specifically designed to address the unique situations and circumstances facing females. These elements must be clearly identified and described within the program description.

e. Program services for individual juvenile offenders must be designed based upon the juvenile's service plan, and must target those behaviors or circumstances which have contributed to the juvenile's delinquency and which can reasonably be changed (criminogenic needs). These services must be clearly identified and described

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within the	he progra	m description.	()
program	n, includii	Juvenile offenders must always be aware of the status of their progress within the progress done to complete the program. Providers must assure that the basic norms and expectation and any points, levels or phases that are a fundamental part of a program, are clearly presented and that they are understood.	s of t	the
	g.	Programs that contract with the department to serve juvenile offenders and their families mu	ıst:)
	i.	Provide humane, disciplined care and supervision;	()
	ii.	Provide opportunities for juvenile offenders' development of competency and life skills;	()
offender	iii. r mediatio	Hold juvenile offenders accountable for their delinquent behavior through means such as on, restorative conferencing, restitution, and community service;	victii (m-)
and ben	iv. efit of the	Seek to involve juvenile offenders' families in treatment, unless otherwise indicated for the juvenile offenders or other family members;	safe (ety)
develop	v. ment, and	Address the principles of accountability to victims and to the community, complex community protection in case planning and reporting;	peten (cy)
and the	vi. juvenile o	To the fullest extent possible, provide balance in addressing the interests of the victim, compeffender.	muni (ty,
impleme	vii. enting sei	Participate fully with the department and the community treatment team in developing revice plans for juvenile offenders they serve; and	ng a (nd)
abilities	viii.	Provide juvenile offenders with educational services based upon their documented need	ds a	nd)
231.	GUIDE	LINES FOR SPECIFIC SERVICES.		
	01.	Counseling Services.	()
be perfo	a. ormed by	All counseling services provided to juvenile offenders, whether individual, group or famil a clinician, counselor, or therapist as defined in these rules.	y, mı (ust)
	b.	Counseling should be planned and goal directed.	()
service.	c. The note	Notes must be written for each service provided and include documentation of who provis must be dated and clearly labeled either individual, group or family counseling.	ded t	the
should b		The methods and techniques applied in counseling and the frequency and intensity of the sined by assessment.	essio (ons)
	e. ve specifinal needs.	Counseling should be reality oriented and directed toward helping juvenile offenders und ic problems; discontinue inappropriate, damaging, destructive or dangerous behaviors; and		
comprel	f. hensive p	The minimum standard for the frequency of counseling services must be specified rogram description attached to the contract with the department.	in t	he)
desired	g. outcome	There should be a mechanism developed to monitor and record incremental progress tow of counseling services.	ard t	he:

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Rules for Staff Secure Providers h. Programs should be able to demonstrate the other program service providers, and there is broad mutual sur

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h. other program se the program.	Programs should be able to demonstrate that counseling interventions are shared in gervice providers, and there is broad mutual support for the goals of counseling in all serv		
i. circumstances.	Programs must provide crisis intervention counseling if warranted by the asse	ssment a	and)
j. sessions at the fa	The provider must furnish adequate space for conducting private interviews and icility.	counsel (ing)
these services, fa offender's remov	Family counseling services must be available as a part of the juvenile offend plan, to the extent that this is supported by the assessment. If the assessment indicates a family counseling should specifically address issues that, directly or indirectly, resulted in the family and the issue of eventual reintegration back into the family unit. A sieved or worked toward by the juvenile offender and the family should be part of plan.	s a need the juver statement	for nile t of
must have direct experience in the description and receiving substa prevention plans specifically base	Substance Abuse Services. As a minimum standard, programs must provide substance by assessment and indicated in the service implementation plan. Substance abuse oversight by a certified alcohol and drug counselor, or master's level clinician with three substance abuse field. Substance abuse services must be fully described in the detail must have a written curriculum containing a description of each session offered. Juvenince abuse services must have an introduction to a community intervention programust be a component of the substance abuse services provided. Relapse prevention pld on the individual needs of the juvenile offender. Notes documenting the service provided "substance abuse services," and each entry must be signed by the counselor per	use servi ee (3) ye led progr le offend um. Rela ans must ded must	ears' ram ders apse t be t be
	Social Skills Training Including Relapse Prevention Skills . Programs must assess easkills and document specific services provided to improve functioning in this area. A ffender must have developed a written relapse prevention plan prior to successfully contained to the contained of the contai	Additiona	ılly,
	Life Skills and Independent Living. Programs must be able to demonstrate that juvenilife skills and that age-appropriate juvenile offenders are involved in independent heir age and needs. This program should include, at a minimum, instruction in:		
a.	Hygiene and grooming skills;	()
b.	Laundry and maintenance of clothing;	()
с.	Appropriate social skills;	()
d.	Housekeeping;	()
e.	Use of recreation and leisure time;	()
f.	Use of community resources;	()
g.	Money management;	()
h.	Use of public transportation, where available;	()
i.	Budgeting and shopping;	()
j.	Cooking;	()

	RTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS f Secure Providers	Docket No. 05-0202-1401 - New Cha Proposed Rulema	
k.	Punctuality, attendance and other employment-rel	ated matters; ()
l.	Vocational planning and job finding skills; and	()
m.	Basic health education.	()
05. based on individ	Recreational Services . Programs should have a ual needs, interests, and functional levels of the popular to t		rvices)
	The recreational program should include indoor a make use of a full array of activities that encoura appropriately furnished area should be designated in	ge both solitary entertainment and small	
the service imple be maximized, a the supervision r	Programs should have staff educated and experzing, supervision, use of facility, and community accementation plan must be funded by the provider. The slong as community safety is assured. The provide required for any usage of community recreational ree in recreational activities made available through the	etivities. Recreational activities considered per use of community recreational resources seements arrange for the transportation and presources. No juvenile offender shall be requi-	part of hould ovide
06. the same gender.	Transportation Services . In all transport situatio or two (2) assigned staff of the opposite gender, as		
Each juvenile of related to docur substantiated by higher level of c	MANAGEMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENT fender's progress, or lack of progress, through these mented behavior. Recommendations for release for a documented pattern of behavioral change over a pustody must be substantiated by a documented lack hreatens the safety of others or the stability of the or	e levels must be clearly documented and must from department custody or transfer shou period of time. Recommendations for transfer to of progress over time, or by a serious or v	ld be er to a
plan must addre	Service Implementation Plan. Within thirty he program, a written service implementation plan set the specific goals identified in the service plan intation plan should, at a minimum, address the follows:	must be developed. The service implement from the observation and assessment report	tation
a.	Education and employment;	()
b.	Personality and behavior;	()
c.	Substance abuse;	()
d.	Attitudes, values, and delinquent orientation;	()
e.	Family circumstances and parenting;	()
f.	Peer relations;	()
g.	Leisure and recreation;	()
h.	Sexual misconduct;	()
i.	Specialized needs; and	()
j. and aftercare ser	Reintegration plan, including living arrangements vices needed.	upon release from department custody or tra	ansfer
02.	Juvenile Offender and Family Involvement. I	Each juvenile offender and, to the fullest e	extent

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possible, the family should be involved in developing the service implementation plan, and in adjusting that plan throughout the course of commitment.

- **O3.** Service Implementation Plan Adjustments. The service implementation plan should be adjusted throughout placement with the concurrence of the juvenile services coordinator following communication with the community treatment team. Specifically, the service implementation plan should be adjusted as new needs are identified, as goals are achieved, and as plans for reintegration are finalized. ()
- **04. Department Assessments**. Assessments provided by the department shall not be repeated by the provider at the time of admission into the program without specific justification provided to the regional clinical supervisor.
- **05. Participation in the Progress Assessment/Reclassification**. The provider may be asked by the juvenile services coordinator to provide input necessary for periodic reassessments of the juvenile offender's progress and current risk level. In all cases, the provider must participate to the fullest extent possible. ()
- **06. Progress Notes.** Monthly progress notes must be filed recording each juvenile offender's progress toward completing the service implementation plan and submitted to the juvenile services coordinator. ()
- **O7. Progress Report**. A written progress report must be submitted to the juvenile services coordinator and any designees at least every two (2) months. The progress report should focus on areas of positive change in behavior and attitudes, as well as on the factors required for a successful program completion (progress in community protection, competency development, and accountability). Areas of need that were included in the service implementation plan and identified in Subsection 232.01 of these rules should also be referenced in the progress report. Each progress report should also note any changes or further development of the reintegration plan and should detail the level of involvement of the parent or guardian in treatment.
- **08. Relapse Prevention Plan.** Prior to completing the program, the provider shall supply the juvenile with the relapse prevention plan form provided by the department. The plan must address areas of risk identified in the juvenile's service implementation plan, as well as interventions the juvenile will use to prevent future problems. While in treatment the provider will solicit feedback from the juvenile services coordinator every thirty (30) calendar days regarding the development of the juvenile's relapse prevention plan. The final relapse prevention plan is due no earlier than the date of the juvenile offender's reintegration staffing.
- **69. Final Progress Report.** A final progress report must be submitted to the juvenile services coordinator and any designees no earlier than ten (10) calendar days prior to the juvenile offender's anticipated completion of the program, and no later than the date of release. This recommendation must include:
 - **a.** A current summary of the juvenile offender's progress; ()
 - **b.** A summary of the efforts to reach the juvenile offender's goals and objectives, including education;
 - **c.** Any unresolved goals or objectives; ()
 - **d.** Recommendation for continuing services, including education, in the home community; and()
 - e. The current address of the juvenile. ()
- **10. Report Distribution**. Copies of the service implementation plan, progress reports, relapse prevention plan, and final progress report must be distributed by the provider to the juvenile offender and the juvenile services coordinator and any designees. The juvenile services coordinator will review and forward the progress report to the juvenile probation officer, appropriate court, and parent or guardian, unless the juvenile offender's family has been excluded from treatment by the juvenile services coordinator and the respective clinical supervisor for some well documented reason.

233. INDIVIDUAL COMMUNITY PASSES.

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Prior to granting any individual community pass to a juvenile offender, the provider must contact the juvenile probation officer and the juvenile services coordinator, to ensure that neither the court nor the department has placed restrictions on the juvenile offender's pass privileges. All requests for passes must be approved by the juvenile services coordinator. Any pass involving an overnight stay away from the facility, or involving special circumstances

itinerary for the juvenile services pass, the provide	victim in the home, requires a written plan detailing supervision and safety measures to visit, transportation plan, and must be approved in writing five (5) business days in ad a coordinator. Each time a juvenile offender leaves on and returns from an individual or must notify the juvenile correctional center in Nampa of this movement, promptly at ander leaves and returns.	vance by t	the ity
potential risk to offender to returneeded by juver approved passes comply with tho	Potential Risk to Public Safety. Individual passes for juvenile offenders assigned to be considered as an integral part of the service implementation plan. However, in a public safety and adequacy of home supervision must be considered prior to allowing in home. It is also important that passes not interfere with the ongoing treatment and rille offenders. Providers must provide parents or guardians with clearly written go, which must be signed by parents or guardians indicating their understanding and we seguidelines. The department's pass form may be used for this purpose. If the department is gined and agreed to by the individual assuming responsibility for supervision must commation:	all cases, tang a juven I supervisituidelines of villingness nent's form	the ile ion for to is
a.	The juvenile offender's name and date of birth;	()
b.	The name, address and telephone number of the individual assuming responsibility;	()
c. of return;	Authorized days, dates and times for the pass, including the specific date and time of o	leparture a (nd)
d. expected to be in	A complete listing of the anticipated locations and activities in which the juvenile volved;	offender (is)
е.	Specific plans for supervision and telephone checks to verify compliance with the pass	s condition (ıs;)
f.	A complete listing of the activities required during the pass;	()
g.	Specific stipulations prohibiting:	()
i.	The use of alcohol, tobacco, and drugs;	()
ii. illegal behavior;	Involvement in any illegal activity, or association with others who may be or have bee	n involved (in)
iii.	Participation in sexual relations of any kind;	()
iv.	Possession of any kind of firearm or weapon;	()
v.	Any violation of the terms of probation; and	()
h. violation of any	Specific stipulations about search and drug testing upon return, and the possible consof the terms of the pass agreement.	equences i	for)
02. eligible for any coordinator.	Eligibility . A juvenile offender must be in placement a minimum of thirty (30) calend pass. Any exceptions due to extenuating circumstances must be approved by the juve		
03. service implement	Frequency . Frequency of passes must be consistent with the terms of the juvenintation plan and provider's contract with the department.	le offende	er's

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	Documentation . Documentation of the exact date and time of the juvenile offender's dem for a pass, and return, must be maintained along with complete information about the ineal custody, transportation, and supervision during the pass.	
An activity plan travel, how long coordinator at le elements associa activities within	PACTIVITIES OFF FACILITY GROUNDS. and itinerary covering activities to be engaged in, when and where the group is going, how to get they will stay, and why the activity is being planned must be submitted to the juvenile east five (5) business days prior to the activity. The activity plan must identify the speciated with the activity and provide a safety plan for each of those risk elements. Routine, I the local community adjacent to the facility do not require prior notice, and are to be conducted under the responsibility of the provider.	services ific risk low risk
coordinator and boating, rappelli	Recreational Activities. A pass authorizing the participation of juvenile offenders in ork activities with an increased risk, such as overnight trips, must be signed by the juvenile juvenile probation officer prior to the activity. Any proposed activity that involves horsebacking, rock climbing, or higher risk activity must also have the prior approval, in writing ional superintendent.	services k riding
02.	Staff Requirements.	(
a. CPR must accon	A basic first aid kit will be taken with the group. At least one (1) person certified in first apany the group.	aid and
	Swimming, boating, or rafting will only be allowed when a staff in attendance has certific r safety, or if a lifeguard is on duty. All juvenile offenders involved in boating or rafting a proved personal flotation device.	
irresponsibility,	A staff to juvenile offender ratio of one to six (1:6) will be adhered to as a minimum unless uire more staff. The risk level of the activity, as well as any physical disabilities, hig mental deficiencies, or inclusion of groups of juvenile offenders under age twelve (12), a der additional staff.	h clien
d. volunteers. The i the plan.	All participants will be recorded in the activity plan and identified as program clients, individual staff or volunteer satisfying the above first aid and CPR requirements must be iden	
e. interns, or volum	There will be no consumption of alcoholic beverages or illicit drugs by staff or juvenile of teers while engaged in any agency-sponsored trip or activity.	fenders (
	Consent Forms . Recreational activities identified as presenting a higher risk require prior rdance with Subsection 234.01 of these rules. Each juvenile offender must have prior written guardian, if available, and the department's regional superintendent. Consent must include:	
a.	Permission for the juvenile offender's participation;	(
b.	Acknowledgement of planned activities; and	(
с.	Permission for the provider to seek or administer necessary medical attention in an emerger	ncy.

04. Activity Reports. At the conclusion of each overnight or high risk recreational activity pass, the provider must document in the juvenile offender's file and include in the progress report, any significant positive or negative events that transpired while the juvenile offender was on pass. Any unusual occurrences must be reported to the juvenile services coordinator and documented on an incident report as identified in IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." A drug screening urinalysis may be conducted on each returning juvenile offender, at the expense of the provider, and the results of that exam reported to the juvenile services coordinator.

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			()
adminis	resident strator mu	PF-STATE TRAVEL. ial treatment provider is planning an out-of-state trip for any of its juvenile offenders, the lest obtain prior written authorization from the regional clinical supervisor or designee. The new on and approval is as follows:	facili ecessai	ty ry)
writing	01. fourteen	Notification . The residential treatment provider must notify the juvenile services coordin (14) business days in advance of the scheduled trip with the following:	nator :	in)
	a.	Dates of the scheduled trip;	()
	b.	Location of the trip;	()
	c.	Purpose of the trip;	()
	d.	Transportation arrangements;	()
phone r	e. number); a	Where the juvenile offender will be staying if overnight accommodations are required (addrand	ress ar	nd)
	f.	Who is going, such as juvenile offender, and name and position of staff.	()
travel.	02.	Prior Approval. The program director must obtain all necessary approvals prior to auth	orizir (ıg)
requires	03.	Interstate Compact for Juveniles . Any out-of-state travel for more than twenty-four (24 permit and compliance with the Interstate Compact for Juveniles.	l) hou (rs)
provide	creens ma r's progra	SCREENS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS. By be done randomly or on an as needed basis, at the provider's expense, with the approval am director. A record must be kept of all drug screens and results. A positive drug screen eported to the juvenile services coordinator.		
237.	PLANN	NING FOR RELEASE OR TRANSFER.		
be prov		Aftercare Planning . Programs must promote continuity in programming and services for judge leave the program by assuring that essential information is forwarded to those agencies twices to the juvenile offenders, and working closely with department staff throughout place ation.	hat wi	ill
		Approval . Reintegration, by release from department custody or transfer, must not tak evenent of the department's assigned juvenile services coordinator, and the approval in writing supervisor and regional superintendent.		
		Department Concurrence . Preparation for reintegration of a juvenile offender begins vent of a service plan and is an ongoing process throughout the juvenile offender's program. Offender's release from department custody or transfer must be explained to the juvenile as	Criter	ia

04. Reintegration Staffing. The juvenile services coordinator shall convene a reintegration staffing, which will include the juvenile offender's probation officer, the provider, the juvenile offender's parent or guardian, an education representative, and the juvenile offender. At a minimum, a review of the plans to address any ongoing medical or mental health, substance abuse, social skills, education, vocation, independent living, and other special needs will be conducted. The juvenile offender's relapse prevention plan shall be reviewed by the juvenile probation officer, the juvenile's parent or guardian, the education representative and juvenile services coordinator. Based upon the results of that staffing and pending juvenile services coordinator approval of the relapse prevention plan, the

possible after admission to a program.

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department will	make the final decision regarding transfer or release from department custody.	(
signed by the ju	Check-Out Procedures . Prior to the release from department custody or transfer, pleted a Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department. The form movenile offender, and forwarded to the juvenile services coordinator and any designees denile offender leaves the program.	ust be dated
a. medications or transport the juv	The provider must provide the juvenile's Medicaid card, and a thirty (30) day s a thirty (30) day prescription signed by the physician to the individual or agency avenile offender.	
b. must send any a	Within two (2) business days after a juvenile offender leaves the facility or program, available dental or medical records to the privacy officer at the juvenile correctional center.	
correctional cer	Within two (2) business days after a juvenile offender leaves the facility or program, fort showing the juvenile offender's total hours, credits, and associated grades directly to inter in Nampa. The provider must maintain adequate documentation to support the strength of these records is critical to assist the transition of the juvenile offend lity.	the juvenile ne submitted
06.	Termination Prior to Completion.	(
supervisor and, consider the circ provider to avoi solving. The do	When a provider believes a juvenile offender is at risk for transfer prior to program consists coordinator must be notified as far in advance as possible so that a staffing with the regist necessary, the department's regional superintendent, may be held. The purpose of this cumstances which may require the transfer, and to make every effort to address the concident the necessity of making another placement. The provider must document these effort epartment will make a decision about transfer based upon the results of this staffick agreed upon with the provider. The provider can request transfer of a juvenile off mustances:	ional clinica staffing is to erns with the s at problem ing and any
i.	A pattern of documented behavior clearly indicating a lack of progress; or	(
ii. of individuals o	Commission of one (1) or more serious or violent incidents that jeopardize the safety r the program.	and security
b. shall remove the	In matters involving life, health, and safety of any juvenile in department custody, the juvenile offender immediately.	e departmen
	A final progress report must include, at a minimum, a report on progress or lack of prentation plan areas, and recommendations for follow-up. The report must be forwarded to nator within twenty-four (24) hours of release from department custody or transfer prior	the juvenile

238. -- 249. (RESERVED)

250. EDUCATION SERVICES.

01. Appropriate Services. The provider must ensure that each juvenile offender is given appropriate educational and vocational services that are consistent with the juvenile offender's abilities and needs, taking into consideration age, level of functioning, and any educational requirements specified by state or federal law. Providers must assure that educational services provided as a part of an overall program play an integral part in the process of reclaiming juvenile offenders to responsible roles in society. Educational services must strive to facilitate positive behavior change by helping juvenile offenders to develop abilities in academic, workplace, and technological areas; to restructure harmful or limiting cognitive patterns; and, to adopt appropriate social interactions skills. Educational services provided by providers must use whatever combination of approaches and motivations that will best facilitate

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the learning process in conjunction with the service implementation plan. All educational services provided must meet all mandates of the Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504).

30 4).			(,
programs Education and certing For those	onal Deve fied by t e who ha	Mandatory Enrollment . Providers must ensure that all juvenile offenders involved in of mandatory school age in the applicable state, or who have not yet obtained a colopment (GED) or high school diploma, are enrolled in a school system or in a program at the applicable state's Department of Education to provide both special education and other state obtained a GED or high school diploma, an appropriate educational and vocational service cordance with the service implementation plan.	Gener pprove ervice	al ed es.
agreement If a local local edu	l education a	Cooperative Relationships. Providers may provide educational services through a cooperative and agency or through an in-house educational program administered by the provider provides the services, it is expected that the provider will have a written agreement agency that clearly defines the services that will be provided in the contract facility. The include, at a minimum, all of the following:	rovide t with writte	er. ı a
	a.	Level of participation in reintegration planning for each juvenile offender;	()
	b. days of	That grades will be submitted, as required in Subsection 237.05 of these rules, within transfer or release from department custody;	two (2)
	c.	Curriculum for special education services, if appropriate;	()
	d.	A plan for the provision of state required testing; and	()
	e.	Types of services that will be provided beyond the established limits of the regular school y	year f	or

- **04. Costs of Educational Services**. If a local education agency agreement is developed, the Idaho Department of Education will flow education funds to the local education agency in a manner consistent with current legislative funding mandates. A copy of the memorandum of understanding between the provider and the local education agency must be provided to the department, and the source of funds to cover the costs for educational services clearly accounted for in the budget. If the provider elects to provide the services in-house, the cost of educational services will be included in the daily contract rate. The provider will not be eligible to receive educational
- **05.** Accreditation Requirements. Each provider serving juvenile offenders, who have been committed to the department, will have, or contract with, an education program that will meet the accreditation standards of the Northwest Association of Schools or equivalent associating organization, or the applicable state's Department of Education.
- **66. Educational Assessment.** Federal and state laws mandate that juvenile offenders be provided with an appropriate education. Providers are responsible for providing an educational track which will best serve the needs of each juvenile offender, as determined by the assessment provided by the department through the observation and assessment process, or as determined by an assessment completed by a local school district. A copy of the relevant assessment and related current and valid education plan, as well as all supporting documentation for each juvenile offender, must be maintained in a separate file and must be available to the department and to the Idaho Department of Education. A copy of the IEP and all supporting documentation must be sent to the department's education records manager within ten (10) business days or less of its completion for inclusion in the juvenile offender's permanent school records that are maintained at the juvenile correctional center in Nampa.
- **a.** Providers are responsible for ongoing, yearly reassessment of each juvenile offender's progress within the education program as well as documenting and reporting that progress. This responsibility extends to completing a reassessment just prior to release from department custody or transfer, and reporting academic gain both for individual juvenile offenders as well as composite data for the education program overall.

that school district.

funding through both of these sources.

Any fees associate submitted to the	Consistent with statewide educational standards, providers are responsible for assuring the ris tested in accordance with the applicable state's assessment schedule and all required mated with the testing services will be the responsibility of the provider. Results of testing department's education records manager at the juvenile corrections center in Nampa within ter the provider's receipt of the scores.	easur must	es. be
districts. All Gl	GED Eligibility . Providers must assure that GED tests will be administered to juvenile of the assure established in the administrative rules of the applicable state's Board of Education for ED testing application fees will be paid by the provider. Test results must be submitted acation records manager at the juvenile correctional center in Nampa within ten (10) business of the scores.	r scho d to t	ool the
08.	Special Education Services.	()
the IDEA, as w teaching staff m	The provider must ensure that the special educational needs of juvenile offenders are ad n-house program or cooperating local education agency program must comply with Section ell as any other applicable state or federal laws. Under no circumstances shall the providake modifications in the juvenile offender's Section 504 or the IDEA educational program ild Study Team meeting in consultation with the department's educational coordinator or designation.	504 a er or witho	ind its out
parents or guard surrogate cannot who is involved volunteer, such	Providers must make every reasonable effort and thoroughly document all efforts to contact uvenile offenders identified as eligible for special education. If it is not possible to involve the ians, a surrogate parent must be appointed by the agency providing special educational service be the director or other employee of an agency, institution, or community-based residential in providing care or education to a juvenile offender, or an employee of a state agency or as caseworker, social worker, or court-appointed special advocate who has been appointed for the welfare of the student. A surrogate parent is used only for special educational requilegal authority.	e natu ces. The facil agent d by t	ral his ity icy the
school day will	Standards for Instructional Time . Providers must assure that the school day is consisten am standard established for high schools by the Northwest Association of Schools. The leng further meet all requirements established by state and federal laws, regulations, and accreders must provide an appropriate educational or vocational program for each juvenile offerm.	th of t editati	the
twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident report will meet to make	ths of the year. At a minimum, this involves four (4) hours per day, five (5) days per week thr repair. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a ipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handing reduces will be followed according to the administrative rules for special education.	oughoright juven ented	for out to ile in am
twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident report will meet to make	r year. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a ipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handi	oughoright juven ented	for out to ile in am All
twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident repor will meet to mak due process proc 10. a.	r year. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a ipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handicedures will be followed according to the administrative rules for special education.	oughoright right juven ented dy Tealcap. A	for out to sile in am All)
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twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident repor will meet to mak due process proc 10. a. a minimum, the	r year. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a lipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handicedures will be followed according to the administrative rules for special education. Educational Records and Confidentiality. Educational records must be maintained by the provider at all times in accordance with FE following information must be included in the record:	oughoright right juven ented dy Tealcap. A	for out to sile in am All)
twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident repor will meet to mak due process proc 10. a. a minimum, the i.	r year. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a lipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handicedures will be followed according to the administrative rules for special education. Educational Records and Confidentiality. Educational records must be maintained by the provider at all times in accordance with FE following information must be included in the record: Subjects taken;	oughoright right juven ented dy Tealcap. A	for out to sile in am All)
twelve (12) mon the full calenda education and o offender's partic an incident repor will meet to mak due process proc 10. a. a minimum, the i. ii.	r year. Juvenile offenders involved in any disciplinary process must not be denied their ther related services. If security or other related concerns are present that may prohibit a lipation in educational programming, an education plan review will be completed and document. If the juvenile offender is eligible for services under the IDEA or Section 504, a Child Studie a determination as to whether or not the behavior is a result of the juvenile offender's handicedures will be followed according to the administrative rules for special education. Educational Records and Confidentiality. Educational records must be maintained by the provider at all times in accordance with FE following information must be included in the record: Subjects taken; Grades by subject and explanation of the grading system;	oughoright right juven ented dy Tealcap. A	for out to sile in am All)

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b.	Reports	of the	juvenile	offender's	educational	progress	(report	cards)	must b	oe p	rovided	to t	he
education records	s manager	at the	juvenile (correctiona	ıl center in N	ampa with	nin ten (10) bus	iness d	ays a	after the	end	of
the school's gradi	ing period	ls (midt	erm, sem	nester, trim	ester, etc.).							()

- **c.** Providers must ensure that juvenile offender educational files are consistently maintained to ensure compliance with FERPA.
- d. When a juvenile offender is released from department custody or transferred, the permanent education file must be updated by the department's education records technician. The providers will provide final withdrawal grades and credits within twenty-four (24) hours or next business day after the juvenile offender is released from department custody or transferred. The providers must send the education records manager at the juvenile correctional center in Nampa an e-mail advising that the final grades have been entered into the software program. Working educational files must be returned to the juvenile correctional center in Nampa within ten (10) business days of the juvenile offender's release from department custody or transfer.

251. -- 259. (RESERVED)

260. PROVISION OF MEDICAL SERVICES.

- **01. Medical Care**. Each juvenile offender must be provided with medical, dental, optical, mental health, emergency or any other related health services while in the provider's care. Each provider must have access, on a twenty-four (24) hour basis, to a licensed general hospital, clinic or physician, psychiatrist, and dentist to provide juvenile offenders with professional and qualified physical or mental health services, including medications. Medical and mental health screenings must be provided within two (2) hours of a juvenile offender's admission to a program. Comprehensive and professional medical and mental health assessments must be provided by the provider within thirty (30) calendar days of admission, unless these are provided by the department. A copy of these assessments must be forwarded to the department's regional R.N.
- **02. Medical Consent**. As part of the admission process, the provider must have a copy of the department's Release of Information and Consent form signed by a juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or committing authority. The consent form must be filed in the juvenile offender's medical and case files maintained by the provider.
- **03. Emergency Medical Treatment**. In cases of emergency medical treatment requiring signed authorization for juveniles in the custody of the department, reasonable efforts must be made to obtain the consent of the parent or guardian. The signature of only one (1) parent or guardian is sufficient to form consent or authorization. Should the parent or guardian not be available or refuses to sign, the authorization may be signed by the department's regional R.N. or designee. This does not restrict the provider from taking action in life and death situations. ()
- **Q4. Reimbursement Sources.** The provider must utilize private insurance or Medicaid, if available, for funding medical, dental, optical, mental health, or related services, and pharmaceutical products for any juvenile offender. The provider shall not seek reimbursement from private insurance or Medicaid for health services that are the fiscal responsibility of the provider pursuant to its contract with the department. Any health services not listed in these rules, other than emergency treatment, which was not approved in advance by the department's regional R.N. or designee, will be at the expense of the provider.

261. ADMISSION AND ANNUAL HEALTH SERVICES AND TREATMENT RECORDS.

- **01. Compliance with Child Care Licensing Rules**. Admission and annual health services must be provided to juvenile offenders in accordance with the child care licensing rules of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, unless otherwise provided in these rules.
- **02. Prior Approval**. No prior approval or review from the department's regional R.N. is required for admission and annual health services. Examples of admission and annual health services for which no prior approval or review is required are:

		ff Secure Providers Proposed Rulei		
	a.	Admission physical exams, including STD exams and treatment;	()
	b.	Admission dental exams, including x-rays and cleanings (no panoramic x-rays or sealants);	; ()
	c.	Admission eye exams and glasses, if needed;	()
	d.	Annual physical exams, including STD exams and treatment;	()
	e.	Annual dental exams with x-rays and cleanings (no panoramic x-rays or sealants); and	()
	f.	Annual eye exams, if needed, and new glasses only if needed.	()
		Medical Records . Any time a juvenile offender receives treatment under this section or the provider must retain the original medical record regarding treatment and must immediatel artment's regional R.N.		
262.	PRIV	ACY OF MEDICAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION.		
laws of	f the app ed inforn	Confidentiality. Confidentiality of personal health information of each juvenile offender coordance with the Privacy Regulations promulgated under HIPAA of 1996 or, if more string licable state. Compliance with these regulations is the responsibility of the provider. Staff nation about a juvenile offender's medical condition only when that knowledge is necessary their job duties.	gent, t shall	he be
maintei Regula	02. nance of tions, 45	Privacy Officer. The provider must appoint a privacy officer to oversee that the confall juvenile offender health and medical records is in compliance with the federal Code of Federal Regulations Sections 160 and 164.	trol a Priva (nd cy)
	03. ally sepa orized ac	Separate Records . All juvenile offender medical and health records must be kept in files rated from other juvenile offender files and information, and under a system of security cess.		
263. The pro	ovider m	FICATION OF CRITICAL HEALTH INCIDENTS. ust immediately report critical medical and mental health incidents according IDAPA 05.02 dential Treatment Providers."	.01.24	41,)
264.	INFE	CTIOUS DISEASES.		
	01.	Policies.	()
manage disease should	ement of s, and or be updat	The provider must establish policies and procedures for serving juvenile offenders with in as tuberculosis, hepatitis, and HIV or AIDS. These policies and procedures should add infectious diseases, provide an orientation for new staff and juvenile offenders concerngoing education for staff and juvenile offenders regarding these diseases. Policies and procedure as new information becomes available. Individual health information or counseling will be nedical health professional for juvenile offenders diagnosed with an infectious disease.	ress t ning t ocedu	the the res
and We	b. elfare reg	The provider must comply with the child care licensing rules of the Idaho Department of arding universal precautions.	f Hea	lth)
		HIV Testing . In accordance with law, a juvenile offender over age fourteen (14) may requested the establishment of the second of HIV. Any such juvenile offender requesting to be tested should be taken to a publical public accepts Medicaid reimbursement for administration of the test.	c hea	be lth)
		Examinations . Examinations must be performed on any juvenile offender by or all symptomatic cases of infectious diseases such as tuberculosis, ova and parasites, in exually transmitted diseases. Juvenile offenders will be tested and, if indicated, treated.		

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days of	04. any posit	Notifications . The provider must notify the department's regional R.N. within three (3) be tive test results, treatment recommendations, and follow up care.	usiness ()
265.	PREGN	NANCY.	
licensed	l healthca	Individual Medical Plan . Within the individual medical plan, specific goals and objectives a pregnancy has been diagnosed. The plan must be based on the orders of the juvenile officare provider and must include special care, location for delivery, regular medical check-up and recreational needs. A copy of the individual medical plan will be sent to the department's results.	ender's os, and
		Parenting Classes . Parenting classes must be an integral part of the individual medical plan juvenile offenders. This service should also be offered as a priority to male juvenile offendery who are already fathers or whose spouse or girlfriend is expecting a child.	
	03. are provider's family	Medicaid Reimbursement . Medical services relating to pregnancy must be provided by a lider and facility accepting Medicaid reimbursement, unless medical expenses are paid by the just.	
Services	s Division	Infant Care . When an infant is delivered and the mother continues in department custor placed with an appropriate family member or in the temporary care of the Family and Clarof the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, subject to any necessary court approval. At remain in the provider's facility.	hildren
266. Refusal to the de	of medic	SAL OF TREATMENT. cations or treatment recommended by a physician for three (3) days requires immediate notif t's regional R.N. according to IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Provide	icationers."
this care	e. A provi	Refusal of Recommended Treatment by Physician . If a juvenile offender chooses to dication recommended by a physician, the juvenile offender must sign a detailed statement reider staff member must witness the juvenile offender's signature. This refusal form will be filed the medical record.	efusing
	l for the	Where Refusal Poses Significant Risk. If a juvenile offender refuses a treatment or medicated poses a significant risk of death or permanent physical impairment, the provider must is a immediate administration of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with state of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with state of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with state of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with state of the medical treatment or medication.	sue its
267.	USE O	F MEDICATIONS.	
	ıg, but no	Written Policy . The provider must have written policies and procedures governing the uf medication to juvenile offenders. Policies must conform to all applicable laws and regulated to, those of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or the applicable state's lice.	lations
notified	02. . Notifica	Notification . If initiating or modifying any medication, the department's regional R.N. mation must include the following:	nust be
	a.	The name of the prescribed medication;	()
and	b.	The name and phone number of the prescribing doctor, nurse practitioner, or physician's ass	sistant;
	c.	The reason the medication is being prescribed.	()

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268. FIRST AID KITS.

Each provider must maintain first aid kits. Basic first aid kits that do not include medications or sharp tools may be kept unlocked. Any complete first aid kit with medications, wound rinses, scissors, tweezers, or other such objects must be kept locked and placed in areas of the program or facility readily accessible to staff.

269. -- **999.** (**RESERVED**)

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.02.03 - RULES FOR REINTEGRATION PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0203-1401 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

05.02.03, "Rules for Reintegration Providers," will contain additional rules that are only applicable to these specific providers. Changes include: additional requirements relating to the Department of Justice PREA Standards and providing clarification in areas of past misinterpretation.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 31.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014.

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 05-0203-1401

IDAPA 05 TITLE 02 CHAPTER 03

05.02.03 - RULES FOR REINTEGRATION PROVIDERS

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		minimum	20-504(10), Idestandards for ervices to juver	the operation	ns of all pri	vate resident	ial and n			
	02.	Section	20-504(12), Id	daho Code.	Pursuant to	Section 20-5	04(12), Id	daho Cod	le, the dep	artmen
shall h	ave auth	ority to ad	opt such admin	istrative rule	s pursuant to	the procedu	res provio	ded in Ch	apter 52, 1	Title 67
Idaho	Code, as	are deeme	ed necessary or	appropriate	for the func	tioning of the	departm	ent and th	ne implem	entatior
and ad	ministrat	ion of the	Juvenile Correc	ctions Act.		_	-		•	(

03. Interstate Compact on Juveniles. By the provisions of Sections 16-1901, et seq., Idaho Code, the "Interstate Compact on Juveniles," the department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title**. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 05.02.03, "Rules for Reintegration Providers," IDAPA 05, Title 02, Chapter 03.
- **O2. Scope**. These rules are established to ensure that the juvenile corrections system in Idaho will be consistently based on the following principles: accountability; community protection; and competency development. These rules apply to providers of reintegration and independent living skills that coordinate needed treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans.

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency has written statements which pertain to the interpretations of these rules. The document is available for public inspection and copying at cost at the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285.

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for appeal of the administrative requirements for providers. (

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference into these rules.

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections is located at 954 W. Jefferson St., Idaho 83720-0285. Business hours are typically 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Mail regarding the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections' rules should be directed to 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. The telephone number of the office is (208) 334-5100 and the telecommunications relay service of the office is 1 (800) 377-1363 or 711. The facsimile number of the office is (208) 334-5120.

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Rules fo	or Rein	tegration Providers Proposed Rule	making
The recor	ds asso	C RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE. ciated with the providers are juvenile records of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Correcti Idaho Public Records Act, Title 9, Chapter 3, Idaho Code.	ons, and
008 00	9.	(RESERVED)	
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.	
	01. ntrabanc	Body Cavity Search . The examination and possible intrusion into the rectal or vaginal cal. It is performed only by the medical authority.	vities to
	02. uired to	Body Search, Clothed . Also referred to as a Pat Search. A search during which a juvenile remove their clothing, with the exception of such items as a jacket, hat, socks and shoes.	offender ()
	03. is requir	Body Search, Unclothed . Also referred to as a Strip Search. A search during which a red to remove all clothing that is conducted by a medical health professional.	juvenile ()
complete level base qualifying	ed on a g for Inc	Education Plan . A written plan for general education students outlining the coursework to ear towards meeting the Idaho Common Core Standards recommended coursework for the assessed academic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. Standards with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) services will have an Individual Education education plan.	eir grade Students
	05. iduals w	General Education Student . A student who does not qualify for special education service with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).	es under
-	06. s, mental	Health Services . Including, but not limited to, routine and emergency medical, dental, l health, or other related health service.	optical,
-	07. ence in t	Independent Living Services . Services that increase a juvenile offender's ability to the community.	achieve
treatment provider of groups an reintegrat	or depar nd other tion plar	Individual Community Pass. Any instance in which a juvenile offender leaves the recer's facility for a planned activity, without direct supervision by at least one (1) residential to the transfer regular school or work attendance, regular participation in off-site treatment seems regular off-site activities specifically included in the service implementation plan or and approved by the juvenile services coordinator are not included in this definition. In second control in the service implementation of the service include, but are not limited to:	reatment ssions or written
á	a.	Day passes alone or with family or other, approved individuals;	()
l	b.	Day or overnight home visits;	()
(c .	Recreational activities not otherwise approved as a part of a group activity; and	()
(d.	Funeral leave.	()
school pe		Individual Education Plan (IEP) . A written document (developed collaboratively by parl) which outlines the special education program for a student with a disability and is bic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. This document is determined to the competencies of the compete	ased on

- **10. Medical Health Professional**. An individual who meets the applicable state's criteria as a licensed LPN, RN, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, physician or the equivalent.
- 11. Privileged Mail. Mail between the juvenile offender and their attorneys, legal aid services, other agencies providing legal services to juvenile, or paraprofessionals having legitimate association with such agencies;

reviewed, and revised at an IEP meeting at least annually.

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judges and clerks of federal, state and county courts; public officials and their authorized representatives acting in their official capacities; and the communications with clergy of the juvenile's faith.

12. Reintegration Placement. The placement of a juvenile offender receiving independent living and reintegration skills services from the provider. This placement may be with a host family, in a group setting, or in an apartment.

011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. INITIATION OF SERVICES.

Juveniles are committed to the department under the provisions of the Juvenile Corrections Act (Sections 20-501 through 20-549, Idaho Code).

101. WAIVER OR VARIANCE.

Minimum program standards established herein shall apply to all services provided by the provider. Any waiver or variance from the standards stated in these rules must receive prior written approval from the department and must be attached as a formal amendment to the contract.

102. APPLICABILITY.

This chapter applies to providers of reintegration and independent living skills that coordinate needed treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans. Reintegration providers must also abide by IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

103. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. AUTHORITY TO INSPECT.

- **01. Inspections**. The department shall have the authority to conduct reviews of programs, program operations, juvenile offender placements, and facilities to ensure the provider's compliance with these rules. The provider shall cooperate with the department's review, and must provide access to the facility and all juvenile records for juveniles in department custody, as deemed necessary by the department. However, in order to more fully assess the operation of the program, aggregate data and information for all juveniles must be made available. ()
- **02. Site Visit.** If the juvenile offender is living independently, the juvenile services coordinator or designee shall conduct site visits of the residence prior to occupancy.

201. CLOTHING AND PERSONAL ITEMS.

The reintegration provider must ensure that the juvenile offender has sufficient clothing. The provider shall not require the juvenile offender to purchase clothing with the juvenile's personal funds unless the purchase is above and beyond the basic requirements of the provider. Any clothing purchased with the juvenile offender's personal funds must be documented. The provider will ensure the juvenile is provided proper care and cleaning of clothing in the juvenile offender's possession. All clothing and incidentals become the property of the juvenile offender upon release.

202. FOOD SERVICE.

The reintegration provider must ensure that the juvenile has sufficient food at all times. The provider shall not require the juvenile offender to purchase food with the juvenile's personal funds unless the purchase is above and beyond the basic requirements of the provider. Shopping, meal preparation, planning and proper nutrition must be part of the independent living skills.

203. RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

The reintegration provider must ensure that attendance at religious services is voluntary. No juvenile offender shall be required to attend religious services, and no juvenile offender shall be penalized for not attending nor given privileges for certain attendance.

01. Voluntary Practice. All juvenile offenders must be provided the opportunity to voluntarily practice their respective religions in a manner and to the extent that will not compromise the safety, security,

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emotion	al, or phy	ysical well-being of the juvenile offenders in the program or residence.	()
commu	02. nity as lo	Attendance . Juvenile offenders may be permitted to attend religious services of their choicing as community safety is ensured.	ce in the
for those	03. e juvenile	Transportation . The reintegration provider must, when reasonably possible, arrange transpe offenders who desire to take part in religious activities of their choice in the community.	ortation
commu	nity, the	Risk to Community . If the juvenile offender cannot attend religious services in the cons reason to believe he would attempt to escape, or otherwise present a risk to the safety provider must make every reasonable effort to ensure that he has the opportunity to partice of his choice at the program or residence.	y of the
respecti	05. ve faiths.	Visits. Juvenile offenders must be permitted to receive visits from representatives	of their
204.	EMPLO	OYMENT OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS.	
employa opportu must be on the j juvenile progress	able juve nity meet consulte job-site. A coffender s report.	Employment . If juvenile offender employment away from the program site is a part a policy and procedure must provide that program resources and staff time are devoted to mile offenders locate employment. The reintegration provider must ensure that each employed and regulatory requirements for juvenile employment. The juvenile offender's end at least monthly by the provider concerning the juvenile offender's work abilities and perform the provider must make checks on the job-site at least twice monthly to end is working under acceptable conditions, and must document these checks in the juvenile offunder no circumstances should staff or the families of staff benefit financially, or otherwise venile offenders in the program.	helping loyment mployer ormance sure the fender's
be given	n to jobs ing post-r job possi	Employment Opportunities . Every reasonable effort must be made to select employed are consistent with the individual interests of the juvenile offender to be employed. Prefere that are related to prior training, work experience, or institutional training, and may be suit release employment. Reasonable effort must be made to provide a juvenile offender with the lable. Income earned by a juvenile offender must be handled consistent with Subsection 20.	nce will able for highest
205.	PERSO	ONAL FUNDS.	
		Funds Handled by a Provider . The provider will follow generally accepted accounting p sonal funds of juvenile offenders and must be able to demonstrate appropriate measures of lated to the juvenile's personal funds.	
plan, fo expense		The provider must establish a written budget for a juvenile, as part of the service implement of the juvenile offender's personal funds. There must be a specific allocation for daily into	
(100) do	b. ollars, the	If the amount of personal funds maintained for the juvenile offender does not exceed one le provider may secure the funds locally if the following conditions are met:	hundred (
safe that	i. t is perma	The juvenile offender's personal funds are kept in a fire resistant combination or digital loanently affixed to the floor or wall, or weighs at least 200 (two-hundred) pounds.	ck-style
another.	ii.	The provider has a process to clearly separate each juvenile offender's personal funds fr	rom one
	iii.	Access to juvenile offender personal funds is limited to the Program Director or designee.	()
	c.	The provider must ensure that the juvenile offender saves at least thirty percent (30%) of income	come to

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e. All withdrawals by a juvenile offender, or expenditures made on behalf of a juvenile offender by the provider, must be documented, signed, and dated by the juvenile offender. This documentation must be reconciled to the juvenile offender's ledger monthly.

f. The provider must develop written procedures governing any limits to the amount of funds a juvenile offender may withdrawal from their personal funds.

()

g. The provider shall not require juvenile offenders, parents, or guardians to pay for services and supplies that are to be provided by the reintegration provider.

()

h. There must be no commingling of juvenile personal funds with provider funds. Borrowing or moving funds between juvenile personal accounts is prohibited.

()

02. Reporting Requirements. A personal funds report must be submitted monthly to the juvenile services coordinator. The report must show a list of all juvenile offender account balances. The personal fund account is subject to review and audit by the department or its representatives at any time. Any discrepancies in juvenile offender accounts must be resolved by the reintegration provider within five (5) business days of completion of the

provider must assist the juvenile offender in opening an account in the juvenile's name at a public banking institution.

Upon the juvenile offender's personal funds exceeding one hundred (100) dollars, the reintegration

Transfer of Personal Funds. If a juvenile offender is transferred to another program, the balance

be used at program completion for purchasing the resources for independent living and employment.

206. COMMUNITY SERVICE AND RESTITUTION.

review.

03.

final progress report.

O1. Community Service. Juvenile offenders may have court-ordered community service hours. The reintegration provider must obtain prior approval from the juvenile probation officer to complete any court-ordered community service hours while at the reintegration provider. The reintegration provider shall be responsible for documenting approved community service hours and reporting the accumulation of completed hours in the juvenile offender's progress report.

of the juvenile offender's locally secured funds must be given or mailed to the department's fiscal services within ten (10) business days and documented on the Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department, and on the

- **O2. Court Ordered Restitution.** The provider must create a plan for the juvenile offender to submit a portion of a juvenile offender's personal funds or earned income for the payment of restitution as described in this section. The provider must work with the juvenile probation officer and juvenile services coordinator to determine the amount of restitution owed. When juvenile personal funds are available the provider will assist the juvenile offender in submitting payment to the county until the restitution amount is satisfied. Documentation of the payment must be provided to the juvenile services coordinator.
- **03. Restitution for Program Damages**. Monetary restitution may only be sought through a court order when a juvenile offender has damaged or destroyed property, or has caused or attempted to cause injury to other juvenile offenders or staff. Restitution for damages at the program will not be paid to the exclusion of court ordered restitution. The reintegration provider must not access the juvenile offender's personal funds for program damages. Restitution for damages must begin with a plan for repair by the juvenile offender.

207. JUVENILE OFFENDER MAIL.

01. Restrictions. Juvenile offenders must be allowed to send and receive letters from approved persons, which may include persons in other programs or institutions, unless specifically prohibited by the department or by court order. All other restrictions of mail must be discussed with the community treatment team, approved in writing by the juvenile services coordinator, and documented in the juvenile offender's service

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implementation plan. There must be no general restrictions on the number of letters written, the length of any letter, or the language in which a letter may be written. Juvenile offenders will be provided with sufficient stationery, envelopes, and postage for all legal and official correspondence.

- **02. Reading of Letters.** Routine reading of letters by staff is prohibited. The department or court may determine that reading of a juvenile offender's mail is in the best interest of the juvenile offender, and is necessary to maintain security, order or program integrity. However, such reading of mail must be documented and unless court ordered, must be specifically justified and approved by the juvenile services coordinator.
 - **O3.** Privileged Mail. Under no circumstances shall a juvenile offender's privileged mail be read.(
- **Packages**. Packages may be inspected for contraband but only in the presence of the juvenile offender.
- **05. Publications**. Books, magazines, newspapers and printed matter which may be legally sent to juvenile offenders through the postal system may be approved by the reintegration provider, unless deemed to constitute a threat to the security, integrity, or order of the programs.
- **06. Distribution of Mail**. The collection and distribution of mail must never be delegated to a juvenile offender. Staff must deliver mail within twenty-four (24) hours, excluding weekends and holidays, to the juvenile offender to whom it is addressed unless the juvenile is living independently.

208. VISITATION

- **01. Visitation Policy**. The provider must develop a written policy governing visitation which protects the safety of visitors, staff, and juvenile offenders. This policy may restrict visitation to the residence of visitors below an established age or provide for higher levels of supervision in circumstances where safety of visitors, staff, and juvenile offenders may be at risk. The provider must provide a copy of the visitation policy to each juvenile offender, his parent or guardian, and the juvenile services coordinator. In all cases, the provider will work with the juvenile services coordinator and juvenile probation officer to identify and approve potential visitors in accordance with the provider's criteria.
- **O2. Visitor Admission**. If there is reason to believe a visitor is under the influence of alcohol or drugs or possesses illegal contraband, admission into the residence shall be denied. Visitors who bring in items that are unauthorized, but not illegal, must either be denied admission into the program or residence or have these items taken and locked in an area inaccessible to the juvenile offenders during the visit. These items will be returned to the visitors upon their exit from the program or residence. All visitors denied access to the program or residence, and the reason for their denial, must be documented.

209. -- 219. (RESERVED)

220. SEARCHES FOR CONTRABAND.

- **O1. Searches of Personal Items.** Routine searches of personal items being introduced into the program or residence may be conducted by staff prior to the juvenile offender taking possession of their property, or when the juvenile offender is returning to the program or residence from an individual community pass. Search of a juvenile offender's belongings or residence may be done at any time and must be minimally intrusive. ()
- **O2. Policies and Procedures Governing Consequences**. The reintegration provider must have written policies and procedures establishing the consequences for juvenile offenders found with contraband.

03. Clothed Body Searches.

a. Clothed body searches of juvenile offenders may be conducted whenever the reintegration provider believes it is necessary to discourage the introduction of contraband into the facility, or to promote the safety of staff, juvenile offenders, and visitors. A clothed body search may be used when a juvenile offender is returning from a visit, outside appointment, or activity.

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- **b.** Clothed body searches must be conducted in the manner described in the rules of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare under IDAPA 16.06.02, "Standards for Child Care Licensing." Clothed body searches of juvenile offenders will be conducted by staff of the same gender as the juvenile offender. Clothed body searches will be conducted using a pat down search outside the juvenile's clothing on each quadrant.
- **04. Unclothed Body Searches**. Unclothed body searches of juvenile offenders may only be conducted by a medical health professional and with prior written authorization from the program director or designee. Unclothed body searches must be based upon a reasonable belief that the juvenile is concealing contraband or signs of abuse. Immediately after conducting an unclothed body search the provider must notify the department's regional superintendent and the Quality Improvement Services Bureau. The provider must complete an incident report according to the requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."
- **05. Body Cavity Searches**. Body cavity searches of juvenile offenders may only be conducted by a medical health professional and with prior written authorization from the program director or designee. Body cavity searches of juveniles will not be performed by staff, interns, or volunteers under any circumstances. Looking into a juvenile's mouth, ears, or nose does not constitute a body cavity search. Body cavity searches must be based upon a reasonable belief that the juvenile is concealing contraband. Immediately after conducting a body cavity search the provider must notify the department's regional superintendent and the Quality Improvement Services Bureau. The provider must complete an incident report according to the requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."
- **O6. Documentation of Searches**. All searches must be documented in terms of reason for the search, who conducted the search, what areas were searched, and what type of contraband was found, if any. If a search yields contraband, the juvenile services coordinator must be notified and it shall be reported according to the requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." If necessary, the appropriate law enforcement agency should be notified.
- **O7. Contraband Disposal.** All contraband found in the possession of juvenile offenders, visitors, or staff must be confiscated by staff and secured under lock and key in an area inaccessible to juvenile offenders. Local law enforcement must be notified in the event illegal drugs, paraphernalia, or weapons are found. It shall be the responsibility of the program director, in consultation with the department, to dispose of all contraband not confiscated by police.

221. -- 229. (RESERVED)

230. PROGRAMMING.

01. Basic Program Requirements. Reintegration providers must provide opportunities and services for juvenile offenders to improve their educational and vocational competence, to effectively address underlying behavior problems, and to prepare them for responsible lives in the community. Programs provided must be gender equitable, gender specific, and culturally competent. The ultimate treatment goal for juvenile offenders involved in these programs is the successful return of juvenile offenders to the community without committing further crimes.

02. General Requirements.

- **a.** Providers must provide or coordinate a range of program services specifically designed to address the characteristics of the target population identified in the comprehensive program description and in the admission policy.
- **b.** Programs that serve a special needs population, such as developmentally delayed or seriously emotionally disturbed juvenile offenders, must be able to demonstrate that the program services offered address the needs of the population served by the reintegration provider.
- **c.** Programs providing reintegration services for individual juvenile offenders must target behaviors, needs, or circumstances stated in their final progress report from the sending facility or program. These services must

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g. Handling personal finances, and issues such as leases, contracts, cell phone usage and agreements, insurance, banking and credit management with some support and intervention;

Use of community resources, such as identifying medical and mental health providers;

Housekeeping;

Use of recreation and leisure time;

d.

f.

	ARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Do eintegration Providers	cket No. 05-0203-1401 - New Ch Proposed Rulem		
h.	Use of public transportation, where available;		()
i.	Budgeting and shopping;		()
j.	Cooking;		()
у. k.	Punctuality, attendance and other employment-related n	natters:	()
l.	Vocational planning and job finding skills;	interes,	()
m.	Wears clothing appropriate for the weather and activity;		()
n.	Takes own medication, as prescribed;		()
0.	Obtains and produces identification, as needed; and		()
	Travels to and from necessary destinations.	· ·	(
p. 232. CAS	E MANAGEMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.	·	()
related to doc substantiated be higher level or incident which on the prograddress the sp	offender's progress or lack of progress through these level cumented behavior. Recommendations for release from copy a documented pattern of behavioral change over a period f custody must be substantiated by a documented lack of progress threatens the safety of others or the stability of the overall service Implementation Plan. Within ten (10) business am, a written service implementation plan must be developed to goals identified in the most recent progress report and the contribution plan must be developed to the contribution to the contribution to the contribution to the con	department custody or transfer shot of time. Recommendations for transfer ogress over time, or by a serious or program. It is days of the juvenile offender's admoded. The service implementation plan reintegration plan from the sending f	uld b fer to viole (nissic n mu	be nt) on
02. possible, the f	Juvenile Offender and Family Involvement. Each jumily should be involved in developing the service implest course of commitment.	uvenile offender and, to the fullest	at pla	
community tr	Service Implementation Plan Adjustments. The servicement with the concurrence of the juvenile services cooreatment team. Specifically, the service implementation proposes are achieved, and as plans for reintegration are finalized.	dinator following communication w lan should be adjusted as new nee	ith theds ar	he
	Participation in the Progress Assessment/Reclassificates coordinator to provide input necessary for periodic reasson k level. In all cases, the provider must participate to the full	essments of the juvenile offender's pr	rogres	
05. progress towa	Progress Notes. Bi-weekly progress notes must be rd completing the service implementation plan and submitted			.'s)
The progress required for a	Progress Report. A written progress report must be sulfinees at least every month, and must include current bank report should focus on areas of positive change in behavious successful program completion (progress in community). Areas of need that were included in the service implementation.	statements and reconciled monthly be for and attitudes, as well as on the protection, competency development	oudge factor nt, an	et. rs nd

guardian in treatment.

232.01 of these rules should also be referenced in the progress report. Each progress report should also note any changes or further development of the reintegration plan and should detail the level of involvement of the parent or

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developing the community. The	Relapse Prevention Plan. The reintegration provider shall receive a working copy of the se prevention plan from the department. The provider must work with the juvenile to relapse prevention plan form provided as the juvenile experiences increased exposure reintegration provider must send the relapse prevention plan to the juvenile services coordinates to the juvenile offender's release from department custody.	contin	ue he
	Final Progress Report . A final progress report must be submitted to the juvenile any designees no earlier than ten (10) calendar days prior to the juvenile offender's are program, and no later than the date of release. This recommendation must include:		
a.	A current summary of the juvenile offender's progress;	()
b.	A summary of the efforts to reach the juvenile offender's goals and objectives, including ed	lucatio (n;)
c.	Any unresolved goals or objectives;	()
d.	Recommendation for continuing services, including education, in the home community; and	nd()
e.	The current address of the juvenile.	()
services coordinate to the juvenile pr	Report Distribution . Copies of the service implementation plan, progress reports, and final progress report must be distributed by the provider to the juvenile offender and the ator and any designees. The juvenile services coordinator will review and forward the progre robation officer, appropriate court, and parent or guardian, unless the juvenile offender's far form treatment by the juvenile services coordinator and the respective clinical supervisor far reason.	juveni ss repo mily h	ile ort as
Any pass involvi a sexual victim in for the visit, transervices coordin provider must n	Ing an overnight stay away from the program or residence, or involving special circumstances in the home, requires a written plan detailing supervision and safety measures to be taken, an asportation plan, and must be approved in writing five (5) business days in advance by the ator. Each time a juvenile offender leaves on and returns from an overnight community potify the juvenile correctional center in Nampa of this movement, promptly at the time in leaves and at the time he returns.	itinera juveni pass, t	ry ile he
signed by parent department's pas	Potential Risk to Public Safety . If the pass is to the home of a parent or guardian, reint provide parents or guardians with clearly written guidelines for approved passes, which is or guardians indicating their understanding and willingness to comply with those guidelines form may be used for this purpose. If the department's form is not used, the form signed and ual assuming responsibility for supervision must contain at least the following information:	must nes. T	be he
a.	The juvenile offender's name and date of birth;	()
b.	The name, address and telephone number of the individual assuming responsibility;	()
c. of return;	Authorized days, dates and times for the pass, including the specific date and time of depart	rture a	nd)
d. expected to be in	A complete listing of the anticipated locations and activities in which the juvenile off avolved;	ender (is)
e.	Specific plans for supervision and telephone checks to verify compliance with the pass con-	dition (s;)
f.	A complete listing of the activities required during the pass;	()

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	g.	Specific stipulations prohibiting:	()
	i.	The use of alcohol and drugs;	()
illegal b	ii. ehavior;	Involvement in any illegal activity, or association with others who may be or have been involvement in any illegal activity, or association with others who may be or have been involved.	olved i	in)
	iii.	Participation in sexual relations of any kind;	()
	iv.	Possession of any kind of firearm or weapon;	()
	v.	Any violation of the terms of probation; and	()
violatio	h. n of any o	Specific stipulations about search and drug testing upon return, and the possible consequent of the terms of the pass agreement.	nces fo	or)
reintegra	02. ation plar	Frequency . Frequency of passes must be consistent with the terms of the juvenile off and reintegration provider's contract with the department.	ender ('s)
		Documentation . Documentation of the exact date and time of the juvenile offender's den for a pass, and his return, must be maintained along with complete information about the inclustody, transportation, and supervision during the pass.	epartu lividu (re al)
234.	ACTIV	ITIES.		
coordina rappellia	ator and	Recreational Activities . A pass authorizing the participation of juvenile offenders in work activities with an increased risk or overnight trips must be signed by the juvenile juvenile probation officer prior to the activity. Any proposed activity that involves belimbing, or higher risk activity must also have the prior approval, in writing, of the departendent.	service ooatin	es g,
	02.	Staff Requirements for Group Activities.	()
CPR mu	a. ust accom	A basic first aid kit will be taken with the group. At least one (1) person certified in first apany the group.	aid ar	ıd)
rescue a	b. and water ear an app	Swimming, boating, or rafting will only be allowed when a staff in attendance has certificated as safety or if a lifeguard is on duty. All juvenile offenders involved in boating or rafting accrowed personal flotation device.		
		A staff to juvenile offender ratio of one to six (1:6) will be adhered to as a minimum unless tire more staff. The risk level of the activity, as well as any physical disabilities, higher mental deficiencies are some reasons to consider additional staff.		
voluntee the plan		All participants will be recorded in the activity plan and identified as program clients, sendividual staff or volunteer satisfying the above first aid and CPR requirements must be identified.		
voluntee	e. ers, or int	There will be no consumption of alcoholic beverages or illicit drugs by juvenile offender erns.	rs, staf (f,)
		Consent Forms . Recreational activities identified as presenting a higher risk require prior dance with Subsection 234.01 of these rules. Each juvenile offender must have prior written tent's regional superintendent. Consent must include:		
	a.	Permission for the juvenile offender's participation;	()

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b.	Acknowledgement of planned activities; and	()
с.	Permission for the provider to seek or administer necessary medical atte	ention in an emergency.)
negative events the juvenile ser for Residential	Activity Reports. At the conclusion of each overnight or high risk redocument in the juvenile offender's file and include in the progress report that transpired while the juvenile offender was on pass. Any unusual occuvices coordinator and documented on an incident report as identified in II. Treatment Providers." A drug screening urinalysis may be conducted expense of the provider, and the results of that exam reported to the juveni	any significant positive rrences must be reported APA 05.02.01.241, "Ruon each returning juver	e or d to iles
When a reinter administrator n	OF-STATE TRAVEL. Igration provider is planning an out-of-state trip for any of its juver nust obtain prior written authorization from the regional clinical supervisor ion and approval is as follows:		
01. writing fourtee	Notification . The residential treatment provider must notify the juver in (14) business days in advance of the scheduled trip with the following:	nile services coordinator (: in
a.	Dates of the scheduled trip;	()
b.	Location of the trip;	()
c.	Purpose of the trip;	()
d.	Transportation arrangements;	()
e. phone number)	Where the juvenile offender will be staying if overnight accommodation; and	as are required (address a	and)
f.	Who is going, such as juvenile offender, and name and position of staff.	()
02.	Prior Approval . The provider must obtain all necessary approvals prior	to authorizing travel. ()
03. requires a trave	Interstate Compact for Juveniles . Any out-of-state travel for more to permit and compliance with the Interstate Compact for Juveniles.	han twenty-four (24) ho	urs)
Drug screens is approval of the	A SCREENS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS. In any be done randomly or on an as needed basis at the reintegration proprovider's program director. A record must be kept of all drug screens a mediately be reported to the juvenile services coordinator.		

237. PLANNING FOR RELEASE OR TRANSFER.

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- **01. Reintegration Staffing**. The juvenile services coordinator shall convene a reintegration staffing which will include the juvenile offender's probation officer, the provider, the juvenile offender's parent or guardian if applicable, and the juvenile offender. At a minimum, the reintegration staffing must consider and, to the extent possible, solidify plans to address any ongoing medical or mental health, substance abuse, social skills, education, vocation, independent living, and other special needs. Based upon the results of that staffing, the department will make the final decision regarding transfer or release from department custody.
- **O2.** Check-Out Procedures. Prior to the release from department custody or transfer, the reintegration provider must have completed a Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department. The form must be dated, signed by the juvenile offender, and forwarded to the juvenile services coordinator and any designees on the

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actual date that	the juvenile offender leaves the program.	()
a. the juvenile.	If releasing, the provider must provide the juvenile offender's Medicaid card and all med	ications to
b. to the individua	If transferring, the provider must provide the juvenile offender's Medicaid card and all mal or agency authorized to transport the juvenile offender.	edications
c. any available de	Within two (2) business days after a juvenile offender leaves the program, the provider ental or medical records to the privacy officer at the juvenile correctional center in Nampa.	must send
correctional ce education repor	Within two (2) business days after a juvenile offender leaves the program, the provider me the juvenile offender's total academic hours, credits, and associated grades directly to the enter in Nampa. The provider must maintain adequate documentation to support the transition of these records is critical to assist the transition of the juvenile offender cility. The education files must be mailed within two (2) business days of the juvenile	e juvenile submitted to another
03.	Termination Prior to Completion.	()
supervisor and, consider the cir provider to avo solving. The d	When a provider believes a juvenile offender is at risk for transfer prior to program composes coordinator must be notified as far in advance as possible so that a staffing with the region if necessary, the department's regional superintendent, may be held. The purpose of this statement which may require the transfer, and to make every effort to address the concernite the necessity of making another placement. The provider must document these efforts a department will make a decision about transfer based upon the results of this staffing read upon with the provider. The provider can request transfer of a juvenile offen mustances:	nal clinical affing is to as with the at problem g and any
i.	A pattern of documented behavior clearly indicating a lack of progress; or	()
ii. of individuals o	Commission of one (1) or more serious or violent incidents that jeopardize the safety and or the program.	nd security
b. shall remove the	In matters involving life, health, and safety of any juvenile in department custody, the de juvenile offender immediately.	lepartmen
	A final progress report must include, at a minimum, a report on progress or lack of progentation plan areas, and recommendations for follow-up. The report must be forwarded to the nator within twenty-four (24) hours of release from department custody or transfer prior to	ne juvenile
238 249.	(RESERVED)	

250. EDUCATION SERVICES.

O1. Appropriate Services. The provider must ensure that each juvenile offender is given appropriate educational and vocational services that are consistent with the juvenile offender's abilities and needs, taking into consideration age, level of functioning, and any educational requirements specified by state or federal law. Providers must assure that educational services provided as a part of an overall program play an integral part in the process of reclaiming juvenile offenders to responsible roles in society. Educational services must strive to facilitate positive behavior change by helping juvenile offenders to develop abilities in academic, workplace, and technological areas; to restructure harmful or limiting cognitive patterns; and, to adopt appropriate social interactions skills. Educational services provided by providers must use whatever combination of approaches and motivations that will best facilitate the learning process in conjunction with the service implementation plan. All educational services provided must meet all mandates of the Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section

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504).

Mandatory Enrollment. Providers must ensure that all juvenile offenders involved in their programs who are of mandatory school age in the applicable state, or who have not yet obtained a General Educational Development (GED) or high school diploma, are enrolled in a school system or in a program approved and certified by the applicable state's Department of Education to provide both special education and other services. For those who have obtained a GED or high school diploma, an appropriate educational and vocational service must be provided in accordance with the service implementation plan.

251. -- 259. (RESERVED)

260. PROVISION OF MEDICAL SERVICES.

- **01. Medical Care**. Each juvenile offender must be provided with medical, dental, optical, mental health, emergency or any other related health services while in the provider's care. Each provider must have access, on a twenty-four (24) hour basis, to a licensed general hospital, clinic or physician, psychiatrist, and dentist to provide juvenile offenders with professional and qualified medical or mental health services, including medications. The provider must coordinate services and assist juvenile offender in interpreting and complying with any follow up care as requested by healthcare provider. Any time a juvenile offender receives treatment under this section or for any health related service, a copy of any medical or dental assessments, treatments, test results, and follow up care must be forwarded to the department's regional R.N.
- **02. Medical Consent**. As part of the admission process, the provider must have a copy of the department's Release of Information and Consent form signed by a juvenile offender over eighteen (18) years of age. The consent form must be filed in the juvenile offender's case file maintained by the provider.
- **O3. Emergency Medical Treatment**. In cases of emergency medical treatment requiring signed authorization for juveniles in the custody of the department, the authorization may be signed by the department's regional R.N. or designee. This does not restrict the provider from taking action in life and death situations. ()
- **Reimbursement Sources.** The provider must utilize private insurance or Medicaid, if available, for funding medical, dental, optical, mental health, or related services, and pharmaceutical products for any juvenile offender. The provider shall not seek reimbursement from private insurance or Medicaid for health services that are the fiscal responsibility of the provider pursuant to its contract with the department. Any health services not listed in these rules, other than emergency treatment, which was not approved in advance by the department's regional R.N. or designee, will be at the expense of the provider.

261. ADMISSION HEALTH SERVICES AND TREATMENT RECORDS.

- **01. Prior Approval**. Prior approval or review from the department's regional R.N. is required for all health services, other than emergency services. Prior approval may be given for up to five (5) routine, pre-scheduled medical appointments.
- **02. Medical Records**. The provider must assist the juvenile offender in organizing medical information, instructions, prescriptions and any necessary follow up papers in a designated medical folder. Any time a juvenile offender receives treatment under this section or for any health related service, the provider must retain the original medical record and shall immediately send a copy to the department's regional R.N.
- **03. Medical Billing.** The direct care provider must submit medical bills directly to the department's regional R.N. that approved the provision of services.

262. PRIVACY OF MEDICAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION.

To the extent the provider has medical information, confidentiality of personal health information of each juvenile offender must be maintained in accordance with the Privacy Regulations promulgated under HIPAA of 1996 or, if more stringent, the laws of the applicable state. Compliance with these regulations is the responsibility of the provider. Staff shall be provided information about a juvenile offender's medical condition only when that knowledge is necessary for the performance of their job duties.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Rules for Reintegration Providers

Docket No. 05-0203-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

01.	Pı	rivacy Of	ficer. The	provide	er mu	st appo	oint a	privacy	officer to	oversee	that	the con	itrol and
maintenance	of all	juvenile	offender	health	and n	nedical	recor	ds is i	n complian	ce with	the	federal	Privacy
Regulations,	45 Cod	le of Fede	ral Regula	tions Sec	ctions	160 an	d 164.		•				(

02.	Separate	Record	ls. All j	uvenile c	offende	er me	edical and h	ealth	records	must be	kept	in files	that are
physically sep	parated from	other ju	ıvenile	offender	files	and	information	, and	under	a system	ı of	security	against
unauthorized a	access.												()

263. NOTIFICATION OF CRITICAL HEALTH INCIDENTS.

The provider must immediately report critical medical and mental health incidents according to IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

264. INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

- **Policies**. The provider must establish policies and procedures for serving juvenile offenders with infectious diseases such as tuberculosis, hepatitis, and HIV or AIDS. These policies and procedures should address the management of infectious diseases, provide an orientation for new staff and juvenile offenders concerning the diseases, and ongoing education for staff and juvenile offenders regarding these diseases. Policies and procedures should be updated as new information becomes available. Individual health information or counseling will be made available by a medical health professional for juvenile offenders diagnosed with an infectious disease.
- **O2. HIV Testing.** In accordance with law, a juvenile offender over age fourteen (14) may request that he be tested for the presence of HIV. Any such juvenile offender requesting to be tested should be taken to a public health facility or, if available, a facility which accepts Medicaid reimbursement for administration of the test. ()
- **03. Examinations**. Examinations must be performed on any juvenile offender by medical professionals for all symptomatic cases of communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, ova and parasites, infectious hepatitis, and sexually transmitted diseases. Juvenile offenders will be tested and, if indicated, treated.
- **04. Notifications.** The provider must notify the department's regional R.N. within three (3) business days of any positive test results, treatment recommendations, and follow up care.

265. PREGNANCY.

- **01. Individual Medical Plan.** Within the individual medical plan, specific goals and objectives will be developed when a pregnancy has been diagnosed. The plan must be based on the orders of the juvenile offender's licensed healthcare provider and must include special care, location for delivery, regular medical check-ups, and special dietary and recreational needs. A copy of the individual medical plan will be sent to the department's regional R.N.
- **O2.** Parenting Classes. Parenting classes must be an integral part of the individual medical plan for all pregnant female juvenile offenders. This service should also be offered as a priority to male juvenile offenders in department custody who are already fathers or whose spouse or girlfriend is expecting a child.
- **03. Medicaid Reimbursement**. Medical services relating to pregnancy must be provided by a licensed healthcare provider and facility accepting Medicaid reimbursement, unless medical expenses are paid by the juvenile offender's family.
- **04. Infant Care**. When an infant is delivered and the mother continues in department custody, the infant must be placed with an appropriate family member or in the temporary care of the Family and Children Services Division of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, subject to any necessary court approval. At no time shall the infant remain in the provider's facility.

266. REFUSAL OF TREATMENT.

Refusal of medications or treatment recommended by a physician for three (3) days requires immediate notification to the department's regional R.N. according to IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Rules for Reintegration Providers

Docket No. 05-0203-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

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		Refusal of Recommended Treatment by Physician . If a juvenile offender chooses to lication recommended by a physician, the juvenile offender must sign a detailed statement refusal form must be sent from the direct care service provider to the regional R.N.	
	l for the	Where Refusal Poses Significant Risk. If a juvenile offender refuses a treatment or medhich poses a significant risk of death or permanent physical impairment, the provider must immediate administration of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with statement or medication.	ssue its
juvenile	vider mu offender	F MEDICATIONS. ast have written policies and procedures governing the use and administration of medical states. Policies must conform to all applicable laws and regulations including, but not limited to, the ment of Health and Welfare.	
		Medication Management Upon Arrival . If the juvenile offender is taking medicativider must schedule an initial medication management appointment for the juvenile offender days of arrival into the program.	
notified.	02. Notifica	Notification . If initiating or modifying any medication, the department's regional R.N. n tion must include the following:	nust be
	a.	The name of the prescribed medication;	(
and	b.	The name and phone number of the prescribing doctor, nurse practitioner, or physician's as	sistant (
	c.	The reason the medication is being prescribed.	(
kept unl	ovider mu ocked. A	AID KITS. ust maintain first aid kits. Basic first aid kits that do not include medications or sharp tools any complete first aid kit with medications, wound rinses, scissors, tweezers, or other such and placed in areas of the program readily accessible to staff.	
269 9	99.	(RESERVED)	

IDAPA 05 - IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS

05.02.04 - RULES FOR SUPPORTED LIVING PROVIDERS DOCKET NO. 05-0204-1401 (NEW CHAPTER) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 20-504(3) and 20-504(12), Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 17, 2014.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

05.02.04, "Rules for Supported Living Providers." This chapter will contain additional rules that are only applicable to these specific providers. Changes include: additional requirements relating to the Department of Justice PREA Standards and providing clarification in areas of past misinterpretation.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking:

No fiscal impact on the General Fund.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 2, 2014 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 14-7**, page 32.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: Not applicable.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Jessica Moncada, (208) 334-5100 x. 410.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 24, 2014.

DATED this 7th Day of August, 2014.

Sharon Harrigfeld, Director Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections 954 W. Jefferson PO Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0285

Phone: (208) 334-5100 FAX: (208) 334-5120

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 05-0204-1401

IDAPA 05 TITLE 02 CHAPTER 04

05.02.04 - RULES FOR SUPPORTED LIVING PROVIDERS

000.	LEGAL AUTHORITY	
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	h minimum	20-504(10), Ida standards for the services to juvenil	e operations of	all private res	idential and			
Idaho Code,	thority to acas are deem	20-504(12), Ida lopt such adminis ed necessary or a Juvenile Correcti	trative rules pu ppropriate for t	rsuant to the pro	cedures prov	ided in Chapt	er 52, Title	e 67,

03. Interstate Compact on Juveniles. By the provisions of Sections 16-1901, et seq., Idaho Code, the "Interstate Compact on Juveniles," the department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **01. Title**. These rules shall be cited as IDAPA 05.02.04, "Rules for Supported Living Providers," IDAPA 05, Title 02, Chapter 04.
- **O2. Scope**. These rules are established to ensure that the juvenile corrections system in Idaho will be consistently based on the following principles: accountability; community protection; and competency development. These rules apply to providers of supported living that coordinate needed treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans.

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

In accordance with Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, this agency has written statements which pertain to the interpretations of these rules. The document is available for public inspection and copying at cost at the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285.

003. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS.

This chapter does not provide for appeal of the administrative requirements for providers.

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

There are no documents incorporated by reference into these rules.

005. OFFICE -- OFFICE HOURS -- MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections is located at 954 W. Jefferson St., Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. Business hours are typically 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Mail regarding the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections' rules should be directed to 954 W. Jefferson St., P.O. Box 83720, Boise, Idaho 83720-0285. The telephone number of the office is (208) 334-5100 and the telecommunications relay service of the office is 1 (800) 377-1363 or 711. The facsimile number of the office is (208) 334-5120.

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Docket No. 05-0204-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

006. PUBLIC RECORDS ACT COMPLIANCE.

The records associated with the providers are juvenile records of the Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections, and are subject to the Idaho Public Records Act, Title 9, Chapter 3, Idaho Code.

008. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

- **O1.** Education Plan. A written plan for general education students outlining the coursework they will complete each year towards meeting the Idaho Common Core Standards recommended coursework for their grade level based on assessed academic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. Students qualifying for Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) services will have an Individual Education Plan (IEP) in lieu of an education plan.
- **02. General Education Student**. A student who does not qualify for special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).
- **03. Health Services**. Including, but not limited to, routine and emergency medical, dental, optical, obstetrics, mental health, or other related health service.
- **04. Independent Living Services**. Services that increase a juvenile offender's ability to achieve independence in the community.
- **05. Individual Community Pass.** Any instance in which a juvenile offender leaves the residential treatment provider's facility for a planned activity, without direct supervision by at least one (1) residential treatment provider or department staff. Regular school or work attendance, regular participation in off-site treatment sessions or groups and other regular off-site activities specifically included in the service implementation plan or written reintegration plan and approved by the juvenile services coordinator are not included in this definition. Individual community passes include, but are not limited to:
 - **a.** Day passes alone or with family or other, approved individuals; ()
 - **b.** Day or overnight home visits; ()
 - **c.** Recreational activities not otherwise approved as a part of a group activity; and ()
 - **d.** Funeral leave. ()
- **06. Individual Education Plan (IEP)**. A written document (developed collaboratively by parents and school personnel) which outlines the special education program for a student with a disability and is based on assessed academic, emotional, developmental and behavioral needs, and competencies. This document is developed, reviewed, and revised at an IEP meeting at least annually.
- **07. Medical Health Professional**. An individual who meets the applicable state's criteria as a licensed LPN, RN, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, physician or the equivalent.
- **08. Privileged Mail**. Mail between the juvenile offender and their attorneys, legal aid services, other agencies providing legal services to juvenile, or paraprofessionals having legitimate association with such agencies; judges and clerks of federal, state and county courts; public officials and their authorized representatives acting in their official capacities; and the communications with clergy of the juvenile's faith.

011. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. INITIATION OF SERVICES.

Juveniles are committed to the department under the provisions of the Juvenile Corrections Act (Sections 20-501 through 20-549, Idaho Code).

Docket No. 05-0204-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking

101. WAIVER OR VARIANCE.

Minimum program standards established herein shall apply to all services provided by the provider. Any waiver or variance from the standards stated in these rules must receive prior written approval from the department and must be attached as a formal amendment to the contract.

102. APPLICABILITY.

This chapter applies to providers of supported living that coordinate needed treatment services identified in individual service implementation plans. Supported living providers must also abide by IDAPA 05.02.01, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

103. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. AUTHORITY TO INSPECT.

- **01. Inspections**. The department shall have the authority to conduct reviews of programs, program operations, juvenile offender placements, and facilities to ensure the provider's compliance with these rules. The provider shall cooperate with the department's review, and must provide access to the residence and all juvenile records for juveniles in department custody, as deemed necessary by the department. However, in order to more fully assess the operation of the program, aggregate data and information for all juveniles must be made available. ()
- **02. Site Visit.** A juvenile services coordinator or designee shall conduct a site visit of the residence prior to occupancy by the juvenile offender.

201. CLOTHING AND PERSONAL ITEMS.

The supported living provider must ensure that the juvenile offender has sufficient clothing. The provider shall not require the juvenile offender to purchase clothing with the juvenile's personal funds unless the purchase is above and beyond the basic requirements of the provider. Any clothing purchased with the juvenile offender's personal funds must be documented. The provider will ensure the juvenile is provided proper care and cleaning of clothing in the juvenile offender's possession. All clothing and incidentals become the property of the juvenile offender upon release.

202. FOOD SERVICE.

The supported living provider must ensure that the juvenile has sufficient food at all times. The provider shall not require the juvenile offender to purchase food with the juvenile's personal funds unless the purchase is above and beyond the basic requirements of the provider. Shopping, meal preparation, planning and proper nutrition must be part of the independent living skills.

203. RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

The provider must ensure that attendance at religious services is voluntary. No juvenile offender shall be required to attend religious services, and no juvenile offender shall be penalized for not attending nor given privileges for certain attendance.

- **01. Voluntary Practice**. All juvenile offenders must be provided the opportunity to voluntarily practice their respective religions in a manner and to the extent that will not compromise the safety, security, emotional, or physical well-being of the juvenile offenders in the residence.
- **02. Attendance.** Juvenile offenders must be permitted to attend religious services of their choice in the community as long as community safety is ensured.
- **03. Transportation**. The provider must, when reasonably possible, arrange transportation for those juvenile offenders who desire to take part in religious activities of their choice in the community. ()
- **04. Visits**. Juvenile offenders must be permitted to receive visits from representatives of their respective faiths.

204. EMPLOYMENT OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

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- **O1. Employment.** If juvenile offender employment away from the program site is a part of the program, written policy and procedure must provide that program resources and staff time are devoted to helping employable juvenile offenders locate employment. The supported living provider must ensure that each employment opportunity meets all legal and regulatory requirements for juvenile employment. The juvenile offender's employer must be consulted at least monthly by the provider concerning the juvenile offender's work abilities and performance on the job-site. Additionally, the provider must make checks on the job-site at twice least monthly to ensure the juvenile offender is working under acceptable conditions, and must document these checks in the juvenile offender's monthly progress report. Under no circumstances should staff or the families of staff benefit financially, or otherwise, from work done by juvenile offenders in the program. Providers must make every reasonable effort to assure that each juvenile offender's transportation to and from a job-site is safe.
- **O2. Employment Opportunities**. Every reasonable effort must be made to select employment opportunities that are consistent with the individual interests of the juvenile offender to be employed. Preference will be given to jobs that are related to prior training, work experience, or institutional training, and may be suitable for continuing post-release employment. Reasonable effort must be made to provide a juvenile offender with the highest paying job possible. Income earned by a juvenile offender must be handled consistent with Subsection 205.04 of these rules.

205. PERSONAL FUNDS.

- **01. Funds Handled by a Provider**. The provider will follow generally accepted accounting practices in managing personal funds of juvenile offenders and must be able to demonstrate appropriate measures of internal fiscal controls related to the juvenile's personal funds.
- a. The provider shall be required to deposit all personal funds collected for the juvenile offender in a public banking institution in an account in the juvenile's name. The provider must maintain a reconciled ledger showing each juvenile offender's deposits and withdrawals within the juvenile's account and copies of current bank statements.
- **b.** All withdrawals by a juvenile offender, or expenditures made on behalf of a juvenile offender by the provider, must be documented and reconciled to the juvenile offender's ledger monthly.
- **c.** The provider must develop written procedures governing any limits to the amount of funds a juvenile offender may withdrawal from their personal funds.
- **d.** The provider must not require juvenile offenders, parents, or guardians to pay for services and supplies that are to be provided by the supported living provider.
- **e.** There can be no commingling of juvenile personal funds with provider funds. Borrowing or moving funds between juvenile personal accounts is prohibited.
- **Personal Funds Reporting Requirements**. A personal funds report must be submitted monthly to the juvenile services coordinator. The report must show a list of all juvenile offender account balances. The personal fund account is subject to review and audit by the department or its representatives at any time. Any discrepancies in juvenile offender accounts must be resolved by the supported living provider within five (5) business days of completion of the review.

03. Juvenile Offenders with Earned Income.

- **a.** The supported living provider is responsible for maintaining and accounting for any money earned by a juvenile offender. The provider must establish a written budget for a juvenile, as part of the service implementation plan, for the juvenile offender's use of these funds. There must be a plan for the priority use of the juvenile offender's earned income to pay court ordered restitution and a specific allocation for daily incidental expenses.
- **b.** The provider must ensure that the juvenile offender save at least thirty percent (30%) of income to be deposited into the juvenile's personal funds account. The budget must specify the purpose for which the funds

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saved will be used for any unplanned expenses. (

O4. Transfer of Personal Funds. If a juvenile offender is transferred to another program, the balance of the juvenile offender's funds must be given or mailed to the department's fiscal services within ten (10) business days and documented on the Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department, and on the final progress report.

206. COMMUNITY SERVICE AND RESTITUTION.

- **O1. Community Service.** Juvenile offenders may have court-ordered community service hours. The supported living provider must obtain prior approval from the juvenile probation officer to complete any court-ordered community service hours while at the supported living provider. The provider shall be responsible for documenting approved community service hours and reporting the accumulation of completed hours in the juvenile offender's progress report.
- **O2. Court Ordered Restitution.** The provider must create a plan for the juvenile offender to submit a portion of a juvenile offender's personal funds or earned income for the payment of restitution as described in this section. The provider must work with the juvenile probation officer and juvenile services coordinator to determine the amount of restitution owed. When juvenile personal funds are available the provider will submit payment to the county until the restitution amount is satisfied. Documentation of the payment must be provided to the juvenile services coordinator.
- **03. Restitution for Program Damages**. Monetary restitution may only be sought through a court order when a juvenile offender has damaged or destroyed property, or has caused or attempted to cause injury to other juvenile offenders or staff. Restitution for damages at the program will not be paid to the exclusion of court ordered restitution. The supported living provider must not access the juvenile offender's personal funds for program damages. Restitution for damages must begin with a plan for repair by the juvenile offender.

207. JUVENILE OFFENDER MAIL.

- **Restrictions.** Juvenile offenders must be allowed to send and receive letters from approved persons, which may include persons in other programs or institutions, unless specifically prohibited by the department or by court order. All other restrictions of mail must be discussed with the community treatment team, approved in writing by the juvenile services coordinator, and documented in the juvenile offender's service implementation plan. There must be no general restrictions on the number of letters written, the length of any letter, or the language in which a letter may be written. Juvenile offenders will be provided with sufficient stationery, envelopes, and postage for all legal and official correspondence.
- **Reading of Letters**. Routine reading of letters by staff is prohibited. The department or court may determine that reading of a juvenile offender's mail is in the best interest of the juvenile offender, and is necessary to maintain security, order, or program integrity. However, such reading of mail must be documented and unless court ordered, must be specifically justified and approved by the juvenile services coordinator.
 - **O3. Privileged Mail.** Under no circumstances shall a juvenile offender's privileged mail be read.(
- **Packages**. Packages may be inspected for contraband but only in the presence of the juvenile offender.
- **05. Publications**. Books, magazines, newspapers and printed matter which may be legally sent to juvenile offenders through the postal system may be approved by the supported living provider, unless deemed to constitute a threat to the security of the residence.
- **06. Distribution of Mail.** The collection and distribution of mail must never be delegated to a juvenile offender. Staff must deliver mail within twenty-four (24) hours, excluding weekends and holidays, to the juvenile offender to whom it is addressed unless the juvenile is living independently.

208. VISITATION

01. Visitation Policy . The provider must develop a written policy governing visitation wh	ich protects
the safety of visitors, staff, and juvenile offenders. This policy may restrict visitation to the residence	e of visitors
below an established age or provide for higher levels of supervision in circumstances where safety of vi	sitors, staff,
and juvenile offenders may be at risk. The provider must provide a copy of the visitation policy to ea	ach juvenile
offender, his parent or guardian, and the juvenile services coordinator. In all cases, the provider will we	ork with the
juvenile services coordinator and juvenile probation officer to identify and approve potential visitors in	accordance
with the provider's criteria.	()

O2. Visitor Admission. If there is reason to believe a visitor is under the influence of alcohol or drugs or possesses illegal contraband, admission into the residence shall be denied. Visitors who bring in items that are unauthorized, but not illegal, must either be denied admission into the program or residence or have these items taken and locked in an area inaccessible to the juvenile offenders during the visit. These items will be returned to the visitors upon their exit from the program or residence. All visitors denied access to the program or residence, and the reason for their denial, must be documented.

209. -- 219. (RESERVED)

220. SEARCHES FOR CONTRABAND.

- **01. Searches of Personal Items.** Routine searches of personal items being introduced into the residence may be conducted by staff prior to the juvenile offender taking possession of his property, or when the juvenile offender is returning to the residence from an individual community pass. Search of a juvenile offender's belongings or residence may be done at any time and must be minimally intrusive.
- **O2. Policies and Procedures Governing Consequences.** The provider must have written policies and procedures establishing the consequences for juvenile offenders found with contraband.
- **O3. Documentation of Searches**. All searches must be documented in terms of reason for the search, who conducted the search, what areas were searched, and what type of contraband was found, if any. If a search yields contraband, the juvenile services coordinator will be notified and it must be reported according to the requirements of IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers." If necessary, the appropriate law enforcement agency should be notified.
- **O4. Contraband Disposal.** All contraband found in the possession of juvenile offenders must be confiscated by staff and secured under lock and key in an area inaccessible to juvenile offenders. Local law enforcement must be notified in the event illegal drugs, paraphernalia, or weapons are found. It shall be the responsibility of the program director, in consultation with the department, to dispose of all contraband not confiscated by police.

221. -- 229. (RESERVED)

230. PROGRAMMING.

01. Basic Program Requirements. Supported living providers must provide opportunities and services for juvenile offenders to improve their educational and vocational competence, to effectively address underlying behavior problems, and to prepare them for responsible lives in the community. Programs provided must be gender equitable, gender specific, and culturally competent. The ultimate treatment goal for juvenile offenders involved in these programs is the successful return of juvenile offenders to the community without committing further crimes.

02. General Requirements.

a. Providers must provide or coordinate a range of program services specifically designed to address the characteristics of the target population identified in the comprehensive program description and in the admission policy.

IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS Docket No. 05-0204-1401 - New Chapter Rules for Supported Living Providers Proposed Rulemaking Programs that serve a special needs population, such as developmentally delayed or seriously emotionally disturbed juvenile offenders must be able to demonstrate that the program services offered address the needs of the population served by the supported living provider. Programs providing supported living services for individual juvenile offenders must target behaviors, needs, or circumstances stated in their final progress report from the sending facility or program. These services must be clearly identified and described within the program description. Juvenile offenders must always be aware of the status of their progress within the program and what remains to be done to complete the program. Supported living providers must assure that the basic norms and expectations of the program, including any points, levels, or phases that are a fundamental part of a program, are clearly presented to the juvenile offender and that they are understood. Programs that contract with the department to serve juvenile offenders and their families must: Provide humane, disciplined care and supervision; i. Provide opportunities for juvenile offender's development of competency and life skills; ii. Hold juvenile offenders accountable for their delinquent behavior through means such as victimoffender mediation, restorative conferencing, restitution, and community service; Seek to involve juvenile offender's families in treatment, unless otherwise indicated for the safety and benefit of the juvenile offenders or other family members; Address the principles of accountability to victims and to the community, competency development, and community protection in case planning and reporting; Participate fully with the department and the community treatment team in developing and implementing service plans for juvenile offenders they serve; Work with the department to provide juvenile offenders with educational and vocational services based upon their documented needs and abilities; and Reintegration services include all aspects of case planning and service delivery designed to facilitate successful return of the juvenile offender to the community. 231. GUIDELINES FOR SPECIFIC SERVICES. Behavior Assessment. A current assessment of independent behavior capacity must be used to determine the levels of service needed. Counseling and Other Outpatient Services. The supported living provider must schedule all 02.

Hygiene and grooming skills;

Laundry and maintenance of clothing;

service areas of the program.

a. b.

initial outpatient appointments, such as drug and alcohol counseling, for the juvenile offender within five (5) business days of arrival into the program. The provider should be able to demonstrate that counseling interventions are shared in general with other program service providers, and there is broad mutual support for the goals of counseling in all

are taught basic life skills consistent with their age and needs. This should include, at a minimum, instruction in:

Life Skills and Independent Living. Programs must be able to demonstrate that juvenile offenders

	Supported Living Providers Docket No. 05-0204-1401 - New Proposed Rule		
c.	Appropriate social skills;	()
d.	Housekeeping;	()
e.	Use of recreation and leisure time;	()
f.	Use of community resources, such as identifying medical and mental health providers;	()
g. insurance, l	Handling personal finances, and issues such as leases, contracts, cell phone usage and agoanking and credit management with some support and intervention;	reemei	nts,
h.	Use of public transportation, where available;	()
i.	Budgeting and shopping;	()
j.	Cooking;	()
k.	Punctuality, attendance and other employment-related matters;	()
l.	Vocational planning and job finding skills;	()
m	Wears clothing appropriate for the weather and activity;	()
n.	Obtains and produces identification, as needed; and	()
0.	Travels to and from necessary destinations.	()
Each juven related to d documented custody mu	ASE MANAGEMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. ile offender's progress, or lack of progress, through these levels must be clearly documented an ocumented behavior. Recommendations for release from department custody should be substant a pattern of behavioral change over a period of time. Recommendations for transfer to a higher st be substantiated by a documented lack of progress over time, or by a serious or violent incide a safety of others or the stability of the overall program.	iated b r level	y a l of
address the	Service Implementation Plan. Within ten (10) business days of the juvenile offender's a gram, a written service implementation plan must be developed. The service implementation specific goals identified in the most recent progress report and reintegration plan from the sending. The service implementation plan must address the needs and areas in the reintegration plan.	plan m	iust
	Juvenile Offender and Family Involvement. Each juvenile offender and, to the fulle family should be involved in developing the service implementation plan, and in adjusting the course of commitment.	est ext that p (ent lan
community	Service Implementation Plan Adjustments. The service implementation plan should be placement with the concurrence of the juvenile services coordinator following communication treatment team. Specifically, the service implementation plan should be adjusted as new as goals are achieved, and as plans for reintegration are finalized.	with	the
	Participation in the Progress Assessment/Reclassification. The provider may be ask vices coordinator to provide input necessary for periodic reassessments of the juvenile offender's risk level. In all cases, the provider must participate to the fullest extent possible.		
progress to	• Progress Notes . Bi-weekly progress notes must be filed recording each juvenile ward completing the service implementation plan and submitted to the juvenile services coordinates.		er's
06	Progress Report A written progress report must be submitted to the juvenile services of	ordina	ator

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and any designees at least every month, and must include current bank statements and reconciled monthly budget. The progress report should focus on areas of positive change in behavior and attitudes, as well as on the factors required for a successful release from department custody. Areas of need that were included in the service implementation plan and identified in Subsection 232.01 of these rules should also be referenced in the progress report. Each progress report should also note any changes or further development of the reintegration plan and should detail the level of involvement of the parent or guardian in treatment.

report. Each prog	gress report should also note any changes or further development of the reintegration plan and finvolvement of the parent or guardian in treatment.		
continue develop community. The	Relapse Prevention Plan . The supported living provider shall receive a working copyr's relapse prevention plan from the department. The provider must work with the juving the relapse prevention plan form provided as the juvenile experiences increased exposus supported living provider must send the relapse prevention plan to the juvenile services cooks prior to the juvenile offender's release from department custody.	enile re to tl	to he
08. coordinator and completion of the	Final Progress Report . A final progress report must be submitted to the juvenile any designees no earlier than ten (10) calendar days prior to the juvenile offender's ant e program, and no later than the date of release. This recommendation must include:		
a.	A current summary of the juvenile offender's progress;	()
b.	A summary of the efforts to reach the juvenile offender's goals and objectives, including ed	ucatio (n;)
с.	Any unresolved goals or objectives;	()
d.	Recommendation for continuing services, including education, in the home community; and	d()
e.	The current address of the juvenile.	()
services coordinate to the juvenile pr	Report Distribution . Copies of the service implementation plan, progress reports, and final progress report must be distributed by the provider to the juvenile offender and the ator and any designees. The juvenile services coordinator will review and forward the progress robation officer, appropriate court, and parent or guardian, unless the juvenile offender's far from treatment by the juvenile services coordinator and the respective clinical supervisor for treason.	juveni ss repo nily h	le ort as
Any pass involvi victim in the hon visit, transportati coordinator. Each must notify the	NIGHT COMMUNITY PASSES. Ing an overnight stay away from the residence, or involving special circumstances such as a ne, requires a written plan detailing supervision and safety measures to be taken, an itinerary on plan, and must be approved in writing five (5) business days in advance by the juvenile h time a juvenile offender leaves on and returns from an overnight community pass, the juvenile correctional center in Nampa of this movement, promptly at the time that the and at the time he returns.	y for tl servic provid	he es ler
guardians indications form may be use	Potential Risk to Public Safety . If the pass is to the home of a parent or guardian, provided or guardians with clearly written guidelines for approved passes, which must be signed by pating their understanding and willingness to comply with those guidelines. The department of this purpose. If the department's form is not used, the form signed and agreed to the ingresponsibility for supervision must contain at least the following information:	rents nt's pa	or ss
a.	The juvenile offender's name and date of birth;	()
b.	The name, address and telephone number of the individual assuming responsibility;	()
c. of return;	Authorized days, dates and times for the pass, including the specific date and time of depar	ture aı	nd)
d.	A complete listing of the anticipated locations and activities in which the juvenile offer	ender	is

Rules for Supported Living Providers Proposed Rulemaking expected to be involved; Specific plans for supervision and telephone checks to verify compliance with the pass conditions; e. f. A complete listing of the activities required during the pass; g. Specific stipulations prohibiting: i. The use of alcohol and drugs; Involvement in any illegal activity, or association with others who may be or have been involved in ii. illegal behavior; iii. Participation in sexual relations of any kind; iv. Possession of any kind of firearm or weapon; V. Any violation of the terms of probation; and Specific stipulations about search and drug testing upon return, and the possible consequences for h. violation of any of the terms of the pass agreement. Frequency. Documentation of the exact date and time of the juvenile offender's departure from the residence for a pass, and his return, must be maintained along with complete information about the individual assuming physical custody, transportation, and supervision during the pass. Documentation. Documentation of the exact date and time of the juvenile offender's departure from the residence for a pass, and his return, must be maintained along with complete information about the individual assuming physical custody, transportation, and supervision during the pass. 234. **ACTIVITIES** Recreational Activities. A pass authorizing the participation of juvenile offenders in outdoor 01. recreational or work activities with an increased risk or overnight trips must be signed by the juvenile services coordinator and juvenile probation officer prior to the activity. Any proposed activity that involves boating, rappelling, rock climbing, or higher risk activity must also have the prior approval, in writing, of the department's regional superintendent. 02. **Staff Requirements for Group Activities.**) A basic first aid kit will be taken with the group. At least one (1) person certified in first aid and CPR must accompany the group. Swimming, boating, or rafting will only be allowed when a staff in attendance has certification in rescue and water safety or if a lifeguard is on duty. All juvenile offenders involved in boating or rafting activities must wear an approved personal flotation device. All participants will be recorded in the activity plan and identified as program clients, staff, or volunteers. The individual staff or volunteer satisfying the above first aid and CPR requirements must be identified in the plan. There will be no consumption of alcoholic beverages or illicit drugs by juvenile offenders, staff, d. volunteers, or interns.

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approval in accordance with Subsection 234.01 of these rules. Each juvenile offender must have prior written consent

Consent Forms. Recreational activities identified as presenting a higher risk require prior written

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		RTMENT OF JUVENILE CORRECTIONS ported Living Providers	Docket No. 05-0204-1401 - New Chapter Proposed Rulemaking
from the	e departn	nent's regional superintendent. Consent must include:	()
	a.	Permission for the juvenile offender's participation;	()
	b.	Acknowledgement of planned activities; and	()
	c.	Permission for the provider to seek or administer ne	ecessary medical attention in an emergency.
negative the juve for Res	e events t enile serv idential	Activity Reports. At the conclusion of each overrequence of the juvenile offender's file and include in that transpired while the juvenile offender was on passices coordinator and documented on an incident reportered preatment Providers." A drug screening urinalysis expense of the provider, and the results of that exam results.	the progress report, any significant positive or s. Any unusual occurrences must be reported to ort as identified in IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules may be conducted on each returning juvenile
adminis	a support strator mu	PF-STATE TRAVEL. ed living provider is planning an out-of-state trip is obtain prior written authorization from the regional on and approval is as follows:	for any of its juvenile offenders, the facility l clinical supervisor or designee. The necessary
writing	01. fourteen	Notification . The residential treatment provider m (14) business days in advance of the scheduled trip v	
	a.	Dates of the scheduled trip;	()
	b.	Location of the trip;	()
	c.	Purpose of the trip;	()
	d.	Transportation arrangements;	()
phone r	e. number);	Where the juvenile offender will be staying if overnand	ight accommodations are required (address and
	f.	Who is going, such as juvenile offender, and name	and position of staff. ()
	02.	Prior Approval . The provider must obtain all nece	ssary approvals prior to authorizing travel.
requires	03. s a travel	Interstate Compact for Juveniles . Any out-of-stapermit and compliance with the Interstate Compact f	
approva	creens ma al of the p	SCREENS OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS. By be done randomly or on an as needed basis at the provider's program director. A record must be kept of ediately be reported to the juvenile services coordinate.	of all drug screens and results. A positive drug
237.	PLANN	NING FOR RELEASE OR TRANSFER.	
	for devel	Application for Developmental Disability Serv ompiling and submitting the necessary documentation opmental disability services. The provider must begin	on that will determine if the juvenile offender is
	02	Reintegration Staffing The juvenile services coo	ordinator shall convene a reintegration staffing

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which will include the juvenile offender's probation officer, the provider, the juvenile offender's parent or guardian if applicable, and the juvenile offender. At a minimum, the reintegration staffing must consider and, to the extent possible, solidify plans to address any ongoing medical or mental health, substance abuse, social skills, education,

vocation, indepe	y plans to address any ongoing medical or mental health, substance abuse, social skills, edendent living, and other special needs. Based upon the results of that staffing, the departmention regarding transfer or release from department custody.		
signed by the ju	Check-Out Procedures. Prior to the release from department custody or transfer, the pleted a Provider Juvenile Check-Out Form supplied by the department. The form must be venile offender, and forwarded to the juvenile services coordinator and any designees on the enile offender is released from department custody.	e date	ed,
a. to the individual	If transferring, the provider must provide the juvenile offender's Medicaid card and all med or agency authorized to transport the juvenile offender.	licatio	ons)
b. provider must se Nampa.	Within two (2) business days after a juvenile offender is released from department cust and any available dental or medical records to the privacy officer at the juvenile correctional of the privacy of the privacy of the privacy of the juvenile correctional of the privacy of the privacy of the privacy of the juvenile correctional of the privacy of t		
04.	Termination Prior to Completion.	()
regional clinical this staffing is to concerns with the efforts at problem	When a provider believes a juvenile offender is at risk for transfer prior to release from depenile services coordinator must be notified as far in advance as possible so that a staffing supervisor and, if necessary, the department's regional superintendent, may be held. The purpose consider the circumstances which may require the transfer, and to make every effort to add the provider to avoid the necessity of making another placement. The provider must docume m solving. The department will make a decision about transfer based upon the results of this ent work agreed upon with the provider.	with trpose lress tent the	the of the ese
b. supported living	If it is determined that the juvenile offender is not eligible for developmental disability serv provider must notify the juvenile services coordinator as soon as possible.	ices, t	the)
c.	The provider can request transfer of a juvenile offender in the following circumstances:	()
i.	A pattern of documented behavior clearly indicating a lack of progress; or	()
ii. of individuals or	Commission of one (1) or more serious or violent incidents that jeopardize the safety and the program.	secur	ity)
d. shall remove the	In matters involving life, health, and safety of any juvenile in department custody, the depuvenile offender immediately.	oartme (ent)
e. service impleme	A final progress report must include, at a minimum, a report on progress or lack of progre ntation plan areas, and recommendations for follow-up. The report must be forwarded to the	ss on juven	all iile

238. -- 249. (RESERVED)

250. EDUCATION SERVICES.

services coordinator within twenty-four (24) hours of transfer.

Appropriate Services. The provider must ensure that each juvenile offender is given appropriate educational and vocational services that are consistent with the juvenile offender's abilities and needs, taking into consideration age, level of functioning, and any educational requirements specified by state or federal law. Providers must assure that educational services provided as a part of an overall program play an integral part in the process of reclaiming juvenile offenders to responsible roles in society. Educational services must strive to facilitate positive behavior change by helping juvenile offenders to develop abilities in academic, workplace, and technological areas; to restructure harmful or limiting cognitive patterns; and, to adopt appropriate social interactions skills. Educational services provided by providers must use whatever combination of approaches and motivations that will best facilitate

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the learning process in conjunction with the service implementation plan. All educational services provided must meet all mandates of the Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA), the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), and the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504).

02. Mandatory Enrollment. Providers must ensure that all juvenile offenders involved in their programs who are of mandatory school age in the applicable state, or who have not yet obtained a General Educational Development (GED) or high school diploma, are enrolled in a school system or in a program approved and certified by the applicable state's Department of Education to provide both special education and other services. For those who have obtained a GED or high school diploma, an appropriate educational and vocational service must be provided in accordance with the service implementation plan.

251. -- 259. (RESERVED)

260. PROVISION OF MEDICAL SERVICES.

- **01. Medical Care**. Each juvenile offender must be provided with medical, dental, optical, mental health, emergency or any other related health services while in the provider's care. Each provider must have access, on a twenty-four (24) hour basis, to a licensed general hospital, clinic or physician, psychiatrist, and dentist to provide juvenile offenders with professional and qualified physical or mental health services, including medications. The provider must coordinate services and assist juvenile offender in interpreting and complying with any follow up care as requested by healthcare provider. Any time a juvenile offender receives treatment under this section or for any health related service, a copy of any medical or dental assessments, treatments, test results, and follow up care must be forwarded to the department's regional R.N.
- **02. Medical Consent**. As part of the admission process, the provider must have a copy of the department's Release of Information and Consent form signed by a juvenile offender over eighteen (18) years of age. The consent form must be filed in the juvenile offender's case file maintained by the provider.
- **03. Emergency Medical Treatment**. In cases of emergency medical treatment requiring signed authorization for juveniles in the custody of the department, the authorization may be signed by the department's regional R.N. or designee. This does not restrict the provider from taking action in life and death situations. ()
- **Reimbursement Sources**. The provider must utilize private insurance or Medicaid, if available, for funding medical, dental, optical, mental health, or related services, and pharmaceutical products for any juvenile offender. The provider shall not seek reimbursement from private insurance or Medicaid for health services that are the fiscal responsibility of the provider pursuant to its contract with the department. Any health services not listed in these rules, other than emergency treatment, which was not approved in advance by the department's regional R.N. or designee, will be at the expense of the provider.

261. ADMISSION HEALTH SERVICES AND TREATMENT RECORDS.

- **01. Prior Approval**. Prior approval or review from the department's regional R.N. is required for all health services, other than emergency services. Prior approval may be given for up to five (5) routine, pre-scheduled medical appointments.
- **02. Medical Records**. The provider must assist the juvenile offender in organizing medical information, instructions, prescriptions and any necessary follow up papers in a designated medical folder. Any time a juvenile offender receives treatment under this section or for any health related service, the provider must retain the original medical record and must immediately send a copy to the department's regional R.N.
- **03. Medical Billing.** The direct care provider must submit medical bills directly to the department's regional R.N. that approved the provision of services.

262. PRIVACY OF MEDICAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION.

To the extent the provider has medical information, confidentiality of personal health information of each juvenile offender must be maintained in accordance with the Privacy Regulations promulgated under HIPAA of 1996 or, if

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more stringent, the laws of the applicable state. Compliance with these regulations is the responsibility of the provider. Staff shall be provided information about a juvenile offender's medical condition only when that knowledge is necessary for the performance of their job duties.

- **O1. Privacy Officer.** The provider must appoint a privacy officer to oversee that the control and maintenance of all juvenile offender health and medical records is in compliance with the federal Privacy Regulations, 45 Code of Federal Regulations Sections 160 and 164.
- **02. Separate Records**. All juvenile offender medical and health records must be kept in files that are physically separated from other juvenile offender files and information, and under a system of security against unauthorized access.

263. NOTIFICATION OF CRITICAL HEALTH INCIDENTS.

The provider must immediately report critical medical and mental health incidents according to IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

264. INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

- **Policies**. The provider must establish policies and procedures for serving juvenile offenders with infectious diseases such as tuberculosis, hepatitis, and HIV or AIDS. These policies and procedures should address the management of infectious diseases, provide an orientation for new staff and juvenile offenders concerning the diseases, and ongoing education for staff and juvenile offenders regarding these diseases. Policies and procedures should be updated as new information becomes available. Individual health information or counseling will be made available by a medical health professional for juvenile offenders diagnosed with an infectious disease.
- **O2. HIV Testing.** In accordance with law, a juvenile offender over age fourteen (14) may request that he be tested for the presence of HIV. Any such juvenile offender requesting to be tested should be taken to a public health facility or, if available, a facility which accepts Medicaid reimbursement for administration of the test. ()
- **03. Examinations**. Examinations must be performed on any juvenile offender by medical professionals for all symptomatic cases of communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, ova and parasites, infectious hepatitis, and sexually transmitted diseases. Juvenile offenders will be tested and, if indicated, treated. ()
- **04. Notifications.** The provider must notify the department's regional R.N. within three (3) business days of any positive test results, treatment recommendations, and follow up care.

265. PREGNANCY.

- **01. Individual Medical Plan.** Within the individual medical plan, specific goals and objectives will be developed when a pregnancy has been diagnosed. The plan must be based on the orders of the juvenile offender's licensed healthcare provider and must include special care, location for delivery, regular medical check-ups, and special dietary and recreational needs. A copy of the individual medical plan will be sent to the department's regional R.N.
- **O2.** Parenting Classes. Parenting classes must be an integral part of the individual medical plan for all pregnant female juvenile offenders. This service should also be offered as a priority to male juvenile offenders in department custody who are already fathers or whose spouse or girlfriend is expecting a child.
- **03. Medicaid Reimbursement**. Medical services relating to pregnancy must be provided by a licensed healthcare provider and facility accepting Medicaid reimbursement, unless medical expenses are paid by the juvenile offender's family.
- **04. Infant Care**. When an infant is delivered and the mother continues in department custody, the infant must be placed with an appropriate family member or in the temporary care of the Family and Children Services Division of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, subject to any necessary court approval. At no time shall the infant remain in the provider's facility.

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266.	REF	TAZI	OF '	TREA	TMENT
4 00.		UJAL	v)	INDA	

Refusal of medications or treatment recommended by a physician for three (3) days requires immediate notification to the department's regional R.N. according to IDAPA 05.02.01.241, "Rules for Residential Treatment Providers."

- **01. Refusal of Recommended Treatment by Physician**. If a juvenile offender chooses to refuse treatment or medication recommended by a physician, the juvenile offender must sign a detailed statement refusing this care. This refusal form must be sent from the direct care service provider to the regional R.N. ()
- **02.** Where Refusal Poses Significant Risk. If a juvenile offender refuses a treatment or medication for a condition which poses a significant risk of death or permanent physical impairment, the provider must issue its approval for the immediate administration of the medical treatment or medication in accordance with standard practice.

267. USE OF MEDICATIONS.

The provider must have written policies and procedures governing the use and administration of medication to juvenile offenders. Policies must conform to all applicable laws and regulations including, but not limited to, those of the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare.

- **01. Medication Management Upon Arrival**. If the juvenile offender is taking medication, the supported living provider must schedule an initial medication management appointment for the juvenile offender within five (5) business days of arrival into the program.
- **02. Notification**. If initiating or modifying any medication, the department's regional R.N. must be notified. Notification must include the following:
 - **a.** The name of the prescribed medication;
- **b.** The name and phone number of the prescribing doctor, nurse practitioner, or physician's assistant; and
 - **c.** The reason the medication is being prescribed.

268. FIRST AID KITS.

Each provider must maintain first aid kits. Basic first aid kits that do not include medications or sharp tools may be kept unlocked. Any complete first aid kit with medications, wound rinses, scissors, tweezers, or other such objects must be kept locked and placed in areas of the residence readily accessible to staff. ()

269. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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