

The Advent of a New Millennium in Idaho Higher Education.

Presentation to:

Senate Education Committee

Idaho Legislature

David A Longanecker, President WICHE January 26,2016 – Boise, Idaho

Measuring Up 2000: Where Idaho Stood

- Preparation: D+
- Participation: D
- Affordability: B-
- Completion: C
- Benefits: C
- Learning: Incomplete



Living In These Interesting Times -- Quite A Ride

- ☐ The times they are a changing
 - The way we provide education is changing
 - Who we educate is changing
 - ☐ The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing
 - ☐ The way we finance the enterprise is changing



Enrollment	2000	2014	Delta
U.S. Undergrad	13,142,996	17,278,939	31%
Public	80%	77%	19%
Private	17%	16%	25%
For Profit	3%	7%	217%
WICHE	3,585,697	4,690,587	31%
Public	88%	80%	19%
Private	8%	9%	44%
For Profit	4%	11%	256%

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Idaho	57,968	110,962	91%
Public	81%	63%	48%
Private	18%	36%	264%
For Profit	1%	1%	117%



The Way We Provide Education Is Changing: On-line learning

How Were We Providing Higher Education in 2000

Share of students participating in On-line Education (2002)

- At least one online course: 10%
- Full time in Online Courses: 2%

How Are We Providing Higher Education Today

Share of students participating in On-line Education (2013)

- At least one online course: 27%
- Full time in Online Courses: 13%



The Way We Provide Education Is Changing: Competency Based Learning

How Were We Providing Higher Education in 2000

The Novelty of Competency Based Institutions

- Two "Known" Entities:
 - WGU (1,200 students)
 - Alverno College (2,500 students)

How Are We Providing Higher Education Today

The Competency Wave

- WGU having grown to 48,000 students
- 23 members of the Competency-Based Education Network
- The Biggies: Alverno, Brandman, Capella, College for America (Southern New Hampshire), Community Colleges of Spokane, Northern Arizona University, University of Wisconsin, Western Governors University
- Combined enrollments: more than 100,000 in whole; millions in part
- Prior Learning Assessment (PLA): Becoming Ubiquitous (except where it is not)



The Way We Provide Education Is Changing The innovation wave

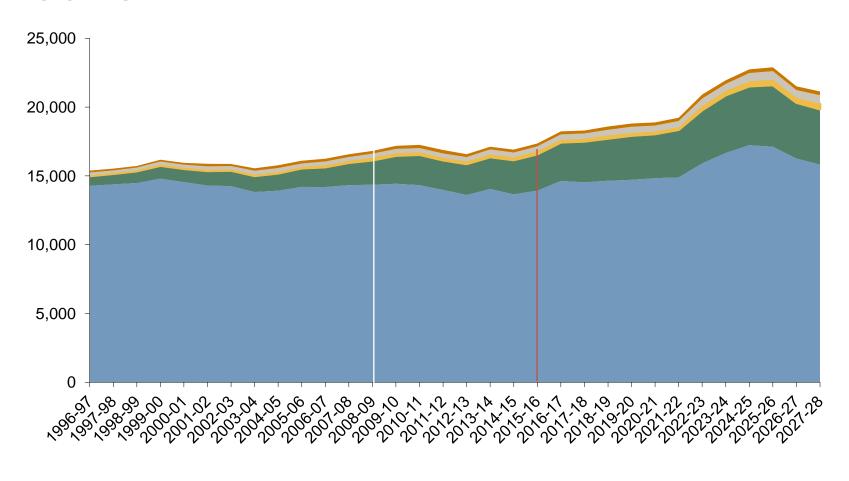
- New providers of degrees
 - The expansion of the for-profit sector
 - The expansion of most institutions on-line
- New providers of courses & services
 - Courses only MOOCS, Straighter Line, DreamDegree, Pearsons, Hobsons, etc.
 - Support services only Insidetrack, Kahn Academy, Smarthinking, etc.
- Tweener providers -- Boot Camps, App Academy
- An Abundance of credentials degrees, certificates, badges, etc.
- The Question -- Chaos or Creative Engagement and Progress



Who We Educate Is Changing



Idaho



American Indian/Alaska Native Masian/Pacific Islander Black, non-Hispanic Mispanic White, non-Hispanic



Who we educate is changing

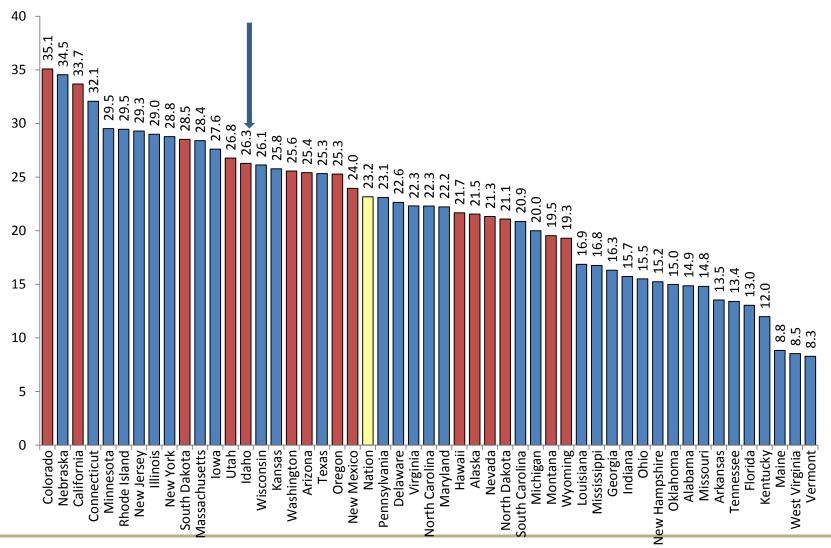
 Changes in the non-traditional aged population are significant

Who we educate is changing – Adult Students

		25-44 Year Old 2001		25-44 Year Old 2013		
	Idaho) WICHE US		Idaho	WICHE	US
25-34 Year Old Undergraduate Participation Rate	3.5%	4.7%	3.7%	6.0%	5.0%	3.8%

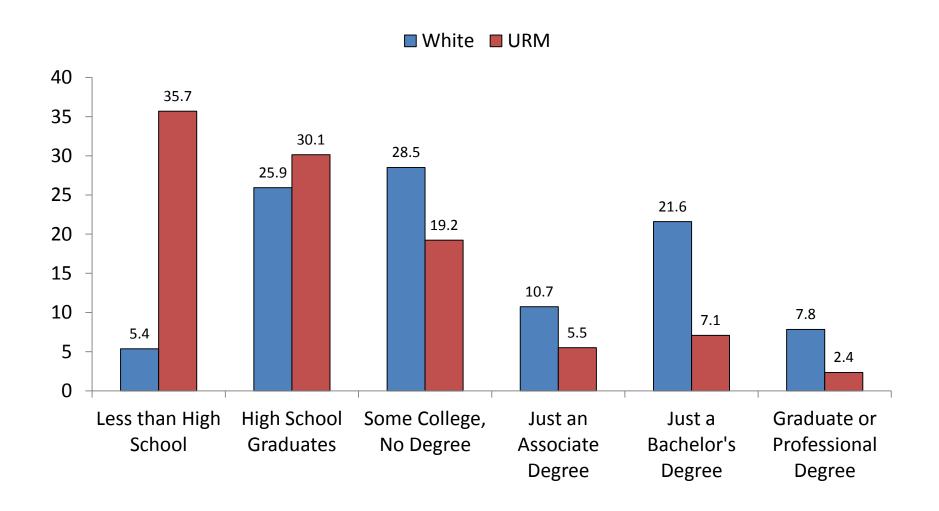


Difference in College Attainment Between Whites and Minorities (Blacks, Hispanics, Native Americans) (2008-10)





Average Annual Education Attainment of Idaho Residents Aged 25-44, White and Underrepresented Minorities, 2011-13



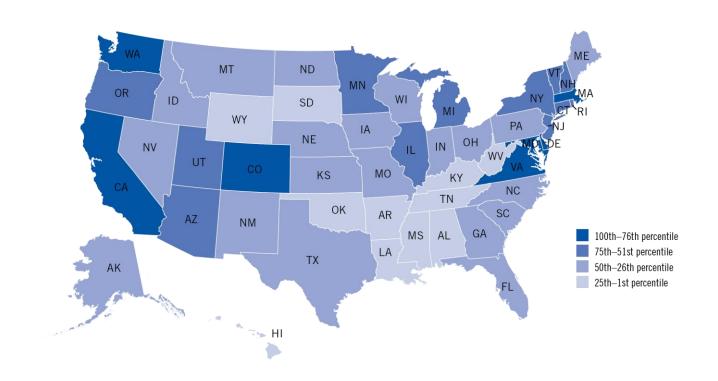


Who we educate is changing

- Why this is a huge issue.
 - An issue of equity and social justice
 - An economic imperative -- the big change since
 2000

New Economy 2015 Index

(Source: Kauffman Foundation, 2015)



Who we educate is changing

- Looking down
 - College/Postsecondary in high schools (AP, dual & concurrent enrolment, IB, CTE, early college schools)
 - ☐ Improving Preparation
 - □ Common Core/Higher Ed for Higher Standards
 - □ Reinventing Remedial The High School as partner
- Looking up
 - ☐ Adult College Completion



Who we educate is changing

 Changes in the traditional aged population are significant – Enrollment in Idaho

Racial Identity	2003	2013
African American	1%	1%
American Indian/Alaska Native	1%	1%
Asian/Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	2%	2%
Hispanic	3%	8%
White (Non-Hispanic)	89%	73%
Two or More Races		3%
Unidentified/Foreign	4%	12%



The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing

- Completion is the name of the game
- So, How are we doing?
 - On attainment



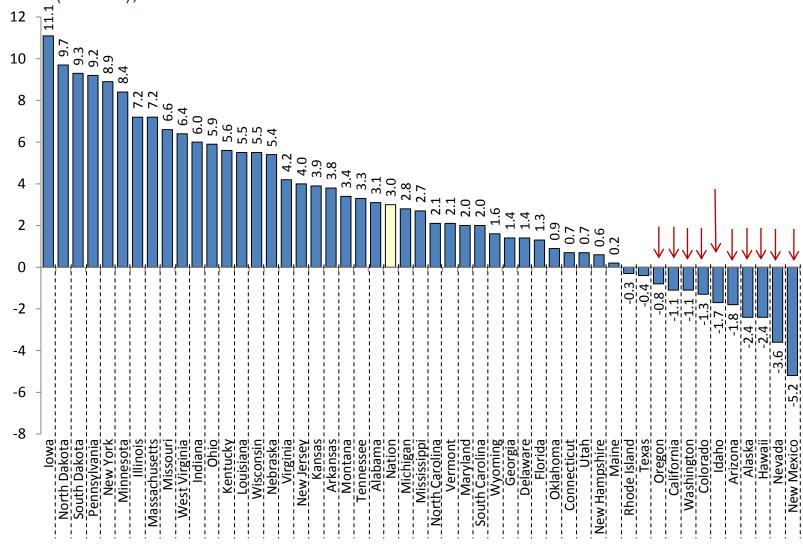
WICHE	

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	60	
	60	lanan
		Japan
	58	
		Canada
	56	
Massachusetts		
North Dakota	54	
Minnesota	52	
New York		
	50	Luxembourg
New Jersey		Ireland
Connecticut	48	United Kingdom
Nebraska, Illinois, Virginia		New Zealand, Australia
Pennsylvania, Colorado, Maryland, Rhode Island, Iowa	46	11011 2001011011
Vermont, South Dakota, Wisconsin	40	Norway
Kansas, New Hampshire	44	Israel, UNITED STATES
Hawaii, Montana		Sweden, Netherlands, Belgium, France
Washington, Missouri, Utah	42	Sweden, Netherlands, Beigidin, France
	42	Deleved Coviterantemed
Wyoming, Ohio	40	Poland, Switzerland
Delaware, Michigan, Maine, California, North Carolina, Oregon	40	Denmark, Estonia, Finland
Florida		Spain
	38	Iceland
Tennessee, South Carolina, Georgia, Indiana		Slovenia, Greece
Kentucky	36	
Texas, <i>Idaho</i> , Arizona		
West Virginia	34	
Alabama, Oklahoma, Alaska, New Mexico		
Louisiana	32	
Arkansas, Mississippi		
Nevada	30	Hungary
		Germany
	28	Portugal, Czech Republic
		Slovakia
	26	510 Vallia
	20	
	24	Mexico
		Austria
	22	Chile, Italy
		Turkey
	20	- Control
	20	
VVICIL		

U.S. States %

OECD Country Korea (65.7)

Difference in College Attainment between Young Adults (25-34) and Older Adults (45-64), 2011





The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing

- Completion is the name of the game
- So, How are you doing?
 - On Completions



Completions	2001	2014	Delta
US Assoc &Bach Degrees	1,799,855	2,869,639	59%
Public	70%	69%	57%
Private	25%	21%	32%
For Profit	5%	10%	228%
WICHE	410,737	715,638	74%
Public	77%	70%	58%
Private	16%	12%	30%
For Profit	7%	18%	346%
Idaho	9,751	16,118	65%
Public	59%	61%	69%
Private	38%	36%	56%
For Profit	3%	3%	105%

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The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing

Completion is the name of the game

Direct Assessment Institutions

🔲 CBE Straight Up

Competency is the new coin of the realm.

Competency Assessment: for the Student

Transfer and Articulation - Trusting the community (Passport)

Demonstrated college level learning outside the Academy

Prior Leaning Assessment — PLA

CLEP, testing out, etc.

Competency Assessment: for the Institution (Educational Improvement & Credibility)

Predictive Analytics/MLDE

Degree Qualifications Profiles

Tuning

Competency Based Education As a New Delivery Model



The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing

- Completion is the name of the game
- Competency is the new coin of the realm.
- Assessment of student learning finally has legs

Student Learning – the new name of the game

- ☐ Why now
 - ☐ Readiness has "evolved"
 - "Evidence based practice" has caught on in public policy
 - ☐ Analytics can support evidence based practice (CLA, CAAP, ETS Proficiency Profile, AHELO, Work-keys, PLA, etc.)
- Angst
 - Whopping big change moving to external validity
 - Still sorting out
 - ☐ Teacher's role
 - Institution's role
 - ☐ Governing board's role
 - ☐ Government's role

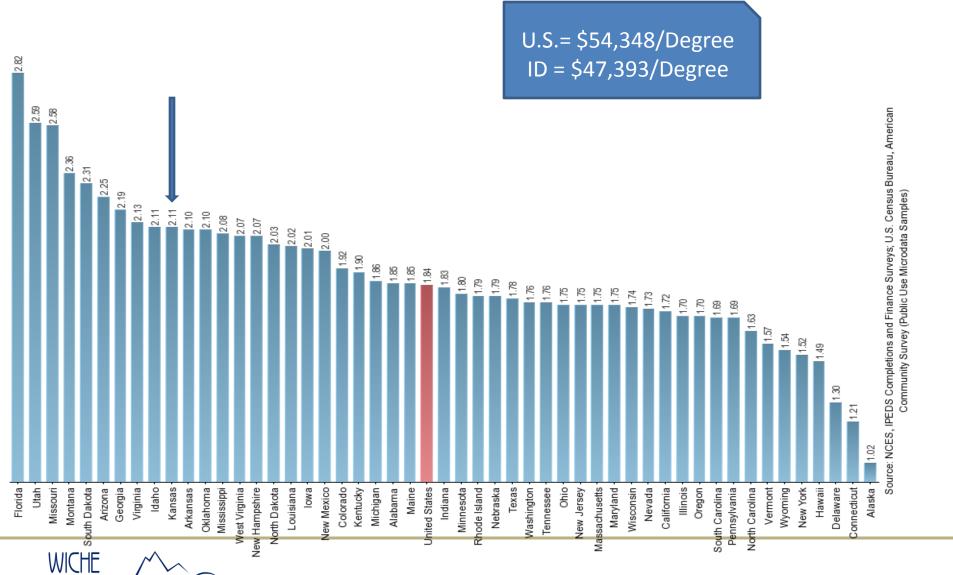


Productivity as part of the Quality Dimension

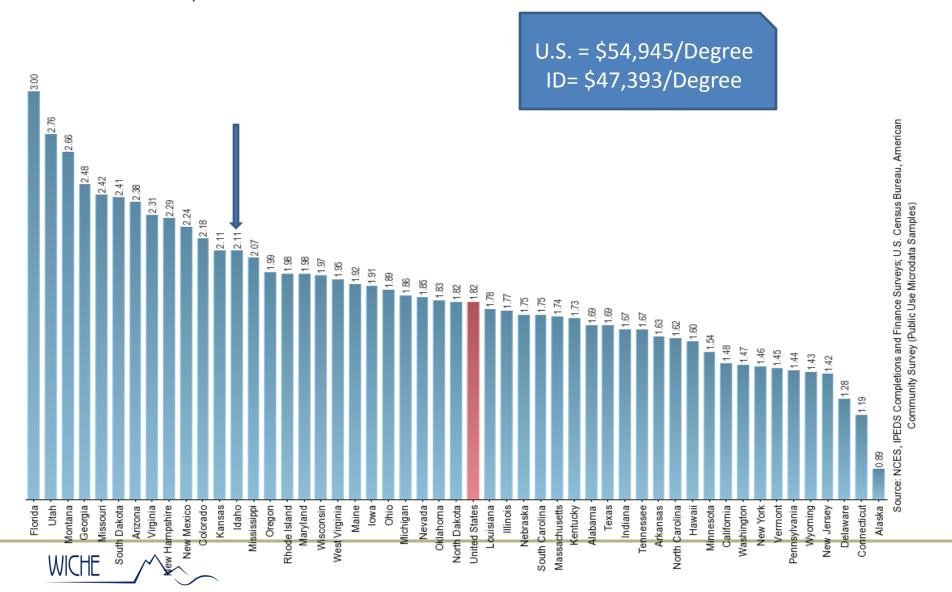
How Does Idaho Higher Education Measure Up



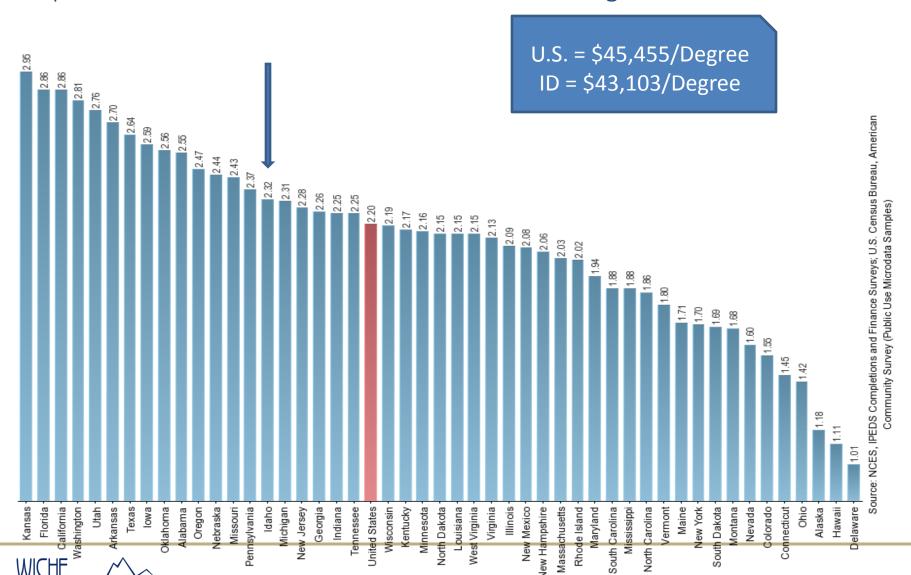
Credential & Degrees Awarded Per \$100,000 of Education & Related Expenditures – Total: Public Colleges & Universities



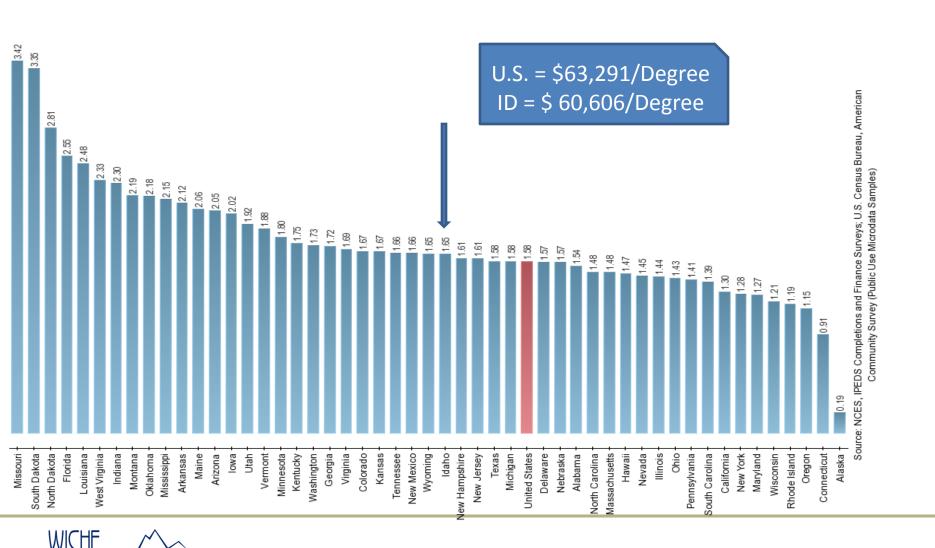
Credential & Degrees Awarded Per \$100,000 of Education & Related Expenditures — Public Research Universities



Credential & Degrees Awarded Per \$100,000 of Education & Related Expenditures – Public Bachelor's & Master's Colleges & Universities



Credential & Degrees Awarded Per \$100,000 of Education & Related Expenditures — Public Two-Year Institutions



National Student Clearinghouse Information on Student Completion in Six Years

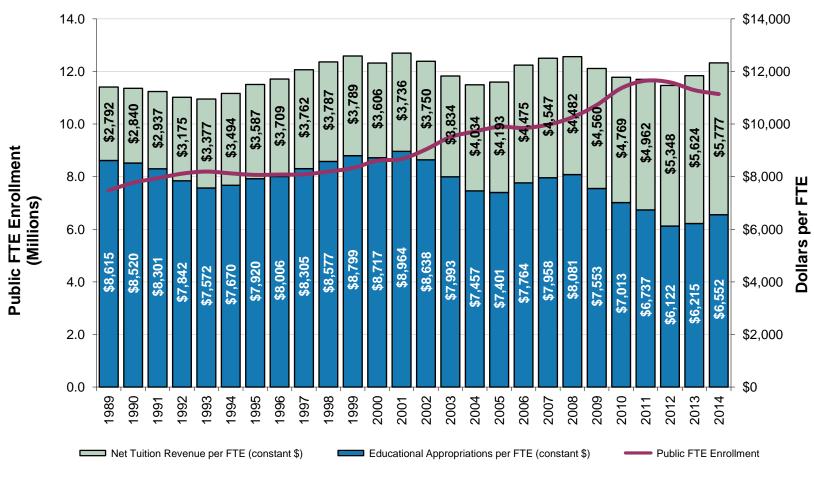
	Completion		Not Enrolled or Completed	
	Idaho	US	Idaho	US
Public Universities	44%	63%	32%	23%
Community/2 yr Colleges	38%	39%	47%	43%



How Does Idaho Compare



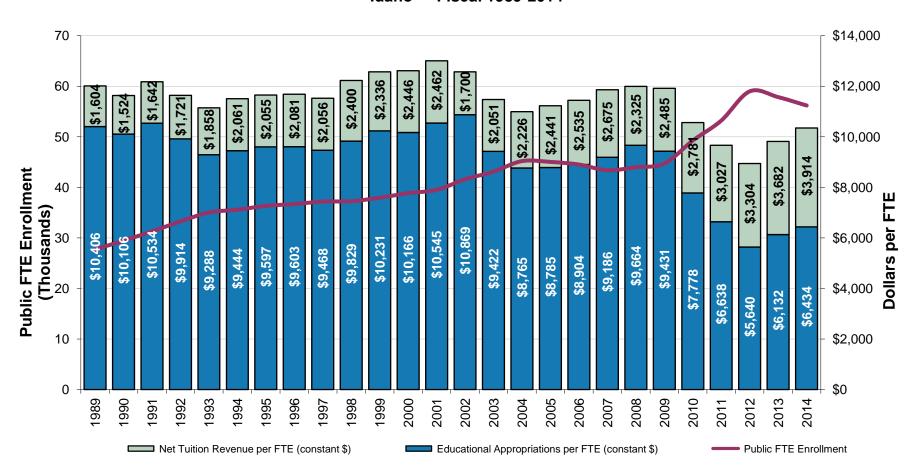
Public FTE Enrollment, Educational Appropriations and Total Educational Revenue per FTE, United States, Fiscal 1989-2014



Note: Constant 2014 dollars adjusted by SHEEO Higher Education Cost Adjustment. Educational Appropriations include ARRA funds. (HECA)



Public FTE Enrollment, Educational Appropriations and Total Educational Revenue per FTE, Idaho -- Fiscal 1989-2014



Note: Constant 2014 dollars adjusted by SHEEO Higher Education Cost Adjustment (HECA). Educational Appropriations include ARRA funds. Source: SHEEO



The Importance of These Statistics To Idaho Today and Tomorrow

- Funding story is a mixed bag with respect to higher education
 - State Funding is average:
 - @ \$6,434, it is \$118 (2%) below the national average
 - State Tax Effort: 7.2% Effective Tax Rate
 - Slightly below national 7.6%
 - State Share of Tax Effort to Higher Education: 7.3%
 - Well above the national average of 5.8%
 - 4th highest in the WICHE region (trailing only New Mexico, Wyoming, and Utah)



The Importance of These Statistics To Idaho Today and Tomorrow

- But Overall Funding is another story:
 - @ \$10,348, it is \$\$1,981 (16%) below the national average
- How Is That Possible:
 - Tuition is comparatively high or low, depending:
 - » @ \$3,749 for 2 year institutions
 - It is 7% above the WICHE average
 - And 9% above the National average
 - » @ \$6,817 for 4 year institutions
 - It is 13% below the WICHE average
 - And 28% below the National average
 - Financial Aid:
 - » Modest in total: \$5 million in 2013-14
 - » Very Modest for needy students: \$1.4 million in 2013-14 (4th lowest in the country at that time)
- Net effect: Share of income required has increased appreciable over last decade.
 - From 2.7% to 6.5% in community colleges
 - From 6.9% to 12.% in universities



- \square Why a new normal & not return to the old normal
 - □Can't afford the old normal
 - ☐ Hyper-inflationary model is unsustainable (unaffordable)
- What the new normal looks like
 - ☐ Performance funding is the wave in most states not Idaho
 - But not the only game in town
 - □ Affordability issues driving focus on costs & price
 - ☐ Tuition Policy & Financial Aid sharing the stage
 - ☐ Generally lacking true integration of finance policies Appropriations, Tuition Policy, and Financial Aid in Sync
 - ☐ Speaks to the wisdom of the Governor's Request



Summing it all up

- ☐ The times they are a changing
 - ☐ The way we provide education is changing
 - ■Who we educate is changing
 - ☐ The way we assess the quality of our enterprise is changing
 - ☐ The way we finance the enterprise is changing



Summing it all up

```
☐ What this has wrought for Idaho
    \squarePreparation: from D+ to C
    ☐ Participation: from D to
         □ C- for traditional students
         \square B for older students
    ■ Affordability:
         ☐ from B- to C
    □ Completion:
         \Box from C to D
    □ Quality/Learning: from Incomplete to
         \square B+ on productivity
         □Incomplete on student learning outcomes
```



Summing it all up

- ■Where to from here for Idaho
 - □ If you're comfortable with a C+ average, stay the course
 - If you want something more, change is the logical option

Albert Einstein's

Alleged Definition of Insanity

"Doing the same thing over and over again, and expecting a different result"

I encourage sanity in Idaho higher education public policy

