Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections

Senate Education Committee

James Pannell, Education Director March 2, 2016

Developing productive citizens in partnership with communities, through juvenile crime prevention, education, rehabilitation and reintegration

Idaho Department of Juvenile Corrections Meet the Principals



Isaac Moffett Education Program Manager JCC–Lewiston



Rick Berrett Education Program Manager JCC–St. Anthony



Kathleen Schatz Education Program Manager JCC-Nampa

Recruitment and Retention of Education Staff

Recruitment

- Difficulty finding qualified candidates for open positions
- Using alternative routes to certification
- Paying for additional education and trainings to meet qualifications
- Shortage of teachers statewide

Retention

- Paid similar to state employees instead of school district teachers
- Salary scale for additional education and experience does not exist
- Year-round school year versus 9 months
- Still must maintain teacher certification

School Differences

IDJC Schools

- School days = 251
 - Year-round school
- Basic Job Requirements
 - Teach multiple subjects each instructional period to meet individual student needs
 - Substitute for teachers who are absent
 - Maintain facility safety and security requirements
 - Restrain acting out juveniles
 - Obtain and maintain POST certification

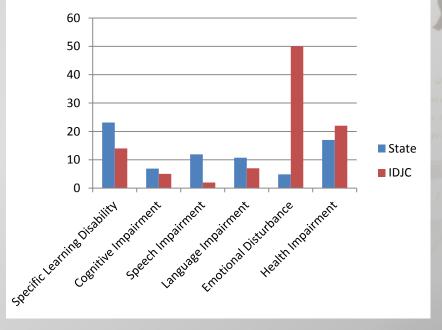
Public Schools

- School days = 142 175
 - 9-month school
- Basic Job Requirements
 - Teach one specific course each instructional period to entire group of students
 - Substitute teachers provided when absent
 - Contract includes a few evening work schedules for parent conferences
 - Additional pay for extra duties (coaching, mentoring, longevity, additional education)

Juvenile Population

Special Education

2015 Special Education Incidence Idaho compared to IDJC

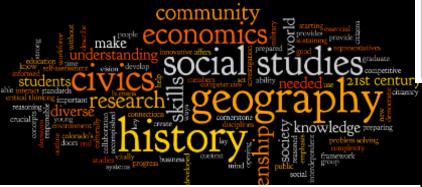


Population

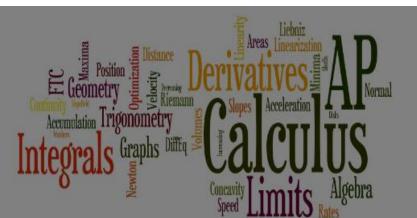
 Juveniles have high incident of trauma and mental health issues

 State facilities juvenile population is 192. While the number is lower, the complexity and difficulty of these juveniles is increasing.





Find the derivative of $y = f(x) = \sqrt{169 - x^2}$. \Rightarrow







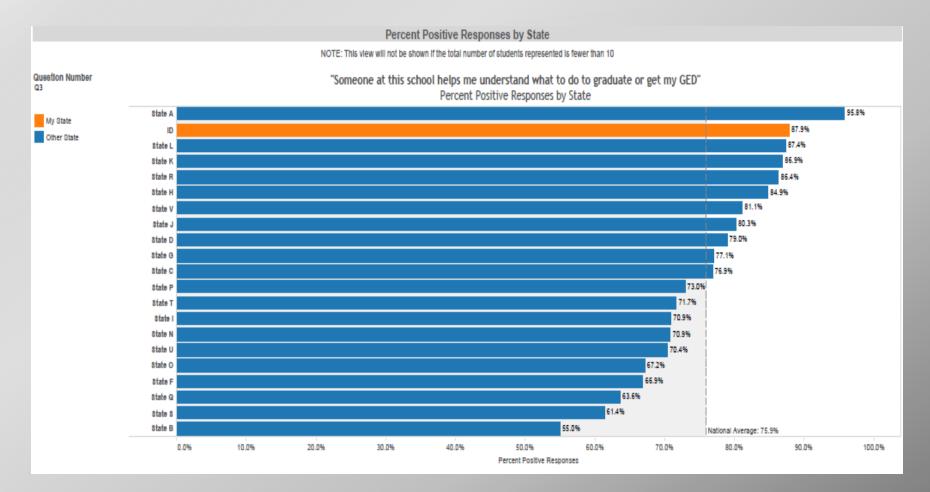


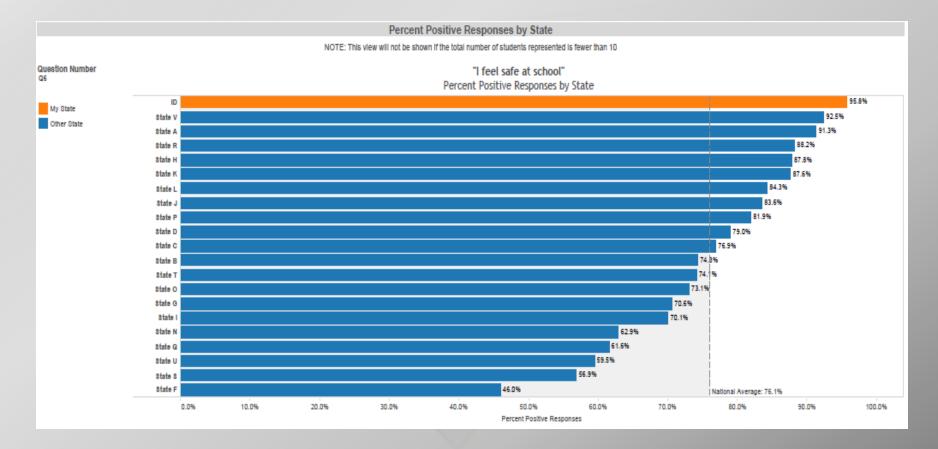
standard exponential inequality formula

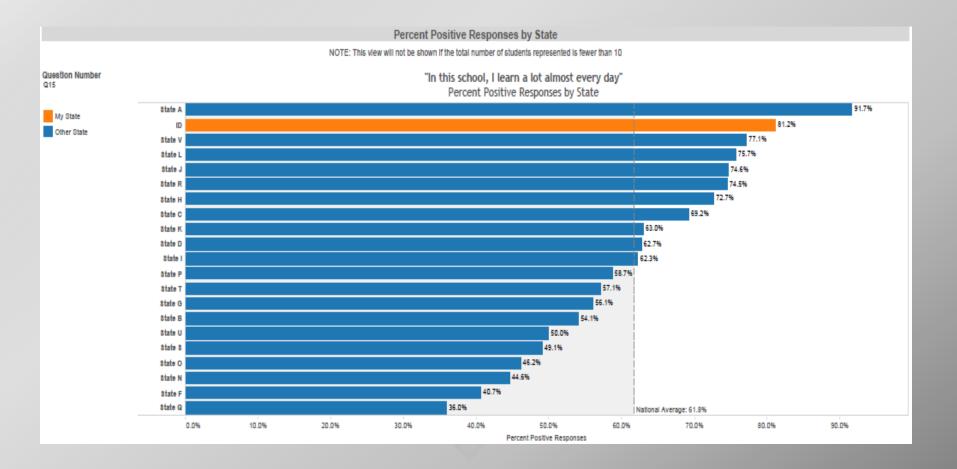
Positive Youth Outcomes

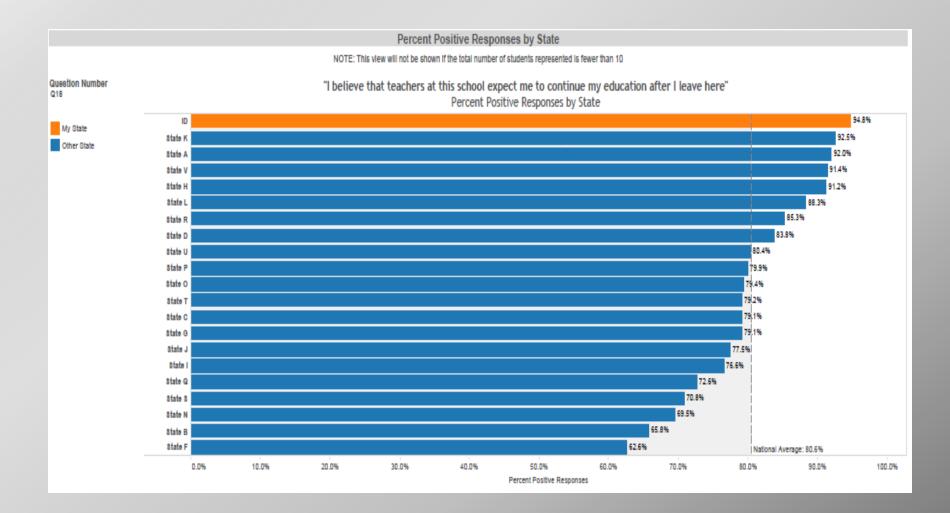
- 795 credits earned in the first 6 months of this school year
- 47% of eligible juveniles received a High School Diploma or a GED
- 83% increase in reading scores
- 90% increase in math scores

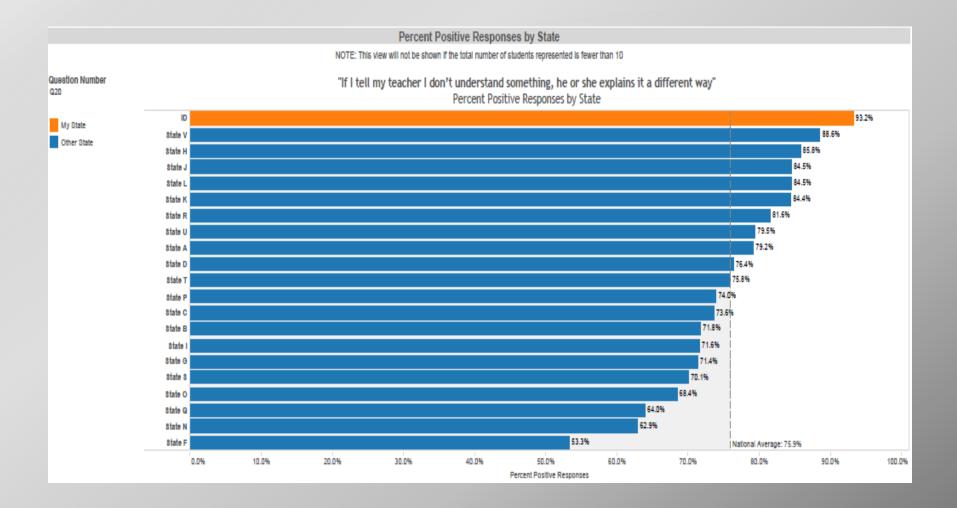


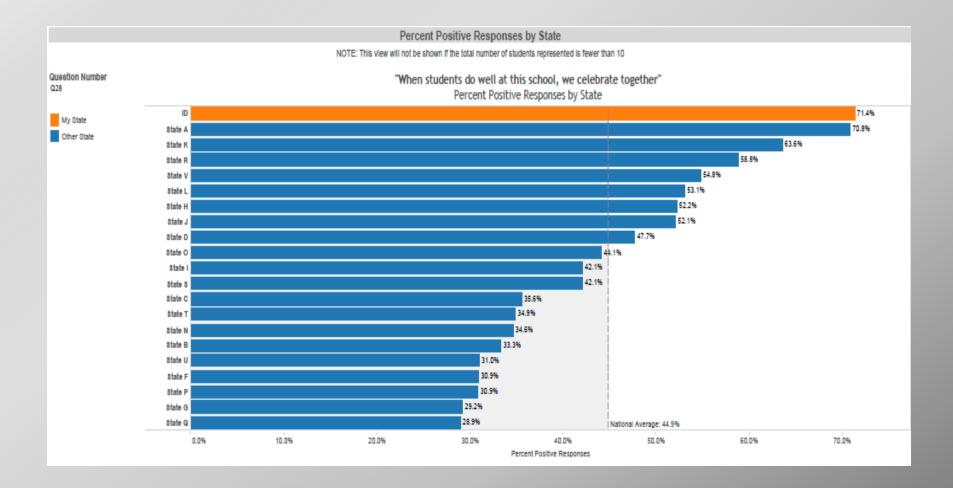












Questions

james.pannell@idjc.idaho.gov