## STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

## RS26151

This legislation provides that a person who is found guilty of or is convicted of misdemeanor domestic violence may not possess, own, or purchase a firearm. If a person who has been convicted of misdemeanor domestic violence is found in possession, owns, or purchases a firearm within two (2) years of the conviction, that person will be guilty of a misdemeanor. This legislation mirrors the Federal Gun Control Act of 1968 that prohibits individuals who are convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence from possessing a firearm. Currently there is not a state enforcement mechanism; this legislation would allow for state enforcement.

## **FISCAL NOTE**

There were five hundred fifty five (555) misdemeanor convictions in 2017. Based on that information and if five (5) percent of these violate in a given fiscal year, the fiscal impact to revenue derived from fines and fees statewide is estimated to be an approximate net increase of up to \$31,253 per fiscal year. However, the increase in county revenue is expected to be offset by a corresponding maximum increase in costs of approximately \$29,883, which is associated with an increased cost of public defense (\$12,222) and prosecution (\$17,661). Further, increased costs attributable to the direct and indirect cost of arrest, incarceration, and adjudication would also likely be realized, though these costs cannot be quantified at this time due to a lack of direct access to accurate and comprehensive data on such costs. These are estimates that could vary based upon several factors, including conviction rates; fine imposition rates; waiver rates; collection rates; whether city or county magistrate facilities are used; initial pleas from defendants; and public defender and prosecuting attorney workload distributions.

## Contact:

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DISCLAIMER: This statement of purpose and fiscal note are a mere attachment to this bill and prepared by a proponent of the bill. It is neither intended as an expression of legislative intent nor intended for any use outside of the legislative process, including judicial review (Joint Rule 18).