Dear Senators PATRICK, Agenbroad, Ward-Engelking, and Representatives HOLTZCLAW, Anderson, Chew:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Labor:

- IDAPA 09.01.30 Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules Proposed Rule (Docket No. 09-0130-1902);
- IDAPA 09.01.30 Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules Proposed Rule (Docket No. 09-0130-1903).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 10/21/2019. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 11/19/2019.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



# Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Eric Milstead Director Serving klaho's Citizen Legislature

### **MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Commerce & Human Resources Committee and the

House Commerce & Human Resources Committee

**FROM:** Legislative Drafting Attorney - Matt Drake

**DATE:** September 30, 2019

**SUBJECT:** Department of Labor

IDAPA 09.01.30 - Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 09-0130-1902)

IDAPA 09.01.30 - Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 09-0130-1903)

Docket No. 09-0130-1902

### Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Department of Labor submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 09.01.30 relating to Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules. The proposed rule clarifies the circumstances under which an unemployment insurance claimant can leave the local labor market area, such as to seek work and attend training or school. The proposed rule provides that, to remain eligible for benefits, claimants must remain within the state, territory, or country included in the U.S. Department of Labor Interstate Benefit Payment Plan.

### **Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact**

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no fiscal impact.

### **Statutory Authority**

The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

Docket No. 09-0130-1903

### Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Department of Labor submits notice of proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 09.01.30 relating to Unemployment Insurance Benefits Administration Rules. The proposed rule clarifies unemployment insurance benefit eligibility for individuals with disabilities as determined by Idaho law. The proposed rule provides that a claimant must prove eligibility with competent evidence of a qualifying disability. The proposed rule also removes language regarding long-term disability that was inconsistent with the definition of disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

### **Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact**

Kristin Ford, Manager Research & Legislation Paul Headlee, Manager Budget & Policy Analysis April Renfro, Manager Legislative Audits Glenn Harris, Manager Information Technology

Tel: 208–334–2475 www.legislature.idaho.gov Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no fiscal impact.

### **Statutory Authority**

The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

cc: Department of Labor Patricia Fitzpatrick

### \*\*\* PLEASE NOTE \*\*\*

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

### **IDAPA 09 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

# 09.01.30 – UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION RULES

### DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1902

### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 18, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking: The intended changes to 09.01.30.175.20 will:

- 1. Define the circumstances under which an unemployment insurance claimant can leave the local labor market area to attend training or school; and
- 2. Specify unemployment insurance claimants cannot leave the country while collecting benefits.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-7, pages 156-157** and in the May 1, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-5, page 61**.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

**ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS:** For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x 3919.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 25, 2019.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 2019.

Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Labor – UI Division 219 Main Street Boise, ID 83735

Phone: (208) 332-3577 x 3919

Fax: (208) 639-3256

# THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1902 (Only Those Sections With Amendments Are Shown.)

#### 175. AVAILABLE FOR WORK.

The phrase "available for work" is defined as a state of mind which involves a readiness and willingness to work, and a desire to find a job, including the possibility of marketing one's services in the claimant's area of availability. There must remain a reasonable possibility of a claimant finding and obtaining, or being referred and hired for, suitable work. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

- **O1. Availability Requirements.** The type of work for which the claimant is available must exist in the claimant's area to the extent that a normal unemployed person would generally find work within a reasonable period of time. (3-19-99)
- **02. Child Care.** Child care must be arranged so as not to restrict a claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)
- **03.** Compelling Personal Circumstances. For the purposes of this rule, compelling personal circumstances are defined as: (6-30-19)T
  - a. A situation in which the claimant required the assistance of emergency response personnel; (4-11-06)
    - **b.** The serious illness or death or funeral of an immediate family member; or (4-11-06)
    - **c.** The wedding of the claimant or an immediate family member. (4-11-06)
- **d.** For the purposes of this rule, "immediate family member" is defined as a claimant's spouse, child, foster child, parent, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage. (4-11-06)
  - e. For the purposes of this rule, "workweek" is defined: (6-30-19)T
  - i. Code R, U, or X. The claimant's normal work week as defined by the employer. (6-30-19)T
  - ii. Code B or C. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m. (6-30-19)T
  - iii. Code D. Regular class hours. (6-30-19)T
- **f.** Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day. (6-30-19)T
- **04.** Conscientious Objection. No person may be held to be unavailable for work solely because of religious convictions not permitting work on a certain day. (3-19-99)
- **05. Contract Obligation**. A person who is bound by a contract that prevents him from accepting other employment is not eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **06. Distance to Work**. A claimant seeking work must be willing to travel the distance normally traveled by other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)
- **O7. Domestic Circumstances**. A claimant is not eligible for benefits if domestic circumstances take precedence over the claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)

- **08. Equipment**. Claimants will be required to provide necessary tools or equipment in certain occupations. The lack of these tools or equipment will directly affect a claimant's availability for work, unless he will accept other work.

  (3-19-99)
- **09. Evidence**. A claimant is responsible for providing proof of his availability for work and for seeking work if his availability is questioned or proof is required by these rules. (3-19-99)
- **10. Experience or Training.** A claimant is expected to be available for work consistent with his past experience or training, provided there is no change in his ability to perform that work. (3-19-99)
- 11. Full-Time/Part-Time Work. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must be available for a full workweek and a full, normal workday unless the claimant establishes that a majority of the weeks worked in his base period were for less than full-time work or the claimant establishes eligibility under the Americans with Disabilities Act. An individual who restricts his availability to part-time work pursuant to Section 72-1366(4)(c), Idaho Code, will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits if the individual works hours comparable to his part-time work experience in his base period. (3-29-10)
- 12. Incarceration/Work Release. A claimant who is incarcerated for any part of the claimant's normal workweek is not eligible for benefits for that week, unless the claimant can establish he has work release privileges which would provide him a reasonable opportunity to meet his work search requirements and obtain full-time employment.

  (3-19-99)
- 13. Jury Duty/Subpoenas. A claimant serving on jury duty or subpoenaed is excused from the availability and work-seeking requirements of the law for that time period. A claimant is not ineligible if he must refuse work because of the jury duty or subpoena. (3-19-99)
- 14. Licensing or Government Restrictions. A claimant prohibited by law from engaging in certain work must be available for other employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **15. Moving to Remote Area**. A claimant who moves to a remote locality where there is very little possibility of obtaining work will be ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **16. Public Official.** A public official who receives pay and performs "full-time" service is not unemployed or eligible for benefits. Part-time officials, even though receiving pay, may be considered available for work the same as any other individual employed on a part-time basis. Ref. Sec. 72-1312(1). (3-19-99)
- 17. **Public Service.** Performing public service, including voluntary non-remunerated service, does not disqualify an individual for benefits as long as he is meeting the availability and work-seeking requirements.

(3-19-99)

- **18. Restricting Work to Within the Home.** A claimant who restricts his availability to only work done within the home which severely limits the work available to him is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- 19. School Attendance or a Training Course. A person who is attending school or a training course may be eligible for benefits if the attendance does not conflict in any way with that person's availability for work or for seeking work and if he will discontinue attendance upon receipt of an offer of employment if there is a conflict between employment and the schooling or training. (3-19-99)
- 20. Temporary Absence from Local Labor Market to Seek Work. All claimants, regardless of their attachment to an industry or employer, must meet the same standard of remaining within their local labor market area during the workweek in order to be considered available for work, unless the primary purpose of a temporary absence is to seek work in another labor market; provided, however, eClaimants otherwise eligible to receive benefits while participating in an approved training program or course are not deemed ineligible when the training or course occurs outside of their local labor market due to the unavailability of similar programs or courses within their local labor market.

a. To remain eligible for benefits, claimants will remain within the state, territory, or country included in the USDOL Interstate Benefit Payment Plan.

**21.** Time. (3-19-99)

- a. Time Restrictions. A claimant may not impose restrictions on his time, including either hours of the day or days of the week, which will limit his availability to seek or accept suitable work. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Shift Restrictions. A claimant who restricts his availability to a single shift may not be fully available for work if the restriction significantly reduces his chances of becoming employed. (3-19-99)
- **22. Transportation Difficulties.** Lack of transportation is not a bona fide reason for a claimant to fail to be available for or to seek work. Transportation is the responsibility of the claimant. (3-19-99)
- 23. Unreasonable Restrictions on Working Conditions. A claimant who places unreasonable restrictions on working conditions so as to seriously hinder his availability and search for work is ineligible for benefits.

  (3-19-99)
- **24. Vacation**. A person on a vacation approved by his employer during time when work is available is not considered available for work nor eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **25. Wages.** A claimant is not ineligible for benefits if the wages or other conditions of available work are substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for similar work in the local area. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7)(b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)
- **a.** Demanding Higher Wages. A claimant is ineligible for benefits if he unduly restricts his availability for work by insisting on a wage rate that is higher than the prevailing wage for similar work in that area. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Prior Earnings. The claimant's prior earnings and past experience are considered in determining whether he is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)
- **26. Waiver of Two-Year Training Limitation**. For purposes of approving a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training courses, specified by Idaho Code Section 72-1366(8)(c)(ii), for claimants who lack skills to compete in the labor market, the following criteria must be met: (6-30-19)T
- **a.** Financial Plan. The claimant must demonstrate a workable financial plan for completing the school or training course after his benefits have been exhausted. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Demand for Occupation. The claimant must establish there is a demand for the occupation in which the claimant will be trained. A "demand occupation" is one in which work opportunities are available and there is not a surplus of qualified applicants. (3-19-99)
- **c.** Duration of Training. At the time that the claimant applies for the waiver, the duration of the school or training course is no longer than two (2) years to completion. (3-19-99)
- **d.** Denial. No claimant will be denied a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training because the claimant is already enrolled or participating in the school or training at the time he requests the waiver.

  (6-30-19)T

### **IDAPA 09 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### 09.01.30 – UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS ADMINISTRATION RULES

#### **DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1903**

### NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

**AUTHORITY:** In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 72-1333, Idaho Code.

**PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE:** Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than September 18, 2019.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

**DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY:** The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking: The intended changes to IDPA 09.01.30 will:

- 1. Clarify unemployment insurance benefit eligibility for individuals with disabilities as determined by Idaho law;
- 2. Identify unemployment insurance claimants as responsible for providing competent evidence they are qualified individuals with disabilities under the Americans with Disabilities Act; and
- 3. Remove language concerning long- term disability inconsistent with the definition of disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

**FISCAL IMPACT:** The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

**NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING:** Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 3, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-7**, **pages 158-159** and in the May 1, 2019 Idaho Administrative Bulletin, **Vol. 19-5**, **page 62**.

**INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE:** Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief at (208) 332-3577 x 3919.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before September 25, 2019.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 2019.

Josh McKenna, UI Benefits Bureau Chief Idaho Department of Labor – UI Division 219 Main Street Boise, ID 83735

Phone: (208) 332-3577 x 3919

Fax: (208) 639-3256

## THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 09-0130-1903 (Only Those Sections With Amendments Are Shown.)

#### 100. ABLE TO WORK.

"Able to work" is defined as the physical and mental ability to perform work under conditions ordinarily existing during a normal workweek. It does not mean that a person must be able to perform work in his customary occupation or the same kind of work he last performed. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

- **01. Able to Perform Some Type of Work**. A person must be able to perform work of some type for which he can qualify at the time he files an initial claim for unemployment insurance. (6-30-19)T
- **O2. Able to Work Part-Time.** A person who is able to work only part of the workday or part of the workweek is not considered "able to work" for the purposes of Section 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. This rule does not apply to claimants who establish eligibility under the Americans Section 150 of these rules, "Claimants with Disabilities Act."
- **03. Disability Compensation**. A claimant's receipt of disability compensation does not in itself establish that he is unable to work or unavailable for work, even though the payee has been declared totally disabled. (3-19-99)
- **04. Illness Provision**. A person who claims benefits under the illness provision must remain available for local office job referral; however, he may leave the area for treatment of his illness and continue to be eligible under the illness provision.

  (6-30-19)T
- **05. Illness Provision as Applied to Transitional or Reopened Claim.** Receipt of benefits during the same illness continues throughout a spell of unemployment, even though the current benefit year has ended and a transitional claim is filed the following year or the claim is reopened after a period of not filing with no intervening employment.

  (3-19-99)
- **06. Mental Illness.** A person who, after filing a valid claim, becomes unable to work because of mental illness is entitled to the same benefits under the illness provision as claimants who suffer from other types of illness or disability. (3-19-99)
- **07. Withdrawing from Labor Market Because of Illness.** A claimant who withdraws from the labor market because of illness or injury prior to filing a claim is not eligible until he is able to work and available for work. (3-19-99)

### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

### 150. AMERICANS CLAIMANTS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA).

**01.** Availability Requirement. For purposes of this rule, aA qualified claimant with a disability who is able to work with or without a reasonable accommodation will be considered as having complied with the requirement of being available for work provided the claimant if he is willing to work the maximum number of hours

that he has established through medically verifiable evidence that he the claimant is able to work. (3-19-99)(\_\_\_\_

- **Pull-Time Employment Burden of Proof.** An individual claiming benefits under this provision will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits in any week that the individual works the maximum number of hours that he is able to work Claimant has the burden of proving eligibility under this provision with competent evidence.

  (3-19-99)(\_\_\_\_\_)
- 03. Long Term Additional Eligibility Requirements. For purposes of this rule, "long term" is defined as twelve (12) months or longer Qualified claimants with disabilities must meet all other eligibility requirements, including the illness provision of Section 100 of these rules, (3-19-99)

### (BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

### 175. AVAILABLE FOR WORK.

The phrase "available for work" is defined as a state of mind which involves a readiness and willingness to work, and a desire to find a job, including the possibility of marketing one's services in the claimant's area of availability. There must remain a reasonable possibility of a claimant finding and obtaining, or being referred and hired for, suitable work. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(4), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)

- **O1. Availability Requirements.** The type of work for which the claimant is available must exist in the claimant's area to the extent that a normal unemployed person would generally find work within a reasonable period of time.

  (3-19-99)
- **02. Child Care.** Child care must be arranged so as not to restrict a claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)
- **03.** Compelling Personal Circumstances. For the purposes of this rule, compelling personal circumstances are defined as: (6-30-19)T
  - a. A situation in which the claimant required the assistance of emergency response personnel; (4-11-06)
  - **b.** The serious illness or death or funeral of an immediate family member; or (4-11-06)
  - c. The wedding of the claimant or an immediate family member. (4-11-06)
- **d.** For the purposes of this rule, "immediate family member" is defined as a claimant's spouse, child, foster child, parent, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, or the same relation by marriage. (4-11-06)
  - e. For the purposes of this rule, "workweek" is defined: (6-30-19)T
  - i. Code R, U, or X. The claimant's normal work week as defined by the employer. (6-30-19)T
  - ii. Code B or C. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m. (6-30-19)T
  - iii. Code D. Regular class hours. (6-30-19)T
- **f.** Claimant work availability requirements are waived on Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day. (6-30-19)T
- **04.** Conscientious Objection. No person may be held to be unavailable for work solely because of religious convictions not permitting work on a certain day. (3-19-99)
  - **05.** Contract Obligation. A person who is bound by a contract that prevents him from accepting other

employment is not eligible for benefits.

(3-19-99)

- **06. Distance to Work**. A claimant seeking work must be willing to travel the distance normally traveled by other workers in his area and occupation. (3-19-99)
- **O7. Domestic Circumstances**. A claimant is not eligible for benefits if domestic circumstances take precedence over the claimant's availability for work or for seeking work. (3-19-99)
- **08. Equipment**. Claimants will be required to provide necessary tools or equipment in certain occupations. The lack of these tools or equipment will directly affect a claimant's availability for work, unless he will accept other work.

  (3-19-99)
- **09. Evidence**. A claimant is responsible for providing proof of his availability for work and for seeking work if his availability is questioned or proof is required by these rules. (3-19-99)
- **10. Experience or Training.** A claimant is expected to be available for work consistent with his past experience or training, provided there is no change in his ability to perform that work. (3-19-99)
- 11. Full-Time/Part-Time Work. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must be available for a full workweek and a full, normal workday unless the claimant establishes that a majority of the weeks worked in his base period were for less than full-time work or the claimant establishes eligibility under the Americans Section 150 of these rules, "Claimants with Disabilities Act." An individual who restricts his availability to part-time work pursuant to Section 72-1366(4)(c), Idaho Code, will be considered fully employed and ineligible to receive benefits if the individual works hours comparable to his part-time work experience in his base period.
- 12. Incarceration/Work Release. A claimant who is incarcerated for any part of the claimant's normal workweek is not eligible for benefits for that week, unless the claimant can establish he has work release privileges which would provide him a reasonable opportunity to meet his work search requirements and obtain full-time employment.

  (3-19-99)
- 13. Jury Duty/Subpoenas. A claimant serving on jury duty or subpoenaed is excused from the availability and work-seeking requirements of the law for that time period. A claimant is not ineligible if he must refuse work because of the jury duty or subpoena.

  (3-19-99)
- 14. Licensing or Government Restrictions. A claimant prohibited by law from engaging in certain work must be available for other employment to be eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **15. Moving to Remote Area**. A claimant who moves to a remote locality where there is very little possibility of obtaining work will be ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **16. Public Official.** A public official who receives pay and performs "full-time" service is not unemployed or eligible for benefits. Part-time officials, even though receiving pay, may be considered available for work the same as any other individual employed on a part-time basis. Ref. Sec. 72-1312(1). (3-19-99)
- 17. Public Service. Performing public service, including voluntary non-remunerated service, does not disqualify an individual for benefits as long as he is meeting the availability and work-seeking requirements.

  (3-19-99)
- **18. Restricting Work to Within the Home**. A claimant who restricts his availability to only work done within the home which severely limits the work available to him is ineligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- 19. School Attendance or a Training Course. A person who is attending school or a training course may be eligible for benefits if the attendance does not conflict in any way with that person's availability for work or for seeking work and if he will discontinue attendance upon receipt of an offer of employment if there is a conflict between employment and the schooling or training. (3-19-99)
  - 20. Temporary Absence from Local Labor Market to Seek Work. All claimants, regardless of their

attachment to an industry or employer, must meet the same standard of remaining within their local labor market area during the workweek in order to be considered available for work, unless the primary purpose of a temporary absence is to seek work in another labor market; provided, however, claimants otherwise eligible to receive benefits while participating in an approved training program or course are not deemed ineligible when the training or course occurs outside of their local labor market due to the unavailability of similar programs or courses within their local labor market.

(6-30-19)T

**21.** Time. (3-19-99)

- a. Time Restrictions. A claimant may not impose restrictions on his time, including either hours of the day or days of the week, which will limit his availability to seek or accept suitable work. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Shift Restrictions. A claimant who restricts his availability to a single shift may not be fully available for work if the restriction significantly reduces his chances of becoming employed. (3-19-99)
- **22. Transportation Difficulties.** Lack of transportation is not a bona fide reason for a claimant to fail to be available for or to seek work. Transportation is the responsibility of the claimant. (3-19-99)
- 23. Unreasonable Restrictions on Working Conditions. A claimant who places unreasonable restrictions on working conditions so as to seriously hinder his availability and search for work is ineligible for benefits.

  (3-19-99)
- **24. Vacation**. A person on a vacation approved by his employer during time when work is available is not considered available for work nor eligible for benefits. (3-19-99)
- **25. Wages.** A claimant is not ineligible for benefits if the wages or other conditions of available work are substantially less favorable to the claimant than those prevailing for similar work in the local area. Ref. Sec. 72-1366(7)(b), Idaho Code. (3-19-99)
- **a.** Demanding Higher Wages. A claimant is ineligible for benefits if he unduly restricts his availability for work by insisting on a wage rate that is higher than the prevailing wage for similar work in that area. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Prior Earnings. The claimant's prior earnings and past experience are considered in determining whether he is available for suitable work. (3-19-99)
- **26. Waiver of Two-Year Training Limitation**. For purposes of approving a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training courses, specified by Idaho Code Section 72-1366(8)(c)(ii), for claimants who lack skills to compete in the labor market, the following criteria must be met: (6-30-19)T
- **a.** Financial Plan. The claimant must demonstrate a workable financial plan for completing the school or training course after his benefits have been exhausted. (3-19-99)
- **b.** Demand for Occupation. The claimant must establish there is a demand for the occupation in which the claimant will be trained. A "demand occupation" is one in which work opportunities are available and there is not a surplus of qualified applicants. (3-19-99)
- **c.** Duration of Training. At the time that the claimant applies for the waiver, the duration of the school or training course is no longer than two (2) years to completion. (3-19-99)
- **d.** Denial. No claimant will be denied a waiver of the two (2) year limitation on school or training because the claimant is already enrolled or participating in the school or training at the time he requests the waiver.

  (6-30-19)T