

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 251

BY REVENUE AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO INCOME TAX; AMENDING SECTION 63-3022, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING CERTAIN FEDERAL RELIEF MONEYS IN COMPUTING TAXABLE INCOME; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 63-3022, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-3022. ADJUSTMENTS TO TAXABLE INCOME. The additions and subtractions set forth in this section, and in sections 63-3022A through 63-3022U, Idaho Code, are to be applied to the extent allowed in computing Idaho taxable income:

(a) Add any state and local taxes, as defined in section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code that are measured by net income, or for which a credit is allowable under section 63-3029, Idaho Code, and paid or accrued during the taxable year adjusted for state or local tax refunds used in arriving at taxable income.

(b) Add the net operating loss deduction used in arriving at taxable income.

(c) (1) A net operating loss for any taxable year commencing on and after January 1, 2000, but before January 1, 2013, shall be a net operating loss carryback not to exceed a total of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to the two (2) immediately preceding taxable years. At the election of the taxpayer, the two (2) year carryback may be forgone and the loss subtracted from income received in taxable years arising in the next twenty (20) years succeeding the taxable year in which the loss arises in order until exhausted.

(2) A net operating loss for any taxable year commencing on or after January 1, 2013, shall be a net operating loss carryback not to exceed a total of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to the two (2) immediately preceding taxable years only if an amended return carrying the loss back is filed within one (1) year of the end of the taxable year of the net operating loss that results in such carryback.

(3) Any portion of the net operating loss not subtracted from income in the two (2) preceding years may be subtracted from income in the next twenty (20) years succeeding the taxable year in which the loss arises in order until exhausted. The sum of the deductions may not exceed the amount of the net operating loss deduction incurred. The carryback shall be limited to a total of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the case of an individual filing as married filing separate in the year of the loss.

1 (4) Net operating losses incurred by a corporation during a year in
2 which such corporation did not transact business in Idaho or was not
3 included in a group of corporations combined under subsection (t) of
4 section 63-3027, Idaho Code, may not be subtracted. However, if at
5 least one (1) corporation within a group of corporations combined under
6 subsection (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, was transacting business
7 in Idaho during the taxable year in which the loss was incurred, then the
8 net operating loss may be subtracted. Net operating losses incurred by
9 a person, other than a corporation, in activities not taxable by Idaho
10 may not be subtracted.

11 (5) The term "income" as used in this subsection means Idaho taxable in-
12 come as defined in this chapter as modified by section 63-3021(b) (2),
13 (3) and (4), Idaho Code.

14 (d) In the case of a corporation, add the amount deducted under the pro-
15 visions of sections 243(a) and (c), 244, 245, and 246A of the Internal Re-
16 venue Code (relating to dividends received by corporations and other special
17 deductions) as limited by section 246(b) (1) of said code.

18 (e) In the case of a corporation, subtract an amount determined under
19 section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxable as dividends.

20 (f) Subtract the amount of any income received or accrued during the
21 taxable year which is exempt from taxation by this state, under the provi-
22 sions of any other law of this state or a law of the United States, if not pre-
23 viously subtracted in arriving at taxable income.

24 (g) For the purpose of determining the Idaho taxable income of the bene-
25 ficiary of a trust or of an estate:

26 (1) Distributable net income as defined for federal tax purposes shall
27 be corrected for the other adjustments required by this section.

28 (2) Net operating losses attributable to a beneficiary of a trust or es-
29 tate under section 642 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be a deduction
30 for the beneficiary to the extent that income from the trust or estate
31 would be attributable to this state under the provisions of this chap-
32 ter.

33 (h) In the case of an individual who is on active duty as a full-time
34 officer, enlistee or draftee, with the armed forces of the United States,
35 which full-time duty is or will be continuous and uninterrupted for one hun-
36 dred twenty (120) consecutive days or more, deduct compensation paid by the
37 armed forces of the United States for services performed outside this state.
38 The deduction is allowed only to the extent such income is included in tax-
39 able income.

40 (i) In the case of a corporation, including any corporation included
41 in a group of corporations combined under subsection (t) of section 63-3027,
42 Idaho Code, add any capital loss or passive loss deducted which loss was in-
43 curred during any year in which such corporation did not transact business in
44 Idaho. However, do not add any capital loss deducted if a corporation, in-
45 cluding any corporation in a group of corporations combined under subsection
46 (t) of section 63-3027, Idaho Code, was transacting business in Idaho dur-
47 ing the taxable year in which the loss was incurred. In the case of persons
48 other than corporations, add any capital loss or passive loss deducted which
49 was incurred in activities not taxable by Idaho at the time such loss was in-
50 curred. In computing the income taxable to an S corporation or partnership

1 under this section, deduction shall not be allowed for a carryover or carry-
2 back of a net operating loss provided for in subsection (c) of this section,
3 a passive loss or a capital loss provided for in section 1212 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code.

5 (j) In the case of an individual, there shall be allowed as a deduction
6 from gross income either paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection at the op-
7 tion of the taxpayer:

8 (1) The standard deduction as defined in section 63 of the Internal Rev-
9 enue Code.

10 (2) Itemized deductions as defined in section 63 of the Internal Rev-
11 enue Code except state or local taxes measured by net income and general
12 sales taxes as either is defined in section 164 of the Internal Revenue
13 Code.

14 (k) Add the taxable amount of any lump sum distribution excluded from
15 gross income for federal income tax purposes under the ten (10) year averag-
16 ing method. The taxable amount will include the ordinary income portion and
17 the amount eligible for the capital gain election.

18 (l) Deduct any amounts included in gross income under the provisions of
19 section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code relating to certain social security
20 and railroad benefits.

21 (m) In the case of a self-employed individual, deduct the actual cost
22 of premiums paid to secure worker's compensation insurance for coverage in
23 Idaho, if such cost has not been deducted in arriving at taxable income.

24 (n) In the case of an individual for any tax period ending on or prior
25 to December 31, 2016, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings pro-
26 gram but not more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per tax year. In the
27 case of an individual and for any tax period starting on or after January 1,
28 2017, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings program, but not
29 more than six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per tax year. For those married and
30 filing jointly, deduct the amount contributed to a college savings program,
31 but not more than twice of that allowed for an individual. To be qualified
32 for this deduction, the contribution must be made during the taxable year and
33 made to an Idaho college savings program account as described in chapter 54,
34 title 33, Idaho Code.

35 (o) In the case of an individual, add the amount of a nonqualified with-
36 drawal from an individual trust account or savings account established pur-
37 suant to chapter 54, title 33, Idaho Code, less any amount of such nonqual-
38 ified withdrawal included in the individual's federal gross income pursuant
39 to section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code. The addition provided in this
40 subsection is limited to contributions previously exempt from Idaho state
41 income tax and earnings generated from the program as long as the earnings
42 are not already included in federal adjusted gross income.

43 (p) In the case of an individual, add the amount of a withdrawal from
44 an individual trust account or savings account established pursuant to chap-
45 ter 54, title 33, Idaho Code, transferred to a qualified tuition program, as
46 defined in section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, that is operated by a
47 state other than Idaho or to a qualified ABLE program as defined in section
48 529A of the Internal Revenue Code. The addition provided in this subsection
49 is limited to the amount of the contributions to the Idaho individual trust
50 account or savings account by the account owner that was deducted on the ac-

1 count owner's Idaho income tax return for the year of the transfer and the
2 prior taxable year.

3 (q) Deduct any amount disallowed under section 461(l)(1)(B) of the In-
4 ternal Revenue Code (relating to excess business losses) that is treated as
5 part of the taxpayer's net operating loss carryforward for federal income
6 tax purposes.

7 (r) Subtract any amounts included in taxable income for funds received
8 or loans forgiven pursuant to the provisions of the coronavirus aid, relief,
9 and economic security act, P.L. 116-136.

10 (s) Subtract any amounts included in taxable income for loans forgiven
11 pursuant to the paycheck protection program and health care enhancement act,
12 P.L. 116-139, including economic injury disaster loan advance funds, and the
13 paycheck protection program flexibility act of 2020, P.L. 116-142.

14 (t) Add any amounts excluded from taxable income for funds received
15 pursuant to the emergency rental assistance program established by sec-
16 tion 501 of division N of the consolidated appropriations act, 2021, P.L.
17 116-260.

18 SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby
19 declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its
20 passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2021.