Dear Senators OKUNIEWICZ, Den Hartog, Rabe, and Representatives PALMER, Mitchell, Gannon:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Idaho Transportation Department:

- IDAPA 39.02.22 Rules Governing Registration and Permit Fee Administration and Temporary Vehicle Clearance for Carriers Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0222-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.01 Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Special Permits (ZBR Chapter Rewrite, Fee Rule) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0301-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.02 Rules Governing Movement of Disabled Vehicles (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0302-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.03 Rules Governing Special Permits General Conditions and Requirements (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0303-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.04 Rules Governing Special Permits Overweight Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0304-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.05 Rules Governing Special Permits Oversize Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0305-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.06 Rules Governing Special Permits for Extra-Length/Excess Weight, up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0306-2301);
- IDAPA 39.03.07 Rules Governing Special Permits for Reducible Loads (ZBR Chapter Repeal) Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0307-2301).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 12/08/2023. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 01/05/2024.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Serving Idaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Transportation Committee and the House

Transportation & Defense Committee

FROM: Division Manager - Matt Drake

DATE: November 14, 2023

SUBJECT: Idaho Transportation Department

IDAPA 39.02.22 - Rules Governing Registration and Permit Fee Administration and Temporary Vehicle Clearance for Carriers - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0222-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Special Permits (ZBR Chapter Rewrite, Fee Rule) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0301-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.02 - Rules Governing Movement of Disabled Vehicles (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0302-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.03 - Rules Governing Special Permits - General Conditions and Requirements (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0303-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.04 - Rules Governing Special Permits - Overweight Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0304-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.05 - Rules Governing Special Permits - Oversize Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0305-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.06 - Rules Governing Special Permits for Extra-Length/Excess Weight, up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0306-2301)

IDAPA 39.03.07 - Rules Governing Special Permits for Reducible Loads (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0307-2301)

IDAPA 39.02.22 - Rules Governing Registration and Permit Fee Administration and Temporary Vehicle Clearance for Carriers - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0222-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0222-2301. The Department states that the overall purpose of the proposed changes are to combine relevant rules. This proposed rule removes section 100 and 101 and moves them to IDAPA 39.03.01.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Paul Headlee, Deputy Director Legislative Services Office Research & Legislation Budget & Policy Analysis Legislative Audits Norma Clark, Manager Legislative Audits Information Technology

Statehouse, P.O. Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720–0054
Tel: 208–334–2475
legislature.idaho.gov

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.01 - Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Special Permits (ZBR Chapter Rewrite, Fee Rule) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0301-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0301-2301. The Department states that the purpose of the proposed changes are to remove several rules and combine them into a single rule. Specifically, IDAPA 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07 are being combined into this rule. Accordingly, there are a significant number of changes that appear. Additionally, it appears that the substance of some of the rules being added have been changed from their original form. These changes appear to be consistent with the nature of other ZBR rewrites. The Department states that IDAPA 39.03.03, which is being consolidated into this rule, is a fee rule. However, the fee in question is imposed by statute and does not appear to be affected by the rule consolidation.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312, 49-201, 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, 49-1005, and 49-1010 Idaho Code.

IDAPA IDAPA 39.03.02 - Rules Governing Movement of Disabled Vehicles (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0302-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0302-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.03 - Rules Governing Special Permits - General Conditions and Requirements (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0303-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0303-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.04 - Rules Governing Special Permits - Overweight Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0304-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0304-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.05 - Rules Governing Special Permits - Oversize Non-Reducible (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0305-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0305-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.06 - Rules Governing Special Permits for Extra-Length/Excess Weight, up to 129,000 Pound Vehicle Combinations (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0306-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0306-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

IDAPA 39.03.07 - Rules Governing Special Permits for Reducible Loads (ZBR Chapter Repeal) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 39-0307-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Idaho Transportation Department submits Notice of Rulemaking via Docket No. 39-0307-2301. The Department states that the current rule chapter is being repealed and consolidated into IDAPA 39.03.01 as described above.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was conducted. There is no anticipated fiscal impact with this rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

This rulemaking appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

cc: Idaho Transportation Department Brendan Floyd

*** PLEASE NOTE ***

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

IDAPA 39 – IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

39.02.22 – RULES GOVERNING REGISTRATION AND PERMIT FEE ADMINISTRATION AND TEMPORARY VEHICLE CLEARANCE FOR CARRIERS

DOCKET NO. 39-0222-2301

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

The only purpose for opening this rule, which was reviewed under the ZBR schedule in 2022, is to remove sections 100 and 101 to include them in the more relevant special permit combination rule, where the department is seeking to combine the following into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: This rule chapter sets forth provisions for installment payments for commercial vehicle registration, establishes a \$40 dollar reinstatement fee for suspended accounts and vehicle registrations, and a \$20 NSF fee. However, there is no fee or charge impacted as a result of this rulemaking.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September 2023.

Brendan Floyd Policy Specialist Idaho Transportation Department 11331 W. Chinden Blvd. Boise, ID 83714 208-334-8474 Brendan.floyd@itd.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 39-0222-2301 (Only Those Sections With Amendments Are Shown.)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

- **O1.** Combination of Vehicles. A tractor or truck tractor and one (1) or more trailers and/or semitrailers. (3-28-23)
- **02. Nonsufficient Funds (NSF).** NSF will be the abbreviation as it pertains to checks written on personal and/or business checking accounts without sufficient funds to cover the check, for payment to the department. (3-28-23)
- **03.** Non-Reducible Load. Defined in IDAPA 39.03.01, Rules Governing Definitions Regarding Special Permits. (3-28-23)
- **Quarterly Report**. The form for registrants to report the laden miles traveled on Idaho highways during the preceding three (3) months when transporting non reducible vehicles/loads under annual overweight/oversize permits.

 (3-28-23)
- **054. Revocation of Registration**. The termination of a registrant's vehicle registrations and authority to operate on Idaho highways for failure to comply with requirements specified by the Department and Idaho Code. (3-28-23)
- **Registrant**. A person, firm, or corporation in whose name a vehicle or vehicles are registered, with an Idaho account number assigned by the department. (3-28-23)
- **Road Use Fee.** The fee per mile paid for non-reducible vehicles or combinations of vehicles hauling non-reducible loads. The fees are based on the number of axles on the vehicle or combination of vehicles and the total gross weight, in addition to the registration fee. (3-28-23)
- **087. Suspension of Registration**. The temporary withdrawal of a registrant's vehicle registrations and authority to operate on Idaho highways for failure to comply with requirements specified by the Department and Idaho Code. (3-28-23)

011. - 099. (RESERVED)

100. QUARTERLY ROAD USE FEE REPORTS FOR ANNUAL OVERWEIGHT PERMITS.

To comply with Section 49 1001, Idaho Code, the customer will make quarterly reports of laden only mileage to the department for the movements of non-reducible vehicle/loads, at the appropriate permitted weight level of the annual special permits. These fees are in addition to the registration fees. Mileage and road use fees for single trip special permits are calculated and collected at the time of issuance and are not reported quarterly.

(3 28 23)

101. OUARTERLY ROAD USE FEE REPORTING.

- **Quarterly Reporting Forms Issued**. The department will generate an online quarterly report form for each valid annual special permit issued to them.

 (3-28-23)
- **Use of Quarterly Reporting Form.** The customer will report each quarter's information on the Department's form with all requested information completed on or before the specified due date, even when reporting zero (0) miles traveled.

 (3 28 23)
- **a.** If the customer does not receive a quarterly report form or report their information online, it is the customer's responsibility to notify the Department allowing adequate time to submit the report before the due date.

 (3-28-23)

IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT Registration/Permit Fee Administration/Temporary Vehicle Clearance

Docket No. 39-0222-2301 Proposed Rulemaking

Any report transmitted through the US Postal Service is considered filed and received by the department on the date shown by the post office cancellation mark stamped on the envelope or wrapper containing the report. A postage meter cancellation is not considered as a post office cancellation mark.

(3-28-23)

e. If the quarterly report form due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the due date will be extended to the next business day.

(3-28-23)

d. Quarterly reports not submitted will result in the account being suspended. (3-28-23)

102<u>011</u>. -- 199. (RESERVED)

PROPOSED RULE COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Section 67-5223(3), Idaho Code, requires the preparation of an economic impact statement for all proposed rules imposing or increasing fees or charges. This cost/benefit analysis, which must be filed with the proposed rule, must include the reasonably estimated costs to the agency to implement the rule and the reasonably estimated costs to be borne by citizens, or the private sector, or both.

Department or Agency: Idaho Transporta	ation Department
Agency Contact: Brendan Floyd	Phone: 208-334-8474
Date: 8/7/23	
IDAPA, Chapter and Title Number and C	Chapter Name:
39.02.22 Rules Governing Registration And	Permit Fee Administration And Temporary Vehicle Clearance For
Carriers	
Fee Rule Status: X Proposed	Temporary
Rulemaking Docket Number: 39-0222-230	01

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC IMPACT:

The fees imposed through this rule result in minimal economic impact for the department and its customers. This rule sets forth provisions for installment payments for commercial vehicle registration, establishes a \$40 dollar reinstatement fee for suspended accounts and vehicle registrations, and a \$20 NSF fee.

IDAPA 39 – IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

39.03.01 – RULES GOVERNING DEFINITIONS REGARDING SPECIAL PERMITS DOCKET NO. 39-0301-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE, FEE RULE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.01 provides definitions regarding special vehicle permits.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: Of these combined rules, only 39.03.03 – Rules Governing Special Permits, is a fee rule. This rule provides that certain permits will impose a road use fee, as set forth through Section 49-1004(2), Idaho Code, and includes a schedule of permit fees through current section 39.03.03.910.04.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

Brendan Floyd Policy Specialist Idaho Transportation Department 11331 W. Chinden Blvd. Boise, ID 83714 208-334-8474 Brendan.floyd@itd.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 39-0301-2301 (ZBR Chapter Rewrite)

39.03.01 - RULES GOVERNING-DEFINITIONS REGARDING SPECIAL PERMITS

000. LEGALAUTHORITY.			
1 his ru	le is adop	ted under the authority of Section 40-312, Idaho Code.	(3-31-22)
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.	
Permits	01. s," IDAP/	Title. This rule is titled IDAPA 39.03.01, "Rules Governing Definitions Regarding A 39, Title 03, Chapter 01.	ng Special (3-31-22)
special	02. permittin	Scope. This rule gives the definitions for terms used in rules in IDAPA 39, Title 03 gs.	regarding (3-31-22)
002.	009.	(RESERVED)	
010.	DEFIN	HTIONS.	
length (01. or height.	Accessories. Additional parts of the single item load that have been removed to red	uce width, (3-31-22)
	02.	Administrative Cost. The government's cost of processing, issuing and enforcing a per-	mit. (3-31-22)
over br	03. idges or s	Analysis. A mathematical study of a vehicle or combination of vehicles and the stress-specific sections of highways conducted by a professional engineer.	they cause (3-31-22)
	04.	Annual. Twelve (12) consecutive months.	(3-31-22)
	05.	Automobile Transporter. See Section 49-102, Idaho Code.	(3-31-22)
office to	06. railer.	Base Width. The measurement below the eaves of a manufactured home, modular b	uilding, or (3-31-22)
	07.	Boat Transporter. See Section 49-103, Idaho Code.	(3-31-22)
means wheel,	08. of a dolly not stinge	Cargo Unit. A full truck, a semi-trailer, a full trailer, or a semi-trailer converted to a fully or a converter gear mounting a fifth wheel. A dromedary tractor equipped with convener steered, is excluded from the definition of a cargo unit.	ll trailer by tional fifth (3-31-22)
conven	09. ience.	Convoy. A group of two (2) or more motor vehicles traveling together for pro-	otection or (3-31-22)
	10.	Department. Idaho Transportation Department.	(3-31-22)
	11.	Designated Agent. An employee or relative of the farmer.	(3-31-22)
	12.	Disabled Vehicle. A vehicle unable to complete transportation under its own power.	(3-31-22)
	13.	Dromedary Tractor . See Section 49-105, Idaho Code.	(3-31-22)

- 14. Economic Hardship. The loss of a substantial amount of money caused by economic changes.
 (3-31-22)
- 15. Emergency Movement. A vehicle or vehicle combination hauling a load traveling to the site of an emergency for the purpose of aiding in climinating the emergency.

 (3-31-22)
 - 16. Escort Vehicle. See Pilot Vehicle. (3-31-22)
- 17. Excess Weight. Vehicle combinations hauling reducible loads operating on any highway with total gross loads exceeding eighty thousand (80,000) pounds but not to exceed twenty thousand (20,000) per single axle, thirty-four thousand (34,000) per tandem, not to exceed the weight limit for any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles established by Section 49-1001, Idaho Code, and for the front steer axle not to exceed the manufacturer's load rating per tire or the load rating of the axle or twenty thousand (20,000) pounds per axle; whichever is less. The maximum allowable load for all other vehicle tires shall not exceed six hundred (600) pounds per inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured after July 1, 1987, or not to exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire for vehicles manufactured prior to that date as established by Section 49 1002, Idaho Code.

 (3 31 22)
- 18. Extra Length. Any vehicle combination in excess of the legal limits, but not more than one hundred fifteen (115') feet as established in Section 49 1010, Idaho Code, that normally haul reducible loads.

(3-31-22)

- 19. Extra-Ordinary Hazard. Any situation where the traveling public's safety or the capacity of the highway system is endangered. (3-31-22)
 - 20. Farm Tractor. See Section 49-107, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
 - 21. Gross Vehicle Weight. See Section 49-108, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
 - 22. Heavily Loaded. Exceeding legal weight or hauling a load that obstructs the driver's view.
 (3-31-22)
- 23. Heavy Duty Wreeker Truek. A motor vehicle designed and used primarily for towing disabled vehicles.

 (3-31-22)
- 24. Height. The total vertical dimension of a vehicle above the ground surface including any load and load-holding device thereon. (3-31-22)
 - 25. Implement of Husbandry. See Section 49-110, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
 - 26. Incidentally Operated. See Section 49-110, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
 - 27. Legal. In compliance with the Idaho Code on size and weight. (3-31-22)
- 28. Length. The total longitudinal dimension of a single vehicle, a trailer, or a semi-trailer. Length of a trailer or semi-trailer is measured from the front of the eargo-carrying unit to its rear, exclusive of all overhang and any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits General Conditions and Requirements."
 - 29. Light Truck. See Section 49-121, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
- 30. Longer Combination Vehicle (LCV). Any combination of a truck-tractor and two (2) or more trailers or semi trailers that operate on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways with a gross vehicle weight (GVW) greater than thirty-six thousand two hundred eighty-eight (36,288) kilograms (eighty thousand (80,000) pounds).
 - 31. Manufactured Home. A structure, constructed according to HUD/FHA mobile home construction

and safety standards, transportable in one (1) or more sections, that, in the traveling mode, is eight (8') body feet or more in width or is forty (40') body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is three hundred twenty (320) or more square feet, and that is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein, except that such term includes any structure that meets all the requirements of this subsection except the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the secretary of housing and urban development and complies with the standards established under 42 U.S.C. 5401 et seq. Similarly constructed vehicles used permanently or temporarily for offices, advertising, sales, display or promotion of merchandise or services are included in this definition.

(3-31-22)

- 32. Mobile Home. A structure similar to a manufactured home, but built to a state mobile home code that existed prior to the Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (HUD Code) dated June 15, 1975.

 (3-31-22)
- 33. Modular Buildings. A facility designed as a building or building section that is constructed to standards contained in the Uniform Building Code (UBC), adopted by Section 39-4109, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
- 34. Non-Reducible. Any load or vehicle exceeding applicable length or weight limits that, if separated into smaller loads or vehicles, would:

 (3-31-22)
- **a.** Compromise the intended use of the vehicle, i.e., make it unable to perform the function for which it was intended; (3-31-22)
 - b. Destroy the value of the load or vehicle, i.e., make it unusable for its intended purpose; or (3-31-22)
- e. Require more than eight (8) work hours to dismantle using appropriate equipment. The applicant for a nondivisible load permit has the burden of proof of establishing the number of work hours required to dismantle the load.

 (3 31 22)
- **35.** Off Tracking. The difference in the path of the first inside front wheel and of the last inside rear wheel as a vehicle negotiates a curve. (3 31 22)
 - 36. Office Trailer. See definition of Manufactured Homes. (3-31-22)
- 37. Overall Combination Length. The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s).

 (3.31.22)
- 38. Overall Length. The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, measured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last trailer including the connecting tongue(s) plus any load overhang.

 (3-31-22)
- 39. Overdimensional. Any vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49 1010, (3-31-22)
 - 40. Overhang. The distance from the end of the vehicle to the end of its load. (3.31.22)
 - 41. Overheight. A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code.
 (3-31-22)
- 42. Overlength. Any load non-reducible in length being hauled or towed that is in excess of the limits established in Section 49 1010, Idaho Code. (3 31 22)
 - 43. Oversize. A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code.
 (3-31-22)

Docket No. 39-0301-2301 ZBR Proposed (Fee) Rule

- 44. Overweight. A single vehicle or a vehicle combination hauling or towing a non-reducible load whose weight is in excess of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds and/or legal axle weights.

 (3 31 22)
 - **45.** Overwidth. A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code.
- 46. Pilot Vehicle. Passenger cars or trucks equipped as specified in IDAPA 39.03.05, "Rules Governing Special Permits Oversize Non Reducible." (3 31 22)
- 47. Reducible Load. A single item or multiple items for transport that could reasonably be repositioned so that the load conforms to legal size and weight dimensions. The determination of ability to reduce the load primarily depends on the intended disposition of the contents of the load upon delivery to its destination (i.e. made into smaller pieces).

 (3-31-22)
- 48. Single Axle. An assembly of two (2) or more wheels whose centers are in one (1) transverse vertical plane or may be included between two (2) parallel transverse planes forty (40") inches apart extending across the full width of the vehicle.

 (3 31 22)
 - 49. Snowplow. A device intended for the use of removing snow or ice from road surfaces. (3-31-22)
- 50. Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorizes the movement of vehicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by Sections 49 1001, 49 1002, or 49 1010, Idaho Code.

 (3 31 22)
- 51. Steering Axle. The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle that are activated by the operator to directly accomplish guidance or steerage of the motor vehicle and/or combination of vehicles. (3.31.22)
- 52. Stinger-Steered. A truck-tractor semi-trailer combination where the kingpin is located five (5) feet or more to the rear of the centroid of the rear axle(s). (3 31 22)
- 53. Tandem Axle. Any two (2) axles whose centers are more than forty (40") inches but not more than ninety six (96") inches apart and are individually attached to and/or articulated from a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles.

 (3-31-22)
- 54. Tridem Axle. Any three (3) consecutive axles whose extreme centers are not more than one hundred forty-four (144") inches apart, and are individually attached to and/or articulated from a common attachment to the vehicle including a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles.

 (3-31-22)
 - 55. Variable Load Suspension Axle. See Section 49-123, Idaho Code. (3-31-22)
- 56. Vocational Vehicle. A vehicle specifically designed to enable the operator to perform specific tasks none of which are primarily for the purpose of transporting loads. Cranes, loaders, scrapers, motor graders, and drill rigs are examples of vocational vehicles.

 (3-31-22)
- **57.** Width. The total outside transverse dimension of a vehicle including any load or load-holding devices thereon, but excluding any appurtenances listed in IDAPA 39.03.03, "Rules Governing Special Permits General Conditions and Requirements." (3 31 22)

011. 999. (RESERVED)

39.03.01 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

This rule is adopted under the authority of Sections 49-201, 40-312, 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, 49-1005 and 49-1010 Idaho Code.

	RPOSE. erns the conditions for issuing special permits.	<u>()</u>
<u>003. – 009.</u>	(RESERVED)	
010. DEF	FINITIONS.	
01. over bridges o	Analysis. A mathematical study of a vehicle or combination of vehicles and the stress or specific sections of highways conducted by a professional engineer.	they cause
<u>02.</u>	Annual. Twelve (12) consecutive months.	()
from the calc mechanical fa	Appurtenances. Rearview mirrors turn signal lamps, splash and spray suppressa ecreational vehicles, load-induced tire bulge, and other non-cargo carrying appurtenances as culation of allowable width. Front-mounted refrigeration units, energy conservation devices astening devices, hydraulic lift gates, external front-mounted side curtain rollers, and other artenances or devices will be excluded from determining allowable length.	re excluded es, bolsters,
	Other appurtenances not listed above are limited to extending three (3) inches on each or load. Other appurtenances may include, but not be limited to, clearance lights, do indow fasteners, door and window trim, moldings, and load securement devices.	
The length of	Cargo-Carrying Unit. Any portion of a commercial motor vehicle combination (other for carrying cargo, including a trailer, semitrailer, or the cargo-carrying section of a single the cargo-carrying commercial motor vehicle with two or more such units is measured from to the rear of the last (including the connecting devices between the units).	-unit truck.
05. convenience.	Convoy. A group of two (2) or more motor vehicles traveling together for pro-	otection or ()
<u>06.</u>	<u>Disabled Vehicle</u> . A vehicle unable to complete transportation under its own power.	()
ability to redu	Divisible Load . Referred to in Title 49, Idaho Code as Reducible. Single or multiple Id reasonably be repositioned so the load conforms to legal size and weight dimensions. Determine the load primarily depends on the intended disposition of the contents of the load upon decein, made into smaller pieces).	rmining the
<u>08.</u> emergency fo	Emergency Movement. A vehicle or vehicle combination hauling a load traveling to the purpose of aiding in eliminating the emergency.	ne site of an
09. load-holding	Height. The total vertical dimension of a vehicle above the ground surface, including a device thereon.	ny load and
<u>10.</u>	Legal. In compliance with the Idaho Code on size and weight.	
11. of a trailer or and any appur	Length. The total longitudinal dimension of a single vehicle, a trailer, or a semi-trailer semi-trailer is measured from the front of the cargo-carrying unit to its rear, exclusive of a rtenances.	
	Longer Combination Vehicle (LCV). Any combination of a truck-tractor and two (mi-trailers that operate on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways with a gray greater than thirty-six thousand two hundred eighty-eight (36,288) kilograms (eight inds).	ross vehicle
<u>13.</u> contained in t	Modular Buildings. A facility designed as a building or building section constructed the Uniform Building Code (UBC), adopted by Section 39-4109, Idaho Code.	o standards ()

14. exceeding applic	Non-Divisible. Referred to in Title 49, Idaho Code as Non-Reducible. Any load or able length or weight limits that, if separated into smaller loads or vehicles, would:	vehicle ()
<u>a.</u> it was intended; o	Compromise the intended use of the vehicle, i.e., make it unable to perform the function for our	r which
<u>b.</u>	Destroy the value of the load or vehicle, i.e., make it unusable for its intended purpose; or	
c. for a non-divisibl the load.	Require more than eight (8) work hours to dismantle using appropriate equipment. The apple load permit has the burden of proof of establishing the number of work hours required to dis	
15. as a vehicle nego	Off-Track. The difference in the path of the first inside front wheel and of the last inside real strates a curve.	r wheel
	Overall Length. The total length of a combination of vehicles, i.e. truck tractor-semitrailer assured from front bumper of the motor vehicle to the back bumper or rear extremity of the last inecting tongue(s) plus any load overhang.	
<u>17.</u>	Oversize. A vehicle or load in excess of the limits established in Section 49-1010, Idaho Co	<u>de.</u> ()
18. excess of eighty	Overweight. A single vehicle or a vehicle combination hauling or towing a load whose weighthousand (80,000) pounds and/or legal axle weights.	ght is in
19. vertical plane or the full width of	Single Axle. An assembly of two (2) or more wheels whose centers are in one (1) transposed between two (2) parallel transverse planes forty inches (40") apart extending the vehicle.	
<u>20.</u>	Snowplow. A device intended to remove snow or ice from road surfaces.	()
21. movement of vel	Snowplow. A device intended to remove snow or ice from road surfaces. Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authoristicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S 2, or 49-1010, Idaho Code.	
21. movement of vel 49-1001, 49-1002 22. include United S	Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorize thicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S	ections () , which
movement of vel 49-1001, 49-1002 include United Sunder an agreement	Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorize thicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S 2, or 49-1010, Idaho Code. State Roadways. A collective term referring roadways under the purview of the department states federal interstate and defense highways, State Highways, and any other local roads of	which covered
21. movement of vel 49-1001, 49-1000 22. include United S under an agreement 23. directly accomple 24. ninety-six inches	Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorize thicles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S2, or 49-1010, Idaho Code. State Roadways. A collective term referring roadways under the purview of the department states federal interstate and defense highways, State Highways, and any other local roads cent with the department. Steer Axle. The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle are activated by the open	which covered () rator to () ore than
21. movement of vel 49-1001, 49-1002 include United Sunder an agreement 23. directly accomples 24. ninety-six inches vehicle, including 25. hundred forty-for	Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorizaticles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S2, or 49-1010, Idaho Code. State Roadways. A collective term referring roadways under the purview of the department states federal interstate and defense highways, State Highways, and any other local roads cent with the department. Steer Axle. The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle are activated by the openish guidance or steerage of the motor vehicle and/or combination of vehicles. Tandem Axle. Any two (2) axles whose centers are more than forty inches (40") but not most (96") apart and are individually attached to and/or articulated from a common attachment	which covered () arator to () ore than t to the () an one
21. movement of vel 49-1001, 49-1002 include United Sunder an agreement of vel 22. include United Sunder an agreement of vel 23. directly accomples accomples accomples including the vehicle, including the	Special Permit. A permit issued by the Idaho Transportation Department that authorizaticles or loads on the state highway system in excess of the sizes and weights allowed by S2, or 49-1010, Idaho Code. State Roadways. A collective term referring roadways under the purview of the department states federal interstate and defense highways, State Highways, and any other local roads cent with the department. Steer Axle. The axle or axles on the front of a motor vehicle are activated by the openish guidance or steerage of the motor vehicle and/or combination of vehicles. Tandem Axle. Any two (2) axles whose centers are more than forty inches (40") but not most (96") apart and are individually attached to and/or articulated from a common attachment g a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. Tridem Axle. Any three (3) consecutive axles whose extreme centers are not more that inches (144") apart, and are individually attached to and/or articulated from a common attachment actuding a connecting mechanism designed to equalize the load between axles. Vocational Vehicle. A vehicle specifically designed to enable the operator to perform such are primarily to transport loads. Cranes, loaders, scrapers, motor graders, and drill to the specifically designed to enable the operator to perform such are primarily to transport loads. Cranes, loaders, scrapers, motor graders, and drill to the specific and the size of the siz	which covered () an one chment () specific

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	Basic Limitations Will Not Be Exceeded. Special permits will not be issued for vehicles or loads a maximum limitations of size or weight, or that otherwise exceed the limitations for loads as set forth unless an exception is made by the Transportation Board, or as otherwise provided herein.
because loads presents an ex structures, the expected to oc	Insurance For Extraordinary Hazards. Evidence of insurance is required when necessary create an extraordinary hazard to the traveling public or to protect the public investment when a load traordinary hazard to the highway system. In such cases of extraordinary hazard to the roadway or Department may require insurance in such amount as to cover the maximum damage that could be cour to the highway, with the permittee also required to reimburse the Department for any engineering certain the extent of damages, if any, occurring to the roadway during the movement of the excessive
for checking t	Hazardous Travel Conditions Restrictions. Extreme caution in the operation of a special-cle will be exercised when hazardous conditions exist. The driver of a permitted vehicle is responsible he conditions of the permitted route before travel. The movement of vehicles or loads operating on will automatically become invalid en route when:
<u>a.</u> determines and	The Idaho Transportation Department, Idaho State Police, or other law enforcement office d provides public notice by any available means that a hazardous road condition exists.
<u>b.</u>	The driver reasonably knows that hazardous road conditions exist along route.
<u>c.</u>	Whenever a road is marked "Difficult" on 511 or as having a hazardous condition.
<u>d.</u>	Hazardous road conditions may include, but are not limited to:
<u>i.</u>	Loss of traction on roadways due to ice, snow, frost, excessive water, or mud;
<u>ii.</u>	Whenever a roadway is under conditions of wind over forty (40) mph; ()
<u>iii.</u>	Visibility is less than five hundred (500) feet due to snow, rain, smoke, dust, or fog;
<u>iv.</u>	Whenever a roadway becomes obstructed due to snow, water, mud, rocks, or other debris; or
<u>v.</u>	Whenever a roadway is subject to a natural disaster or emergency.
<u>07.</u>	Delaying Movement. Enforcement personnel responsible for any section of the highway will carry
	nt action for violations involving special permit operations and may delay movements. ()
103. <u>SAFI</u>	ETY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR PERMITTED VEHICLES AND/OR LOADS.
01.	Inspections . All vehicles, tractors, trailers, and dolly converters operating under the authority of a issued by the Department must have a valid annual inspection when a permit is issued. The inspection
will be compl	eted in compliance with 49 CFR Part 396.17 and any other applicable Federal Motor Carrier Safety
<u>Administration</u>	
<u>02.</u> requirement in	Inspectors. Inspectors completing required annual inspections will meet the certifications 49 CFR 396.19 and brake inspector qualification in 49 CFR 396.25.
03. as outlined in	Drivers . All drivers will meet the special training requirements for Longer Combination Vehicles 49 CFR Part 380.
04. performed insp	Motor Carriers. By applying for a special permit, motor carriers self-certify that they have pections as set forth in 49 CFR Part 396.17.
<u>05.</u>	Exemption. Oversize vehicles and/or loads operating under an exemption outlined in Section 67-

2901B	(2), Idaho	O Code, are exempt from this safety inspection requirement.	
<u>104.</u>	EQUIP	MENT REQUIREMENTS FOR PERMITTED VEHICLES.	
<u>Federal</u>	01. Motor Vo	Brakes. Brakes will meet the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations and be maintained whicle Safety Standards No. 121 in effect when the commercial motor vehicle was manufacture (to the
five hur	<u>idred (50</u>	Lighting For Loads Traveling In Low Visibility. Those over-width vehicles and/or 30) minutes after sunset to thirty (30) minutes before sunrise or when general visibility is les 0) feet will be required to display lights to mark the vehicle and/or load extremities. These light clearance lights required on legal-size vehicles when traveling at night.	s than
	<u>a.</u>	The lights may be flashing or steady burning.)
or near	<u>b.</u> the front	Lights visible from the front of the oversize vehicle and/or loads and the extremities in the nof the oversized vehicle and/or load will be amber.	niddle)
of the o	<u>c.</u> versized	Lights visible from the back of the over-width vehicle and/or load and the extremities near the vehicle and/or load will be red.	back
trailer b	<u>03.</u> by four (4)	Lights on Rear Overhang. Lights are required when the rear overhang exceeds the end feet or more to show the maximum width of the overhang. Overhang lighting should be as for	
overhar	<u>a.</u> 1g.	If the overhang is two feet (2') wide or less, only one (1) light is required on the end of	of the
	<u>b.</u>	If the overhang is over two feet (2') wide, two (2) lights are required on the end of the overhang	<u>ng.</u>
vehicles		Flagging For Overhang On Vehicles Or Loads. Warning flags are required on all overoads, and when the rear overhang exceeds the end of the trailer by four feet (4') or more. Warning flags are required on all overoads, and when the rear overhang exceeds the end of the trailer by four feet (4') or more.	
	<u>a.</u>	Have a minimum size of eighteen inches (18") by eighteen inches (18"); and	
	<u>b.</u>	Be red or fluorescent orange in color.)
		If the overhang is two feet (2') wide or less, only one (1) flag is required on the end overhang is over two feet (2') wide, two (2) flags are required on the end of the overhang to sho	
	<u>05.</u> vill not b	Signing. Oversize load signs will be required on all vehicles and/or loads exceeding legal vehicles displayed when the vehicle is empty and of legal dimensions. Signs will meet the following the displayed when the vehicle is empty and of legal dimensions.	
<u>inch (1'</u>	<u>a.</u> ') stroke v	A minimum of twelve inches (12") high by five feet (5') wide and eight inch (8") high letter width and black letters on yellow background.	s, one
load, or	b. on the fr	Signs will be displayed on the front or the roof top of the towing vehicle and the rear of the over the roof top of self-propelled oversize vehicles.	ersize)
<u>in Secti</u>	06. on 49-10	Axles. All axle types adjacent to an axle grouping, which exceeds the applicable weight allow 01 or 49-1004, Idaho Code, must be fully deployed while operating on State roardways.	wance)
<u>105.</u>	WAIVE	ER OF LIMITATIONS FOR EMERGENCY MOVEMENTS.	

<u>01.</u>	Board Authority . Notwithstanding other provisions of this rules, the Idaho Transportation Board Authority.	
	xisting permit policy limitations in an emergency, subject to such limitations or special requirement	ts as
the Board may	<u>y impose.</u> ()
02	MU14 T A CC. 45 No.45 L C 14 A (1 C 114	at .
<u>02.</u>	Military Emergency Affecting National Security. Any movement by or for a military or o	<u>tner</u>
government a	agency which is in excess of permit policy maximum limits of weight or size or which is other lished rules must be certified as a military necessity involving national security before receiving	wise
	deration to provide any waiver of normal permit rules. Certification of military necessity must be n	
	designated as having such authority by the Department of Defense Directory, issued by the Office of	
	sportation, Department of Army. All applications for military emergency movements must be chann	
	Commercial Vehicle Services within the Department.	<u>cicu</u>
unough the Co	onlinercial venicle services within the Department.	
03.	Emergencies Endangering the Public Health, Safety, or Welfare, Including but Not Lim	ited
	d, or Earthquake. During an emergency endangering public health, safety, or welfare, there may b	
	nmediate need for equipment. It will not be in the public interest to require a special permit to be in	
	e an oversize movement. Verbal approval to proceed without a special permit in the vehicle may	
	n the Commercial Vehicle Services or an Idaho Port-of-Entry. Once the emergency movemen	
	formal application for a special permit must be submitted to Commercial Vehicle Services. ()
oompiotou, u i		
04.	Emergency Movement of Implements of Husbandry. It will be considered an emergency w	hen
	of husbandry being operated on an official state holiday or a weekend breaks down and a dealer br	
replacement e	equipment to the farmer that exceeds legal height, length, and weight. Verbal approval to proc	ceed
	cial permit in the vehicle may be obtained from Commercial Vehicle Service on-call staff. That ve	
authorization	may include escort vehicle requirements based on the travel route and the load's dimensions. Once	the
emergency mo	ovement is completed, the permittee will formally apply for a permit with Commercial Vehicle Serv	rices
	orking day after the occurrence. (<u> </u>
		
<u>05.</u>	Economic Emergencies. When a circumstance occurs in which an economic hardship is expe	cted
to result due t	to the application of existing rules or limitations, the Transportation Board may consider a petition	<u>ı for</u>
the temporary	waiver of those rules or limitations which are perceived as being the cause of such economic hards	ship.
	<u>(</u> _)
<u>106.</u> <u>SPR</u>	ING BREAKUP SEASON LOAD RESTRICTIONS.	
01		
, <u>VI.</u>	Authority. The Department will have the authority to impose restrictions on sections of S	
roadways in o	order to ensure the safe travel for the citizens of Idaho and to protect the infrastructure of the state du	ring
	vere spring breakup. The Department, as much as practicable, will maintain standard load limits on the	hese
roads unless c	conditions are such that severe breakup will result.)
02.	Spring Breakup Restrictions. Depending upon the type of road construction, stability of	tha
	uction in load bearing capacity, the amount of moisture, temperature conditions, and severity of	
haarras and ha	reakup, routes or sections of routes may have restrictions applied by the department. A freeze-up of	f +ha
	reakup, routes of sections of routes may have restrictions applied by the department. A freeze-up of the temporarily restore the load-bearing capacity after a section has been posted for load and state the section has been posted for load and section has been posted for l	
restrictions.	y temporarny restore the load-bearing capacity after a section has been posted for load and section has been posted for lo	<u>Jeeu</u>
restrictions.	<u>L</u>	
03	Maximum Weight Restriction. The possible restrictions on maximum weight may be one (1)) of
03.	Maximum Weight Restriction. The possible restrictions on maximum weight may be one (1	<u>) of</u>
the following:) of)
the following:	<u> </u>) of)
) of)
the following: a.	Sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds on any axle; or) of)
the following:	<u> </u>) of)
the following: a. b.	Sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds on any axle; or Fourteen thousand (14,000) pounds on any axle; or () of))
the following: a.	Sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds on any axle; or	<u>)</u> of)
the following: a. b.	Sixteen thousand (16,000) pounds on any axle; or Fourteen thousand (14,000) pounds on any axle; or (

	by twenty-four (10.00 x 24) tire will be given credit for ten inches (10") of tire width. Tubeless tires will be the width of the conventional tubed tires they replace.	<u>be</u>
will autom roadways	Width Restrictions. When a weight restriction is applied under Subsection 106.02 of this section attically restrict the width allowed by a special permit on two lane road. On any two (2) lane section of strestricted to less than legal weight, the maximum width by the special permit will be restricted to two thes (12'6") during the weight restriction period.	<u>tate</u>
will autom pounds or markers w a green markers	Speed Restrictions. When a weight restriction is applied under Subsection 106.02 of this section attically restrict the speed of some vehicles. Trucks and buses with a gross weight of ten thousand (10,0 more will be restricted in critical areas to a maximum speed of thirty (30) miles per hour. Red and great ill mark restricted speed zones. A red marker will mean speed is restricted to thirty (30) miles per hour, and arker will mean that legal speed may be resumed. These markers will generally be attached to exist ignposts and, when properly used, will afford protection to the highway subgrade and surface and speed.	00) een and ing
highways i	7. Suspended Weight Limits. Normal overweight special permit limits may be suspended on in the areas where spring breakup restriction are in force.	<u>all</u>)
in areas wi	8. Weight Restrictions. The department is authorized to issue special permits to overweight vehice the spring breakup restrictions as long as all of the following conditions are met:	<u>:les</u>)
<u>a.</u>	Minimum tire width on all tires is ten inches (10") or larger, and;	_)
thousand (Maximum axle weight on any single axle having two (2) single wheels will not exceed 10,000) pounds, and:	<u>ten</u>)
thousand (Maximum axle weight on any single axle having four (4) or more tires will not exceed fourted 14,000) pounds, and:	<u>een</u>)
<u>d</u> .	Permit is being requested for a non-divisible loads.	_)
a section o	akup restrictions by posting GREEN markers on the speed limit signs and other signs, if appropriate, with the highway posted with restrictions. This may occur in the event that a freeze-up of the pavement not yrestore the load-bearing capacity after a section has been posted for load and speed restrictions or	<u>hin</u> nay
breakup w	O. Spring Breakup Restriction Waivers. The department may allow exceptions to the spreight restrictions for emergency and critical service vehicle(s), i.e. fire trucks, heating fuel trucks, and of the vehicles that are critical to the health and safety of the public. Documentation of special allowance with the department and must be carried in the vehicle.	her
and marks	/or speed restrictions are in effect. The weight and/or speed restrictions will be enforced the day after significant are posted.	the gns)
<u>107.</u> P	ERMITTING FEES AND COSTS.	
incurred in general tra overweigh supported	1. Special Permit Fees To Be Borne By Permittee. The movement of oversize or overwein revehicles with special loads is a privilege not afforded to every highway user. The administrative of the processing, issuing, and enforcing of special permits will be borne by such permittees and not by tweling public through the expenditure of highway user funds. Special permits issued for non-divisible to twelicles and/or loads will be charged a road use fee as set forth in Section 49-1004(2), Idaho Code. To agencies are required to obtain special permits if their loads exceed the sizes or weights stated in Idate they are exempt from paying fees for the permits.	the ble,

Rules	Governi	ing Definitions Regarding Special Permits	ZBR Proposed (Fee) Rule
	<u>02.</u>	Payment of Fees. Permit fees are due at the time of issuance.	()
	<u>03.</u>	Refund. Permit fees are not refundable once they have been pro	
		m unless the permittee contacts Commercial Vehicle Services no moours) following the start date of the special permit or the Department	
error.	office no	ours) following the start date of the special permit of the Departmen	()
	0.4	Powerit Coata Special name to face listed below and intended to accom	the administration cost and are
subject	04. to period	<u>Permit Costs.</u> Special permit fees listed below are intended to cover lic change depending on costs incurred in processing, issuance, and	
rules.	•		()
	<u>05.</u>	Current Schedule of Fees.	()
	<u>a.</u>	Following Permits are thirty dollars (\$30):	()
	<u>i.</u>	Oversize only, single trip.	()
	<u>b.</u>	Following Permits are thirty-three dollars (\$33):	()
	<u>i.</u>	Overweight/Oversize or Overweight (non-divisible) single trip.	()
	<u>c.</u>	Following Permits are forty-five (\$45):	()
	<u>i.</u>	Annual Divisible Loads:	()
	<u>ii.</u>	Cylindrical hay bales, two (2) wide;	()
	<u>iii.</u>	Multiple width loads of kiln stacked lumber;	()
	<u>iv.</u>	Divisible loads, up to and including fifteen feet (15') high:	()
	<u>V.</u>	Disabled Vehicle;	()
	<u>vi.</u>	East port/Canadian Weight:	()
	<u>vii.</u>	Economic Emergency Waiver;	()
		Oversize (non- divisible) including, but not limited to, annual Natice trailers permits, farm tractors exceeding nine feet (9') width or plow, multiple width loads of crane booms, and multiple width loads	1 Interstate and implements of
un to o	<u>ix.</u> ne hundr	Extra Length/Weight annual, authority to exceed eighty thousand (8 ed twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds, or exceeding the length	
		e, forty-five dollars (\$45).	(
	<u>d.</u>	Following permits are one hundred twenty-eight dollars (\$128):	()
	<u>i.</u>	Overweight/Oversize (non-divisible) annual.	()
	<u>e.</u>	Reissuance or transfers of a permit is fifteen dollars (\$15).	()
listed p	06. rice in Su	Online Discount. Annual special permits purchased online will be bsection 107.05 of this section.	five dollars (\$5) less than the
		Additional Fees. The Department may require reimbursement rvices provided, incidental and necessary to the planning and/or moving under the requirements of a traffic control plan.	

IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

Docket No. 39-0301-2301

<u>108.</u>	08. REVOCATION OF PERMIT FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH PROVISIONS OF THE PERMIT		
<u>disquali</u>	01. fied from	<u>Disqualification of Permits</u> . Any issued permit will become invalid, and the cited vehicle reissuance of permits if convicted of the following:	nay be
Regulat	<u>a.</u> ions Part	The vehicle combination does not satisfy the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier 393.	Safety ()
	<u>b.</u>	The vehicle violates permitting conditions (other than weight) for the following:	()
	<u>i.</u>	Failure to travel on Extra Length or Up to 129,000 Pound designated routes.	()
	<u>ii.</u>	Failure to properly display flags and/or signs.	()
	<u>iii.</u>	Failure to provide the correct number of pilot cars and/or proper placement.	()
	<u>iv.</u>	Failure to provide lighting for travel during hours of darkness.	<u>()</u>
	<u>V.</u>	Failure to travel during the hours of operation as specified on the permit.	<u>()</u>
trailers,	vi. and mod	<u>Failure to comply with wind velocity requirements when moving manufactured housing, ular buildings.</u>	office
	<u>vii.</u>	Failure to comply with 511 advisories for hazardous travel conditions.	()
	<u>c.</u>	The vehicle violates weight limits under Section 49-1001(1), (2), and (9), Idaho Code, as fol	<u>lows:</u>
	<u>i.</u>	Single, tandem, tridem, quad, or other axle groups weight is more than fifteen percent (15%)	over.
	<u>ii.</u>	Gross or bridge weight is more than seven percent (7%) over.	()
Adminis	d. stration as	The motor carrier has violated an Out-of-Service order by the Federal Motor Carrier s described in Part 386 (386.73) of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.	Safety ()
Paperwo	ork will b	Permit Revocation Process. A copy of the judgment of conviction from the court and the ng operation must be provided to Commercial Vehicle Services by enforcement perse reviewed for compliance with the provisions of this rule, and, if met, notification will be sen ng them of the pending revocation that will occur within ten (10) days of the letter being issued.	sonnel. t to the
	n, for a p	Disqualification Periods . When a permit has become invalid, the vehicle identified it may be disqualified for reapplication for a permit for a period of thirty (30) days after the reiod of six (6) months after the second violation, and for a period of one (1) year after the Penalties . In addition to revocation of permits as authorized in this rule, the permittee of the perm	he first e third ()
		licable penalties provided by law with regard to the provisions violated.	
directly harmles proceed	mittee windire s the De	NSIBLE FOR INJURY TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY. ill assume all responsibility for injury to persons or damage to public or private property ectly by the transportation of a vehicle or vehicle and load under special permit; and wi partment and all its officers, agents, employees, and servants from all suits, claims, damage to public or private property extra property and servants from all suits, claims, damage to public or private property extra property to prove the transportation of the vehicle or vehicle with a logermit.	ll hold ages or

<u>110. – 199.</u> (RESERVED)

Subchapter B – Divisible Load Permits

200. GENERAL WEIGHT REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS.

<u> 200.</u>	GENERALE WEIGHT RECORDING CONDITIONS.	
thousan pounds	<u>O1.</u> <u>Permit Types to Exceed Eighty Thousand Pounds Gross Weight.</u> Permits will be issued combinations operating on Interstate and national network highways with total gross loads exceeding eigled (80,000) pounds but not to exceed twenty thousand (20,000) per single axle, thirty-four thousand (34,000) per tandem, and not to exceed the weight limit for any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles establishing 49-1001, Idaho Code.	<u>hty</u> 00)
	<u>a.</u> Extra Length/Excess Weight Permit Up to One Hundred Twenty-Nine Thousand (129,000) Poun that, no vehicle combination weighing more than one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,500) pour erate on local highways contrary to the provisions of Section 49-1004A, Idaho Code, and this rule.	
	b. Extra Length/Excess Weight Permit Up to One Hundred Twenty-Nine Thousand (129,000) Poun veight not to exceed one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pounds on designated routes, as specified 49-1004 and Section 49-1004B, Idaho Code.	<u>ds.</u> l in)
<u>201.</u> HUNDI	DESIGNATED ROUTES FOR EXTRA-LENGTH VEHICLE COMBINATIONS UP TO ON RED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND (129,000) POUNDS.	<u>NE</u>
pounds	O1. Designated Routes for Vehicle Lengths and Weights. All designated state-approved routes combinations to operate at lengths and weights above one hundred five thousand five hundred (105,50 will be identified on the "Designated Extra Length Excess Weight up to 129,000 Pound Map" which le online and Ports of Entry.	00)
	02. Requests To Add Routes. Routes not currently designated to operate at up to one hundred twen ousand (129,000) pounds and maintained under the purview of the department may be requested to be adducest process is as follows:	
Transpo jurisdict	a. Requestor will complete the request form (ITD 4886) and submit the completed from to the Ida ortation Department Office of the Chief Engineer. The requestor will forward the form to the adjacent lotions.	tho cal
legal tin	b. Once submitted, the request will be reviewed for completeness and the department will complete so for engineering and safety criteria. The criteria will include an assessment of pavement and bridges to allow re, axle, and gross weight limits as per Section 49-1001 and 49-1002, Idaho Code, and route off-traments, including road width and curvature. Additional consideration will be given to traffic volumes and other consideration.	ow ack
to the Id	<u>c.</u> Once the analysis is completed, the request will be submitted to the Chief Engineer, who will repdaho Transportation Board Sub-committee.	ort)
request	<u>d.</u> The Idaho Transportation Board Sub-committee will make a recommendation (approve, reject, additional information) to the Idaho Transportation Board based on the Department's analysis.	<u>or</u>
	e. If the Idaho Transportation Board recommends approval or denial, it will instruct the Cher to issue a letter of determination. An adverse person may contest the letter of determination and request. The hearing will be conducted pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter Code.	st a
	f. The Chief Engineer or designee will conduct the hearing(s) and make a determination after (s) are held. Following the determination, the Chief Engineer will issue Findings and a Preliminary Order referred to as Preliminary Order.	the ler,)

<u>g.</u> The Department will notify the requestor of the Chief Engineer's Preliminary Order and post to the Idaho Transportation Department Web site. ()
<u>h.</u> An appeal of the Preliminary Order may be made pursuant to the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act, Title 67, Chapter 52, Idaho Code. The appeal will be made to the Director of the Idaho Transportation Department. ()
<u>Routes Up to 129,000 Pound Map" when information and approval is provided to the Department by the local jurisdiction having authority over the local route.</u>
202. OPERATING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH/EXCESS WEIGHT PERMITS UP TO ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND (129,000) POUNDS VEHICLE COMBINATIONS. All vehicle combinations will be subject to the following conditions, limitations, and requirements:
O1. Cargo Carrying Units. Vehicle combinations operating with an overall length in excess of the limits imposed in Section 49-1010, Idaho Code, will consist of not more than four (4) units, will not exceed one hundred fifteen (115) feet overall, and no such vehicle combination will include more than three (3) cargo units except that a full truck and full trailer may have an overall length in excess of seventy-five (75) feet but not in excess of eighty-five (85) feet including load overhang.
<u>Power Unit</u> . The power unit of all vehicle combinations will have adequate power and traction to maintain a minimum of twenty (20) miles per hour under normal operating conditions on any up-grade over which the combination is operated.
63. Connecting Devices. Fifth wheel, drawbar, and other coupling devices will be as specified by Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, Part 393.
<u>04.</u> <u>Trailer Weight Sequence</u> . In any extra-length combination, the respective loading of any trailer will not be substantially greater than the weight of any trailer located ahead of it in the vehicle combination. (Substantially greater will be defined as more than four thousand (4,000) pounds heavier.)
<u>Operating Restrictions</u> . Operators of all vehicle combinations governed by this rule will comply with the following operating restrictions:
<u>a.</u> A minimum distance of five hundred (500) feet will be maintained between combinations of vehicles except when overtaking and passing.
b. Except when passing another vehicle traveling in the same direction, the combination will be driven so as to remain at all times on the right hand side of the centerline of a two (2) lane, two (2) way highway, or on the right hand side of a lane stripe or marker of a highway of four (4) or more lanes.
203. SPECIAL PERMITS FOR OPERATIONS OF EXTRA-LENGTH/EXCESS WEIGHT PERMIT UP TO ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE THOUSAND (129,000) POUNDS VEHICLE COMBINATIONS.
Q1. Permit Attachments. All vehicles in operation are allowed to travel under the authority of special permits issued to the power unit. A copy of the rule, and gross loads tables will accompany and be part of all annual extra-length/excess weight, up to one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pound permits. Operations are valid only on routes of the state highway system designated for such purposes as set forth on the "Extra Length Map" or the "Designated Routes Up to 129,000 Pound Map," which will accompany the permit.
a. The operator of any extra-length, excess weight, and up to one hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pound vehicle combination will complete the Idaho Off-Track Computation Form to provide internal dimensions of the combination and computation of off-track as evidence of compliance with maximum off-track requirements specified for the designated route being traveled. The completed Idaho Off-Track Computation Form

when required, will be available for inspection by enforcement officers with the permit for the vehicle combination.

	he Idaho e for insp	Off-Track Computation Form is required, the permit will be invalid until the form is completed and pection.
permit allowed	02. up to one length a	Exceeding Allowed Length and/or Idaho Off-Track Limitations. Extra-length/excess weight hundred twenty-nine thousand (129,000) pound vehicle combinations apprehended for exceeding nd/or off-track limitations as set forth in this rule is subject to the following course of action:
	<u>a.</u>	The vehicle combination will be escorted by the officer to the first safe parking location; and
		The driver of the vehicle combination will be issued a single trip, one (1) day permit via a specified est permitted route. The condition of this permit will require an advance pilot/escort vehicle to escort pination, and the pilot/escort vehicle will meet the pilot/escort vehicle requirements.
<u>204.</u>	PERM.	ITS FOR MULTIPLE-WIDTH OR MULTIPLE-HEIGHT LOADING.
wide. H (80') ov	<u>lauling vo</u> verall len	Cylindrical Hay Bales. Special permits may be issued for overwidth transportation of cylindrical ay be loaded two (2) bales wide and two (2) bales high not exceeding eleven feet six inches (11'6") ehicles may not exceed sixty eight feet (68') of trailers, including connecting tongue or eighty feet gth. Operation of such overwidth loads will be subject to the same time of travel and other safety non-divisible overwidth loads.
		Divisible Height Loads. Special permits may be issued to allow the transportation of divisible of fourteen (14') feet high but not in excess of fifteen (15') feet high on designated highways. The nust not exceed fourteen (14') feet. A vertical clearance map is available at the Port of Entry and ()
(9'3') w hauled legal-siz	<u>vide on de</u> two (2) s ze vehicle	Kiln Lumber Stacks. Special permits may be issued to allow the transportation of specifically mber stacks in excess of eight feet six inches (8'6") wide but not in excess of nine feet three inches esignated highways. Each kiln lumber stack will be considered a single non-divisible unit and may be tacks wide and two (2) stacks high. Hauling vehicles eligible for a permit for this purpose will be es registered for travel on public highways. Operations of such overwidth loads will be subject to the vel restrictions and other safety requirements as other overwidth non-divisible loads having a similar ()
evenly a	04. as possib	Overwidth Overhang. Overwidth loads will distribute overhang to the sides of the trailer as ()
<u>205. – 2</u>	<u> 199.</u>	(RESERVED)
		Subchapter C - Non-Divisible Load Permits
<u>300.</u>	RESPO	ONSIBILITY OF THE PERMITTEE.
been tal	01. cen to rec	Certification Load Is Non-Divisible. Upon application, the permittee must certify that steps have duce the dimensions, weight, and/or load, involved in the movement.
	<u>02.</u>	Required Stops. All oversize vehicles are required to stop at all POE sites for inspection. ()
<u>availabl</u>	03. e online	Map Resources. The Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map and Ports of Entry.
		Maximum Dimensions Allowed. The maximum dimensions of oversize vehicles or oversize loads the route to be traveled: width of roadway, alignment, and sight distance, vertical or horizontal affic volume.
	<u>05.</u>	Registration. Any vehicle hauling or towing non-divisible loads subject to registration is not

required off-road	d to regis d equipm	ter for the maximum legal weight it can haul to be eligible for an overweight permit. Farm tractorent, etc., are exempt from registration but not from weight limitations.	<u>rs,</u>
practica remove have fiv	ll minimud and loave (5) or 1	Overweight Permit Requirements. Overweight permits will be issued for non-divisible vehicle at exceed legal axle weights and/or eighty thousand (80,000) pounds, with weight reduced to am, except that a permit may be issued for a machine with an accessory, which is a part that can added separately on the transporting vehicle. Vehicles hauling overweight loads will be required more axles to qualify for an overweight permit. Self-propelled vocational vehicles or vehicles towing may have less than five (5) axles to qualify for an overweight permit.	a be to
		Vehicles or Loads Exceeding Annual Permitted Weights. Vehicles or loads exceeding the ax of axle weights, or total gross weights allowed on any of the overweight levels described in this reapproved single trip permit.	
<u>pounds</u>	<u>07.</u> per inch	Maximum Tire Weights. The maximum overweight levels will not exceed eight hundred (80 width of tire.	<u>0)</u>
guidepo facilitie		Protection of Facilities. The permittee will be responsible for the protection of signpos neators, and may be required to post bond to cover the costs of repairs or replacements of su	
directio	n. To ach	Traffic Control Plans. The movement of special loads will be made in such a way that the round as often as feasibly possible and to provide for frequent passing of vehicles traveling in the sarrieve this, a traffic control plan is required to be submitted when operating on two (2) lane highwaste following dimensions:	ne
	<u>a.</u>	Width exceeds eighteen (18) feet; or	_)
	<u>b.</u>	Length exceeds one hundred fifty (150) feet; or (_)
	<u>c.</u>	Height exceeds sixteen (16) feet.	_)
	10. American ng inform	Traffic Control Plan Preparation. The traffic control plan will be prepared by a licensed engine Traffic Safety Services Association (ATSSA) certified traffic control supervisor and include traffic:	
	<u>a.</u>	Locations and mileposts of where the vehicle/load can pull over to allow for traffic relief; (_)
	<u>b.</u>	How pilot cars and traffic control personnel will be utilized;	_)
<u>governi</u>	<u>c.</u> ng entity	Identification of any railroad tracks being crossed and the emergency contact number for t	<u>he</u> _)
	<u>d.</u>	Procedure for allowing emergency vehicles to navigate around the vehicle/load when necessary.	_)
	11. plans m rations.	Bridge Analysis. After the completion of district approval and/or bridge analysis, additional traffication and be required. The Department may require traffic control plans based on route and long.	
		Loading And Parking on State Highway. The permitted vehicle will not be loaded, unloaded, y State roadway, except for emergencies, without the specific permission or by direction of to olicing agency having jurisdiction over such highway.	
<u>301.</u>	<u>OVER</u>	WIDTH HAULING VEHICLES, RESTRICTIONS.	
	<u>01.</u>	Width of Hauling Equipment. Special permits may be issued for trailers up to ten feet (10') wi	<u>de</u>

hauling movem		sible loads smaller than the trailer. The issued permit will be valid for the laden and unladen ()
	<u>02.</u>	<u>Load Dimensions</u> . Any load exceeding the dimensions of the trailer will be non-divisible in size.
distribu desirab	ition of w le in the i	Hauling Equipment in Excess of Ten Feet. Special overwidth hauling vehicles exceeding ten (10) be permitted, and may be required, in the hauling of excessively heavy loads to improve the lateral eight, or when a combination of weight, width, or height makes extra width in the hauling vehicle public interest. The use of such vehicles more than ten (10) feet in width will be restricted to loads the width hauling vehicle and the backhaul permit will be for the unladen vehicle.
be mov	04. ed either	Buildings. Buildings that are too wide to be safely transported on legal-width hauling vehicles will on house-moving dollies or on trailers that can be reduced to legal width for unladen travel.
<u>302.</u>	<u>VERTI</u>	CAL CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS.
subject minimu	othe ve	Permit for Over Height. The issuance of any permit for movement of over height loads will be rtical clearance of any structure involved along the route of travel. The Department may require a nty-four (24) working hours to allow for the proposed route to be evaluated and approved or denied.
height of the rou		Overhead Traffic Signals. Any movement of a building, or other over height load, having a loaded feet six inches (16'6") or more may require advance notice if overhead traffic signals are involved in ()
(16'6")	03. feet high	Overhead Power Lines. Carriers whose load/vehicle combinations exceed sixteen feet six inches must contact local utility company(s) for approval and assistance with power lines.
<u>303.</u>	INSUR	ANCE AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS.
those p	ermits iss nd dollars	Insurance. The permittee when hauling buildings fourteen feet (14') or more in width will be evidence of insurance in the permitted vehicle in the same minimum amounts as is necessary for used for the movement of overwidth manufactured homes. Minimum requirements are three hundred (\$300,000) combined single limit, (when hauling permittee's own building) and seven hundred fifty (\$750,000) when hauling for hire.
may be	required ent renta	Bond Requirements. When an expense to the state can be presumed in providing clearance for an or for repair of signposts or other such facilities, a cash bond based on estimated costs to the State before issuance of such permit. Any part of the cash bond in excess of material costs, labor, and will be returned to the permittee after the actual costs to the State have been determined and
<u>304.</u>	CONV	OY OF OVERSIZE LOADS.
with pi or vehi wide or feet six Map. C vehicle seventy	lot/escort cles betwo h black-co inches (oversize los. Maxim five (75	Convoying Oversize Loads. Oversize loads that individually would require a pilot/escort vehicle, in manufactured homes, office trailers, and modular buildings, may be permitted to travel in convoy vehicles in front of and behind the convoy, but such convoys will not exceed four (4) oversize loads gen pilot/escort vehicles. Maximum width of units in a convoy will be limited to fourteen (14') feet ded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map and to twelve 12'6") on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures and that do not individually require a pilot/escort vehicle may travel in convoy without pilot/escort um length of units in a convoy will be limited to one hundred (100') feet on black-coded routes and it feet on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures and ded twenty (120') feet on the interstate system.
	<u>02.</u>	Convoying Manufactured Homes, Office Trailers, and Modular Buildings. No convoy of

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overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, or office trailers will include more than two (2) units between two (2) piloting/escorting vehicles. On those routes where pilot/escort vehicles are required in front and to the rear of an overwidth manufactured home or office trailer, two (2) units may travel in convoy between such piloting/escorting vehicles. On routes requiring only a front pilot/escort vehicle, the manufactured home or office trailer mover may have the option of convoying two (2) units between front and rear pilots/escorts. At no time will more than one (1) manufactured home or office trailer be piloted/escorted by one (1) pilot/escort vehicle. Maximum width of units in a convoy will be limited to fourteen (14') feet wide on black-coded routes and to ten (10') feet wide on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map. Minimum spacing of approximately one thousand (1,000') feet will be maintained between all units in a convoy except when a pilot/escort is necessary to control traffic in turning movements. Maximum length of units in a convoy will be limited to one hundred (100') feet on black-coded routes and seventy five (75') feet on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map and one hundred twenty (120') feet on the interstate.

hundred	(100') f	eet on black-coded routes and seventy five (75') feet on red-coded routes of the Pilot/Escor	t Vehicle
		eal Clearance of Structures Map and one hundred twenty (120') feet on the interstate.	
<u>305.</u>	TIME (OF TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS FOR OVERSIZE LOADS.	
		Red-Coded Routes. Daylight travel until 2 p.m. on Friday or the day before a holiday, as in 5.04 of this section, no travel is allowed on Saturday or Sunday. Single-trip permits may allowing periods. Travel may resume at sunrise on Monday or the day following a holiday.	
and fifte of the p	02. een (15) f preceding es Map r	Black-Coded Routes. Loads not over twelve (12) feet wide, one hundred twenty (120) feet high may travel twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week. Loads in excess dimensions are required to follow the Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clear estrictions and are limited to traveling before 4:00 p.m. on the day preceding a holiday. Travel	ss of any
be resun	ned at su	nrise on the day following the holiday.	<u>(</u>
		Interstate. Loads not over twelve (12) feet wide, one hundred and twenty (120) feet long, one hundred twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week; otherwise, follow the Pilot Vertical Clearance of Structures Map for restrictions.	
	<u>04.</u>	Holidays. The following days are designated as holidays:	(
	<u>a.</u>	New Year's Day;	(
	<u>b.</u>	Memorial Day:	(
	<u>c.</u>	Independence Day:	(
	<u>d.</u>	<u>Labor Day;</u>	(
	<u>e.</u>	Thanksgiving; and	(
	<u>f.</u>	<u>Christmas.</u>	(
	05. oplied. At traffic is	Movement of Buildings. Excessively oversize loads may have additional restrictions to the discretion of the Department, movement of loads may be approved between 2 a.m. and stues.	
circumst	<u>06.</u> tances.	Special Circumstances. Other time of travel restrictions may be noted on the permit due to	o specia

exceeds seven (7) feet of front overhang, on any vehicle in the combination, are restricted to daylight travel only on two (2) lane, two (2) way highways.

Overlength Restrictions. Oversize vehicles operating under the authority of a special permit that

08. Heavy Commuter Traffic Restrictions. The movement of oversize permitted vehicles or loads which are more than thirteen (13) feet in width are prohibited from movement on State Roadways at times of heavy commuter traffic. Unless otherwise defined on the permit, the times of heavy commuter traffic will be 6:00 a.m. to

Restric	tions to th	p.m. to 6:30 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday except as noted under Holiday restruction of oversize permitted vehicles and/or loads during times of heavy commuter traffic for the commutation of the	fic will
		the face of the permit or in the attachments for annual permits. The location of heavy contified mile posts or within one (1) mile of the city limits of the following cities:	<u>nmuter</u>
	<u>a.</u>	Boise valley - I-84, MP 26 to MP 59;	()
	<u>b.</u>	Coeur d'Alene – I-90, MP 0 to MP 17;	()
	<u>c.</u>	Eagle;	()
	<u>d.</u>	Emmett;	()
	<u>e.</u>	Garden City:	()
	<u>f.</u>	<u>Idaho Falls – I-15 MP 115 to MP 121;</u>	()
	<u>g.</u>	Middleton;	()
<u>US-30</u>	<u>h.</u> MP 331 to	Pocatello valley – I-15 MP 67 to MP 74 and I-15B MP 0 to MP 5.5 and I-86 MP 58 to MP o MP 336 and US 91 MP 100 to MP 103 and US 91 MP 77 to MP 82;	63 and
	<u>i.</u>	Star; and	()
	<u>j.</u>	Twin Falls - US 93 MP 41 to MP 53.	()
hours o	09. of heavy c	Heavy Commuter Lane Restriction. Authorized oversize permitted vehicles operating ommuter traffic will be restricted to the furthest right-hand lane.	during
persons	10. s or prope	Emergency Vehicles. Emergency movement of vehicles/loads responding to imminent haz rty will be exempt from the provisions of this section.	zards to
<u>may re</u> loads e		Additional Department Approval and Allowance for Approval Time. Department at to twenty-four (24) working hours. Additional Department approval is required when vehicles	
	<u>a.</u>	Sixteen (16) feet wide on red coded and black coded routes:	<u>()</u>
	<u>b.</u>	Eighteen (18) feet wide on interstate highways;	()
	<u>c.</u>	Sixteen (16) feet high on any route; or	()
	<u>d.</u>	One hundred twenty (120) feet long on any route other than the interstate;	()
	<u>e.</u>	One hundred fifty (150) feet long on the interstate.	<u>()</u>
<u>306.</u>	<u>PILOT</u>	/ESCORT VEHICLES.	
exceed cause c	sixteen (1	Vehicle Requirements. Pilot/escort vehicle(s) will be furnished by the permittee and will be truck(s), or vehicles authorized by the Commercial Vehicle Services Office, however, vehicles to be used as pilot/escort vehicle(s) will not be loaded in such a mann to the public as to which vehicle is the one under escort. Vehicles towing trailers will not queles.	will not er as to
leading	02. all loads	Loads Over Sixteen Feet High. Height poles are necessary in the front of the pilot/escort vover sixteen (16') feet high with a non-metallic height pole deployed.	vehicles

	Single Trip and Annual Permits. A pilot car is required for a single trip any time it is so stated in or restriction section of the permit. Annual Permit holders will require a pilot car in accordance cort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map in relation to their size and route.
	Oversize Load Signs. All pilot/escort vehicles while escorting an oversize load will display a sign of the vehicle having the words OVERSIZE LOAD. Such signs will not be displayed and will be a lexcept when the pilot/escort vehicle is actually piloting/escorting an oversize load.
<u>05.</u> (1") inch stroke v	<u>Dimensions</u> . Twelve (12") inches high by five (5') feet wide and eight (8") inch high letters, one width, and black letters on yellow background.
front, rear, and si	Oversize Load Lights. Flashing or rotating amber lights must be displayed on the pilot/escornd of the necessary OVERSIZE LOAD sign above the roofline of the vehicle and be visible from the des of the pilot/escort vehicle. These lights will meet the minimum standards outlined in section 7 or always be on during escorting movements.
	Single Light. As an alternative to subsection 6 of this section, a pilot/escort vehicle may display or flashing amber beacon visible from a minimum of five hundred (500') feet, mounted above the ble from the front, and rear, and sides of the pilot/escort vehicle. The light will always be on during the first of the pilot of the p
<u>08.</u> headlights and ta	Pilot/Escort Lights On During Movement of Escorted Load. The pilot/escort vehicle's illights will be on while escorting the permitted load.
the following it dimensional vehi	Required Equipment to be Carried in a Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A pilot/escort vehicle will carry ems of equipment in operable and good working condition when piloting/escorting an over icle and/or load.
<u>a.</u>	Standard eighteen (18") inch STOP and SLOW paddle sign.
<u>b.</u>	Three (3) bi-directional emergency reflective triangles.
<u>c.</u>	A minimum of one (1) five (5) pound B, C, fire extinguisher.
	An ANSI Class 2 or 3 safety vest, shirt, or jacket either orange or yellow, which will be worn by the orking out of the vehicle during daylight hours. An ANSI Class3 safety vest, shirt, or jacket either which will be worn by the operator when working out of the vehicle during nighttime hours.
e. of these rules.	Two (2) spare oversize load signs for escorted loads meeting the size requirements of Section 300
<u>f.</u> vehicle for determ	Non-conductive, non-destructive height pole with a flexible tip on the front of the pilot/escormining vertical clearances (when required).
<u>g.</u>	Valid driver's license.
<u>h.</u>	Two-Way Radio.
<u>i.</u>	<u>Hardhat.</u>
<u>i.</u>	<u>Flashlight.</u>
<u>k.</u>	First Aid Kit.
<u>10.</u>	Two-Way Radio. On all movements necessitating a pilot/escort vehicle, both the towing unit and

•	t/escort v	rehicle(s) will be equipped with two-way radio equipment licensed under Federal Communications
Commis	ssion reg	ulations adequate to always provide reliable voice communication between the drivers thereof during
		of the piloted/escorted vehicle and/or load. Transmitting and receiving capabilities of the radio
		will be adequate to provide the required communication over a minimum distance of one-half (1/2)
mile sep	<u>aration t</u>	inder conditions normally encountered along the proposed route.
•	<u>11.</u>	Front Pilot/Escort Vehicle. The movement of an oversize vehicle and/or load may be preceded by
a pilot/e	<u>scort vel</u>	ticle on those sections of highway where the vehicle and/or load cannot travel within its proper travel
way lan	<u>e.</u>	
		
		Rear Pilot/Escort Vehicle. As authorized by Section 49-940, Idaho Code, when the width of a load ver's view to the rear so they cannot see two hundred (200') feet behind them, a rear escort will be ompany the oversize load and to communicate with the driver of the permitted load concerning
		ing traffic for the purpose of providing passing opportunity.
impedec	1 Overtak	ing traine for the purpose of providing passing opportunity.
		Advance Pilot/Escort Vehicle. A third pilot/escort vehicle may be required when the load is of mensions for the route of travel as to require holding opposing traffic at turnouts and intersections to
provide	for passa	ge of the load.
		First Movement from the Forest. A pilot/escort vehicle is not required on the first movement of tree-length logs or poles if the overall length does not exceed one hundred ten (110') feet. Exements must comply with the requirements stated on the Pilot/Escort Vehicle and Travel Time
Require	ments m	ap.
		
	<u>15.</u>	Spacing. Approximately one thousand (1,000') feet will be maintained in rural areas between the
niloting	escortine/	g vehicle and any oversize load. This spacing may be reduced in urban areas when necessary to
		ontrol for turning movements.
provide	traffic co	shirter for turning movements.
<u>307.</u>	NEZ P	ERCE - CLEARWATER FOREST SAFETY AND TRAVEL REQUIREMENTS.
4 .4	<u>01.</u>	Forest Service Oversight. Pursuant to a Federal Court decision, the United States Forest Service
has the o		Forest Service Oversight. Pursuant to a Federal Court decision, the United States Forest Service egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74).
	duty to re	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce – Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74
to 174).	duty to re The For	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce – Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be
to 174).	duty to re The For	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce – Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74
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to 174). subject t	duty to re The Forto Forest a.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce – Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or
to 174). subject t	duty to re The Forto Forest a.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce – Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review:
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to 174). subject t	duty to re The Forest to Forest a. dred and	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts.
to 174). subject to one hun	duty to re The Forest to Forest a. dred and b. c.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate
to 174). subject to one hun	duty to re The Forest to Forest a. dred and b. c.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts.
to 174). subject to one hun	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance.
to 174). subject to one hun passage	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond a	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule,
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. ll be add	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. ll be add	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule,
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to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. Il be add al safety	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 test Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety.
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. Il be add al safety	rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following:
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. ll be add al safety a.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 test Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety.
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond re 02. ll be add al safety a. b.	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety. Safety lighting will be addressed to not create a safety hazard to the traveling public.
one hun passage there wi addition	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond r 02. ll be add al safety a. b.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 test Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety.
to 174). subject to one hun passage there wi	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond r 02. ll be add al safety a. b.	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety. Safety lighting will be addressed to not create a safety hazard to the traveling public.
one hun passage there wi addition	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond r 102. 11 be add al safety a. b.	egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 fest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety. Safety lighting will be addressed to not create a safety hazard to the traveling public. Loads cannot utilize turnouts, which are designated for recreational vehicles for non-emergency (
one hun passage there wi addition	duty to re The Forest a. dred and b. c. beyond r 02. ll be add al safety a. b. c.	Egulate oversize loads traveling through the Nez Perce — Clearwater Forest (US 12 from milepost 74 rest Service has issued the following written criteria to determine which "oversize" loads will be Service review: Load exceeds sixteen (16) feet wide, one hundred and fifty thousand pounds (150,000 lbs.), and/or fifty (150) feet in length. Load movement requires longer than twelve (12) hours to travel through the designated mileposts. Load movement requires physical modification of the roadway or adjacent vegetation to facilitate normal highway maintenance. Additional Safety Requirements. For loads meeting any of the criteria this section of this rule, itional safety requirements for the movement of such loads on US 12 from milepost 74 to 174. These requirements include, at a minimum, the following: Ambulances and possible law enforcement escorts to ensure public safety. Safety lighting will be addressed to not create a safety hazard to the traveling public.

e. Loads require a vehicle safety inspection by the Idaho State Police or equivalent agency of another jurisdiction prior to issuance of a permit.
<u>f.</u> The department will monitor the loads as they travel the highway and ensure only one (1) load will operate on this section of highway at any one time.
308. MAXIMUM OVERWEIGHT LEVELS FOR ANNUAL OVERWEIGHT/OVERSIZE PERMITS.
91. Allowable Gross Vehicle Weight. The gross vehicle weight allowable by overweight permit is subject to the seasonal stability of the roadway and the capacity of the structures on the route of travel. For the purpose of issuing special permits, seven (7) levels of overweight are established, based on the weight formula of w = 500((ln/n-1) + 12n + 36) and routes for carrying the various levels of overweight are designated by color coding. The weight formula ("w") is the maximum weight in pounds (to the nearest five hundred (500) pounds) carried on any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles. "I" is the distance in feet between the extremes of any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles, "n" is the number of axles under consideration. The load factor based on the most critical bridge on the highway route will also be used in determining allowable weights.
O2. Red Routes. The red routes contain posted bridges and require approval or analysis from the Department. A vehicle configuration may be issued an annual overweight/oversize permit for travel on red routes only, upon completion of an analysis verifying the requested weights are acceptable. The annual permit will be issued for a specific vehicle configuration, operating on a specific route, at specific weights. All information will be listed on the annual permit and will be subject to revocation at such time the vehicle configuration changes (such as axle spacings), the approved weights change, or a bridge rating changes.
<u>Yellow Routes</u> . The yellow overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-two thousand five hundred (22,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of thirty-eight thousand (38,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of forty-eight thousand (48,000) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 560 \text{ ((LN/N-1)} + 12N + 36)$.
Orange Routes. Orange overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-four thousand (24,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-one thousand (41,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 600 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.
O5. Green Routes. The green overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-five thousand five hundred (25,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-three thousand five hundred (43,500) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-four thousand five hundred (54,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 640 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.
Blue Routes. Blue overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-seven thousand (27,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-six thousand (46,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of fifty-seven thousand five hundred (57,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 675$ ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36).
Q7. Purple Routes. The purple overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty thousand (30,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of sixty-four thousand five hundred (64,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 755$ ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36).
<u>08.</u> Black Routes. The black overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty-three thousand (33,000), pounds a tandem axle loading of fifty-six thousand (56,000) pounds, and a tridem axle loading of seventy thousand five hundred (70,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and the number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 825$ ((LN/N-1) + $12N + 36$).
309. SPECIAL PERMITS FOR SELF PROPELLED VEHICLES.

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Permitted overweight/oversize self-propelled vocational vehicles (such as cranes, loaders, motor graders, drills) may haul or tow a motorized vehicle provided that the motorized vehicle or combination of vehicles being towed (trailer and motorized vehicle) does not exceed eight thousand (8,000) pounds and the motorized vehicle is used solely for return trip after delivery of the permitted vehicle.

<u>310.</u>	<u>QUAR</u>	TERLY ROAD USE FEE REPORTS FOR ANNUAL OVERWEIGHT PERMITS.	
appropr Mileage	iate perme and road	Quarterly Reporting. To comply with Section 49-1001, Idaho Code, permittees must of laden only mileage to the department for the movements of non-divisible vehicle/loads, nitted weight level of the annual special permits. These fees are in addition to the registration duse fees for single trip special permits are calculated and collected at the time of issuance are terry. Reporting is required as follows:	at the n fees
issued.	<u>a.</u>	The department will generate an online quarterly report form for each valid annual special p	oermit)
informa	<u>b.</u> tion com	The permittee must report each quarter's information on the department's form with all requeleted on or before the specified due date even when reporting zero (0) miles traveled.	uested)
custome	<u>c.</u> er's respo	If the customer does not receive a quarterly report form or report their information online, it insibility to notify the department allowing adequate time to submit the report before the due do	
		Any report transmitted through the US Postal Service is considered filed and received by the date shown by the post office cancellation mark stamped on the envelope or wrapper contact tage meter cancellation is not considered as a post office cancellation mark.	
the due	<u>e.</u> date will	If the quarterly report form due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a federally recognized ho be extended to the next business day.	oliday,)
	<u>f.</u>	If a quarterly report is not submitted the account will be suspended.)
<u>311.</u>	<u>OVERS</u>	SIZE LOADS.	
	ntain the	Continuous Operation. Special permits may be issued for continuous operation to havisible loads having specified maximum oversize dimensions provided such permits for multiple same measure of protection to highway facilities and to the traveling public as is provided by a	e trips
	<u>a.</u>	Permits for continuous operation to be issued for oversize loads only.)
Oversiz mounte	e loads v d on a tov	Permits for continuous operation will be issued to one (1) specified power unit. The permitted is with the specified power unit, either as towaway vehicles or trailers, hauling oversized will be non-divisible in width, length, or height. In the case of specially constructed equip wed vehicle, or if the towed vehicle is only hauling an oversize but not overweight load, the part the towed vehicle.	loads. ment,
and inte	c. erstate rou	Maximum size of loads or vehicles transported under the authority of an annual oversize for ites will be limited to a width of sixteen (16') feet, a height of fifteen feet six inches (15'6"), an	

single or double trailers.

the permit.

d. Divisible weight permits can be used in conjunction with non-divisible oversize permits if the weights do not exceed in Section 49-1001, Idaho Code, and the length does not exceed multiple Overwidth loads on

combination length of one hundred twenty (120') feet including load overhang. Annual oversize permits for redcoded routes will be limited to a width of twelve feet six inches (12'6"). A current Pilot/Escort Vehicle Travel and Vertical Clearance of Structures Map will accompany such permits for extended operations and is considered part of

		Multiple Overwidth Loads on Single or Double Trailers. Multiple non-divisible loads mouble trailer combinations not exceeding eighty (80') feet combination length and single trailer hree (53') feet exclusive of load overhang.	
<u>312.</u>	<u>OVER</u>	WIDTH PERMITS FOR IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY.	
implements husband annual rafarm is or not be width lishine, or permit is not be the contract of the contract	ent of hu lry and no permits unvolving eing tran mitation used in regulation	Farm Tractors on Interstate Highways. Farm tractors transported on Interstate Highways special permit authority if width exceeds nine (9') feet. A farm tractor when attached asbandry or when drawing an implement of husbandry will be construed to be an implement of permit is necessary. Farmers, equipment dealers, or custom operators may be issued single to nder this rule for transportation of farm tractors, having a width in excess of nine (9') feet to or Interstate Highway travel. The transportation of farm tractors or implements of husbandry for sported from one farm operation to another, is a common-carrier operation. Exemptions from do not apply to common-carrier operations. Farm tractors or implements of husbandry haule the furtherance of a business (not to include farming operations), are subject to the same special permits.	to an ent of rip or from legal ed for pecial
width be	02. eing trans	Other Than Farm to Farm. Implements of husbandry exceeding eight feet six inches (8'd sported require a special permit to move, except for the following situations:	<u>5") in</u>
	<u>a.</u>	The implement is being moved from one (1) farm operation to another farm operation.)
impleme	b. ents of hu	A farmer, employee or relative of the owner of the implement, or equipment dealer is transposable usbandry or equipment for the purpose of:	orting)
from a f	<u>i.</u> arm to a	The repair or maintenance of such implements of husbandry and equipment when traveling repair or maintenance facility during daylight hours; or	to or
<u>between</u>	<u>ii.</u> a farm a	The purchase, sale, lease or rental of such implements of husbandry or equipment when travand a dealership, auction house, or other facility during daylight hours.	<u>reling</u>
blanket with the Travel a Such an	permits in overwich overwich overwing vertien over the permiter ov	Farm Permits. Annual permits will be issued to towing units or to self-propelled farm tracted blanket permits may be issued to an Idaho domicile applicant without vehicle identification. may be transferred from one (1) vehicle to another vehicle but will be valid only when the permit vehicle and/or load. A photocopy of the permit is valid, provided that the Pilot/Escort Vecal Clearance of Structures Map furnished by the Idaho Transportation Department are inclumits for implements of husbandry or farm tractors are subject to the same maximum dimensions, and safety requirements as other overwidth annual permits.	Such mit is ehicle uded.
farm for to traile	agriculti s or sem	Overwidth Farm Trailers. Trailers or semi-trailers exceeding eight feet six inches (8' 6") and the implement of husbandry, used for the transportation of implements of husbandry to or fiveral operations, will be exempt from special permitting requirements. This exemption does not intrailers used in common carrier operations, hauling for hire or used in the furtherance of a bustarming operations)	rom a apply
narrowe	<u>a.</u> r than the	Exempt trailers, as listed above, may not be used to haul implements of husbandry that e overwidth trailer.	at are
farm to extensio		Empty trailers, as listed above, being used to pick up or drop off an implement of husbandry for are also exempt and must be reduced to a practical minimum dimension (i.e. dropping	
<u>313.</u>	REMO	VAL OF DISABLED VEHICLES.	
	<u>01.</u>	Permits Issued. Annual Disabled Vehicle permits will be issued to wrecker trucks or other vel	<u>hicles</u>

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used for the removal, including the first and secondary movement of disabled vehicles and their unladen return	4
	$\overline{}$
02. Permitted Vehicle. The permitted vehicle involved in the removal of disabled vehicles will	la a tla a
proper class of vehicle and will have adequate gross vehicle weight and traction to control the combinate	
wrecker and attached disabled vehicles, and will provide brakes to the trailer axles and stop signal and clear	arance
lights to such towed disabled vehicle.	()
	
<u>03.</u> <u>Loaded Weight</u> . Loaded weight of the permitted vehicle's drive axle(s) will be permitted up	
basic allowable unit weight as shown on the current Idaho Transportation Department Route Capacity Map f	
corresponding-colored route, unless the state roadways route is posted with a weight restriction. The current	
Capacity Map is available to the public online. Length of the combination will be limited to the legal or perlength of the disabled combination plus forty-five (45') feet. Width will be limited to ten (10') feet or to the perlength of the disabled combination plus forty-five (45') feet.	
width of the permitted disabled over-width vehicle/load. All axles must be fully deployed when exceeding ad	iacent
legal axle weights.)
<u>a.</u> <u>Disabled Vehicle and Snowplow permits involving overweight loadings will be available</u>	at the
following levels:)
Dad Doutes. The red rout as contain posted bridges and require approval or analysis fro	m tha
<u>i.</u> <u>Red Routes – The red rout es contain posted bridges and require approval or analysis fro</u> Department. A vehicle configuration may be issued an annual Disabled Vehicle and Snowplow permit for tra	
red routes, upon completion of an analysis verifying the requested weights are acceptable. The annual permit v	
issued for a specific vehicle configuration, operating on a specific route, at specific weights. All information v	
listed on the annual permit and will be subject to revocation at such time as the vehicle configuration changes	
as axle spacings), the approved weights change, or a bridge rating changes.	
" XII D (T II	
<u>ii.</u> <u>Yellow Routes – The yellow overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twent</u> thousand five hundred (22,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of thirty-eight thousand (38,000) pounds, and a t	
axle loading of forty-eight thousand (48,000) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings as	
number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 560 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.	<u>()</u>
<u>iii.</u> Orange Routes – The orange overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twent	
thousand (24,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-one thousand (41,000) pounds, and a tridem axle load	
fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and num axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 600 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.	ber of
axies and computed by applying the formula $W = 600 \text{ (LIN/N-1)} + 12\text{ N} + 50\text{)}$.	
iv. Green Routes - The green overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twent	v-five
thousand five hundred (25,500) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-three thousand five hundred (43,500) p	
and a tridem axle loading of fifty-four thousand five hundred (54,500) pounds or the equivalent loading	ing as
determined by spacings and number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 640 ((LN/N-1) + 12N)$	+36).
)
v. Blue Routes – The blue overweight level is based on a single axle loading of twenty-	ceven
thousand (27,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of forty-six thousand (46,000) pounds, and a tridem axle load	ling of
fifty-seven thousand five hundred (57,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and n	
of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 675 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.	
vi. Purple Routes – The purple overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty tho	
(30,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-one thousand five hundred (51,500) pounds, and a triden	
loading of sixty-four thousand five hundred (64,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacing number of axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 755$ ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36).	gs and
number of axies and computed by apprying the formula $W = 133 \text{ ([DIVIT-1] + 12IV + 30]}$.	
vii. Black Routes - The black overweight level is based on a single axle loading of thirty	<u>/-th</u> ree
thousand (33,000) pounds, a tandem axle loading of fifty-six thousand (56,000) pounds, and a tridem axle load	ling of
seventy thousand five hundred (70,500) pounds or the equivalent loading as determined by spacings and num	ber of
axles and computed by applying the formula $W = 825 ((LN/N-1) + 12N + 36)$.)

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viii. Weight Formula. "W" is the maximum weight in pounds (to the nearest five hundred (500) pounds) carried on any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles. "L" is the distance in feet between the extremes of any group of two (2) or more consecutive axles, "N" is the number of axles under consideration and "F" is the load factor most appropriate based on the most critical bridge on the highway route.
b. The maximum overweight levels will not exceed eight hundred (800) pounds per inch width of tire nor the maximum weights authorized.
104. Time of Travel Restrictions. Time of travel restrictions will be waived during the first movement of the disabled vehicle when necessary to clear the travel way. Disabled vehicles that are oversize and moving at night will be required to operate in accordance with the lighting requirements as listed in Section 007 of this rule. A front pilot/escort vehicle will be required when disabled vehicles exceeding ten (10') feet wide and is being moved at night.
95. First Movement. A disabled vehicle permit will cover the wrecker for the first movement of a disabled vehicle from the point at which the disabled vehicle became disabled to a location (i.e. towing company, repair, or company facility) where it can be safely secured.
06. Secondary Movement. A disabled vehicle permit will cover a wrecker for secondary movements of disabled vehicles as long as any vehicle combinations have been separated and the wrecker plus the portion of the disabled vehicle do not exceed allowable weight or size limits.
Q7. Replacement Vehicle. The permitted vehicle involved in the removal of a disabled vehicle will be allowed to tow a functional replacement vehicle to the point of disablement, to replace the disabled vehicle.
08. Height Restrictions. The disabled vehicle height will not exceed the height of fifteen (15') feet on the first movement.
314. MANUFACTURED HOMES, MODULAR BUILDINGS, AND OFFICE TRAILERS.
MANUFACTURED HOMES, MODULAR BUILDINGS, AND OFFICE TRAILERS. 11. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axless on any state roadways are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer.
01. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axles on any state roadways are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection
O1. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axles on any state roadways are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer. O2. Insurance Requirements. The permittee or the driver of the vehicle hauling or towing overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will be required to carry evidence of general liability insurance in the permitted vehicle written by a company licensed in Idaho showing coverage in the minimum amounts of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) when hauling permittee's own manufactured home. When hauling for hire permittee will carry a minimum amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) insurance coverage and have proper authority. O3. Paneling of Open Sides. Paneling must be rigid material, or six (6) mil plastic sheathing (or
O1. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axles on any state roadways are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer. O2. Insurance Requirements. The permittee or the driver of the vehicle hauling or towing overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will be required to carry evidence of general liability insurance in the permitted vehicle written by a company licensed in Idaho showing coverage in the minimum amounts of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) when hauling permittee's own manufactured home. When hauling for hire permittee will carry a minimum amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) insurance coverage and have proper authority.
O1. Registration and Licensing Requirements. All manufactured homes moved on their own axles on any state roadways are to be licensed, permanently or temporarily, with the exception of, new manufactured homes, being transported either prior to first sale at retail or to the initial setup location of the original purchaser. The manufactured home registration (if required) and general property tax receipt will be made available for inspection upon demand of any enforcement officer. O2. Insurance Requirements. The permittee or the driver of the vehicle hauling or towing overwidth manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will be required to carry evidence of general liability insurance in the permitted vehicle written by a company licensed in Idaho showing coverage in the minimum amounts of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) when hauling permittee's own manufactured home. When hauling for hire permittee will carry a minimum amount of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000) insurance coverage and have proper authority. O3. Paneling of Open Sides. Paneling must be rigid material, or six (6) mil plastic sheathing (or stronger) backed by a grillwork to prevent billowing and fully enclose open sides of sections in transit. O4. Interior Loading. If furnishings or other loose objects are being transported within the unit, they

Docket No. 39-0301-2301 ZBR Proposed (Fee) Rule

	<u> </u>	· 5 · /· · ·			-1	
<u>a.</u> part 393.	Connection Device mu	ust be in compliand	ce with Federal M	otor Carrier Safety	Regulations, 49 (<u>FR</u>
<u>b.</u>	Length cannot exceed	eighty (80') feet in	ncluding tongue.		()
<u>c.</u> (18') feet overal	<u>c.</u> Width will be limited to a maximum of sixteen (16') feet at the base and will not exceed eighteen 18') feet overall width including the eaves.				<u>een</u>	
<u>d.</u> The maximum allowable load for any vehicle tire operated on any public highway will be in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, Title 24, Chapter 20, Office of Assistant Secretary for Housing - Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Part 3280, Subpart J, (CFR Title 24).				1g -		
e. Running gear assembly, the entire system including frame, drawbar, and coupling mechanism, brake systems, axles, and lights, will be in compliance with CFR Title 24 for the year the manufactured home was built. In addition, all tires and lights used in transportation of manufactured homes under this category will be in compliance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations, part 393.						
<u>f.</u> Sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes will be required to have a minimum of (
g. Sixteen (16) foot wide (at the base) manufactured homes will be required to have brakes on a minimum of three (3) axles.						
<u>h.</u>	h. The unit will have stop lights, turn signals, and taillights.)	
i. Safety Chains. Two (2) safety chains will be used, one (1) each on right and left sides of, but separate from, the coupling mechanism connecting the tow vehicle and the manufactured home while in transit. Chain will be three-eighths (3/8) inch diameter steel. Chains will be strongly fastened at each end to connect the tow vehicle and manufactured home and assure that in the event of a coupling failure the manufactured home will track behind the tow vehicle. O7. Tow Vehicles. Tow vehicles for manufactured homes, modular buildings, and office trailers will comply with the following minimum requirements:						
The second secon						
			Delive Avde	Min. Unladen		
	ufactured Homes fice Trailers Width	<u>Tire Width</u>	<u>Drive Axle</u> <u>Tire Rating</u>	Weight	<u>Rear Axle</u> <u>Rating</u>	
and Of		Tire Width 7.00 inches	· ·	0	·	

		()
<u>a.</u>	Brakes will be in compliance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations part 393.	()
<u>b.</u>	Rear axle will have a minimum of a single axle with dual mounted tires.	()
<u>c.</u>	Connection Device will be in compliance with Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations,	part 393 (<u>3.</u>
d.	Must be able to maintain a minimum speed of twenty-five (25) mph.	()

<u>10 Ply</u>

Over 12 feet

8.25 inches

<u>15,000#</u>

12,000#

(10') fee	<u>e.</u> et wide a	Operators of vehicles towing manufactured homes, modular buildings and office trailers over the base will have a class A or B Commercial Driver's License, as appropriate.	ver ten
limited t	<u>f.</u> to a maxi	When towing manufactured homes, modular buildings, or office trailers on their own axles vinum of sixty (60) miles per hour.	will be
followin	08. ng dimen	Load Size. Manufactured home, modular building, or office trailer loads will be limited asions:	to the
	<u>a.</u>	Length cannot exceed eighty (80') feet.	
	<u>b.</u>	Width at the base of building cannot exceed sixteen (16') feet.	
	<u>c.</u>	Eaves cannot exceed eighteen (18') feet.	
		Hauling Equipment. Vehicles used to haul manufactured homes, modular buildings, and combinations designed to meet the requirements of Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulation	ns for
	at all tim	d in interstate commerce. Such vehicles will be of structural capacity to safely accommodates.	tte tne
Motor C	a. Carrier Sa	The unit will have stop lights, turn signals, and taillights that meet the requirements of Fafety Regulations, part 393.	ederal
support forward	frame of and rear	Securing Loads. A minimum of four (4) steel, three fourths (3/4") inch diameter bolts will be ect the main support members of the modular building, manufactured home, or office trailer of moving equipment. Two (2) bolts each will be located not less than twelve (12') feet from the ends of the modular building, manufactured home or office trailer. Each of the four (4) bolts of feet apart. Equivalent methods of fastening, such as chains or binders, may be used as alternated to the such as a support of the such as a support of the four (4) bolts of feet apart. Equivalent methods of fastening, such as chains or binders, may be used as alternated for the four (4) bolts of the four (4) bolts of the four (4) bolts of feet apart.	to the m the will be
<u>315.</u>	<u>OVER</u>	WEIGHT PERMITS REQUIRING BRIDGE ANALYSIS.	,
weights Departm Departm loadings informati	01. allowed nent and nent may s have be tion with	Department Analysis. Requests to transport vehicles and/or loads at weights in excess on a routine basis will require, at a minimum, an additional review and approval from ay require an engineering analysis when structures are involved on the route(s) to be traveled y waive the requirement for engineering analysis provided sufficient prior analyses for seen performed by the Department for the involved structures. A schematic drawing or other space of the regard to placement of axles, distance between axles and/or wheels, and distribution of gross wheels may be requested when an engineering analysis is required.	m the d. The similar pecific
over thin	02. rty-five t	Single Axle Weight Restriction. Bridge approval is required when a single axle or steer a shousand (35,000) pounds.	axle is
<u>316.</u>	BRIDG	GE ANALYSIS CRITERIA AND TIME FRAMES.	
for an arbusiness be used approve	nalysis or s days wi to detern ed third p hat analy		s days en (10) ia will ad pre- for the
combina	<u>02.</u> ations in	<u>Vehicle Combinations in Excess of Eight Hundred Thousand (800,000) Pounds.</u> Vexcess of eight hundred thousand (800,000) pounds will be required to have a third party contribution of the	<u>ehicle</u>

Docket No. 39-0301-2301 ZBR Proposed (Fee) Rule

03. Preliminary Information or Bid Work. When a permit request is placed and	
Department will complete the analysis, otherwise a third party will be required to complete the bridge	analysis. An
analysis completed by a third party may be used when a permit request is made, and it will be revi	ewed by the
Department for final approval or denial.	<u>()</u>
04. Overweight Permit Requests with Multiple Configurations. Requests made to ana	
vehicle configurations for a specific route to determine which vehicle combination will be approved	requires the
analysis to be completed by a third party. The analysis will then be reviewed by the Department for fina	<u>l approval or</u>
denial.	
05. Overweight Permit Requests with Multiple Routes. Requests made to analyze	ultiple routes
for a specific vehicle combination in order to determine which route will be approved requires the a	
completed by a third party. The analysis will then be reviewed by the Department for final approval or d	
_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<u>06.</u> Extenuating Circumstances. The Department may under extenuating circumstances require that a bridge analysis be completed by a third party.

<u>317. – 999.</u> (RESERVED)

PROPOSED RULE COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Section 67-5223(3), Idaho Code, requires the preparation of an economic impact statement for all proposed rules imposing or increasing fees or charges. This cost/benefit analysis, which must be filed with the proposed rule, must include the reasonably estimated costs to the agency to implement the rule and the reasonably estimated costs to be borne by citizens, or the private sector, or both.

Department or Agency: Idaho Transporta	ation Department	
Agency Contact: Brendan Floyd	Phone: 208-334-8474	
Date: 8/7/23		
IDAPA, Chapter and Title Number and C	Chapter Name:	
39.03.01 – Rules Governing Special Permits	3	_
Fee Rule Status: X Proposed	Temporary	
Rulemaking Docket Number: <u>39-0301-23</u>	01	

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC IMPACT:

Current rule 39.03.03, which the department intends to combine with 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07, provides that certain permits will impose a road use fee, as set forth through Section 49-1004(2), Idaho Code, and includes a schedule of permit fees through current section 39.03.03.910.04. These fees do not pose an economic impact.

39.03.02 – RULES GOVERNING MOVEMENT OF DISABLED VEHICLES DOCKET NO. 39-0302-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.02 prescribes eligibility and conditions for wrecker-type vehicles to obtain special permits allowing for the removal of disabled vehicles.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.02 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

39.03.03 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS – GENERAL CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

DOCKET NO. 39-0303-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.03 sets forth vehicle lighting and flagging requirements, issuance authority, permittee responsibilities, and various other permit conditions and requirements in addition to the permit fee schedule describe below.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: Current rule 39.03.03 provides that certain permits will impose a road use fee, as set forth through Section 49-1004(2), Idaho Code, and includes a schedule of permit fees through current section 39.03.03.910.04.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.03 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

39.03.04 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS – OVERWEIGHT NON-REDUCIBLE DOCKET NO. 39-0304-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.04 sets forth conditions and requirements for vehicles or loads which are in excess of the sizes or weights allowed by Sections 49-1001, 49-1002 or 49-1010, Idaho Code.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.04 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

39.03.05 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS – OVERSIZE NON-REDUCIBLE DOCKET NO. 39-0305-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.05 sets forth conditions and requirements for vehicles or loads that exceed sizes allowed by Sections 49-940, 49-1001, 49-1002, 49-1004, or 49-1010, Idaho Code.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.05 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

39.03.06 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS FOR EXTRA-LENGTH/EXCESS WEIGHT, UP TO 129,000 POUND VEHICLE COMBINATIONS

DOCKET NO. 39-0306-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.06 sets forth conditions and requirements for the movement of vehicles which are in excess of eighty thousand (80,000) pounds and the sizes allowed by 49-1004, 49-1004A, and 49-1010, Idaho Code.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.06 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY

39.03.07 – RULES GOVERNING SPECIAL PERMITS FOR REDUCIBLE LOADS DOCKET NO. 39-0307-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REPEAL) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 40-312 and 49-201, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than October 18, 2023.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

In line with the governor's Zero-Based Regulation Executive Order, the department is seeking to combine the following commercial vehicle permits rules into a single rule: 39.03.01, 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07. The proposed new title for this single rule is "39.03.01 - Rules Governing Special Permits." The department proposes a complete repeal of 39.03.02, 39.03.03, 39.03.04, 39.03.05, 39.03.06, and 39.03.07.

Current rule 39.03.07 sets forth conditions and requirements the movement of vehicles and/or loads that are in excess of the sizes allowed by Sections 49-1004 and 49-1010, Idaho Code.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(1), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was conducted. The Notice of Intent to Promulgate Rules - Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the July 5, 2023, Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 23-7, pages 104-105.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rule, contact Brendan Floyd at 208-334-8474.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before October 25, 2023.

DATED this 1st Day of September, 2023.

IDAPA 39.03.07 IS BEING REPEALED IN ITS ENTIRETY