Dear Senators BURTENSHAW, Adams, Semmelroth, and Representatives BARBIERI, Furniss, Chew:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Environmental Quality:

IDAPA 58.01.25 - Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (ZBR Chapter Rewrite, Fee Rule) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 58-0125-2301).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 11/20/2023. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 12/18/2023.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Serving Idaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Resources & Environment Committee and the

House Environment, Energy & Technology Committee

FROM: Deputy Division Manager - Katharine Gerrity

DATE: November 01, 2023

SUBJECT: Department of Environmental Quality

IDAPA 58.01.25 - Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (ZBR Chapter Rewrite, Fee Rule) - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 58-0125-2301)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

The Department of Environmental Quality submits notice of proposed rule at IDAPA 58.01.25 - Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program. According to the department, it initiated the rulemaking in compliance with the Governor's Executive Order, Zero-Based Regulation. The department notes that this is one of the DEQ rule chapters up for review in 2023. The department states that the goal of the rulemaking is to perform a critical and comprehensive review of the entire chapter in an attempt to reduce overall regulatory burden, streamline various provisions, increase clarity and ease of use, and maintain state program approval. The rulemaking also updates federal regulations incorporated by reference with the July 1, 2023 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) effective date. Adoption of federal regulations is necessary to maintain program primacy. Incorporation by reference allows DEQ to keep its rules up to date with federal regulations and simplifies compliance for the regulated community.

In compliance with Section 39-107D, Idaho Code, the department confirms that the proposed rule does not regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

This is a fee rule. The department notes that the rulemaking does not impose or increase a fee beyond what was previously submitted to and reviewed by the Idaho Legislature in prior rules. Fees included in this rule chapter are authorized by Section 39- 175C, Idaho Code.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

The department states that negotiated rulemaking was conducted and that there is no fiscal impact to the general fund as a result of the rulemaking.

Statutory Authority

The rulemaking appears to be authorized pursuant to Sections 39-105, 39-107, and 39-175C, Idaho Code.

Paul Headlee, Deputy Director Matt Drake, Manager Keith Bybee, Manager April Renfro, Manager Norma Clark, Manager Legislative Services Office Research & Legislation Budget & Policy Analysis Legislative Audits Information Technology

Statehouse, P.O. Box 83720
Boise, Idaho 83720–0054

Tel: 208–334–2475
legislature.idaho.gov

cc: Department of Environmental Quality Caroline Moores

*** PLEASE NOTE ***

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

IDAPA 58 - DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

58.01.25 – RULES REGULATING THE IDAHO POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PROGRAM

DOCKET NO. 58-0125-2301 (ZBR CHAPTER REWRITE, FEE RULE) NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. This action is authorized by Sections 39-105, 39-107, and 39-175C, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: No hearings have been scheduled. Pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, a public hearing will be held if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency. Written requests for a hearing must be received by the undersigned on or before September 22, 2023. If no such written request is received, a public hearing will not be held. Two public meetings were held during the negotiated rulemaking process.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: DEQ initiated this rulemaking in compliance with Executive Order No. 2020-01, Zero-Based Regulation (EO 2020-01), issued by Governor Little on January 16, 2020. Pursuant to EO 2020-01, each rule chapter effective on June 30, 2020, shall be reviewed by the agency that promulgated the rule. The review will be conducted according to a schedule established by the Division of Financial Management, Office of the Governor (DFM), posted at https://adminrules.idaho.gov/forms_menu.html. This is one of the DEQ rule chapters up for review in 2023. The goal of the rulemaking is to perform a critical and comprehensive review of the entire chapter in an attempt to reduce overall regulatory burden, streamline various provisions, increase clarity and ease of use, and maintain state program approval.

This rulemaking also updates federal regulations incorporated by reference with the July 1, 2023 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) effective date. The July 1, 2023 CFR is a codification of federal regulations published in the Federal Register as of July 1, 2023. Adoption of federal regulations is necessary to maintain program primacy. Incorporation by reference allows DEQ to keep its rules up to date with federal regulations and simplifies compliance for the regulated community.

Citizens of the state of Idaho; environmental groups; major and minor municipal dischargers; industrial dischargers; facilities, organizations and individuals seeking coverage under a general permit; facilities that currently have or will have a pretreatment permit to a wastewater facility; and others interested in point source discharges to Idaho's surface waters may be interested in commenting on this proposed rule. The rule is expected to be final and effective upon the conclusion of the 2024 legislative session if adopted by the Board and approved by the Idaho Legislature.

FEE SUMMARY: This rulemaking does not impose or increase a fee beyond what was previously submitted to and reviewed by the Idaho Legislature in prior rules. Fees included in this rule chapter are authorized by Idaho Code § 39-175C.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state General Fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year resulting from this rulemaking: Not applicable.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: On April 5, 2023, the notice of negotiated rulemaking was published in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin and on April 7, 2023, a preliminary draft rule was posted on DEQ's website. Meetings were held on April 20 and June 1, 2023. Stakeholders and members of the public participated by receiving email notifications, attending the meetings, reviewing DEQ's presentations, and submitting comments. Key information was posted on DEQ's website and distributed to persons who participated in the negotiated rulemaking.

All comments received during the negotiated rulemaking process were considered by DEQ when making decisions regarding the development of the rule. At the conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking process, DEQ submitted the draft rule to the Division of Financial Management for review. DEQ formatted the draft for publication as a proposed rule and is now seeking public comment. The negotiated rulemaking record, which includes the negotiated rule drafts, documents distributed during the negotiated rulemaking process, and the negotiated rulemaking summary, is available at https://www.deq.idaho.gov/ipdes-docket-no-58-0125-2301/.

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the materials cited are being incorporated by reference into this rule:

Adoption of federal regulations is necessary to maintain program primacy, allows DEQ to keep its rules up to date with federal regulation changes, and simplifies compliance for the regulated community. Information for obtaining a copy of the federal regulations is included in the rule.

In compliance with Idaho Code 67-5223(4), DEQ prepared a brief synopsis detailing the substantive differences between the previously incorporated material and the latest revised edition or version of the incorporated material being proposed for incorporation by reference. The Overview of Incorporations by Reference is available at https://www.deq.idaho.gov/ipdes-docket-no-58-0125-2301/

IDAHO CODE SECTION 39-107D STATEMENT: This proposed rule does not regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on questions concerning this proposed rulemaking, contact Mary Anne Nelson at mary.anne.nelson@deq.idaho.gov or (208) 373-0291.

SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: Anyone may submit written comments regarding this proposed rule. The Department will consider all written comments received on or before October 6, 2023. Submit written comments to:

Mary Anne Nelson Department of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 mary.anne.nelson@deq.idaho.gov

Dated this 6th day of September, 2023

Caroline Moores
Operations Senior Analyst
Department of Environmental Quality
1410 N. Hilton Street
Boise, Idaho 83706
Phone: (208)373-0149
caroline.moores@deq.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF FEE DOCKET NO. 58-0125-2301 (ZBR Chapter Rewrite)

58.01.25 - RULES REGULATING THE IDAHO POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM-PROGRAM RULES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.

The Department and the Board are authorized to formulate and adopt rules as are necessary to obtain approval of the IPDES program by EPA pursuant to Section 39 175C, Idaho Code. The Department is authorized to implement and enforce the rules in this chapter pursuant to the Sections 39-175A-C and the provisions of the Environmental Protection and Health Act, Sections 39-101 et seq., Idaho Code. The rules in this chapter are not effective until the

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

requirements in Section 39-175C, Idaho Code, have been met and the United States EPA has approved, under 33 U.S.C. 1342(b), Idaho's administration of the IPDES programSections 39-105, 39-107, and 39-175C, Idaho Code.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.

- **91.** Title. The rules are titled IDAPA 58.01.25, "Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program."
- **82.** Scope. These rules establish the procedures and requirements for the issuance issuing and maintenance of maintaining IPDES permits for facilities or activities for which a person is required by Idaho Code and the Clean Water Act (CWA) to obtain authorization to discharge pollutants to waters of the United States. These permits are referred to in these rules as "IPDES permits" or "permits." (3-24-22)(______)

002. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RECORDS.

- 11. Identifying Confidential Information. Information obtained by the Department under these rules is subject to public disclosure pursuant to under the provisions of Chapter 1, Title 74, Idaho Code, and IDAPA 58.01.23, "Contested Case Rules and Rules for Protection and Disclosure of Records." In accordance with Sections 74-101 through 74-119, Idaho Code, any information submitted to the Department pursuant to under these rules may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. It is the responsibility of the submitter to give notice of the existence of a must claim of confidentiality on each page or on another portion of the information at the time of submittal and such person has the burden of demonstrating when submitted and has the burden to demonstrate that the information is confidential.
- **92.** Denial of Confidential Claims. In accordance with Section 74 114, Idaho Code, a claim of confidentiality, including but not limited to a claim as to information claimed confidential as a trade secret, will be denied and any person may inspect and copy:

 (3-24-22)
 - a. The name and address of any IPDES applicant or permittee; (3-24-22)
 - b. The content of any IPDES permit; (3 24 22)
- e. IPDES permit applications, and information required to be submitted by IPDES application forms under Section 105 (Application for an Individual IPDES Permit), or IPDES General Permit Notice of Intent, and information required to be submitted under Section 130 (General Permits), whether the information is submitted on the application forms themselves or in any attachments used to supply information required by the application forms; and (3.24.22)
 - d. Effluent data as defined in 40 CFR 2.302.

003. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

- **O1.** Availability of Reference Material. Codes, standards and regulations may be incorporated by reference in this rule pursuant to Section 67-5229, Idaho Code. Codes, standards or regulations adopted by reference throughout this rule are available in the following locations:

 (3-24-22)
- **a.** Department of Environmental Quality. Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706-1255. (3-24-22)
 - b. Law Library. State Law Library, 451 W. State Street, P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0051.
 - e. Electronic Code of Federal Regulations (eCFR) http://www.ecfr.gov/egi-bin/ECFR. (3-24-22)
- 021. Incorporation by Reference. The following documents are incorporated by reference into these rules. Any reference in these rules to requirements, procedures, or specific forms contained in any section or

subsection constitute the full adoption by reference of that section or subsection, including any notes and appendices therein, unless expressly provided otherwise in these rules:

(3. 24. 22)(_____)

- a. 40 CFR 122.21(r), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Application Requirements for Facilities with Cooling Water Intake Structures); (3 24 22)(_____)
 - **b.** 40 CFR 122.23, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations);
- c. 40 CFR 122.24, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production Facilities);
 - **d.** 40 CFR 122.25, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Aquaculture Projects); (3-24-22)(
- e. 40 CFR 122.26(a) through (b) and 40 CFR 122.26(e) through (g), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Storm Water Discharges); (3-24-22)(
 - **f.** 40 CFR 122.27, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Silvicultural Activities); (3-24-22)(
- **g.** 40 CFR 122.29(d), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Effect of Compliance with New Source Performance Standards); (3-24-22)(____)
- h. 40 CFR 122.30 and 40 CFR 122.32 through 40 CFR 122.37, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Requirements and Guidance for Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems); (3-24-22)
- i. 40 CFR 122.42(e), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Additional Conditions Applicable to NPDES Permits for Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations); (3-24-22)(_____)
 - j. Appendix A to 40 CFR 122, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (NPDES Primary Industry Categories);
- **k.** Appendix C to 40 CFR 122, revised as of July 1,—2020_2023 (Criteria for Determining a Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production Facility); (3-24-22)(_____)
- l. Appendix D to 40 CFR 122, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (NPDES Permit Application Testing Requirements);
- m. Appendix J to 40 CFR 122, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (NPDES Permit Testing Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works);
- n. 40 CFR 125.1 through 40 CFR 125.3 (Subpart A), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Criteria and Standards for Imposing Technology-Based Treatment Requirements Under Sections 301(b) and 402 of the Clean Water Act);
- **o.** 40 CFR 125.10 through 40 CFR 125.11 (Subpart B), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Criteria for Issuance of Permits to Aquaculture Projects); (3-24-22)(_____)
- **p.** 40 CFR 125.30 through 40 CFR 125.32 (Subpart D), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Criteria and Standards for Determining Fundamentally Different Factors Under Sections 301(b)(1)(A) and 301(b)(2)(A) and (E) of the Clean Water Act);
- **q.** 40 CFR 125.70 through 40 CFR 125.73 (Subpart H), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Criteria for Determining Alternative Effluent Limitations Under Section 316(a) of the Clean Water Act); (3 24 22)(_____)
- r. 40 CFR 125.80 through 40 CFR 125.89 (Subpart I), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Requirements Applicable to Cooling Water Intake Structures for New Facilities Under Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act);

- s. 40 CFR 125.90 through 40 CFR 125.99 (Subpart J), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Requirements Applicable to Cooling Water Intake Structures for Phase II Existing Facilities Under Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act);
- t. 40 CFR 127.11 through 40 CFR 127.16 (Subpart B), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Electronic FReporting of NPDES Information from NPDES-Regulated Facilities); (3-24-22)(____)
- **u.** 40 CFR 129.1 through 40 CFR 129.105 (Subpart A), revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Toxic Pollutant Effluent Standards and Prohibitions); (3-24-22)
- v. 40 CFR 133.100 through 40 CFR 133.105, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Secondary Treatment Regulation); (3-24-22)(____)
- w. 40 CFR Part 136, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants, including Appendices A, B, C, and D); (3-24-22)(____)
 - **x.** 40 CFR Part 401, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (General Provisions); (3-24-22)(
- y. 40 CFR 403.1 through 40 CFR 403.3; 40 CFR 403.5 through 40 CFR 403.18, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution, including Appendices D, E, and G);
- z. 40 CFR Part 405 through 40 CFR Part 471, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Effluent Limitations and Guidelines); and (3-24-22)(____)
- **aa.** 40 CFR 503.2 through 40 CFR 503.48, revised as of July 1, 2020 2023 (Sewage Sludge, including Appendices A and B). (3-24-22)(_____)
- **bb.** The term "Waters of the United States or waters of the U.S.," as defined in 40 CFR 122.2, revised as of June 22, 2020, by 85 Federal Register 22250-22342 (April 21, 2020), unless said revision is stayed, overturned or invalidated by a court of law or withdrawn by EPA, in which case the Department incorporates by reference the term "Waters of the United States or waters of the U.S." as defined in 40 CFR 122.2, revised as of 84 Federal Register 56626, 56669, October 22, 2019 (effective December 23, 2019).
- 032. Term Interpretation. For the federal regulations incorporated by reference into these rules, unless the context in which a term is used clearly requires a different meaning, terms in this section have the following meanings:
 - a. The term Administrator or Regional Administrator means the EPA Region 10 Administrator; (3 24 22)(
 - <u>b.</u> <u>Approval Authority means the Department of Environmental Quality;</u>
- c. Approved POTW Pretreatment Program or Program or POTW Pretreatment Program means a program administered by a POTW that meets the criteria established in 40 CFR 403.8 and 403.9, and has been approved by the Department in accordance with 40 CFR 403.1;
- **bd.** The term Control Authority means the POTW for a facility with a Department-approved pretreatment program and the Department for a POTW without a Department-approved pretreatment program;
- ec. The term Director, or State Director, or State Program Director, means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality with an NPDES permit program approved pursuant to section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act CWA Section 402(b);
 - **df.** The term-National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) means the Idaho Pollutant

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

Discharge Elimination System (IPDES);

(3-24-22)(____

- g. National Pretreatment Standard, Pretreatment Standard, or Standard means a regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by the EPA in accordance with CWA Sections 307 (b) and (c), which applies to Industrial Users. This term includes prohibited discharge limits established under 40 CFR 403.5 or following procedures outlined in 40 CFR 403.8;
- eh. The term-Permitting Authority (also-preceded by the terms NPDES or State) means the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality with an NPDES permit program approved pursuant to section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act. CWA Section 402(b); and
- <u>i.</u> Water Management Division Director means a Director of the Water Management Division within the US Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 office or this person's delegated representative.

004. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

Persons may be entitled to appeal final IPDES permit decisions pursuant to under Section 204 (Appeals Process) of these rules.

005. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS.

As described in Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, the Department of Environmental Quality may have written statements which pertain to the interpretation of these rules. If available, such written statements can be inspected and copied at cost at the Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706-1255. (3-24-22)

006. OFFICE HOURS - MAILING ADDRESS AND STREET ADDRESS.

The state office of the Department of Environmental Quality is located at 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706, (208) 373-0502, www.deq.idaho.gov. The office hours are 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday. (3-24-22)

0075. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. **DEFINITIONS.**

For the purpose of the rules contained in IDAPA 58.01.25, "Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program," the following definitions apply. Terms not expressly defined in this section-have the meaning provided by are defined in IDAPA 58.01.02, Section 010, "Water Quality Standards," or IDAPA 58.01.16, Section 010, "Wastewater Rules."

- 01. Animal Feeding Operation. A lot or facility (other than an aquatic animal production facility) where the following conditions are met: (3-24-22)
- Animals (other than aquatic animals) have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of forty-five (45) days or more in any twelve (12) month period; and (3-24-22)
- b. Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or post-harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility. As defined in 40CFR 122.23. (3-24-22)(_____)
- **O2.** Applicable Standards and Limitations. All—sState, interstate, and federal standards and limitations to which a discharge,—a sewage sludge use or disposal practice, or—a related activity is subject under the Clean Water Act CWA, including effluent limitations, water quality standards, standards of performance, toxic effluent standards or prohibitions, best management practices (BMP), pretreatment standards, and standards for sewage sludge use or disposal under the Clean Water Act sections CWA Sections 301, 302, 303, 304, 306, 307, 308, 402, and 405.
- **O3.** Application. The IPDES forms for applying for a permit or the EPA equivalent standard national forms when deemed acceptable by the Department, including any additions, revisions or modifications to the forms.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **04.** Approved Program or Approved State. A state or interstate program which has been approved or authorized by EPA under 40 CFR Part 123.

- 05. Aquaculture Project. A defined managed water area which uses discharges of pollutants into that designated area for the maintenance or production of harvestable freshwater, estuarine, or marine plants or animals.

 As defined in CFR 122.25. (3-24-22)(_____)
- **06. Average Monthly Discharge Limitation**. The highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.
- **07. Average Weekly Discharge Limitation**. The highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar week divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that week.
- **08. Background**. The biological, chemical or physical condition of waters measured at a point immediately upstream (up-gradient) of the influence of an individual point or nonpoint source discharge. If several discharges to the water exist or if an adequate upstream point of measurement is absent, the Department will determine where background conditions should will be measured.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **O9.** Best Management Practices (BMPs). Schedules of activities, prohibitions of Scheduled activities, prohibited practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices—to which prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the United States. BMPs—also include treatment requirements; operating procedures; and practices to control—plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.
- 10. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD). The measure of the amount of oxygen necessary to satisfy the biochemical oxidation requirements of organic materials at the time the sample is collected; unless otherwise specified, this term will mean the five (5) day BOD incubated at twenty (20) degrees C. As defined in IDAPA 58.01.16.
- 11. Biological Monitoring or Biomonitoring. The use of a biological entity as a detector and its response as a measure to determine environmental conditions. Toxicity tests and biological surveys, including habitat monitoring, are common biomonitoring methods. As defined in IDAPA 58.01.02. (3 24 22)(_____)
 - **12. Bypass.** The intentional diversion of wastewater from any portion of a treatment facility. ()
- 13. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD). A bulk parameter that measures the oxygen-consuming capacity of organic and inorganic matter present in water or wastewater. It is, expressed as the amount of oxygen consumed from a chemical oxidant in a specific test.
- 14. Class I Sludge Management Facility. Any POTW₂ identified under 40 CFR 403.8(a)₂-as being required to have an approved pretreatment program (including—such POTWs—where for which the Department has elected to assumed local program responsibilities pursuant to under 40 CFR 403.10(e)) and any other treatment works treating domestic sewage (TWTDS) classified as a Class I sludge management facility by the Department, because of the potential for its sludge use or disposal practices to adversely affect public health and the environment.

(3-24-22)(

- **15.** Clean Water Act (CWA). Formerly referred to as the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972. Public Law 92-500, as amended by Public Law 95-217, Public Law 95-576, Public Law 96-483 and Public Law 97-117, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq. (3-24-22)(____)
- 16. Clean Water Act and Regulations. The Clean Water Act and applicable regulations promulgated thereunder. In the case of an approved IPDES program, it includes Department program requirements. (3-24-22)
- 176. Compliance Schedule or Schedule of Compliance. A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (for examplee.g., actions, operations, or milestones events) leading to compliance with the Clean Water Act CWA and these rules.

- 187. Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO). Animal feeding operation that is defined as a Large CAFO in accordance with 40 CFR 122.23(b)(4), as a Medium CAFO in accordance with 40 CFR 122.23(b)(6), or that is designated as a CAFO in accordance with 40 CFR 122.23(e). Two (2) or more animal feeding operations under common ownership are considered to be a single animal feeding operation for the purposes of determining the number of animals at an operation, if they adjoin each other or if they use a common area or system for the disposal of wastes. As defined in 40 CFR 122.23.
- 198. Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production (CAAP). A hatchery, fish farm, or other facility which meets the criteria in Appendix C of 40 CFR Part 122, or which the Department designates under 40 CFR 122.24(e). As defined in CFR 122.24

 (3-24-22)(____)
- **2019. Continuous Discharge.** A discharge—which occurs occurring without interruption throughout the operating hours of the facility, except for infrequent shutdowns for maintenance, process changes, or other similar activities.
- **2120. Daily Discharge.** The discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any twenty-four (24)-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant discharged over the day.
 - 22. Department. The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality. (3-24-22)
- **2321. Design Flow**. The average or maximum point source discharge volume per unit time that a facility or system is constructed to accommodate.
 - 242. Direct Discharge. The discharge of a pollutant to waters of the United States.
 - 25. Director. The Director of the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality or authorized agent.
 (3-24-22)
- 263. Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR). The A required facility or activity report containing monitoring and discharge quality and quantity information and data required to be, submitted periodically, as defined in the discharge permit. These reports must be submitted to the Department on a Department in an approved format.
 - 274. **Discharge.** When used without qualification means the discharge of a pollutant.
- **285. Discharge of a Pollutant.** Any addition of any pollutant or combination of pollutants to waters of the United States from any point source. This definition includes additions of pollutants into waters of the United States from: surface runoff which is collected or channeled by man; discharges through pipes, sewers, or other conveyances owned by a state, municipality, or other person which do not lead to a treatment works; and discharges through pipes, sewers, or other conveyances, leading into privately owned treatment works. This term does not include an addition of pollutants by any indirect discharger.

 (3 24 22)
- **296. Draft Permit.** A document prepared under these rules indicating the Department's tentative decision to issue or deny, modify, revoke and reissue, terminate, or reissue a permit. A notice of intent to terminate termination of a permit, and a notice of intent to deny a permit, as discussed in Subsections 107.01 and 203.02, are types of draft permits. A d Denial of a request for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, as discussed in Subsection 201.01, is not a draft permit. A proposed permit is not a draft permit.
 - **3027.** Effluent. Any d Discharge of treated or untreated pollutants into waters of the United States.
- 3128. Effluent Limitation or Limit. Any restriction imposed by the Department on quantities, discharge rates, and concentrations of pollutants—which that are discharged from point sources into waters of the United States, in accordance with these rules and the Clean Water Act CWA.

 (3-24-22)(_____)

- **3229. Effluent Limitations Guidelines (ELG)**. A regulation published by the EPA under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 304(b) to adopt or revise effluent limitations. (3-24-22)(____)
- 330. Electronic Signature. Information in digital form that is included in or associated with an electronic document for the purpose of expressing that signifies the same meaning and intention as would a handwritten signature.

 (3-24-22)(____)
 - 34. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- **351. Equivalent Dwelling Unit (EDU).** A measure where one (1) EDU is equivalent to wastewater generated from one (1) single-family residence. For the purposes of assessing fees associated with publicly or privately owned domestic sewage treatment, the number of EDUs is calculated as the population served divided by the average household size as defined in the most recent <u>US</u> Census Bureau data (for that municipality, county, or average number of persons per household for the state of Idaho). For fees associated with industrial wastewater treatment owned by a municipality, EDUs are calculated in accordance ing with to the definition of EDU in IDAPA 58.01.16, Section 010, "Wastewater Rules."
- 373. Facilities or Equipment. Buildings, structures, process or production equipment or machinery which that form a permanent part of the new source and which will be used in its operation, if these facilities or equipment are of such value as to represent a substantial commitment to construct. It excludes facilities or equipment used in connection with feasibility, engineering, and design studies regarding the source or water pollution treatment for the source.
- 384. Facility or Activity. Any point source or any other facility or activity (including land or appurtenances thereto) that is subject to regulationed under the IPDES program.
- **395. Fundamentally Different Factors**. The factors relating to a discharger's facilities, equipment, processes or other factors related to the discharger are fundamentally different from the factors considered by EPA in developmenting of the national effluent limits.

 (3-24-22)(____)
- 4036. General Permit. An IPDES permit issued under Section 130 (General Permits) authorizing a category of discharges within a geographical area.
- 4137. Hazardous Substance. Any substance designated under 40 CFR Part 116 pursuant to the Clean Water Aet sSection 311.
- 4238. Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (IPDES). Idaho's program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits, and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements, under these rules and the Clean Water Act sSections 307, 402, 318, and 405.

43<mark>9</mark>. Indian Country. ()

- a. All-Land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, notwithstanding the issuance of any patent, and, including rights-of-way running through the reservation;

 (3 24 22)
- **b.** All dDependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States, whether within the originally or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or without the limits of the state; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- c. All-Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished including rights-of-way running through the same.

- 440. Indian Tribe. Any Indian tribe, band, group, or community recognized by the Secretary of the Interior and exercising governmental authority over a federal Indian reservation.
- **451. Indirect Discharger**. A nondomestic discharger introducing pollutants to a privately or publicly owned treatment works.
- 46. Industrial Wastewater. Any waste, together with such water as is present that is the by product of industrial processes including, but not limited to, food processing or food washing wastewater (see Process Wastewater).

 (3-24-22)
- 472. Infiltration. Water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer service connections and foundation drains) from the ground through sources such means as defective pipes, pipe joints, connections, or manholes. Infiltration does not include, and is distinguished from, inflow.
- 483. Inflow. Water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer service connections) from sources—such as including, but not limited to, roof leaders, cellar drains, yard drains, area drains, drains from springs and swampy areas, manhole covers, cross connections between storm sewers and sanitary sewers, catch basins, cooling towers, storm waters, surface runoff, street wash waters, or drainage. Inflow does not include, and is distinguished from, infiltration.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- 44. Integrated Planning. A voluntary plan developed by the permittee in consultation and coordination with the Department. The plan will be based on USEPA 2012 policy guidance as further codified by the America's Water Infrastructure Act of 2018, Public law: 115-270. Integrated Plans may include wastewater discharges from POTWs, reclaimed or recycled water from municipalities, MS4 storm water, nonpoint source municipal storm water, and municipal owned geothermal water. An Integrated Plan may also incorporate other watershed activities undertaken by municipalities such as beneficial reuse of biosolids, stream and restoration activities, and aquatic and riparian improvements.
- **495. Interstate Agency**. An agency of two (2) or more states established by or under an agreement or compact, or any other agency of two (2) or more states having substantial powers or duties pertaining to the control of pollution.
- 50. Load Allocation (LA). The portion of a receiving water body's loading capacity that is attributed either to one (1) of its existing or future nonpoint sources of pollution or to natural background sources. (3 24 22)
 - 5146. Major Facility. A facility or activity that is:

(3-24-22)(____

- **a.** A publicly or privately owned treatment works with a design flow equal to or greater than one million gallons per day (1 MGD), or serves a population of ten thousand (10,000) or more, or causes significant water quality impacts; or
- **b.** A non-municipal facility that equals or exceeds the eighty (80) point accumulation—as described in the Score Summary of the NPDES Non-Mmunicipal Permit Rating Work Sheet (June 27, 1990) or the Department equivalent—guidance document.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - **5247. Maximum Daily Discharge Limitation**. The highest allowable daily discharge.
- **5348. Maximum Daily Flow**. The largest volume of flow to be discharged during a continuous twenty-four-hour period expressed as a volume per unit time.
- **542.** Mixing Zone. A defined area or volume of the receiving water surrounding or adjacent to a wastewater discharge where the receiving water, as a result of the discharge, may not meet all applicable water quality criteria or standards. It is considered a place where wastewater mixes with receiving water and not as a place where effluents are treated As defined in IDAPA 58.01.02.

 (3-24-22)(____)
 - 550. Municipality. A city, town, county, district, association, or other public body created by or under

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

state law-and having with jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, or other wastes, or an Indian tribe or an authorized Indian tribal organization, or a designated and approved management agency under the Clean-Water Aet sSection 208.

1100 B <u>B</u> C	c tion 200	·	(3 2 : 22)	_
		National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES). The national programmer and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits, and imposing airements, under the Clean Water Aet sections 307, 402, 318, and 405.		
	5 <mark>72</mark> .	New Discharger. Any building, structure, facility, or installation that:	(3-24-22)(_)
	a.	From which there is Discharge or may be a discharge of pollutants;	(3-24-22) (_)
1979;	b.	That dDid not commence the discharge of pollutants at a particular site prior to be	e <u>fore</u> August 1 (3-24-22)(3, <u>)</u>
	c.	Which ils not a new source; and	(3-24-22) (_)
	d.	Which hH as never received an finally effective NPDES or IPDES permit for discharge the second of th	arges at that sit (3-24-22) (e. _)
United plant, th	e. States aft aat begins	This definition includes an indirect discharger which commences discharging inter August 13, 1979. It also includes and any existing mobile point source such discharginges at a site for which it does not have a permit;		
discharg	5 <mark>83</mark> . ge <u>s or ma</u>	New Source. Any building, structure, facility, or installation-from which there is one y discharge of pollutants, the and construction of which has commenced:	or may be a <u>th</u> (3-24-22)(<u>at</u> _)
306 -whi	a. ich are ap	After promulgation of <u>performance</u> standards of <u>performance</u> under the Clean-Waplicable to <u>such the</u> source; or	ter Aet s <mark>S</mark> ection	on)
		After proposal of <u>performance</u> standards of <u>performance</u> in accordance with the <u>uniformal performance</u> applicable to <u>such the</u> source, but only if the standards are promulgate within one hundred twenty (120) days of the <u>proposal</u> .		
permitte	5<u>94</u>. ee , the De	Notice of Intent to Deny. A type of draft permit that shall conveys to a permanent's intent to not issue or renew an IPDES permit.	nit applicant ((3-24-22)(or _)
		Notice of Intent to Obtain Coverage under an IPDES General Permit. An arange under an IPDES general permit—shall_must submit a notice of intent to obtaiters of the United States under general permit classifications, including, but not limit	in coverage f	ng or
	a.	Storm Water Construction General Permit (CGP);	()
	b.	Multi-sector General Permit (MSGP) for Industrial Storm Water Requirements;	()
	c.	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) General Permit;	()
	d.	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation (CAFO) General Permit;	()
	e.	Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production (CAAP) Facility General Permit;	()
	f.	Ground Water Remediation General Permit;	()
	g.	Suction Dredge General Permit; or	()
	h.	Pesticide General Permit (PGP).	()
				_

	<u>5</u> 61.	Notice of Intent to Terminate ion. A notice of intent to terminate ion shall conveys: (3-24-22)()
or	a.	Convey tTo a permittee, the Department's intent to terminate an existing IPDES permit for a (3-24-22)(cause;
terminat	e upon c	Convey tTo the Department a permittee's intent to terminate coverage for an activity undependent Ppermit. A construction general permit holder is obligated to must submit a notice of intercompletion of termination within 30 (thirty) days of completing construction activities and ter control, that final stabilization has been achieved for storm water control. (3 24 22)(tent to in the
organiza program		Owner or Operator . The person, company, corporation, district, association, or atity that is an owner or operator of any facility or activity subject to regulation under the II.	other PDES)
the cont	ext of thi	Pesticide Discharges. The dDischarges that result from the application of biological pestion of chemical pesticide that leave a residue, from point sources to waters of the United States definition of pesticide discharges, tThis does not include agricultural storm water discharges in irrigated agriculture, which that are excluded by law (33 U.S.C. 1342(l); 33 U.S.C. 1362(14)) (3-24-22)(1-24)	tes. In es and).
that is d	es to wat ischarged	Pesticide Residue. For the purpose of To determining whether an IPDES permit is needed ters of the United States from pesticide application, means that the portion of a pesticide application a point source to waters of the United States and that no longer provides pesticidal benefic degradates ion byproducts of the pesticide.	cation
		Permit. The authorization, license, or equivalent control document issued by the Departm equirements of these rules. This does not include any permit which has not yet been the subjection, such as a draft permit or a proposed permit. (3-24-22)(
agency,	departme	Person . An individual, public or private corporation, partnership, association, firm, joint enture, trust, estate, state, municipality, commission, political subdivision of the state, state or for enture instrumentality, special district, interstate body or any legal entity, or an agent or emprecognized by law as the subject of rights and duties. (3 24 22)	ederal
operatio discharg	n, landfil <u>e</u> polluta	Point Source . Any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limit channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal fell leachate collection system, vessel, or other floating craft—from which that discharges of onts are or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agricult in water runoff that are excluded by law (33 U.S.C. 1342(1); 33 U.S.C. 1362(14)). (3-24-22)(eeding r may ure or
the Ator	nic Energ	Pollutant . Dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, gar punitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials (except those regulated gy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.)), heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste discharged into water. It does not mean:	under
	a.	Sewage from vessels; or ()
	b.	Water, gas, or other material-which is injected into a well to facilitate production of oil or g	gas, or

surface water resources.

water-derived in association with resulting from oil and gas production and disposed of in a well, if the well used either to facilitate for production or for disposal purposes is approved by authority of the state in which where the well is located, and if the state determines that the injection or disposal will not result in the degradatione of ground or

NOTE: Radioactive materials covered by the Atomic Energy Act are those encompassed in its definition of source, byproduct, or special nuclear materials. Examples of materials not covered include radium and accelerator-produced

isotopes. See Train v. Colorado Public Interest Research Group, Inc., 426 U.S. 1 (1976).

 $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(}$

- 694. Potable Water. Water which is free from impurities in such amounts that it is safe for human consumption without treatment As defined in IDAPA 58.01.16.
- 7065. Pretreatment. The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a POTW. The reduction or alteration may be obtained by physical, chemical or biological processes, process changes or by other means, except as prohibited by 40 CFR 403.6(d). Appropriate pretreatment technology includes control equipment, such as equalization tanks or facilities, for protection against surges or slug loadings that might interfere with or otherwise be incompatible with the POTW. However, where wastewater from a regulated process is mixed in an equalization facility with unregulated wastewater or with wastewater from another regulated process, the effluent from the equalization facility must meet an adjusted pretreatment limit calculated in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(e) As defined in 40 CFR 403.3.
 - 7466. Primary Industry Category. An industry category listed in Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 122.
- 7267. Privately Owned Treatment Works. Any device or system-which is used to treat wastes and is not a Ppublicly Oowned Ttreatment Wworks (POTW).
- 7368. Process Wastewater. Any wwater which that, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the productioning or useing a of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct, or waste product (see Industrial Wastewater definition).
- 7469. **Proposed Permit**. An IPDES permit prepared after the close of the public comment period closes (and, when applicable, any public meeting and administrative appeals) which that is sent to EPA for review before final issuance by the Department. A proposed permit is not a draft permit.
- 750. Proposed Settlement of a State Enforcement Action. A Department consent order-or, compliance agreement schedule, or compliance schedule order issued in response to a notice of violation that is to will be signed by the Director. This does not include amendments or extensions of consent orders—or, compliance agreement schedules, or compliance schedule orders.
- 761. Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW). A treatment works as defined by the Clean Water Act section 212, which is owned by a state or municipality, as defined by the Clean Water Act section 502(4). This definition includes any devices and systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling and reclamation of municipal sewage or industrial wastes of a liquid nature. It also includes sewers, pipes and other conveyances only if they convey wastewater to a POTW treatment plant. The term also means the municipality as defined in the Clean Water Act section 502(4), which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works As defined in 40 CFR 403.3.
 - 772. Receiving Waters. Those w Waters of the United States to which there is a discharge of pollutants.
 - 783. Recommending Discharger. A source—which that renews discharges after terminating operations.
- 794. Regional Administrator. The Region 10 Administrator of the <u>US</u> Environmental Protection Agency or the authorized representative of the Regional Administrator.
- 8075. Secondary Industry Category. Any industry category—which that is not a primary industry category.
- **8176. Secondary Treatment**. Technology-based requirements for direct discharging POTWs, based on the expected performance of a combination of physical and biological processes typical for the treatment of pollutants in municipal sewage. Standards are expressed as a the minimum level of effluent quality in terms of: for BOD₅, total suspended solids (TSS), and pH (except as provided by for treatment equivalent to secondary treatment and other

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

special considerations). (3-24-22)(____)

- 8277. Secretary. The Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers. (3-24-22)(
- 8378. Septage. The Liquid and solid material pumped from a septic tank, cesspool, or similar domestic sewage treatment system, or a holding tank when the system is cleaned or maintained.
- 8479. Severe Property Damage. Substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causesing them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- 850. Sewage. The water-carried human or animal waste from residences, buildings, industrial establishments or other places, together with such ground water infiltration and surface water as may be present As defined in IDAPA 58.01.16.
- **861. Sewage from Vessels.** Human body wastes and the wastes from toilets and other receptacles intended to receive or retain body wastes that are discharged from vessels and regulated underthe Clean Water Act section 312.
- **883. Sewage Sludge Use or Disposal Practice**. The collection, storage, treatment, transportation, processing, monitoring, use, or disposal of sewage sludge.
 - 894. Significant Industrial User. (3-24-22)
- All-i_Industrial users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 CFR 403.6 and 40 CFR Parts 400 through 471; and (3-24-22)
 - Aany other industrial user that: (3 24 22)(
- ia. Discharge an average of twenty-five thousand (25,000) gallons per day or more of process wastewater to the POTW (excluding sanitary, noncontact cooling, and boiler blowdown wastewater);
- **iib.** Contributes a process waste stream which that makes up five percent (5%) or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or (3 24 22)(____)
- Fig. Is designated as such by the Control Authority on the basis that the industrial user has a based on reasonable potential for to adversely affecting the POTW's operation or for violating any violate a Pretreatment Standard or requirement (in accordance with 40 CFR 403.8(f)(6)).
- 9085. Silvicultural Point Source. Any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance related to rock erushing, gravel washing, log sorting, or log storage facilities which are operated in connection with silvicultural activities and from which pollutants are discharged into waters of the United States. The term does not include non-point source silvicultural activities such as nursery operations, site preparation, reforestation and subsequent cultural treatment, thinning, prescribed burning, pest and fire control, harvesting operations, surface drainage, or road construction and maintenance from which there is natural runoff. However, some of these activities (such as stream crossing for roads) may involve point source discharges of dredged or fill material which may require a Clean Water Act section 404 permit As defined in 40 CFR 122.27.
- 9186. Site. The Land or water area where any facility or activity is physically located or conducted, including adjacent land used in connection with the facility or activity.

- 92. Sludge. The semi-liquid mass produced and removed by the wastewater treatment process.
- 9387. Sludge-Only Facility. Any TWTDS whose methods of sewage sludge use or disposal-are is subject to regulations promulgated pursuant to the <u>under Clean Water Act sSection</u> 405(d) and is required to obtain an IPDES permit.
- 9488. Source. Any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is that discharges or may be discharge of pollutants.
- 895. Standards for Sewage Sludge Use or Disposal. Regulations promulgated pursuant to the under Clean-Water-Act sSection 405(d) and these rules which govern minimum requirements for sewage sludge quality, management practices, and monitoring and reporting applicable to sewage sludge or the use or disposal of sewage sludge by any person.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - 96. State. The state of Idaho. (3-24-22)
- 97. State/EPA Agreement. An agreement between the EPA Regional Administrator and the state of Idaho which coordinates EPA and Department activities, responsibilities and programs including those under the Clean Water Act programs.

 (3-24-22)
 - 980. Storm Water. Storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.
- 991. Technology-Based Effluent Limitation (TBEL). Treatment requirements under the Clean-Water Aet that represent the minimum level of control that must to be imposed in a permit issued under CWA sSection 402 of the Clean Water Aet.
- 10092. Total Dissolved Solids. The tTotal dissolved (filterable) solids as determined by use of the method specified in 40 CFR Part 136.
- 10193. Toxic Pollutant. Any substance, material or disease-causing agent, or a combination—thereof, which that after discharge to waters of the United States and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism (including humans), either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, will cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, malignancy, genetic mutation, physiological abnormalities (including reproductive malfunctions in reproduction) or physical deformations in affected organisms or their offspring. Toxic pollutants include, but are not limited to, the one hundred twenty-six (126) priority pollutants identified by EPA pursuant to the under Clean-Water Aet sSection 307(a), or in the case of for sewage sludge use or disposal practices, any pollutant identified in regulations implementing the Clean-Water Aet sSection 405(d).

(3-24-22)()

- 10294. Treatment. A process or activity conducted for the purpose of removing pollutants from wastewater As defined in IDAPA 58.01.16.
- 103. Treatment Facility. Any physical facility or land area for the purpose of collecting, treating, neutralizing, or stabilizing pollutants including treatment plants; the necessary collecting, intercepting, outfall and outlet sewers; pumping stations integral to such plants or sewers; disposal or reuse facilities; equipment and furnishing thereof; and their appurtenances. For the purpose of these rules, a treatment facility may also be known as a treatment system, a wastewater system, wastewater treatment system, wastewater treatment plant, or privately or publicly owned treatment works.

 (3 24 22)
- 10495. Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage (TWTDS). A POTW or any other sewage sludge or waste water treatment devices or systems, regardless of ownership (including federal facilities), used in—the storageing, treatmenting, recycling, and reclamationing—of municipal or domestic sewage, including land dedicated for—the disposal—of sewage sludge—disposal. This—definition does not include septic tanks or similar devices. For purposes of this definition, dD omestic sewage includes waste and waste water from humans or household operations that are discharged to or—otherwise enter a treatment works.

 (3-24-22)(_____)

Page 800

10596. Upset. An exceptional incident resulting in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

10697. User. A person served by a wastewater system.

40 CFR Part 125, or in the applicable effluent limitations guidelines <u>ELGs</u> allowing modification to or waiver of the generally applicable effluent limitation requirements or time deadlines of the Clean-Water-Aet. This includes provisions—which allowing the establishment of alternative limitations based on fundamentally different factors or on Clean-Water-Aet sections 301(c), 301(g), 301(h), 301(i), or 316(a).

10899. Wasteload Allocation (WLA). The portion of a receiving water's loading capacity that is allocated to one (1) of its existing or future point sources of pollution.

- 1090. Wastewater. Any combination of liquid or water and pollutants from activities and processes occurring in dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial plants, institutions and other establishments, together with any ground water, surface water, and storm water that may be present; liquid or water that is chemically, biologically, physically or rationally identifiable as containing blackwater, gray water or commercial or industrial pollutants; and sewage As defined in IDAPA 58.01.16.
- **1401. Water Pollution.** Any alteration of the physical, thermal, chemical, biological, or radioactive properties of any waters of the United States, or the discharge of any pollutant into the waters of the United States, which that will or is likely to create a nuisance or to render-such waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety, or welfare, or to fish and wildlife, or to domestic, commercial, industrial, recreational, aesthetic, or other beneficial uses.
- 14102. Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitation (WQBEL). An effluent limitation determined by selecting the most stringent of the effluent limits calculated using all applicable water quality criteria (e.g., aquatic life, human health, wildlife, translation of narrative criteria) for a specific point source to a specific receiving water.
- 11203. Water Transfer. An activity that conveys or connects waters of the United States without subjecting the transferred water to intervening industrial, municipal, or commercial use.
- 11304. Wetlands. Areas inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas.

(3-24-22)(

11405. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET). The aggregate toxic effect of an effluent measured directly by a toxicity test.

011. -- 049. (RESERVED)

050. COMPUTATION OF TIME.

- O1. Computing Time.—In When computing any period of time scheduled to begin after or before—the occurrence of an act or event occurs, the date of the act or event is not included. The last day of the period is included, unless it is a Saturday,—a Sunday, or—a legal holiday, in which case the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday,—a Sunday, nor holiday. The section does not apply to submission deadlines for twenty-four (24) hour reporting, permit applications, or notices of intent for coverage under a general permit (3-24-22)
 - **O2.** Notice by Mail. Whenever a party or interested person has the right or is required to act within a

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

prescribed period after the service of notice or other paper and the notice or paper is served upon him or her by mail, three (3) days will be added to the prescribed time.

051. -- 089. (RESERVED)

090. SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS.

- **01. Permit Applications and Notices of Intent.** All IPDES permit applications and notices of intent must be signed by a certifying official as follows: (3-24-22)(_____)
- **a.** For a corporation, a responsible corporate officer-shall must sign the application or notice of intent. In this subsection, a responsible corporate officer means: (3-24-22)(_____)
- i. A pPresident, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation; or (3-24-22)(
- ii. The mManager of one (1) or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities or sites, if the manager:
- (1) The manager ils authorized to make management decisions that govern the operation of the regulated facility, including having the explicit or implicit duty of making recommending major capital investments recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to asensure long-term environmental compliance with environmental statutes and regulations;

 (3-24-22)(____)
- (2) The manager can eEnsures that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for IPDES permit application requirements; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- **b.** For a partnership or sole proprietorship, the general partner or-the proprietor, respectively, shall signs the application; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- **c.** For a municipality, state, or other public agency, either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official—shall must sign the application. In this subsection, a principal executive officer of an agency means:
 - i. The eChief executive officer of the agency; or (3-24-22)(
- ii. A sSenior executive officer having responsibility responsible for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit or division of the agency division.
- **Reports and Other Information Submitted.** Any report or information required by an IPDES permit, notice of intent, monitoring and reporting provisions, and any other information requested by the Department, must be signed by a person described in Subsection 090.01, or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - a. The aAuthorization is made in writing by a person described in Subsection 090.01;

(3-24-22)(

b. The $a\underline{A}$ uthorization specifies either:

(3-24-22)(____

i. An individual or a position—having responsibility responsible for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, including the position of a manager, operator, superintendent or position of equivalent responsibility; or (3-24-22)(_____)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

)

- ii. An individual or position having overall responsibility responsible for overall environmental matters for the company; and (3 24 22)(____)
 - **c.** The written authorization is submitted to the Department.
- **03. New Authorization.** If an authorization is no longer accurate due to a change in staffing or personnel for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of Subsection 090.01 must be submitted to the Department before or—together with any report, information, or application to be signed by an authorized representative.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **04. Certification.** Any person signing a document under Subsections 090.01 or 090.02 <u>shall must</u> certify as follows: "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- **05. Electronic Signatures.** The Department may require—any signed, certified, or authorized information—required under these rules to be submitted electronically, with an electronic signature approved by the Department.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **06.** Electronic Reporting. When documents described in Subsection 090.01 or 090.02 of this rule are submitted electronically by or on behalf of the IPDES-regulated facility,—any persons providing the electronic signature for such documents shall must meet all the relevant requirements of this section, and shall ensure that all of the relevant requirements of 40 CFR Part 3 (Cross-Media Electronic Reporting) and 40 CFR Part 127 (NPDES Electronic Reporting Requirements) are met for that submission.

091. -- 099. (RESERVED)

100. EFFECT OF A PERMIT.

- **01. Rights.** The issuance of, or coverage under, an IPDES permit does not convey any property rights or any exclusive privilege nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of state or local law or regulations. The issuance of, or coverage under, an IPDES permit It does not constitute authorization of the permitted activities by any another state or federal agency or private person or entity, and does not excuse the permit holder from the obligation to obtain any other necessary approvals, authorizations, or permits.
- **O2.** Compliance. Except for any toxic effluent standards and prohibitions imposed under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 307, and standards for sewage sludge use or disposal under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d), compliance with an IPDES permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with Clean Water Act sections CWA Sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 318, 403, and 405(a) through (b). However, a∆ permit or coverage under a permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated during its term for cause as set out established in Sections 130 (General Permits), 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits), and 203 (Termination of IPDES Permits). (3-24-22)(_____)

101. DURATION.

- 91. Permit Term. IPDES permits-shall will be issued for a fixed duration-not to exceed of five (5) years or less.
- a. The Department may issue a permit for a period of less than five (5) years. An explanation of t_The reasoning behind issuing a permit for a shorter period shall will be provided in the fact sheet. (3-24-22)(_____)
- **b.** The duration of a permit may not be modified to lengthen the effective term of the permit past the maximum five (5) year duration.

c.	A permit may be	issued to expire on	or after the s	statutory deadline-	set forth in the	Clean Wa	ter Act
sections establi	ished in CWA Section	<u>ns</u> 301(b)(2)(A), (C	c), and (E), i	if the permit inclu	des effluent -lin	nitations t e	o meet
the requiremen	ts of the Clean Wate	r Act sections limi	ts required b	ov CWA Sections	301(b)(2)(A), (C), (D), (1	E) and
	not applicable efflue						,
(),	11			1		/a a / a a s	200

(3-24-22)()

- d. A determination that a particular discharger falls within a given industrial category for purposes of setting a permit expiration date under Subsection 101.01.c. is not conclusive as to the discharger's inclusion in that industrial category for any other purposes, and does not prejudice any rights to challenge or change that inclusion at the time that a permit based on that determination is formulated.

 (3 24 22)(____)
- e. A federally-issued NPDES permit, the administration of which has been transferred to the Department—upon or to administer after EPA approval of the IPDES program, shall continues in effect and be i es enforceable by the Department, subject to Subsections 101.02 and 101.03.
- **O2.** Continuation of Individual Permits. The conditions of an expired individual permit, whether a federal NPDES permit (except for permits over which under EPA retains authority) or a state-issued IPDES permit, will remain fully effective and enforceable until the effective date of a new permit or the date of the Department's final decision to deny the application for the new permit, if:

 (3 24 22)(____)
- a. The permittee has submitted a timely and complete application for a new permit under Section 105 (Application for an Individual IPDES Permit); and
- **b.** The Department, because of time, resources, or other constraints, but through no fault of the permittee, does not issue a new permit with an effective date on or before the expiration date of the previous permit.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **O3.** Continuation of General Permits. The conditions of an expired general permit, whether a federal NPDES permit or a state-issued IPDES permit, will remain fully effective and enforceable (except for permits over which under EPA-retains authority) until the date the authorization to discharge under the new permit is determined, if:

 (3 24 22)
- a. The permittee has submitted a timely notice of intent to obtain coverage under the new general permit as specified in Section 130 (General Permits); and (3-24-22)(_____)
- **b.** The Department, because of time, resources, or other constraints, but through no fault of the permittee, does not issue a new general permit with an effective date on or before the expiration date of the previous permit.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **O4. Continuation of Permits During an Appeal**. Whether the conditions of an expired permit remain effective and enforceable during an appeal of a new permit, or an appeal of the denial of a permit application, is governed by Section 204 (Appeals Process).

102. OBLIGATION TO OBTAIN AN IPDES PERMIT.

- **O1. Persons Who Must Obtain a Permit**. Any person who discharges or proposes to discharge a pollutant from any point source into waters of the United States, or who owns or operates a sludge-only facility whose sewage sludge use or disposal practice is regulated by 40 CFR Part 503 or these rules, and who does not have an IPDES or NPDES permit in effect, shall must submit a complete IPDES permit application to the Department, unless the discharge, proposed discharge, or TWTDS is:
- a. Is eCovered by one (1) or more general permits in compliance with Section 130 (General Permits). Any applicant must complete a notice of intent for any discharge or proposed discharge that is covered by one (1) or more general permits;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - b. <u>Is eE</u>xcluded from IPDES permit requirements under Subsection 102.05; (3-24-22)(

с.								e Department,	under	Section	370
(Pretreatment	Standards) ,	does not of	herwise req	uire the	person to	apply fo	or a pern	nit; or	(3-)	24-22) (_	

- d. Is a TWTDS facility that uses or disposes of sewage sludge to which where a standard applicable to its sewage sludge use or disposal practices haves not been published. Such These facilities shall must submit limited background information, as specified in Subsection 105.17.o., within one (1) year after publication of applicable standards.
- **Operator's Duty to Obtain a Permit**. When a facility or activity is owned by one person but is operated by another person, it is the operator's duty to obtain a permit.
- **O3.** Permits Under the Clean Water Act Section CWA 405(f). All n New and currently permitted TWTDS whose sewage sludge use or disposal practices are regulated by 40 CFR Part 503 must submit permit applications according to the applicable schedule in Subsection 105.17. The Department may require permit applications from any TWTDS at any time if the Department determines that a permit is necessary to protect public health and the environment from any potential adverse effects that may occur from toxic pollutants in sewage sludge.
- **O4.** Designation of Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). DEQ—shall will designate a small MS4 that is not located in an urbanized area, as determined by the latest <u>Dd</u>ecennial <u>Cc</u>ensus by the <u>US Census</u> Bureau <u>of Census</u>, as a regulated small MS4 that must be covered by an IPDES permit if the Department determines that <u>the storm water discharge</u>:

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- a. The storm water discharge rResults in or has the potential to result in exceedance of water quality standards or other significant water quality impacts; or (3 24 22)(_____)
- **b.** The storm water discharge eContributes substantially to the pollutant loadings of a physically interconnected municipal separate storm sewer MS4 that is regulated by the IPDES storm water program.

(3-24-22)()

- waters of the United States without first obtaining an IPDES permit from the Department or coverage under an IPDES general permit, unless the discharge is excluded from IPDES permit requirements or the discharge is authorized by an IPDES or NPDES permit that continues in effect. The Department will not require persons to obtain IPDES permits for facilities or activities that are not required to obtain NPDES permits from EPA under the Clean Water Act and federal Clean Water Act CWA and CWA regulations. Discharges excluded from IPDES permit requirements, but that may be regulated by other state or federal regulations include:

 (3 24 22)
- a. Any sSewage discharge from vessels and any effluent from properly functioning marine engines, laundry, shower and galley sink wastes, or any other discharge incidental to the normal operation of a vessel of the U-S- Armed Forces within the meaning of the Clean Water Act section under CWA Section 312, and a recreational vessel within the meaning of the Clean Water Act section under CWA Section 502(25). None of these exclusions apply to:
 - i. Rubbish, trash, garbage, or other-such materials discharged overboard; nor to (3-24-22)(
- ii. Other dDischarges when the vessel is operating in a capacity other than as a means of transportation such as when used as:
 - (1) An energy or mining facility; (
 - (2) A storage facility, or when secured to a storage facility; or
- (3) When secured to the bed of the waters of the United States for the purposes of mineral or oil exploration or development; (3-24-22)(_____)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

b.	Any discharge of dr	edged or fill materi	al into waters of the	United States that is reg	gulated under th	3
Clean Water Act	section CWA Section	<u>ı</u> 404;			(3-24-22)()

- c. Sewage, industrial wastes, or other pollutants discharged into publicly owned treatment works (POTWs) by an indirect discharger who has received a will-serve letter authorizing the discharge to the POTW. Plans or agreements to switch to this method of disposal in the future do not relieve dischargers of the obligation to have and comply with permits until all discharges of pollutants to waters of the United States are eliminated. This exclusion does not apply to the introduction of introducing pollutants to privately owned treatment works or to other discharges through pipes, sewers, or other conveyances owned by a state, municipality, or other party not leading to treatment works;
- **d.** Any discharge in compliance with the instructions of an on-scene coordinator under 40 CFR Part 300 (The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan), or 33 CFR 153.10(e) (Control of Pollution by Oil and Hazardous Substances, Discharge Removal);

 (3.24.22)(_____)
- e. Any iIntroduction of pollutants from non-point source agricultural and silvicultural activities, including storm water runoff from orchards, cultivated crops, pastures, range lands, and forest lands; however, this exclusion does not apply to discharges from concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFO) as defined in 40 CFR 122.23, discharges from concentrated aquatic animal production (CAAP) facilities, discharges to aquaculture projects, and discharges from silvicultural point sources;
 - **f.** Any relation flow from irrigated agriculture;

(3-24-22)(___

- g. Discharges into a privately owned treatment works, except as the Department may otherwise require under Subsection 302.15; and
- h. Discharges from a water transfer. This exclusion does not apply to pollutants introduced by the water transfer activity itself to the transferred water being transferred.

103. PERMIT PROHIBITIONS.

The Department will not issue an IPDES permit for a discharge:

- ()
- **O1.** Clean Water Act CWA Compliance. Unless the conditions of the permit provide for compliance with the applicable requirements of IDAPA 58.01.02, "Water Quality Standards" and 58.01.25 "Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System-Program Rules";

 (3.24.22)(_____)
- **O2. EPA Objection.** When the Department has received written objection <u>pursuant to under</u> 40 CFR 123.44 from the EPA Regional Administrator to issuance of the permit and until the objections are resolved according to the process identified in the Memorandum of Agreement between EPA and the Department; (3-24-22)(
- **03.** Water Quality Requirements. When the imposition of conditions cannot ensure compliance with the applicable water quality requirements of all affected states; ()
- **O4.** Anchorage and Navigation Impaired. When, in the judgment of the Secretary of the United States Army through the Army Corp Chief of Engineers, anchorage and navigation in or on any of the waters of the United States would will be substantially impaired by the discharge;
- **05. Banned Content**. Of any radiological, chemical, or biological warfare agent or high level radioactive waste;
- **06.** Area Wide Waste Treatment Management Plans. That is inconsistent with a plan or plan amendment approved under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 208(b); or (3-24-22)(_____)
- **07. New Sources or New Dischargers.** For a new source or new discharger, if the discharge from its construction or operation will cause or contribute to the violation of water quality standards.
 - **a.** When the owner or operator of a new source or new discharge proposes to discharge into a water

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

segment that does not meet-applicable water quality standards, or that is not expected to meet those standards even after the application of applying the effluent limitations required by Clean Water Act sections CWA Sections 301(b)(1)(A) and (B), and for which the state or interstate agency has performed a pollutant load allocation for the pollutant to be discharged, then the owner or operator must demonstrate that:

(3-24-22)(_____)

- i. There are sSufficient remaining pollutant load allocations exist to allow for the discharge; and
- ii. The existing dischargers into thate segment are subject to compliance schedules designed to that bring the segment into compliance with applicable water quality standards.

 (3-24-22)
- **b.** The Department may waive the submission of the information by the permit applicant required in Subsection 103.07.a. if the Department determines that it already has adequate information exists to evaluate the request.
- c. An explanation of tT he development of limitations to meet the criteria of this section is to be included explained in the fact sheet to the permit. (3 24 22)(____)

104. PRE-APPLICATION PROCESS.

Any person who intends to apply for a permit or who proposes to discharge a pollutant into the waters of the United States—should may contact the Department to schedule a meeting—prior to submitting to discuss an application—to discuss before submittal:

(3-24-22)

- **01. IPDES**-**Permit Applicability.** Whether the actions or facility will require an IPDES permit, and whether other suitable permitting options are available; (3-24-22)
 - **02. Application Content.** The IPDES permit application requirements; and
 - **03. Application Schedule.** The IPDES permit application submittal schedule.

105. APPLICATION FOR AN INDIVIDUAL IPDES PERMIT APPLICATIONS.

- **01.** Electronic Submittals. The Department may require an applicant to electronically submit information required by this section, if the Department approves using an approved electronic method of submittal.
- **O2.** Application Retention Schedule. An applicant must keep records of all data used to complete a permit application and any supplemental information submitted for a period of at least three (3) years from the date the application is signed.
- **O3.** Time to Apply. Any person required under Subsections 102.01 through 102.03 to obtain an IPDES permit must submit a complete application for a permit to the Department a complete application for a permit in compliance with following the requirements of this subsection. A permit application must be signed and certified as required by Section 090 (Signature Requirements).

 (3.24.22)(_____)
- **b.** Facilities described under 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(x) or (b)(15)(i) must submit an application apply at least ninety (90) days before the date on which construction is to commence unless otherwise required by the terms of an applicable the general permit.

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- c. Any TWTDS that commences operations after promulgation of any applicable "standard for sewage sludge use or disposal" must submit an application apply to the Department at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the date before commencing proposed for commencing operations.
- d. A person discharging from a permitted facility with an <u>currently</u> effective permit must <u>submit and</u> new <u>application reapply</u> at least one hundred eighty (180) days before the expiration <u>date</u> of the existing permit, unless the Department <u>has</u> granteds permission to submit the application on a later date as specified in Subsections 105.03.e. and f.
- e. Permission may be granted by tThe Department for submission of an application may grant permission to apply in less than one hundred eighty (180) days. The Department's prior approval must be sought and obtained in advance of the at least one hundred eighty (180) days before expiration of the existing permit expires or commencement of new discharge commences.
- f. The application will not be accepted <u>as an application for permit renewal</u> after the <u>permit</u> expiration date of the existing permit as an application for renewal of the <u>permit</u>. Any a Applications received after the <u>permit</u> expiration of the <u>permit</u> will be received and reviewed as an application for a new source or new discharger.
- **04.** Individual Permit Application Forms. An applicant must submit an application on use one (1) or more Department-approved forms appropriate to the number and type of discharge or outfall at the applicant's facility. A person required by Subsections 102.01 through 102.03 to obtain an individual IPDES permit must submit an application to the Department providing the information required by this subsection and Subsections 105.05 through 105.19, as applicable. The application must be submitted on one (1) or more of the EPA forms listed in this subsection, or on the Department equivalent of the listed EPA form:

 (3-24-22)(____)
- **a.** All aApplicants, other than a POTW, TWTDS, and pesticide applicators (see Subsection 105.06), EPA Form 1 equivalent and the following additional forms, if applicable: (3-24-22)(_____)
- i. Applicants for a concentrated animal feeding operation (CAFO; see (Subsection 105.09) or concentrated aquatic animal production (CAAP; see (Subsection 105.10) facility, EPA Form 2B equivalent;
- ii. Applicants for an eExisting industrial facility, including manufacturing facilities, commercial facilities, mining activities, and silviculture activities (see Subsection 105.07), EPA Form 2C equivalent;
- iii. Applicants for a nNew industrial facility that discharges process wastewater (see Subsection 105.16), EPA Form 2D equivalent; (3-24-22)(_____)
- iv. Applicants for a nNew or existing industrial facility that discharges only non-process wastewater (see Subsection 105.08.a.), EPA Form 2E equivalent;
- v. Applicants for a nNew or existing facility—whose with discharge—is composed entirely of storm water—associated with from industrial activity (see Subsection 105.19), EPA Form 2F equivalent unless the applicant is exempted by 40 CFR 122.26(c)(1)(ii). If the applicant's discharge is composed of storm water and non-storm water (see Subsections 105.07, 105.08, and 105.16), EPA Forms 2C, 2D, or 2E, as appropriate, equivalent are also required; or
- vi. Applicants that oOperateing a sludge-only facility (see Subsection 105.17), that currently does not have and is not applying for, an IPDES permit for a direct discharge to a surface water body, EPA Form 2S equivalent;

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

i.	EPA Form 2A equivalent; and	(3-24-22) ()
ii.	EPA Form 2S <u>equivalent</u> , if applicable.	(3-24-22)()
05. for specific disconpliance to c	Application Information for All Dischargers . In addition to the application information for the submittal of any following information necomply with Section 103 (Permit Prohibitions). Such information includes, but is not	ecessary to ensure
a. antidegradation	Information required to dDetermine compliance with the antidegradat implementation provisions-set forth in IDAPA 58.01.02.051 and 052, "Water Quality	ion policy and sy Standards"; (3-24-22)()
b. IDAPA 58.01.0	Information required to dDetermine compliance with the mixing zone provis 2.060, "Water Quality Standards"; or	ions set forth in (3-24-22)()
c. 58.01.02.400, "	Information necessary for the Department to a∆uthorize a compliance schedu Water Quality Standards."	le under IDAPA (3-24-22)()
IPDES permit	Application Requirements for Dischargers Other than Treatment Works TDS), Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), and Pesticide Applicators. A portion of the Potton and Potton and Potton and Potton other TWTDS, must provide the following information to priate forms specified in Subsection 105.04:	n applicant for an
a.	The aApplicant's activity-that requiresing an IPDES permit;	(3-24-22)()
b. application is st	The nName, mailing address, e-mail address, and location of the facility for what address;	ich the submitted (3-24-22)()
c. System (NAICS	Up to four (4) Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) or North American Indust S) codes that best identifying the principal products or services provided by the facil	
d. Employer Ident entity;	The ooperator's name, mailing address, e-mail address, telephone number, a diffication Number (EIN) or Department equivalent, and status as federal, state, private	
e.	AsStatement that the facility is located not in Indian country, if applicable;	(3-24-22)()
f. following progr	A-lListing of all permits or construction approvals received or applied for trams:	ander any of the (3 24 22)()
i. Hazardous Was	Hazardous waste management program under IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules arte";	d Standards for
ii. UIC program at	Underground injection control (UIC) program under the Idaho Department of t IDAPA 37.03.03, "Rules and Minimum Standards for the Construction and Use of	Water Resources Injection Wells";
iii. Elimination Sys	IPDES program under IDAPA 58.01.25 "Rules Regulating the Idaho Polstem Program Rules";	lutant Discharge
iv. of Air Pollution	Prevention of significant deterioration (PSD) program under IDAPA 58.01.01, "in Idaho";	Rules for Control
V.	Nonattainment program under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for Control of Air Pollution	on in Idaho";

		n approval un (nder)
vii.	Dredge or fill permits under the Clean Water Act section 404; or	()
viii. on, appro	Other relevant environmental permits, programs or activities, including those oval, and permits, including IDAPA 58.01.17, "Recycled Water Rules"; and	subject to s ³ (3 24 22)(tate
		ing one (1) n (3-24-22)(nile)
i.	The fFacility and each of its intake and discharge structures;	(3-24-22)()
ii.	The IL ocation of the facility's hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal area	s; (3-24-22) ()
iii.	The IL ocation of each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground	; and (3-24-22) ()
			l in
h.	A brief dDescription of the nature of the business;	(3-24-22)()
i. nd	An indication of Indicate whether the facility uses cooling water and the source	e of the cool (3-24-22) (ling
		es in Subsect (3-24-22) (tion)
07. gers.	Application Requirements for Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining	and Silvicult (ure)
	sting discharge from a manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silviculture facility	or activity m	
i.	For each outfall:	()
(1)	The IL atitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent) and the name of	of each receiv (3-24-22)(ing
s, operat	e effluent from that outfall, including process wastewater, cooling water, and sto ions, or production areas may be described in general terms, such as dye-may	rm water run aking reactor	off;
			the
(4)	For a privately owned treatment works, the identity of identify each user of the	treatment wor (3-24-22)(rks;
			age
	i. ii. iv. cords or- h. i. id j. known a 07. gers. a. or an exishe follow i. (1) (2) ter to the so, operation tower; (3) ter receiv	8.01.01, "Rules for Control of Air Pollution in Idaho"; viii. Dredge or fill permits under the Clean Water Act section 404; or viii. Other relevant environmental permits, programs or activities, including those on, approval, and permits, including IDAPA 58.01.17, "Recycled Water Rules"; and g. AtTopographic map, or other map if a topographic map is unavailable, extendine property boundaries of the source, depicting the: i. The fFacility and each of its intake and discharge structures; ii. The fLocation of the facility's hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal area iii. The fLocation of each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground iv. The fLocation of wells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking wate cords or otherwise known by the applicant to exist in the map area; and h. Abrief dDescription of the nature of the business; i. An indication of Indicate whether the facility uses cooling water and the source id. An indication of Indicate whether the facility is requesting any of the variance known at the time of application. O7. Application Requirements for Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining and existing discharge from a manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silviculture facility the following information to the Department, using the applicable forms specified in Subsect ii. For each outfall: (1) The fLatitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent) and the name of the following information that outfall, including process wastewater, cooling water, and stors, operations, or production areas may be described in general terms, such as dye-main tower; (3) The adverage flow that each process contributes and a description of the wastewater receives d, including the ultimate disposal of any solid or fluid wastes other than by dischere receives d, including the ultimate disposal of any solid or fluid wastes other than by dischere receives d.	Notes for Control of Air Pollution in Idaho"; (viii. Dredge or fill permits under the Clean Water Act section 404; or (viii. Other relevant environmental permits, programs or activities, including those subject to son, approval, and permits, including IDAPA 58.01.17, "Recycled Water Rules"; and (3.24.22)(g. A-tTopographic map, or other map if a topographic map is unavailable, extending one (1) rehe property boundaries of the source, depicting the: ii. The tTacility and each of its intake and discharge structures; (3.24.22)(iii. The tLocation of the facility's hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal areas; (3.24.22)(iii. The tLocation of wells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells listed or otherwise known by the applicant to exist in the map area; and (3.24.22)(iii. Abrief dDescription of the nature of the business; (3.24.22)(iii. An indication of Indicate whether the facility uses cooling water and the source of the cool (3.24.22)(j. An indication of Indicate whether the facility is requesting any—of the variances in Subsection at the time of application. O7. Application Requirements for Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining and Silvicult gers. O8. Except for a facility subject to the requirements in Subsection 105.08, an applicant for an IPI or an existing discharge from a manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silviculture facility or activity in the following information to the Department, using the applicable forms specified in Subsection 105.04: (3.24.22)(A narrative identifying each type of process, operation, or production area that contribite to the effluent from that outfall, including process wastewater, cooling water, and storm water manufacturing, or including the ultimate disposal of any solid or fluid wastes other than by discharge; (3.24.22)(A narrative identifying each type of process operation, or production area that contribite to the effluent from that outfall, including process wastewater, cooling water, and storm water runs on towe

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

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flow may be estimated, and the basis for the rainfall event with the method of estimation must be submitted; (3-24-22)(
ii. A description of Describe the frequency, duration, and flow rate of each-discharge occurrence for any-of-the discharges described discharge specified in Subsections 105.07.a.i(2) through (5) that are intermittent of seasonal, except for storm water runoff, spillage, or leaks;
iii. A rReasonable measure of the applicant's actual production reported in the units used in the applicable effluent guideline, ELG if an effluent guideline promulgated the ELG under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 304 applies to the applicant and is expressed in terms of as production or another measure of operation. The reported measure must reflect the actual production of the facility as required by Subsection 303.02.b.; (3-24-22)(
iv. If the applicant is subject to any present requirements or compliance schedules for construction upgrading, or operation of waste treatment equipment, an identification of identify the abatement requirement, description of describe the abatement project, and a listing of list the required and projected final compliance dates; (3 24 22)(
v. A listing of any List the toxic pollutants—that the applicant currently uses or manufactures as a intermediate or final product or byproduct, except—that the Department may waive or modify this requirement; (3-24-22)(
(1) If the applicant demonstrates that it would be unduly burdensome an undue burden to identify each toxic pollutant; and (3-24-22)(
(2) The Department has adequate information to issue the permit; (
vi. An identification of any Identify biological toxicity tests that the applicant knows or has reason to believe have been believes was made within the last three (3) years on any of the applicant's discharges or or discharges to a receiving water in relation to a discharge; and (3-24-22)(
vii. The identity of Identify each laboratory or firm and the analyses performed, if a contract laborator or consulting firm performed any of the analyses required by Subsection 105.07.c. through m. (3-24-22)(
b. The oowner or operator of a facility subject to this subsection must submit, with an application, line drawing of the water flow through the facility with a water balance, showing operations contributing wastewate to the effluent and treatment units. (3-24-22)(
i. In the line drawing, similar processes, operations, or production areas may be indicated as a single unit, labeled to correspond to the more detailed identification under Subsections 105.07.a.i(2) through (5).
ii. The wWater balance must show approximate average flows at intake and discharge points an between units, including treatment units.
iii. If a water balance cannot be determined for certain activities, the applicant may instead provide pictorial description of the nature and amount of any sources of water and any collection and treatment measures. (3-24-22)(
c. In addition to the items of information listed in Subsections 105.07.a. through 105.07.b., and except for information on storm water discharges required by 40 CFR 122.26, an applicant for an IPDES permit for a existing facility described in Subsection 105.07.a. must:
i. Collect, prepare, and submit information-regardingon the effluent characteristics and discharge of

(3-24-22)(

pollutants specified in this section; and

ii. When quantitative data for a pollutant are required, collect a sample of effluent and analyze it for the pollutant in accordance with following the analytical methods approved under in 40 CFR Part 136, except that

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

when no analytical method is approved, the applicant may use and must describe any suitable method but must describe the method.

- **d.** An applicant under this subsection must:
- i. Use grab samples—in to providinge information—regarding on cyanide, total phenols, residual chlorine, oil and grease, fecal coliform (including *E. coli*), enterococci (previously known as fecal streptococcus), and volatile organics; temperature, pH, and dissolved oxygen, and rResidual chlorine effluent data may be obtained from grab samples or from calibrated and properly maintained continuous monitors;
- ii. For all other pollutants, use twenty-four (24) hour composite samples, unless specified otherwise at 40 CFR Part 136, with a minimum of at least four (4) grab samples, except that a minimum of at least one (1) grab sample may be taken for effluents from holding ponds or other impoundments with a retention period greater than twenty-four (24) hours;

 (3-24-22)(____)
- e. For purposes of Subsection 105.07.c., exceptions to testing and data provision requirements for effluent characteristics include: (3 24 22)(_____)
- i. When an applicant has two (2) or more outfalls with substantially identical effluents, the Department may allow the applicant to test only one (1) outfall and report that the quantitative data reported will also apply to the substantially identical outfall; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- ii. An applicant's duty under Subsections 105.07.j., k., and l. to provide quantitative data for certain pollutants known or believed to be present does not apply to pollutants present in a discharge solely as the result of resulting from their presence in intake water; however, an applicant must report that those pollutants are present.

(3-24-22)(

- f. For storm water discharges, associated with an existing facility described in Subsection 105.07.a., from storm events-which that yield more than one-tenth (0.1) inch of rainfall: (3 24 22)(_____)
- i. All sSamples must be collected from the discharge resulting from a storm event and at least seventy-two (72) hours after the previously measurable storm event exceeding one-tenth (0.1) inch rainfall. Where feasible, the variance in the duration of the event and the total rainfall of the event should not exceed fifty percent (50%) from the average or median rainfall event in that area; and (3-24-22)(____)
- ii. For all applicants, a flow-weighted composite sample must be taken for either the entire discharge or for the first three (3) hours of the discharge, except for the following:
- (1) The sSampling may be conducted with a continuous sampler or as a combination of a minimum of at least three (3) sample aliquots taken in each hour of discharge for the entire discharge or for the first three (3) hours of the discharge, with each aliquot being separated by a minimum period of at least fifteen (15) minutes. If the Department approves, an applicant for a storm water discharge permit under Subsection 105.18 may collect flow-weighted composite samples using different protocols with respect to the time duration between the collection of sample aliquots;

 (3 24 22)(____)
- (2) A minimum of one (1) grab sample may be taken for storm water discharges from holding ponds or other impoundments with a retention period greater than twenty-four (24) hours; or
- (3) For a flow-weighted composite sample, only one (1) analysis of the composite of aliquots is required;
- iii. For samples taken from discharges associated with industrial activities, quantitative data must be reported for the grab sample taken during the first thirty (30) minutes, or as soon thereafter as practicable, of the discharge for-all pollutants specified in Subsection 105.19 except-that for all storm water permit applicants taking flow-weighted composites, quantitative data must be reported for-all pollutants specified in 40 CFR 122.26(a) through (b) and (e) through (g), Subsections 105.18 and 105.19, but not for pH, temperature, cyanide, total phenols, residual chlorine, oil and grease, fecal coliform (including *E. coli*), and enterococci (previously known as fecal

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

streptoc	occus);		(3-24-22) (
procedu	iv. res or req	The Department may, on a case-by-case basis, allow or establish appropriate site-squirements, including:	specific san (npling		
	(1)	Sampling locations;	(()		
	(2)	The sSeason in which the sampling takes place;	(3-24-22)(
event;	(3)	The mM inimum duration between the previous measurable storm event and the	e sampled (3-24-22)(storm		
	(4)	The mMinimum or maximum level of precipitation required for an appropriate sto	orm event; (3-24-22)(
	(5)	The from of precipitation sampled, whether snow melt or rain fall;	(3-24-22)(
	(6)	Protocols for collecting samples under 40 CFR Part 136; and	(()		
	(7)	Additional time for submitting data; and	(()		
		An applicant is deemed to knows or have reason to believes that a pollutant is present the expected use, production, or storage of the pollutant, or any previous analyses stant's presence.	ent in an ef for the poli (3-24-22)(lutant,		
this sub	g. section m	Unless a reporting requirement is waived under Subsection 105.07.h., every apparent report quantitative data for the following pollutants for every outfall:	licant <u>s</u> subj (3-24-22) (
	i.	5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5);	(()		
	ii.	Chemical oxygen demand (COD);	(()		
	iii.	Total organic carbon (TOC);	(()		
	iv.	Total suspended solids (TSS);	(()		
	v.	Ammonia, as N;	(()		
	vi.	Temperature (both winter and summer); and	(()		
	vii.	pH.	(()		
if the ap	oplicant d	The Department may waive the reporting requirements under Subsection 105.07 for a particular industry category for one (1) or more of the pollutants listed in Sublemonstrates that information adequate to support—issuance of issuing a permit can uirements.	section 105	5.07.g. d with		
Append	i. Except as provided in Subsection 105.07.o., an applicant with an existing facility described in absection 105.07.a. that has processes that qualify in one (1) or more of the primary industry categories shown in ppendix A to 40 CFR Part 122 contributing to a discharge, must report quantitative data for pollutants in each atfall containing process wastewater as follows:					
fraction	i. s designa	Data for the organic toxic pollutants listed in Table II of Appendix D to 40 CFF ted in Table I of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122. For purposes of In this subsection	R Part 122 n: (3-24-22) (in the		

(1)

Table II of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122, lists the organic toxic pollutants in each fraction that

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

result from the sample preparation required by the analytical procedure that uses using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry; and (3 24 22)(____)

spectrometry; and	d	(3 24 22)	
	If the Department determines that an applicant falls within an industrial category tions for testing, that the determination does not establish the applicant's category tes 2 and 3 to 40 CFR 122.21); and		-other
ii. Part 122.	Data for the toxic metals, cyanide, and total phenols listed in Table III of Appen	dix D to 40	0 CFR
are discharged f directly or indire pollutant dischar	An applicant under this section must disclose whether the applicant he knows of the conventional and nonconventional pollutants in Table IV of Appendix D to from each outfall. If an applicable effluent limitations guideline ELG limits the cetly by express limitations on an indicator, the applicant must report quantitative reged that is not limited in an effluent limitations guideline ELG, the applicant nor briefly describe the reasons the pollutant is expected to be discharged.	40 CFR Pa pollutant data. For	art 122 either every report
Table III of Appe	An applicant under this subsection must disclose whether the applicant he knows of the organic toxic pollutants listed in Table II or the toxic metals, cyanide, or total endix D to 40 CFR Part 122 for which quantitative data are not otherwise required scharged from each outfall. Unless an applicant qualifies d as a small business uplicant must:	l phenols li under Subs	sted in section section
i. parts per billion o	Report quantitative data for every pollutant expected to be discharged in concentr or greater;	ations of te	en (10) ()
ii. dinitrophenol, if parts per billion o	Report quantitative data for acrolein, acrylonitrile, 2,4 dinitrophenol, and any of these four (4) pollutants are expected to be discharged in concentrations of or greater; and		
than one hundred	For every pollutant expected to be discharged in concentrations less than ten (10) for acrolein, acrylonitrile, 2,4 dinitrophenol, and 2-methyl-4, 6 dinitrophenol, in cold (100) parts per billion, either submit quantitative data, or briefly describe the reas discharged and submit-any supporting documentation.	oncentration	ns less llutant
discharged from	An applicant under this subsection must disclose whether the applicant he knows sestos or any of the hazardous substances listed in Table V of Appendix D to 40 C each outfall. For every pollutant expected to be discharged, the applicant must be stant is expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has for any pollutant expected to be discharged and report any quantitative data it has the data i	CFR Part 1 iefly descri	22 are ibe the
m. screening proced applicant:	An-applicant under this subsection must disclose and report qualitative data, glure not calibrated with analytical standards, for 2,3,7, 8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-diox	generated u in (TCDD) (3-24-22)) if the
i.	Uses or manufactures the following:	(3-24-22)	()
(1)	2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4,5,-T);	(()
(2)	2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid (Silvex, 2,4,5,-TP);	(()

(3)(4)

(5)

2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl, 2,2-dichloropropionate (Erbon);

o,o-dimethyl o-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate (Ronnel);

2,4,5-trichlorophenol (TCP); or

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking Hexachlorophene (HCP); or (6) ii. Knows or has reason to believes that TCDD is or may be present in an effluent. Where quantitative data are required in Subsections 105.07.c. through m., existing data may be used, if available, in lieu of sampling done solely for the purpose of the application, provided that all: (3-24-22)(All dData requirements are met; sampling was performed, collected, and analyzed no more than i. four and one-half (4 ½) years prior to before submission; ii. All dData are representative of the discharge; and iii. All aAvailable representative data are considered in the values reported. An applicant-under this subsection is exempt from the quantitative data requirements in Subsections 105.07.i. or 105.07.j. for the organic toxic pollutants listed in Table II of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122, if that applicant he qualifies as a small business under one (1) of the following criteria: The applicant is a cCoal mine with an expected total annual production of less than one hundred (3-24-22)(thousand (100,000) tons per year; or The applicant has gGross total annual sales averaginge less than two hundred eighty-seven thousand, three hundred dollars (\$287,300) per year in 2014 dollars. In addition to the information reported on the application-form, an applicant-under this subsection must provide at the Department's request, any other information that may be reasonably required to assess the discharges of the facility and to determine whether to issue an IPDES permit. The additional This information may include additional quantitative data and bioassays to assess the relative toxicity of discharges to aquatic life and $\frac{(3^{2}-24-22)}{(2^{2}-24-22)}$ information required to determine the cause of the toxicity. Application Requirements for New or Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, and Silviculture Facilities that Discharge only Non-Process Non-process Wastewater. An applicant that is a manufacturing, commercial, mining, or silvicultural discharger that discharges only non-process wastewater not regulated by an effluent limitations guideline ELG or new source performance standard must provide the following information to the Department for all discharges, except for storm water discharges, using the applicable forms specified in Subsection 105.04: (3-24-22)(The nNumber of each outfall, the latitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent), and i.

- ii. For a new discharger, the date of expected commencement of discharge; ()
- iii. An identification of Identify the general type of waste discharged, or expected to be discharged upon commencement of operations, including sanitary wastes, restaurant or cafeteria wastes, or non-contact cooling water;
- iv. An identification of Identify cooling water additives, if any, that are used or expected to be used upon commencement of operations, along with their composition if existing composition is available;

- v. Effluent characteristics prepared and submitted as described in Subsections 105.08.b. and 105.08.c.;
- vi. A description of Describe the frequency of flow and duration of any seasonal or intermittent discharge, except for storm water runoff, leaks, or spills;

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

vii.	A brief description of any Describe the treatment system used or to be used;	(3-24-2)	2) ()
viii. the purpose of	Any aAdditional information the applicant wishes to be wants considered, such as obtaining net credits under Subsection 303.07; and	influent		for
ix.	The sSignature of the certifying official under Section 090 (Signature Requirement)	is) . (3-24-2 2	2) (_)
b. described in Si	Except as otherwise provided in Subsections 105.08.d. through g., an application absection 105.08.a. must include quantitative data for the following pollutants or parar		schar	ger
		(3-24-2	2) (_)
i.	5-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5);		()
ii.	Total suspended solids (TSS);		()
iii.	Fecal coliform (including <i>E. coli</i>), if believed present or if sanitary waste is or will	be discl	harge (d;)
iv.	Total residual chlorine (TRC), if chlorine is used;		()
v.	Oil and grease;		()
vi.	Chemical oxygen demand (COD), if non-contact cooling water is or will be discha	rged;	()
vii.	Total organic carbon (TOC), if non-contact cooling water is or will be discharged;		()
viii.	Ammonia, as N;		()
ix.	Discharge flow;		()
х.	pH; and		()
xi.	Temperature, both in winter and summer, respectively.	(3-24-2)	2) (_)
c.	For purposes of the dData required under Subsection 105.08.b.:	(3-24-2)	2) (_)
	Grab samples must be used for oil and grease, fecal coliform (including <i>E. co</i> perature, pH, and TRC effluent data may be obtained from grab samples or from ained continuous monitors;			
Twenty-four (2	Twenty-four (24) hour composite samples must be used for pollutants listed or than those specified in Subsection 105.08.c.i., unless specified otherwise—at in 40 the composite samples must comprise, at a minimum, be composed of least four of dotherwise—at in 40 CFR Part 136. For a composite sample, only one (1) analysis chired;) CFR F (4) grab	Part 1	36.
	The quantitative data may be collected over the past three hundred sixty-five (365) epresentative of represents current operations, and must include maximum daily valuaber of measurements taken; and		ige da	
iv.	The applicant must collect and analyze samples in accordance with 40 CFR Part 13	36.	()
d. listed in Subs demonstrates	The Department may waive the testing and reporting requirements for any of the p ection 105.08.c. if the applicant requests a waiver before or with its application that information adequate to support permit issuance can be obtained through	or ear	lier , a	and

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

requirements.		(3-24-22)()
e.	If the applicant is a new discharger, the applicant must:	()
section no later to complete these p	Complete and submit Item IV of EPA Form 2E, or the Department equivalent, Subsection 105.04.a.iv., by providing quantitative data in compliance that combinant two (2) years after the discharge commences, except that the applicant does ortions of Item IV requiring tests that the applicant has already performed and regring requirements of its the IPDES or NPDES permit; and	n <mark>plies</mark> with t not need no	h at e ot to
ii. parameters listed	Include estimates and the source of each estimate instead of sampling data for in Subsection 105.08.b.;	the pollutant	s or
f. reported or estimated data m	For purposes of the required data required under this subsection, all pollutant nated as concentration and as total mass, except for flow, pH, and temperature ust be accompanied by documents supporting the estimated value.	levels mus Submittal of (3-24-22)(t be f all
their presence in	An applicant's duty, under Subsections 105.08.b., c., and e., to provide quain pollutants does not apply to pollutants present in a discharge solely as a result in intake water. However, an An applicant must report the presence of those pubsection 303.07 are met, net credit may be provided for the presence of pollutants.	of <u>resulting</u> f pollutants. If	rom the
09. (CAFO) . An approvide the follow	Application Requirements for New and Existing Concentrated Animal Feed blicant for an IPDES permit for a new or existing CAFO, as defined in 40 CFR wing information to the Department, using the applicable forms specified in Subsection 1.	. 122.23(b) r	ions nust
a.	The nName of the owner-or and operator;	(3-24-22) ()
b.	The fracility location and mailing addresses;	(3-24-22) ()
c. entrance to the pr	Latitude and longitude of the production area to the nearest second (or equivalent) roduction area;	, measured at (3-24-22) (t the
d. operation <u>CAFO</u>	A tTopographic map of the geographic area in which where is located, showing the specific location of the production area;	animal feed (3-24-22)(ling
mature dairy cow	Specific information about the number and type of animals, including, if applications swine weighing fifty-five (55) pounds or more, swine weighing less than fifty-five, dairy heifers, veal calves, sheep and lambs, horses, ducks, turkeys, or other anit tor housed under roof;	ive (55) pou	nds,
f. storage shed, sto impervious soil wastewater;	The tType of containment and total capacity in tons or gallons of any anaerobi rage pond, under-floor pit, above-ground storage tank, below-ground storage tanpad, or other structure or area used for containment and storage of manure, lit	c lagoon, rook, concrete parter, and pro	ofed pad, cess
g. manure, litter, or	The tTotal number of acres available and under the applicant's control for lan process wastewater;	d application (3-24-22)(n of
h.	Estimated amounts of manure, litter, and process wastewater generated per year in	tons or gallo	ons;
i. in tons or gallons	Estimated amounts of manure, litter, and process wastewater transferred to other; and	persons per	year)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

CFR 122.42 (e) ,	A <u>completed</u> nutrient management plan that has been completed and will be impleoverage. A nutrient management plan must meet, at a minimum, the requirement including for all CAFOs subject to 40 CFR 412.30 through 412.37, 412.40 through 40 CFR 412.4(c), as applicable.	ts specified	in 40
	Application Requirements for New and Existing Concentrated Aquatic An ites. An applicant for an IPDES permit for a new or existing CAAP facility nation, using the applicable forms specified in Subsection 105.04:		
a.	The mMaximum daily and average monthly flow from each outfall;	(3-24-22)(
b.	The nNumber of ponds, raceways, and similar structures;	(3-24-22) (
c.	The nName of the receiving water and the source of intake water;	(3-24-22) (
d. yearly and maxin	ForTotal yearly and maximum harvestable weight for each species of aquatic mum harvestable weight; and	animal, the	total
e.	The eCalendar month of maximum feeding and the total mass of food fed during	that month. (3 24 22)()
11. Application Requirements for New and Existing POTWs and Other Dischargers Designated by the Department.			
Subsection 105.	Except as provided in Subsection 105.11.b., an applicant that is a POTW and any e Department must provide the information in this subsection, using the applicable of 04.b. An applicant under this subsection must submit all information available every they and may provide information by referencing reference information prevent.	forms specif e at the tir	fied in me of
b. The Department may waive any requirement of this subsection if it has access to substantially identical information or if that information is not of material concern for a specific permit, if approved by the EPA Regional Administrator. The waiver request to the Regional Administrator must include the Department's justification for the waiver. A Regional Administrator's disapproval of athe Department's proposed waiver does not constitute final agency action, but does provide notice to the state and permit applicant(s) that EPA may object to any state-issued permit issued in the absence of the required information.			
с.	An applicant under this subsection must provide:	((
i.	Name, mailing address, and location of the facility for which the application is su	bmitted ; (3-24-22) <u>(</u>	
ii. the applicant, an	Name, mailing address, e-mail address, EIN or Department equivalent, and teled a statement whether the applicant is the facility's owner, operator, or both;	phone numl (3-24-22)(ber of
iii. dates, under any	A lList of all environmental permits or construction approvals received or appl of the following programs or types of activities:	ied for, incl (3 24 22)(luding
(1) Hazardous Waste	Hazardous waste management program under IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules ane";	d Standard (ls for
(2) UIC program at	Underground injection control (UIC) program under the Idaho Department of IDAPA 37.03.03, "Rules and Minimum Standards for the Construction and Use of	Water Reso Injection Wo	ources ells";
(3) Elimination Syst	IPDES program under IDAPA 58.01.25, "Rules Regulating the Idaho Poltem Program Rules";	lutant Disc (3-24-22)(

Page 818

- (4) Prevention of significant deterioration (PSD) program under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho";
 - (5) Nonattainment program under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho";
- (6) National emission standards for hazardous pollutants (NESHAPS) preconstruction approval under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho";
 - (7) Dredge or fill permits under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 404; (3-24-22)(
- (8) Sludge Management Program under IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," and Section 380 (Sewage Sludge) of these rules; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (9) Other relevant environmental permits, programs, or activities, including those subject to state jurisdiction, approval, and permits;
- iv. The nN ame, population, and EDUs of each municipal entity served by the facility, including unincorporated connector districts, a statement whether each municipal entity owns or maintains the collection system and, if the information is available, whether the collection system is a separate sanitary sewer or a combined storm and sanitary sewer;
- v. AsStatement whether the facility is located in Indian country and whether the facility discharges to a receiving stream that flows through Indian country;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- vi. The fFacility's design flow rate, or the wastewater flow rate the plant was built to handle, annual average daily flow rate, and maximum daily flow rate for each of the previous three (3) years; (3-24-22)(______)
- vii. A sStatement identifying the types of collection systems, either separate sanitary sewers or combined storm and sanitary sewers, used by the treatment works, and an estimate of the percent of sewer line—that each type comprises;

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- viii. The following iInformation for outfalls to waters of the United States and other discharge or disposal methods:
- (1) For effluent discharges to waters of the United States, the total number and types of outfalls including treated effluent, combined sewer overflows, bypasses, constructed emergency overflows; ()
- (2) For wastewater discharged to surface impoundments, the location of each surface impoundment, the average daily volume discharged to each surface impoundment, and a statement whether the discharge is continuous or intermittent;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (3) For wastewater applied to the land, the location of each-land application site, the size in acres of each-land application site, the average daily volume in gallons per day applied to each-land application site, and-a statement whether the land application is continuous or intermittent;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (4) For effluent sent to another facility for treatment—prior to before discharge, the means by which method the effluent is transported; the name, mailing address, e-mail address, contact person, and phone number of the organization transporting the discharge, if the transport is provided by a party other than the applicant; the name, mailing address, e-mail address, contact person, phone number, and IPDES or NPDES permit number, if any, of the receiving facility; and the average daily flow rate from this facility into the receiving facility in million gallons per day (MGD); and
- (5) For wastewater disposed of in a manner not included in Subsections 105.11.c.viii(1) through (4), including underground percolation and underground injection, a description of the disposal method, the location and size of each disposal site, if applicable, the annual average daily volume in gallons per day disposed of by this

method,	and a sta	tement whether disposal by this method is continuous or intermittent; and	(3-24-22) ()
contract	ix. ors respo	The nName, mailing address, e-mail address, telephone number, and responsible for any operational operating or maintenance aspects of maintaining the POT		
variance	x. e as specif	An indication of Indicate whether applicant is operating under or requesting to fied in Subsection 310.02 if known at the time of application.	operate un (3 24 22)(der a
with a d	d. esign flov	In addition to the information described in Subsection 105.11.c., an applicant under water than or equal to zero point one (0.1) million gallons per day (MGD) must		ection
describi	i. ng descri	The cCurrent average daily volume in gallons per day of inflow and infiltration, be steps the facility is taking to minimize inflow and infiltration;	and a state (3-24-22)(_	ement)
mile bey	ii. ond prop	AtTopographic map, or other map if a topographic map is unavailable, extending berty boundaries of the treatment plant including all unit processes, and showing:	g at least or (3-24-22) (ne (1)
	(1)	The tTreatment plant area and unit processes;	(3 24 22) ()
		The mMajor pipes or other structures through which wastewater enters the treatment uctures through which treated wastewater is discharged from the treatment plant, in the ing, if applicable;		
	(3)	Each well where fluids from the treatment plant are injected underground;	()
applican	(4) at within o	Wells, springs, and other surface water bodies listed in public records or otherwione-quarter (1/4) mile of the property boundaries of the treatment works;	ise known t (3 24 22)(to the
	(5)	Sewage sludge management facilities including on-site treatment, storage, and disp	posal sites;	and)
for Haza	(6) ardous Wa	Each location at which waste classified as hazardous under IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rule aste," enters the treatment plant by truck, rail, or dedicated pipe;	es and Stan	dards
	iii.	ApProcess flow diagram or schematic as follows:	(3-24-22) ()
and disi	nfection,	A dDiagram showing the processes of the treatment plant, including all bypas urces or redundancy in the system, including a water balance showing all treatment and showing daily average flow rates at influent and discharge points and approx atment units; and	t units , inch	uding
	(2)	AnNarrative description of the diagram; and	(3-24-22) ()
	iv.	The following iInformation regarding scheduled improvements:	(3-24-22)()
	(1)	The oOutfall number of each affected outfall;	(3-24-22)()
	(2)	AnNarrative description of each required improvement;	(3-24-22) ()
		Scheduled dates for commencement and completion of commencing and completed commencing discharge and attainment of attaining operational level, and actual ted in this subsection that has been completed; and		
-	(4)	AdDescription of permits and authorizations concerning for other federal and state		ents.

e. including bypass	An applicant—under this subsection must provide the following information points, through which effluent is discharged, as applicable:	for each outfall, (3-24-22)()
i.	For each outfall:	()
(1)	The oOutfall number;	(3-24-22)()
(2)	The eCounty, and city or town in which the outfall is located;	(3-24-22)()
(3)	The IL atitude and longitude, to the nearest second;	(3-24-22)()
(4)	The dDistance from shore and depth below surface;	(3-24-22)()
(5)	The a∆verage daily flow rate, in million gallons per day (MGD);	(3-24-22)()
(6) occurs, the durat	If the outfall has a seasonal or periodic discharge, the number of times per you of each discharge, the flow of each discharge, and the months in which when	
(7) high-rate;	A-sStatement whether the outfall is equipped with a diffuser and the type of diffu	user used, such as (3-24-22)()
ii. information, if tl	For each outfall discharging effluent to waters of the United States, the following information is available:	g receiving water (3-24-22)()
(1)	The nName of each receiving water;	(3-24-22)()
(2)	The eCritical flow of each receiving stream water; and	(3-24-22)()
(3)	The tTotal hardness of the receiving stream water at critical low flow; and	(3-24-22)()
iii. the treatment of	For each outfall discharging to waters of the United States, the following informathe discharges:	mation describing
(1) or other treatmen	The hHighest level of treatment, including primary, equivalent to secondary, second level provided for:	ondary, advanced, (3-24-22)()
(a)	The dDesign biochemical oxygen demand removal percentage;	(3-24-22)()
(b)	The dDesign suspended solids removal percentage;	(3-24-22)()
(c)	The dDesign phosphorus removal percentage;	(3-24-22)()
(d)	The dDesign nitrogen removal percentage; and	(3-24-22)()
(e)	Any oOther removals that an advanced treatment system is designed to achieve; a	nd (3-24-22) ()
(2) chlorinates, if dis	A description of the tType of disinfection used, and a statement whether the transinfection is accomplished through chlorination.	eatment plant de- (3-24-22)()
f.	In addition to Subsection 105.11.a., and except as provided in Subsection 105.1 etion must undertake sampling and analysis and submit effluent monitoring inform	1.h., an applicant ation for samples
taken from each	outfall through which where effluent is discharged to waters of the United Soverflows, including the following if applicable:	

	i.	Sampling and analysis for the pPollutants listed in Appendix J, Table 1A to 40 CF	R Part 122; (3-24-22)()
facility 1	that does	For an applicant with a design flow greater than or equal to zero point one (0.1) meling and analysis for the pollutants listed in Appendix J, Table 1 to 40 CFR Part 1 not use chlorine for disinfection, does not use chlorine elsewhere in the treatment tential to discharge chlorine in the facility's effluent, is not required to sample or an	22, except that a process, and has
		Sampling and analysis for the pPollutants listed in Appendix J, Table 2 to 40 CFR nts for which the state or EPA has established water quality standards applicable to lity is a POTW:	Part 122 and for for the receiving (3-24-22)()
(MGD);	(1)	A POTW that has With a design flow rate equal to or greater than one (1) million	n gallons per day (3-24-22)()
	(2)	A POTW that has With an approved pretreatment program;	(3-24-22)()
	(3)	A POTW that is rRequired to develop a pretreatment program; or	(3-24-22)()
	(4)	Any POTW, as required by tThe Department to ensure re compliance with these re	iles; (3-24-22)()
basis;	iv.	Sampling and analysis for additional pollutants, as the Department may require, or	on a case-by-case
before tl	v. he date of	Data from a minimum of at least three (3) samples taken within four and one- f the permit application; to meet this requirement:	half (4 ½) years (3-24-22)()
outfall;	(1)	Samples must-be representative of represent the seasonal variation in the disc	harge from each (3-24-22)()
applicat	(2) ion; and	Existing data may be used, if available, in lieu of sampling done solely for the	purpose of this (3-24-22)()
	(3)	Additional samples may be required by the Department on a case-by-case basis; an	nd ()
by the ap	pplicant,	All eExisting data for pollutants specified in Subsections 105.11.f.i. through iv. f (4 ½) years of the application. This data must be included in the pollutant data sur except that if the applicant samples for a specific pollutant on a monthly or more fred for that pollutant within one (1) year of the application must be provided.	nmary submitted
	g.	To meet the information requirements of Subsection 105.11.f., an applicant must:	()
analytic NPDES		Collect samples of effluent and analyze the samples for pollutants in accordance was approved under 40 CFR Part 136 unless an alternative is specified in the expectation of the expectation of the property o	ith following the isting IPDES or (3-24-22)()
	ii.	Use the following methods:	()
coliform	(1) n (includi obtained	Grab samples for pH, temperature, cyanide, total phenols, residual chlorine, oil ing <i>E. coli</i>), and volatile organics. Temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, and residifrom grab samples or from calibrated and properly maintained continuous monitors	ual chlorine data
		Twenty-four (24) hour composite samples for all other pollutants, unless specified ing a minimum of at least four (4) grab samples; for a composite sample, only one (nuots is required; and	d otherwise at 40 1) analysis of the (3-24-22)()

	iii.	Provide at least the following information for each parameter:		()
	(1)	Maximum daily discharge, expressed as concentration or mass, based upon actual	sample va	lues; ()
samples	(2) used to o	Average daily discharge for all samples, expressed as concentration or mass, an obtain this value;	d the num	iber (of)
	(3)	The aAnalytical method used; and	(3-24-22)	()
method	(4) endpoint	The tThreshold level, such as the method detection limit, minimum level, or for the analytical method used; and	other desi (3-24-22)		d)
	iv.	Report metals as total recoverable, unless the Department requires otherwise.		()
applicar samples "Water	nt to subm from one Quality S	When an applicant—under this subsection has two (2) or more outfalls with substaining to the same receiving water segment, the Department may, on a case-by-case nit sampling data for only one (1) outfall. The Department may also allow an applice (1) or more outfalls that discharge into the same mixing zone, pursuant to under I Standards." For POTWs applying—prior to commencement of before commencing d no later than twenty-four (24) months after the commencement of discharge commencement.	basis, alloant to com DAPA 58. discharge	ow th position of the contract	te 2,
	12.	Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Monitoring for POTWs.	(()
years be the disc	efore the <u>a</u> harge. Fo	An applicant for a permit under Subsection 105.11 must submit information on effing an identification of any by identifying WET tests conducted during the four an application date of the application on any of the applicant's discharges or on any receive POTWs applying prior to before discharge commencements of discharge, data maty-four (24) months after the commencement of discharge commences.	d one-half eiving wate	f (4 ½ er nea mitte	2) ar
	tfall -thro t	An applicant under Subsection 105.11 must submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand the submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand test which where effluent is discharged to surface waters, except for combined several test of the submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand test of the submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand test of the submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand test of the submit to the Department, in control 12.c. through f., the results of valid WET tests for acute or chronic toxicity for sand test of the submit test of the s	nples taker	n froi	m
	i.	Has a design flow rate greater than or equal to one (1) million gallons per day (MC	GD);	()
	ii.	Has an approved pretreatment program or is required to develop a pretreatment pro	ogram; or	()
followir	iii. ng factors	Is required to comply with this subsection by the Department, based on cons:	sideration (3-24-22)		е _)
specific	(1) informat	The vVariability of the pollutants or pollutant parameters in the POTW effluent basion, the type of treatment plant, and types of industrial contributors;	sed on che (3-24-22)		l- _)
	(2)	The rR atio of effluent flow to receiving stream flow;	(3-24-22)	()
calculat	(3) ions for tl	Existing controls on point or non-point sources, including total maximum dail he receiving stream segment and the relative contribution of the POTW;	y load <u>(T</u> (3-24-22)		<u>)</u>
whether	(4) the POT	Receiving water characteristics, including possible or known water quality is W discharges to a water designated as an outstanding natural resource water; or	mpairmen	it, an (d)
	(5)	Other considerations, including the history of toxic impacts and compliance proble	ms at the I	точ	X /

that the Departm	nent determines <u>could may</u> cause or contribute to adverse water quality impacts.	(3-24-22)()
allow the applic	When an applicant under Subsection 105.11 has two (2) or more outfalls t discharging to the same receiving water segment, the Department may, on a cant to submit—whole effluent toxicity WET data for only one (1) outfall. The Depart to composite samples from one (1) or more outfalls that discharge into the same	ase-by-case basis, partment may also
d.	An applicant under Subsection 105.12.b. that is required to perform WET testing	must provide:
	Results of a minimum of at least four (4) quarterly tests for a year, from the year or results from four (4) tests performed at least annually in the four and one-half action, if the results show no appreciable toxicity using a safety factor determined be	f (4 ½) year period
ii. the last permit re	The nNumber of chronic or acute whole effluent toxicity WET tests that have been been been supported by the state of the s	en conducted since (3-24-22)()
iii. comprehensive, previously to the	The rResults using the form provided by the Department, or test summaries for each WET test conducted under this subsection for which if the information has a Department;	
iv. the application, t	For WET data submitted to the Department within four and one-half (4 ½) years the dates on which the data were submitted and a summary of the results; and	before the date of
v. conducted, if any	Any iInformation on the cause of toxicity and written details of any toxicity recovery WET tests conducted within the past four and one-half (4 ½) years revealed toxic	
e. including fish, in dilution. Unless following dilution	An applicant under Subsection 105.11 must conduct tests with no less than evertebrate, or plant, and test for acute or chronic toxicity, depending on the range the Department directs otherwise, an applicant must conduct acute or chronic teems:	of receiving water
i. (1,000:1) at the o	Acute toxicity testing if the dilution of the effluent is greater than a ratio of on edge of the mixing zone;	te thousand to one
at the higher end	Acute or chronic toxicity testing, if the dilution of the effluent is between a ratio one thousand to one (1,000:1) at the edge of the mixing zone; acute testing may be d of this range (one thousand to one ([1,000:1)]), and chronic testing may be more strange (one hundred to one (100:1)); or	e more appropriate
iii. edge of the mixi	Chronic testing if the dilution of the effluent is less than a ratio of one hundred to ng zone.	one (100:1) at the
f. methods approve	For purposes of the WET testing required by this section, an applicant must cored under 40 CFR Part 136.	nduct testing using (3-24-22)(
13.	Application Requirements for POTWs Receiving Industrial Discharges.	()
at 40 CFR 403.3	An applicant for an IPDES permit as a POTW under Subsection 105.11 must stat gnificant industrial users (SIU) and non-significant categorical industrial users (Nov), including SIUs and NSCIUs that truck or haul waste, discharging to the POT SIUs must provide the following information for each SIU that discharges to the P	SCIU), as defined W. A POTW with
i.	The nName and mailing address of the SIU;	(3-24-22) ()

ii.	AdDescription of all industrial processes that affect or contribute to the SIU's disc	charge; (3-24-22) ()
iii. discharge;	The pPrincipal products and raw materials of each SIU that affects or contribu	tes to that SIU's (3-24-22)()
iv. attributable to pr	The aAverage daily volume of wastewater discharged by the SIU, indicatocess flow and non-process flow;	ting the amount (3-24-22)()
v.	A statement w Whether the SIU is subject to local limits;	(3-24-22)()
vi. which category a	A statement wWhether the SIU is subject to one (1) or more categorical standards and subcategory; and	s, and if so, under (3-24-22)()
vii. have been attribu	A statement www.hether-any problems at the POTW, including upsets, pass-throughted to the SIU in the past four and one-half (4 ½) years.	h, or interference (3-24-22)()
	The <u>Department may waive</u> information required in Subsection 105.13.a. may be a POTW with a pretreatment program if the applicant has submitted either of the tion substantially identical to the information required in Subsection 105.13.a.:	
i.	An aAnnual report submitted within one (1) year of the application; or	(3-24-22)()
ii.	ApPretreatment program.	(3-24-22)()
14. Generators and	Application Requirements for POTWs Receiving Discharges from Hafrom Waste Cleanup or Remediation Sites.	zardous Waste
a.	A DOTTIVE AND A STATE OF THE ST	
	A-POTWs receiving hazardous or corrective action wastes or wastes generated a liation site must provide the following information:	t another type of $\frac{(3-24-22)}{($
i. wastes -that are re		(3-24-22) (1) edicated pipe, any
i. wastes -that are re	liation site must provide the following information: If the a POTW receives, or has been notified that it will receive by truck, rail, or degulated as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Part 261 and IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules as," the applicant must report the following: The method of delivery. How waste is delivered, including by truck, rail, or definition of the delivery.	dicated pipe, any and Standards for (3-24-22)()
i. wastes that are re Hazardous Waste (1) which the waste (2)	liation site must provide the following information: If the a POTW receives, or has been notified that it will receive by truck, rail, or degulated as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Part 261 and IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules as," the applicant must report the following: The method of delivery. How waste is delivered, including by truck, rail, or definition of the delivery.	dicated pipe, any and Standards for (3 24 22)() edicated pipe, by (3 24 22)() and Standards for
i. wastes that are re Hazardous Waste (1) which the waste (2) Hazardous Waste ii. remedial activitie	liation site must provide the following information: If the a POTW receives, or has been notified that it will receive by truck, rail, or degulated as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Part 261 and IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are," the applicant must report the following: The method of delivery, How waste is delivered, including by truck, rail, or desist received; and The applicable h Hazardous waste number designated in IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are greated in the transported waste, and the amount received annually of each hazardous waste, including those undertaken under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Cod the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Sections 3004(u) or 3008(h), the	dicated pipe, any and Standards for (3-24-22)() edicated pipe, by (3-24-22)() and Standards for aste; and (3-24-22)() t originates from ompensation, and
i. wastes that are re Hazardous Waste (1) which the waste (2) Hazardous Waste ii. remedial activitie Liability Act, an	liation site must provide the following information: If the a POTW receives, or has been notified that it will receive by truck, rail, or degulated as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Part 261 and IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are," the applicant must report the following: The method of delivery, How waste is delivered, including by truck, rail, or desist received; and The applicable h Hazardous waste number designated in IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are greated in the transported waste, and the amount received annually of each hazardous waste, including those undertaken under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Cod the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Sections 3004(u) or 3008(h), the	dicated pipe, any and Standards for (3-24-22)() edicated pipe, by (3-24-22)() and Standards for aste; and (3-24-22)() t originates from ompensation, and a applicant must (3-24-22)()
i. wastes that are re Hazardous Waste (1) which the waste (2) Hazardous Waste ii. remedial activitic Liability Act, an report the follow (1)	If the a POTW receives, or has been notified that it will receive by truck, rail, or degulated as hazardous wastes under 40 CFR Part 261 and IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are," the applicant must report the following: The method of delivery, How waste is delivered, including by truck, rail, or desis received; and The applicable h Hazardous waste number designated in IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules are" for the transported waste, and the amount received annually of each hazardous waste, including those undertaken under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Cod the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Sections 3004(u) or 3008(h), thing:	dicated pipe, any and Standards for (3-24-22)() edicated pipe, by (3-24-22)() and Standards for aste; and (3-24-22)() t originates from empensation, and a applicant must (3-24-22)() nates; (3-24-22)()

	An applicant-under this subsection is exempt from the requirements of Subsect receives no more than fifteen (15) kilograms per month of hazardous wastes, unless astes as specified in IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules and Standards for Hazardous Waste."	tion 105.14.a.ii. if the s the wastes are acute (3-24-22)()
15. POTW appliesystem and or	Application Requirements for POTWs with Combined Sewer Systems cant with a combined sewer system must provide the following information on utfalls:	
a.	AsSystem map indicating the location of:	(3-24-22) ()
i.	All eCombined sewer overflow discharge points;	(3-24-22)()
ii. drinking wate	Any sSensitive use areas potentially affected by combined sewer overflower supplies, shellfish beds, and sensitive aquatic ecosystems;	s including beaches, (3-24-22)()
iii.	Outstanding national resource waters potentially affected by combined sewer	overflows; and
iv. overflows;	Waters supporting threatened and endangered species potentially affected	by combined sewer
b. of:	A sSystem diagram of the combined sewer collection system that includes in	cluding the locations (3-24-22)()
i.	Major sewer trunk lines, both combined and separate sanitary;	()
ii.	Points where separate sanitary sewers feed into the combined sewer system;	()
iii.	In-line and off-line storage structures;	()
iv.	Flow-regulating devices; and	()
v.	Pump stations;	()
c. permit applic	Information on each outfall for each combined sewer overflow discharge pation, including:	point covered by the
i.	The oOutfall number;	(3-24-22)()
ii.	The eCounty and city or town in which where the outfall is located;	(3-24-22)()
iii.	The IL atitude and longitude, to the nearest second (or equivalent); and	(3-24-22)()
iv.	The dDistance from shore and depth below surface;	(3-24-22)()
d. sewer overflo	AsStatement whether the applicant monitored any of the following in the past	t year for a combined (3-24-22)()
i.	Rainfall;	()
ii.	Overflow volume;	()
iii.	Overflow pollutant concentrations;	()
iv.	Receiving water quality;	()
v.	Overflow frequency; and	()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

vi.	The nNumber of storm events monitored in the past year;	(3 24 22)()
e. year and, if avail	Information-regarding about the number of combined sewer overflows from each lable:	outfall in the past (3-24-22)()
i.	The a∆verage duration per event;	(3-24-22)()
ii.	The aAverage volume for each event; and	(3-24-22)()
iii.	The mMinimum rainfall that caused a combined sewer overflow event in the last	year; (3-24-22)()
f.	The nName of each receiving water;	(3-24-22)()
	A dDescription of any known water quality impact caused by the combined ding permanent or intermittent beach closings, permanent or intermittent shellfish tries, other recreational loss, or the exceedance of any applicable state water quality and	bed closings, fish
h. responsibilities of facility.	All aApplicants must provide the name, mailing address, e-mail address, teleplof-all contractors responsible for any operational operating or maintenance aspects of the contractors responsible for any operational operating or maintenance aspects of the contractors responsible for any operational operating.	
16.	Application Requirements for New Sources and New Discharges.	()
discharge of store except as provide	An applicant for an IPDES permit for a new manufacturing, commercial, minimexcept for a new discharge from a facility subject to the requirements of Subsection water associated with industrial activity that is subject to the requirements of Selection 105.19.c., must provide the following information to the Department of Sepecified in Subsection 105.04.b.:	n 105.08 or a new ubsection 105.19,
i. and the name of	The <u> L</u> atitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent) of the expecte each receiving water;	ed outfall location (3-24-22)()
ii.	The eExpected date the discharge will commence;	(3-24-22)()
iii.	The following information on flows, sources of pollution, and treatment technological states and the following information on flows, sources of pollution, and treatment technological states are also as a second state of the following information on flows, sources of pollution, and treatment technological states are also as a second state of the following information on flows, sources of pollution, and treatment technological states are also as a second state of the following information on flows, sources of pollution, and treatment technological states are also as a second state of the following information on flows.	ogies: (3-24-22) ()
	A narrative describing the Describe treatment that the wastewater will receive ributing wastewater to the effluent, statinge the average flow contributed by earltimate disposal of any solid or liquid wastes not discharged;	
(2) Subsection 105.0	A-IL ine drawing of the water flow through the facility with a water balance 07.b.; and	e as described in (3-24-22)()
(3) frequency, durat	If any of the expected discharges will be intermittent or seasonal, a description, and maximum daily flow rate of each discharge occurrence, except for sto	

spillage, or leaks;

(3 24 22)(

	v.	The eEffluent characteristics information as described in Subsection 105.16.b.;	(3-24-22) (_)
with the	vi. e name an	The eExistence of any technical evaluations concerning the applicant's wastewatered location of similar plants of which the applicant has knowledge;	treatment, (3 24 22) (_	along)
	vii.	Any oOptional information the permittee wishes the Department to consider.	(3-24-22)(_)
	b.	An aApplicant under this section must provide the following effluent characteristic	cs informati (3-24-22) (_	on:
followin	i. 1g polluta	Estimated daily maximum, daily average, and the source of that information for eathers or parameters:	ich outfall fo (3-24-22) (_	or -the
	(1)	Five (5)-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5);	()
	(2)	Chemical oxygen demand (COD);	()
	(3)	Total organic carbon (TOC);	()
	(4)	Total suspended solids (TSS);	()
	(5)	Flow;	()
	(6)	Ammonia, as N;	()
	(7)	Temperature, in both winter and summer; and	()
	(8)	pH.	()
knows o	or -has-rea	Estimated daily maximum, daily average, and the source of that information for eand nonconventional pollutants in Table IV of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122 ason to believes any of the pollutants will be present or if any of the pollutants an guideline ELG or new source performance standard either directly or indirectly thollutant;	, if the appl are limited b	licant by an
pollutar discharg	iii. nts for ea ge from a	Estimated daily maximum, daily average, and the source of that information to choutfall, if the applicant knows or has reason to believes the pollutants will long outfall:	For the follope present in (3-24-22)(_	wing n the
	(1)	All pPollutants in Table IV of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122;	(3-24-22)(_)
122;	(2)	The tToxic metals, total cyanide, and total phenols listed in Table III of Appendix	D to 40 CFR (3-24-22)(_	l Part
(chloror	(3) methyl) et	The oorganic toxic pollutants in Table II of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part ther, dichlorofluoromethane, and trichlorofluoromethane; however, this requirement	122 except is waived to (3-24-22)(_	t bis for:
hundred	(a) l dollars (An a Applicant with expected gross sales of less than two hundred eighty-seve \$287,300) per year in 2014 dollars for the next three (3) years (see also-Subsection	n thousand 105.07.o.ii. (3-24-22)(three); or)
of coal j	(b) per year (A eCoal mine with expected average production of less than one hundred thousar see also Subsection 105.07.o.i.);	nd (100,000) (3-24-22)(_	tons
	iv.	The information that 2.3.7.8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) may be d	ischarged i	f the

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

applicant uses or manufactures one (1) of the following compounds, or if the applicant knows or has reason to believes that TCDD will or may be present in an effluent:

(3 24 22)(____)

- (1) 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4,5-T); Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) #93-76-5;
- (2) 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid (Silvex, 2,4,5-TP) (CAS #93-72-1); (
- (3) 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate (Erbon) (CAS #136-25-4);
- (4) o,o-dimethyl o-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate (Ronnel) (CAS #299-84-3);
- (5) 2,4,5-trichlorophenol (TCP) (CAS #95-95-4); or
- (6) Hexachlorophene (HCP) (CAS #70-30-4); and
- v. The potential presence of any of the pollutants listed in 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D. Table V-of Appendix D to 40 CFR Part 122 if the applicant believes these pollutants will be present in any outfall, except that quantitative estimates are not required unless they are already available at the time when the applicant applies for the permit.

 (3 24 22)(____)
- c. No later than twenty-four (24) months after the commencement of commencing discharge from the proposed facility, the applicant is required to must complete and submit Items V and VI of EPA application Form 2C or the Department equivalent. The applicant need not complete those portions of Item V or the Department equivalent requiring tests already performed and reported under the discharge monitoring requirements of its permit.

(3-24-22)()

- d. The effluent characteristics requirements in Subsections 105.08.b., c., and e. that an applicant must provide estimates of certain pollutants expected to be present do not apply to pollutants present in a discharge <u>based</u> solely as a <u>result of on</u> their presence in intake water. However, a napplicant must report that a pollutant is present. For purposes of this subsection, n et credits may be provided for the presence of pollutants in intake water if the requirements of Subsection 303.07 are met, and (except for discharge flow, temperature, and pH) all levels must be estimated as concentration and as total mass.
- e. The Department may waive the reporting requirements for any of the pollutants and parameters in Subsection 105.16.b. if the applicant requests a waiver with its application, or earlier, and demonstrates that information adequate to support—issuance of issuing the permit can be obtained through less stringent reporting requirements.

 (3 24 22)(____)
- 17. Application Requirements for Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage (TWTDS). All TWTDS with a currently effective NPDES or IPDES permit must submit a permit application—at the time of during the next IPDES permit renewal—application, using EPA Form 2S or another application form approved by the Department equivalent. New applicants must submit all information available at the time of permit application. The information may be provided by referencing information previously submitted to the Department. (3-24-22)(______)
- a. The Department may waive any requirements of this subsection if there is access to substantially identical information. The Department may also waive any requirements of this subsection that is are not of material concern for a specific permit, if approved by the EPA Regional Administrator. The waiver request to the Regional Administrator must include the Department's justification for the waiver. An EPA Regional Administrator's disapproval of a the Department's proposed waiver does not constitute final agency action; but does provide notice to notify the state and permit applicant(s) that EPA may object to any state-issued permit issued in the absence of the required information.
 - b. All aA pplicants must submit the following information: (3-24-22)(
- i. The nName, mailing address, and location of the TWTDS for which where the application is submitted;

ii. of the appli		Fhe nName, mailing address, e-mail address, EIN or Department equivalent, and to and indicationing whether the applicant is the owner, operator, or both;	elephone nu (3-24-22) (ımber)
iii	. 1	Whether the facility is a Class I Sludge Management Facility;	()
iv.	. 4	The dDesign flow rate in million gallons per day (MGD);	(3-24-22)()
v.	4	The t Total population and equivalent dwelling units (EDUs) served; and	(3-24-22) ()
vi.	. 4	The TWTDS's status as federal, state, private, public, or other entity.	(3-24-22)()
c. list ing of al following p	ll other	All a Applicants must submit the facility's NPDES or IPDES permit number, if federal, state, and local permits or construction approvals received or applied for s:	applicable, under any (and a of the)
i. Hazardous		Hazardous waste management program under IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules and;	d Standard	s for
ii. UIC progra	U um at ID	Underground injection control (UIC) program under the Idaho Department of DAPA 37.03.03, "Rules and Minimum Standards for the Construction and Use of I	Water Resonjection We	ources ells";
iii. Elimination		PDES program under IDAPA 58.01.25, "Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollin Program Rules";	lutant Disc (3-24-22)(harge)
iv. Control of A		Prevention of significant deterioration (PSD) program under IDAPA 58.01.01 ution in Idaho";	, "Rules fo	or the
v.	1	Nonattainment program under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for the Control of Air Poll	ution in Ida (iho";
vi. IDAPA 58.0		National emission standards for hazardous pollutants (NESHAPS) preconstructio 'Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in Idaho'';	n approval	under)
vii	i. I	Oredge or fill permits under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 404;	(3-24-22)()
vii (Sewage Sl	ii. S ludge) o	Sludge Management Program under IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," of these rules; and	and Section (3-24-22)(n 380
ix. jurisdiction	. (n, approv	Other relevant environmental permits, programs, or activities, including those val, and permits.	subject to (3-24-22)(state
d. of sewage s		All a Applicants must identify any the generation, treatment, storage, land applicated application of the storage in Indian country.	ation, or dis (3-24-22) (
e. extending o		All a Applicants must submit a topographic map (or other map if a topographic mamile beyond property boundaries of the facility and showing the following information in the following informa		lable)
i. and	4	All sSewage sludge management facilities, including on-site treatment, storage, a	nd disposal (3-24-22)(sites;
ii. boundaries		Wells, springs, and other surface water bodies that are within one-quarter (1/4) miled in public records or-otherwise known to the applicant.	e of the pro (3-24-22)(perty
f.	4	All aApplicants must submit a line drawing and/or a narrative description—t	nat identifi	es all

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

identifying sewage sludge management practices employed during the term of the permit, including all units used for collecting, dewatering, storing, or treating sewage sludge, the destination(s) of all liquids and solids leaving each such

- unit, and all processes used for pathogen reduction and vector attraction reduction. The aApplicant must submit sewage sludge monitoring data for the quantifying pollutants for which with limits in sewage sludge have been established in 40 CFR Part 503 for the applicant's use or disposal practices on the date of permit application. The Department may require sampling for additional pollutants, as appropriate, on a case-by-case i. basis; Applicants must provide data from a minimum of at least three (3) samples taken within four and one-half (4 ½) years prior to before the date of the permit application. Samples must be representative of represent the sewage sludge and should be taken be collected at least one (1) month apart. Existing data may be used in lieu of sampling done solely for the purpose of this application; (3-24-22)(Applicants must collect and analyze samples in accordance with following analytical methods iii. approved under SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods) unless an alternative has been was specified in an existing sewage sludge permit; and The mMonitoring data provided must include at least the following information for each parameter: iv. Average monthly concentration for all samples (mg/kg dry weight), based upon actual sample values: The aAnalytical method used; and (2) (3) The mMethod detection level. If the applicant is either the person who generates sewage sludge during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works or the person who derives a material from sewage sludge, the following information must be provided: If the applicant's facility generates sewage sludge, the total dry metric tons per three hundred sixtyfive (365)-day period generated at the facility; If the applicant's facility receives sewage sludge from another facility, the following information for each facility from which sewage sludge is received: (1) The nName, mailing address, and location of the other facility; The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period received from the other facility; and A dDescription of any treatment processes occurring at the other facility, including blending activities and treatment to reduce pathogens or vector attraction characteristics;
- If the applicant's facility changes the quality of sewage sludge through blending, treatment, or other activities, the following information must be submitted:
- Whether the Class A pathogen reduction requirements in 40 CFR 503.32(a) or the Class B pathogen reduction requirements in 40 CFR 503.32(b) are met, and a description of any treatment processes used to reduce pathogens in sewage sludge; (3-24-22)(
- Whether any of the vector attraction reduction options of 40 CFR 503.33(b)(1) through (b)(8) are met, and a description of any treatment processes used to reduce vector attraction properties in sewage sludge; and

(3-24-22)(____)

- (3) A dDescription of any other blending, treatment, or other activities that change the quality of sewage sludge; (3-24-22)(____)
- iv. If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility meets the ceiling concentrations in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(1), the pollutant concentrations in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(3), the Class A pathogen requirements in 40 CFR 503.32(a), and one (1) of the vector attraction reduction requirements in 40 CFR 503.33(b)(1) through (b)(8), and if the sewage sludge is applied to the land, the applicant must provide the total dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period of sewage sludge subject to this subsection that is applied to the land;
- v. If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is sold or given away in a bag or other container for land application to the land, and the sewage sludge is not subject to Subsection 105.17.h.iv., the applicant must provide the following information:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (1) The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period of sewage sludge subject to this subsection that is sold or given away in a bag or other container for land application-to the land; and
 - (2) A c opy of all labels or notices that accompany the sewage sludge being sold or given away; and (3-24-22)(
- vi. If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is provided to another person who generates sewage sludge during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works or a person who derives a material from sewage sludge, and the sewage sludge is not subject to Subsection 105.17.h.iv., the applicant must provide the following information for each facility receiving the sewage sludge:
 - (1) The nName, e-mail address, and mailing address of the receiving facility; (3-24-22)(
- (2) The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period of sewage sludge subject to this subsection that the applicant provides to the receiving facility;
- (3) A dD escription of any treatment processes occurring at the receiving facility, including blending activities and treatment to reduce pathogens or vector attraction characteristic; (3-24-22)(____)
- (4) A eCopy of the notice and necessary information that the applicant is required to provide the receiving facility under 40 CFR 503.12(g); and (3-24-22)(____)
- (5) If the receiving facility places sewage sludge in bags or containers for sale or give-away to application to the land, a copy of any labels or notices that accompany the sewage sludge.
- i. If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is applied to the land in bulk form, and is not subject to Subsection 105.17.h.iv., v., or vi., the applicant must provide the following information: (3-24-22)(_____)
- i. The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period of sewage sludge subject to this subsection that is applied to the land; (3-24-22)(____)
- ii. If any land application sites are located in states other than the state where the sewage sludge is prepared, a description of how the applicant will notify the permitting authority for the state(s) where the land application sites are located;

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- iii. The following information for each land application site that has been identified at the time of permit application:

 (3 24 22)(_____)
 - (1) The nN ame (if any), and location for the land application site; (3-24-22)(
 - (2) The site's Latitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent), and method of

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

nt Discharge Elimination System Program	Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking
	(3-24-22)()
AtTopographic map (or another map if a topographic map is un	navailable) that showsing the site's (3-24-22)()
The nName, mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone numt;	mber of the site owner, if different (3-24-22)()
	number of the person who applies $\frac{(3-24-22)(}{}$
Whether the site is agricultural land, forest, a public contact site il under 40 CFR 503.11;	e, or a reclamation site, as such site (3-24-22)()
The tType of vegetation grown on the site, if known, and the	the nitrogen requirement for thise (3-24-22)()
and a description of any procedures employed at the time of dur	
	be managed, as specified by the $\frac{(3-24-22)(}{}$
oplication, if the applicant intends to apply bulk sewage sludge s	thas been identified at the time of subject to the cumulative pollutant (3-24-22)()
o 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) will be applied, to ascertain whether bulk been applied to the site on or since July 20, 1993, and if so, the na	sewage sludge subject to 40 CFR ame of the permitting authority and
the cumulative pollutant loading rates in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) uiry in Subsection 105.17.i.iv(1) bulk sewage sludge subject to cu	to the site since July 20, 1993, if,
If-not all land application sites have not been identified at the tinubmit a land application plan that, at a minimum:	ne of during permit application, the (3 24 22)()
Describes the geographical area covered by the plan;	()
Identifies the site selection criteria;	()
Describes how the site(s) will be managed;	(3 24 22)()
	The nName, mailing address, e-mail address, and telephone numbers, if different from the applicant; Whether the site is agricultural land, forest, a public contact site if under 40 CFR 503.11; The tType of vegetation grown on the site, if known, and the time of the site of the vector attraction reduction options of 40 and a description of any procedures employed at the time of durates and the information that describes describing how the site will prity. The following information for each land application site that opplication, if the applicant intends to apply bulk sewage sludge in the time of the correction of the site: Whether the applicant has contacted the permitting authority in the state of the contact of the site of the site on or since July 20, 1993, and if so, the natural to the cumulative pollutant loading rates in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) will be applied, to ascertain whether bulk to the cumulative pollutant loading rates in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) will be applied to the site of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) will be applied to the site of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in 40 CFR 503.13(b)(2) will be applied to the site since July 20, 1993; If not all land application sites have not been identified at the time abmit a land application plan that, at a minimum: Describes the geographical area covered by the plan; Identifies the site selection criteria;

(5) Provides for advance public notice of land application sites in the manner prescribed by state and local law. When state or local law does not require advance public notice, it must be provided in a manner reasonably calculated to apprise that informs the general public of the planned land application.

(3-24-22)(_____)

time for the permit authority to object prior to before land application of applying the sewage sludge; and

j. If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is placed on a surface disposal site, the applicant must

Provides for advance notice to the permit authority of specific land application sites and reasonable

provide the following information:	(3-24-22)()
i. The tTotal dry metric tons of sewage sludge from the applicant½s facilit disposal sites per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period;	ty that is placed on surface (3-24-22)()
ii. The following information for each surface disposal site receiving applicant's facility that the applicant does not own or operate:	sewage sludge from the
(1) The $s\underline{S}$ ite name or number, contact person, mailing address, e-mail address for the surface disposal site; and	ress, and telephone number (3-24-22)()
(2) The tTotal dry metric tons from the applicant's facility per three hur period placed on the surface disposal site;	ndred sixty-five (365)-day (3-24-22)()
iii. The following information for each active sewage sludge unit at each su applicant owns or operates:	urface disposal site that the
(1) The nName or number and the location of the active sewage sludge unit;	; (3-24-22) ()
(2) The unit's $l\underline{L}$ atitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent determination;	and method of (3-24-22)()
(3) If not already provided, a topographic map (or other map if a topograph shows the unit's location;	ic map is unavailable) that
(4) The tTotal dry metric tons placed on the active sewage sludge unit pe (365)-day period;	er three hundred sixty-five (3-24-22)()
(5) The tTotal dry metric tons placed on the active sewage sludge unit over t	the life of the unit; (3-24-22)()
(6) A dDescription of any the liner for the active sewage sludge unit, in maximum permeability of 1×10^{-7} cm/sec;	ncluding whether it has a (3-24-22)()
(7) A dDescription of any leachate collection system for the active sewage method used for leachate disposal, and any federal, state, and local permit number(s) for leachate	
(8) If the active sewage sludge unit is less than one hundred fifty (150) meter the surface disposal site, the actual distance from the unit boundary to the site property line	
(9) The rRemaining capacity (dry metric tons) for the active sewage sludge	unit; (3-24-22)()
(10) The $d\underline{D}$ ate on which the active sewage sludge unit is expected to clos identified;	te, if such a date has been (3-24-22)()
(11) The following information for any other facility ies that sends sewage sludge unit:	ludge to the active sewage (3-24-22)()
(a) The nName, contact person, and mailing address of the facility; and	(3-24-22) ()
(b) Available iInformation regarding about the quality of the sewage sludge including any treatment at the facility to reduce pathogens or vector attraction characteristic	received from the facility, ics; (3-24-22)()
(12) Whether any of the vector attraction reduction options of 40 CFR 503.3 are met at the active sewage sludge unit, and a description of any procedures employed reduce vector attraction properties in sewage sludge;	33(b)(9) through (b)(11) is at the time of disposal to (3-24-22)()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

(13) sewage sludge ui	The following information, as applicable to—any ground water monitoring occurrant:	ing at the active (3-24-22)()
(a)	AdDescription of any ground water monitoring occurring at the active sewage slu	dge unit; (3-24-22) ()
(b) and approximate	Any available gGround water monitoring data, with a description of describing the depth to ground water;	ne well locations (3-24-22)()
unit; and	A eCopy of any ground water monitoring plan-that has been prepared for the active	ve sewage sludge (3-24-22)()
(d) aquifer has not b	A eCopy of any certification that has been obtained from a qualified ground water een contaminated; and	scientist that the
(14) sludge unit, info	If site-specific pollutant limits are being sought for the sewage sludge placed on the mation to support such a the request.	nis active sewage (3-24-22)()
k. must provide the	If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is fired in a sewage sludge incinerated following information:	tor, the applicant (3-24-22)()
i. sludge incinerate	The tTotal dry metric tons of sewage sludge from the applicant's facility that is ors per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period;	fired in sewage (3-24-22)()
ii. that the applicant	The following information for each sewage sludge incinerator firing the applicant t does not own or operate:	's sewage sludge ()
(1) of the sewage slu	The nName and/or number, contact person, mailing address, e-mail address, and to adge incinerator; and	elephone number (3-24-22)()
(2) period fired in th	The tTotal dry metric tons from the applicant's facility per three hundred sixte sewage sludge incinerator;	y-five (365)-day (3-24-22) ()
iii.	The following information for each sewage sludge incinerator that the applicant or	wns or operates:
(1)	The nName and/or number and the location of the sewage sludge incinerator;	(3-24-22)()
(2) determination;	The incinerator's <u>lL</u> atitude and longitude to the nearest second (or equivalent).	and method of (3 24 22)()
(3) incinerator;	The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period fired in the	ne sewage sludge (3-24-22)()
(4) compliance with	Information, test data, and documentation of ongoing operating parameters the National Emission Standard for Beryllium in 40 CFR Part 61 will be achieved;	indicating that
(5) compliance with	Information, test data, and documentation of ongoing operating parameters the National Emission Standard for Mercury in 40 CFR Part 61 will be achieved;	indicating that
(6) supporting docur	The dDispersion factor for the sewage sludge incinerator, as well as and mode mentation;	eling results and

(7) The eControl efficiency for parameters regulated in 40 CFR 503.43, as well as and performance test results and supporting documentation; (3 24 22)()

	Information used to calculate the risk specific concentration (RSC) for chromius erator stack tests for hexavalent and total chromium concentrations, if the applicant based on a site-specific RSC value;		
(9) gas for the sew	Whether the applicant monitors total hydrocarbons (THC) or <u>C</u> arbon <u>Mm</u> onoxide age sludge incinerator;	e (CO) in the (3-24-22)(
(10)	The tType of sewage sludge incinerator;	(3-24-22) ()
(11) test of the sewa	The mM aximum performance test combustion temperature, as obtained during ge sludge incinerator to determine pollutant control efficiencies;	the performa (3-24-22)(
(12)	The following information on the sewage sludge feed rate used during the perform	nance test:)
(a)	Sewage sludge feed rate in dry metric tons per day;	()
(b)	Identification of Identify whether the feed rate submitted is average use or maximum.	ım design; an (3-24-22) (.d)
(c)	A description of Describe how the feed rate was calculated;	(3-24-22)()
(13) whether actual	The iIncinerator stack height in meters for each stack, including identification or creditable stack height was used;	of and iden (3-24-22)(ntify
(14) obtained during	The ooperating parameters for the sewage sludge incinerator air pollution cong the performance test of the sewage sludge incinerator to determine pollutant control		
(15) equipment to m	Identification of Identify the monitoring equipment in place, including (but nonitor the following:	not limited (3-24-22)(to <u>).</u>
(a)	Total hydrocarbons or Ecarbon Mmonoxide;	(3-24-22)()
(b)	Percent Ooxygen;	(3 24 22)()
(c)	Percent moisture; and	()
(d)	Combustion temperature; and	()
(16)	A list of all List of air pollution control equipment used with this sewage sludge in	cinerator. (3-24-22)()
l. the applicant m	If sewage sludge from the applicant's facility is sent to a municipal solid waste la ust provide the following information for each MSWLF-to which sewage sludge is so	ndfill (MSWI ent : (3-24-22) (LF),
i. permit numbers	The nName, contact person, mailing address, e-mail address location, and all appropriate the MSWLF;	olicable <u>MSW</u> (3-24-22)(<u>VLF</u>)
ii. the MSWLF;	The tTotal dry metric tons per three hundred sixty-five (365)-day period sent from	m this facility (3-24-22)(y to
	A dDetermination of whether the sewage sludge meets-applicable the requirement wage sludge in a MSWLF, including the results of the paint filter liquids test an unat apply on a site-specific basis; and		

			-,
Part 258	iv. 8.	Information, if known, indicating whether the MSWLF complies with criteria-se	t forth in 40 CFR (3-24-22)(
		All applicants must provide the nName, mailing address, e-mail address, telephof-all contractors responsible for any operational that operate or maintenance aspecto sewage sludge generation, treatment, use, or disposal.	tone number, and ts of the maintain (3-24-22)(
assess t		At the request of the Department, the applicant must provide any other information oppropriate standards for permitting under 40 CFR Part 503 and any other information ge sludge use and disposal practices, determine whether to issue a permit, or idents.	tion necessary to
		TWTDS facilities using or disposing of sewage sludge-to which where a standard use or disposal practices haves been published must submit the following informat the Department equivalent form:	d applicable to its ion on EPA Form (3-24-22)(
entity;	i.	The TWTDS's name, mailing address, location, and status as federal, state, private	e, public, or other (3-24-22)()
	ii.	The aApplicant's name, address, e-mail address, telephone number, and ownership	p status; (3-24-22) ()
requires where s	iii. ments of sewage sl	AdDescription of the sewage sludge use or disposal practices. Unless the sewage Subsection 105.17.h.iv., the description must include the name and address of any udge is sent for treatment or disposal, and the locations of any land application sites	facility facilities
and	iv.	Annual amount of sewage sludge generated, treated, used or disposed (estimated	dry weight basis)
	v.	The mMost recent data the TWTDS may have on the quality of the sewage sludge	e. (3-24-22) ()
sewer to system- sewer MS4s), large ar	hat is MS wide per MS4 with such an	Application Requirements for Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) charge from a large or medium municipal separate storm sewer MS4 or an municipal designated by the Department under 40 CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v), may submit a jumit application. Where more than one (1) public entity owns or operates an municipal ageographic area (including adjacent or interconnected municipal separate storm operators may be a co-applicant to the same application. Permit applications for municipal storm sewers MS4s or municipal storm sewers MS4s designated under include:	pal separate storm risdiction-wide of pal separate storm rm sewer systems r discharges from
	a.	In Part 1 of the application:	()
telepho	i. ne numbe	The applicants' Applicant's name, address, e-mail address, EIN or Departer of contact person, ownership status and status as a state or local government entity	ment equivalent y; (3-24-22) (
105.18.	b.i., the	A dDescription of existing legal authority to control discharges to the municip 1S4. When existing legal authority is not sufficient to meet the criteria provid description must list additional authorities as will be necessary to meet the criteria mmitment to seek such the additional authority that will be needed to meet the criteria mitment to seek such the additional authority that will be needed to meet the criteria.	ed in Subsection ria and include a
		A dDescription of the historic use of ordinances, guidance or other controls—which storm water discharges to any POTW serving the same area as the municipal septending all of the following:	

- (1) A-USGS seven point five (7.5) minute topographic map (or equivalent topographic map with a scale between one to ten thousand ([1:10,000)] and one to twenty-four thousand ([1:24,000)] if cost effective) extending one (1) mile beyond the service boundaries of the municipal storm sewer system MS4 covered by the permit application;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (2) The <u>IL</u> ocation of known-municipal storm sewer system <u>MS4</u> outfalls discharging to waters of the United States;
- (3) A dDescription of the land use activities (e.g. divisions indicating undeveloped, residential, commercial, agricultural, and industrial uses) accompanied with estimates of population densities and projected growth for a ten (10) year period within the drainage area served by the separate storm sewer MS4 and an estimate of an average runoff coefficient for each land use type;
- (4) The IL ocation and a description of the activities of the facility of each currently operating or closed municipal landfill or other treatment, storage, or disposal facility for municipal waste; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (5) The IL ocation and the permit number of any known discharges to the municipal storm sewer MS4 that has ve been issued a NPDES or IPDES permit; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (6) The IL ocation of major structural controls for storm water discharge (retention basins, detention basins, and major infiltration devices, etc.); and (3-24-22)(_____)
 - (7) The ildentification of publicly owned parks, recreational areas, and other open lands.
 - iv. AdDescription of the discharge including: (3 24 22)(_____
- (1) Monthly mean rain and snow fall estimates (or summary of weather bureau data) and the monthly average number of storm events;
- (2) Existing quantitative data describing the volume and quality of discharges from the municipal storm sewer MS4, including a description of the outfalls sampled, sampling procedures and analytical methods used;
- (3) A-I_List of water bodies that receive discharges from the municipal separate storm sewer system MS4, including downstream segments, lakes, and estuaries, where pollutants from the system discharges may accumulate and cause water degradation, and a-brief description of known water quality impacts. At a minimum, the description of impacts must include a description of whether the water bodies receiving such the discharges have been:

 (3-24-22)
- (a) Assessed and reported in the Clean Water Act section for CWA Section 305(b) reports submitted by the Department, the basis for the assessment (evaluated or monitored), a summary of designated use support and attainment of Clean Water Act CWA goals (fishable and swimmable waters), and causes of nonsupport of designated uses;
- (b) Listed under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 304(1)(1)(A)(i), 304(1)(1)(A)(ii), or 304(1)(1)(B) that is not expected to meet water quality standards or water quality goals; (3 24 22)(_____)
- (d) Identified and classified according to eutrophic condition of publicly owned lakes listed in state reports required under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 314(a) (include the following: A including a description of those publicly owned lakes for which uses are known to be impaired,—a description of procedures,

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

processes and methods to control the discharge of pollutants from municipal separate storm sewers MS4s into such lakes, and a description of methods and procedures to restore the lakes' quality of such lakes); (3 24 22)()

(e) Recognized by the applicant as highly valued or sensitive waters;	()
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- (f) Defined by the state as wetlands; and ()
- (g) Found to have pollutants in bottom sediments, fish tissue, or biosurvey data.
- Results of a field screening analysis for illicit connections and illegal dumping for either selected field screening points or major outfalls covered in the permit application. At a minimum, a screening analysis includes a narrative description, for either each field screening point or major outfall, of visual observations made during dry weather periods. If any flow is observed, two (2) grab samples are to will be collected during a twenty-four (24)-hour period with a minimum period of at least four (4) hours between samples. For all such the samples, a narrative description of the color, odor, turbidity, the presence of an oil sheen or surface scum-as well as any and other relevant observations-regarding about the potential presence of non-storm water discharges or illegal dumping must be provided. In addition, a narrative description of the results of a field analysis using suitable methods to estimate pH, total chlorine, total copper, total phenol, and detergents (or surfactants) must be provided along with a description of the flow rate. Where the field analysis does not involve analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136, the applicant must provide a description of the method used including the name of the manufacturer of the test method along with the range and accuracy of the test. Field screening points are either major outfalls or other outfall points (or any another point of access such as manholes) randomly located throughout the storm sewer system by placing a grid over a drainage system map and identifying those cells of the grid which that contain a segment of the storm sewer system or major outfall. The field screening points are established using the following guidelines and criteria: (3-24-22)(
- (a) Overlay a grid system consisting of perpendicular north-south and east-west lines spaced one-quarter (1/4) mile apart on a map of the municipal storm sewer system MS4, creating a series of cells;
- (b) Identify—all cells that contain a segment of the storm sewer system MS4; select one (1) field screening point in each cell; major outfalls may be used as field screening points; (3 24 22)
- (c) FLocate field screening points should be located downstream of any sources of suspected illegal or illicit activity;
- (d) Locate field screening points to the degree practicable at the farthest manhole or other accessible location downstream in the system, within each cell; however, consider the safety of personnel and accessibility of the location should be considered in making this determination; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (e) Hydrological conditions, total drainage area of the site, population density of the site, traffic density, age of the structures or buildings in the area, history of the area, and land use types; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (f) For medium—municipal separate storm sewer systems MS4s, no more than two hundred fifty (250) cells need to have identified field screening points; in large municipal separate storm sewer systems MS4s, no more than five hundred (500) cells need to have identified field screening points; cells established by the grid that contain no storm sewer segments will be eliminated from consideration; if fewer than two hundred fifty (250) cells in medium municipal sewers are created, and fewer than 500 in large systems are created by the overlay on the municipal sewer map, then—all those cells—which that contain a segment of the sewer system are subject to field screening (unless access to the separate storm sewer system is impossible); and
- (g) Large or medium-municipal separate storm sewer systems which MS4s that are unable to utilize the procedures described in Subsection 105.18.a.iv(4)(a) through (f), because a sufficiently detailed map of the separate storm sewer systems is unavailable, must field screen no more than five hundred (500) or two hundred fifty (250) major outfalls respectively (or all major outfalls in the system, if less). In-such these circumstances, the applicant must establish a grid system consisting of north-south and east-west lines spaced one-quarter (1/4) mile apart as an overlay to the boundaries of the municipal storm sewer system MS4, thereby creating a series of cells. The applicant

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

will—then select major outfalls in as many cells as possible until at least five hundred (500) major outfalls (large municipalities) or two hundred fifty (250) major outfalls (medium municipalities) are selected; a field screening analysis must occur at these major outfalls; and

(3-24-22)(_____)

- (5) Information and a proposed program to meet the requirements of Subsection 105.18.b.iii., including at least: the location of outfalls or field screening points appropriate for representative data collection under Subsection 105.18.b.iii(1), a description of why the outfall or field screening point is representative, the seasons during which when sampling is intended, and a description of the sampling equipment. The proposed sampling locations of outfalls or field screening points for such sampling should must reflect water quality concerns (see Subsection 105.18.a.iv(3)) to the extent practicable;
- v. A dD escription of the existing management programs to control pollutants from the municipal separate storm sewer system MS4 including existing source controls and operation and maintenance measures for structural controls that are currently being implemented. Such The controls may include, but are not limited to: procedures to control pollution resulting from construction activities; floodplain management controls; wetland protection measures; best management practices BMPs for new subdivisions; and emergency spill response programs. The description may address controls established under state law as well as and local requirements;

(3-24-22)(_____)

- vi. A-dDescription of the existing program to identify illicit connections to the municipal storm sewer system MS4 that includes inspection procedures and methods for detecting and preventing illicit discharges and describes areas where this program has been implemented; and
- vii. AdDescription of the financial resources currently available to the municipality to complete part 2 of the permit application. A description of the municipality's budget for existing storm water programs, including an overview of the municipality's financial resources and budget, including overall indebtedness and assets, and sources of funds for storm water programs.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - **b.** In Part 2 of the application:
- i. A demonstration that Demonstrate the applicant can operate pursuant to under legal authority established by statute, ordinance, or series of contracts which that authorizes or enables the applicant at a minimum to:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (1) Control through ordinance, permit, contract, order or similar means, the contribution of pollutants to the municipal storm sewer MS4 by storm water discharges associated with industrial activity and the quality of storm water discharged from sites of industrial activity;

 (3-24-22)(____)
- (2) Prohibit through ordinance, order or similar means, illicit discharges to the municipal separate storm sewer MS4; (3-24-22)()
- (3) Control through ordinance, order or similar means the discharge to an municipal separate storm sewer MS4 of spills, dumping or disposal of materials other than storm water; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (4) Control through interagency agreements among co-applicants the contribution of pollutants from a portion of the municipal system to another portion of the municipal system;
 - (5) Require compliance with conditions in ordinances, permits, contracts or orders; and
- (6) <u>Carry out allComplete</u> inspection, surveillance, and monitoring procedures necessary to determine compliance and noncompliance with permit conditions including the prohibition on prohibiting illicit discharges to the <u>municipal separate storm sewer MS4</u>.
- ii. The <u>IL</u> ocation of <u>any</u> major outfall-that discharges to waters of the United States that <u>was were</u> not reported under Subsection 105.18.a.iii(2). Provide an inventory, organized by watershed, of the name, <u>and</u> address, and a description (<u>such as Standard Industrial Classification ([SIC)] codes) <u>which that</u> best reflects the principal products or services provided by each facility <u>which that</u> may discharge, to the <u>municipal separate storm sewer MS4</u>,</u>

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

and the storm w	ater associated with industrial activity;	(3-24-22)()
for the pollutan analytical method	When quantitative data for a pollutant are required under Subsection 105.07 collect a sample of effluent in accordance with Subsection 105.07 c. through 105.07. the in accordance with following the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Paragraphical the applicant may use any suitable method but must provide a delicant must provide information characterizing the quality and quantity of dischargion, including:	m. and analyze it art 136. When no description of the
and ten (10) out activities of the	Quantitative data from representative outfalls designated by the Department and information received in part 1 of the application. The Department will designate falls or field screening points as representative of the commercial, residential and in drainage area contributing to the system or, where there are less than five (5) outfall Department will designate all outfalls):	between five (5) ndustrial land use
with the require	For each outfall or field screening point designated under this subsection, some water discharges from three (3) storm events occurring at least one (1) month appeared at Subsection 105.07.c. through 105.07.m. (the Department may allow exemptions when climatic conditions create good cause for such the exemptions);	art in accordance
	A narrative description must be provided of the date and duration of the storm es of the storm event—which that generated the sampled discharge and the duration bend the end of the previous measurable (greater than one-tenth ([0.1)] inch rainfall) s	etween the storm
(c) will be provide cyanide, and tot	For samples collected and described under Subsections 105.18.b.iii(1)(a) and (b), d for the organic pollutants listed in Table II and the pollutants listed in Table II alphenols) of 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 122, and for the follow	III (toxic metals,
(i)	Total suspended solids (TSS);	()
(ii)	Total dissolved solids (TDS);	()
(iii)	Chemical oxygen demand (COD);	()
(iv)	Five (5)-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5);	()
(v)	Oil and grease;	()
(vi)	Fecal coliform (including E. coli);	()
(vii)	Enterococci (previously known as fecal streptococcus);	()
(viii)	pH;	()
(ix)	Total Kjeldahl nitrogen;	()
(x)	Nitrate plus nitrite;	()
(xi)	Total ammonia plus organic nitrogen;	()
(xii)	Dissolved phosphorus; and	()
(xiii)	Total phosphorus;	()

(d)

Additional-limited quantitative data required by the Department for determining permit conditions

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

(the Department may require that quantitative data be provided for additional parameters, and may establish sampling conditions such as the location, season of sample collection, form of precipitation (snow melt, rainfall) and other parameters necessary to <u>iensure</u> representativeness);

(3-24-22)(_____)

- (2) Estimates of the annual pollutant load of the cumulative discharges to waters of the United States from all identified municipal outfalls and the event mean concentration of the cumulative discharges to waters of the United States from all identified municipal outfalls during a storm event for BOD5, COD, TSS, dissolved solids, total nitrogen, total ammonia plus organic nitrogen, total phosphorus, dissolved phosphorus, cadmium, copper, lead, and zinc. Estimates must be accompanied by a description of the procedures for estimating constituent loads and concentrations, including any modelling, data analysis, and calculation methods;
- (3) A proposed schedule to provide estimates for each major outfall identified in either Subsection 105.18.b.ii. or 105.18.a.iii(2) of the seasonal pollutant load and of the event mean concentration of a representative storm for any constituents detected in any samples required under Subsection 105.18.b.iii(1); and (3.24.22)(1)
- (4) A proposed monitoring program for representative data collection for the term of the permit that describes the location of outfalls or field screening points to be sampled (or the location of instream stations), why the location is representative, the frequency of sampling, parameters to be sampled, and a description of sampling equipment;
- iv. A proposed management program covering the duration of the permit, that includes a comprehensive planning process—involving with public participation and where necessary intergovernmental coordination, to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable using management practices, control techniques and system, design and engineering methods, and—such other appropriate provisions—which are appropriate. The program must also include a description of staff and equipment available to implement the program. Separate proposed programs may be submitted by each co-applicant. Proposed programs may impose controls on a system wide basis, a watershed basis, a jurisdiction basis, or on individual outfalls. Proposed programs will be considered by the Department when developing permit conditions to reduce pollutants in discharges to the maximum extent practicable. Proposed management programs must describe priorities for implementing controls.—Such programs must be based on:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (1) A description of structural and source control measures, implemented during the life of the permit, to reduce pollutants from in runoff from commercial and residential areas that are discharged from the municipal storm sewer system that are to be implemented during the life of the permit, accompanied MS4 with an estimate of the expected reduction of pollutant loads, and a proposed schedule for implementing such the controls. At a minimum, the description must include:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (a) A description of mMaintenance activities and a maintenance schedule for structural controls to reduce pollutants (including floatables) in discharges from municipal separate storm sewers MS4s; (3-24-22)()
- (b) A description of pPlanning procedures including a comprehensive master plan to develop, implement, and enforce controls to reduce the discharge of pollutants from municipal separate storm sewers which MS4s that receive discharges from areas of new development and significant redevelopment. Such The plan must address controls to reduce pollutants in discharges from municipal separate storm sewers MS4s after construction is completed (controls to reduce pollutants in discharges from municipal separate storm sewers MS4s containing construction site runoff are addressed in Subsection 105.18.b.iv(4));
- (c) A description of pPractices for operating and maintaining public streets, roads, and highways and procedures for reducing the impact on receiving waters of discharges from municipal storm sewer systems MS4s, including pollutants discharged as a result of from deicing activities;

 (3 24 22)
- (d) A description of pProcedures to assure that ensure flood management projects assess the impacts on the water quality of receiving water bodies and that existing structural flood control devices have been evaluated to determine if retrofitting the device to provide additional pollutant removal from storm water is feasible;

(3.24.22)(

(e) A description of a pProgram to monitor pollutants in runoff from operating or closed municipal

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

landfills or other treatment, storage, or disposal facilities for municipal waste that identifies priorities and procedures for inspections and establishing and implementing establishes control measures for such the discharges (this program can be coordinated with the program developed under Subsection 105.18.b.iv(3)); and

- (f) A description of a pProgram to reduce, to the maximum extent practicable, pollutants in discharges from municipal separate storm sewers associated with the application of MS4s from pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizer application, which will include, as appropriate, including controls such as educational activities, permits, certifications, and other measures for commercial applicators and distributors, and controls for application in public right-of-ways and at municipal facilities;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (2) A description of a pProgram, including a schedule, to detect and remove (or require the discharger to the municipal separate storm sewer MS4 to obtain a separate IPDES permit for) illicit discharges and improper disposal into the storm sewer. The proposed program must include, including:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (a) A description of a pProgram, including inspections, to implement and enforce an ordinance, orders or similar means to prevent illicit discharges to the municipal separate storm sewer system MS4. This program description must address all—types—of illicit discharges; however, the following categories of non-storm water discharges or flows must be addressed where—such discharges are identified by the municipality as sources of pollutants to waters of the United States: water line flushing, landscape irrigation, diverted stream flows, rising ground waters, uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as—defined in Section 010) to separate storm sewers, uncontaminated pumped ground water, discharges from potable water sources, foundation drains, air conditioning condensation, irrigation water, springs, water from crawl space pumps, footing drains, lawn watering, individual residential car washing, flows from riparian habitats and wetlands, dechlorinated swimming pool discharges, and street wash water (program descriptions must address discharges or flows from firefighting only where—such the discharges or flows are identified as significant sources of pollutants to waters of the United States); (3-24-22)(______)
- (b) A description of pProcedures to conduct on-going field screening activities during the life of the permit, including areas or locations that will be evaluated by such the field screens; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (c) A description of pProcedures to be followed to investigate portions of the separate storm sewer system MS4 that, based on the results of the field screen, or other appropriate information, indicate a reasonable potential of containing illicit discharges or other sources of non-storm water (such procedures may include: sampling procedures for constituents such as fecal coliform (including *E. coli*), enterococci (previously known as fecal streptococcus), surfactants (methylene blue active substance [MBAS]), residual chlorine, fluorides and potassium; testing with fluorometric dyes; or conducting in storm sewer inspections where safety and other considerations allow. Such description must include the location of storm sewers that have been identified for such evaluation);

 $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(3-24-22)}$

- (d) A description of pProcedures to prevent, contain, and respond to spills that may discharge into the municipal separate storm sewer MS4; (3-24-22)(____)
- (e) A description of a pProgram to promote, publicize, and facilitate public reporting of the presence of illicit discharges or water quality impacts associated with discharges from municipal separate storm sewers MS4s;
- (f) A dD escription of educational activities, public information activities, and other appropriate activities to facilitate the proper management and disposal of used oil and toxic materials; and (3 24 22)(_____)
- (g) A dDescription of controls to limit infiltration of seepage from municipal sanitary sewers to municipal separate storm sewer systems MS4s where necessary; (3 24 22)(_____)
- (3) A dDescription of a program to monitor and control pollutants in storm water discharges to municipal systems from municipal landfills, hazardous waste treatment, disposal and recovery facilities, industrial facilities that are subject to sSection 313 of tTitle III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), and industrial facilities that the municipal permit applicant determines are contributing a substantial pollutant loading to the municipal storm sewer system MS4. The program must:

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- (a) Identify priorities and procedures for inspections and establishing and implementing control measures for such the discharges; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (b) Describe a monitoring program for storm water discharges—associated with the from industrial facilities identified in Subsection 105.18.b.iv(3),-to-be implemented during the term of the permit, including the submission of submitting quantitative data on the following constituents: any pollutants limited in effluent guidelines ELGs subcategories, where applicable;-any pollutant listed in an existing NPDES or IPDES permit for a facility; oil and grease, COD, pH, BOD5, TSS, total phosphorus, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, nitrate plus nitrite nitrogen, and any information on discharges required under Subsections 105.07.j. through l.;
- (a) A description of pProcedures for site planning—which incorporate consideration of that considers potential water quality impacts; (3-24-22)(____)
 - (b) A description of recurrence for nonstructural and structural best management practices BMPs;
- (c) A description of pProcedures for identifying priorities for inspecting sites site inspections and enforcing control measures which that consider the nature of the construction activity, topography, and the characteristics of soils and receiving water quality; and
 - (d) A description of appropriate e Educational and training measures for construction site operators;
- v. Estimated reductions in <u>pollutant</u> loadings of <u>pollutants</u> from <u>discharges of municipal storm sewer constituents from municipal storm sewer systems expected the constituents discharged from MS4s</u> as the result of the municipal storm water quality management program. The assessment must also identify known impacts of storm water controls on ground water;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- vi. For each fiscal year to be covered by the permit, a fiscal analysis of the necessary capital and operation and maintenance expenditures necessary to accomplish the activities of the programs under Subsections 105.18.b.iii. and iv. Such The analysis must include a description of describe the source of funds that are proposed to meet the necessary expenditures, including legal restrictions on the use of such the funds; (3-24-22)(1)
- vii. Wheren more than one (1) legal entity submits an application, the application must contain a description of describe the roles and responsibilities of each legal entity and procedures to ensure effective coordination; and (3-24-22)(____)
- viii. Where requirements under Subsections 105.18.a.iv.(5), 105.18.b.ii., 105.18.b.iii.(2), and 105.18.b.iv. are not practicable or are not applicable, the Department may exclude any operator of a discharge from an municipal separate storm sewer which is MS4 designated under 40 CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v), (b)(4)(ii) or (b)(7)(ii) from such the requirements. The Department may not exclude the operator of a discharge from an municipal separate storm sewer MS4 identified in 40 CFR Part 122. Appendix F, G, H or I of 40 CFR Part 122, from any of the permit application requirements under this subsection except where authorized under this section.
- 19. Application Requirements for Industrial and Construction Storm Water Discharges. Application requirements for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity and storm water discharges associated with small construction activity.
- a. Dischargers of storm water associated with industrial activity and with small construction activity are required to must apply for an individual permit or seek coverage under a promulgated storm water general permit. Facilities that are required to obtain an individual permit or any discharge of storm water which that the Department is evaluating for designation (see—Section 130, General Permits) under 40 CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v) and is not an municipal storm sewer MS4, must submit an IPDES application in accordance with following the requirements of

Page 844

Section 105 (Ap	plication for an Individual IPDES Permit) as modified and consistent with this subs	section . (3-24-22)(_)
b. associated with	Except as provided in Subsections 105.19.c. through e., the operator of a storm industrial activity subject to this section must provide:	ı water dischar	ge)
i. outfall(s) covere	A sSite map showing topography (or indicating the outline of drainage aread in the application if a topographic map is unavailable) of the facility including:	as served by the (3 24 22)(he
(1)	Each of its drainage and discharge structures;	()
(2)	The dDrainage area of each storm water outfall;	(3-24-22)(_)
pollutants in st conditioners ar (including each	Paved areas and buildings within the drainage area of each storm water outfall, each tdoor storage or disposal of significant materials, each existing structural control norm water runoff, materials loading and access areas, areas where pesticides, and fertilizers are applied, each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or carea not required to have a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act permit-vizardous waste under 40 CFR 262.34);	neasure to redu herbicides, so lisposal faciliti	oil
(4)	Each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and	()
facility; (5)	Springs, and other surface water bodies which receive receiving storm water dis	scharges from the (3-24-22)(he
ii. total area draine	An estimate of the area of impervious surfaces (including paved areas and buildid by each outfall (within a mile radius of the facility) and a narrative description of		he
(1) been treated, sto	Significant materials that in the three (3) years <u>prior to before</u> the submittal of this red, or disposed in a manner to allow exposure to storm water;	s application has (3-24-22)(ve
	Method of treatment, storage, or disposal of such materials; materials manage three (3) years prior to before the submittal of this application, to minimize form water runoff;		
(3)	Materials loading and access areas;	()
(4) fertilizers are ap	The IL ocation, manner, and frequency in which pesticides, herbicides, soil oplied;	conditioners, as (3-24-22)(nd
(5) pollutants in stor	The IL ocation and a description of existing structural and non-structural control mrm water runoff; and	easures to reduce (3-24-22)(ce
(6) solid or fluid wa	A dDescription of the treatment the storm water receives, including the ultimate stees other than by discharge;	e disposal of ar (3-24-22)(ny
IPDES permit, in were directly ob	A eCertification that—all outfalls containing storm water discharges associated en tested or evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges—which are nocluding a description of the method used, the date of—any testing, and the on-site draserved during a test. Tests for—such non-storm water discharges may include smoke that the story of accurate schematics, as well as other appropriate tests.;	ot covered by a ainage points the	an 1at
iv.	Existing information regarding about significant leaks or spills of toxic or hazard		

v.	Ç	Quantitati	ve data b	ased on san	nples col	lected	during stor	rm events a	and co	llected in	accordan	ce with
Subsection	105.07	from-all	outfalls	containing	a storm	water	discharge	associated	l with	industrial	activity	for-the
following p	aramete	ers:									(3-24-22)	<u>()</u>

- (1) Any pPollutants limited in an effluent guideline ELG to which the facility is subject;
- (2) Any pPollutants listed in the facility's NPDES or IPDES permit for its process wastewater (if the facility is operating under an existing NPDES or IPDES permit); (3-24-22)(_____)
- (3) Oil and grease, pH, BOD5, COD, TSS, total phosphorus, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and nitrate plus nitrite nitrogen;
 - (4) Any iInformation on the discharge required under Subsections 105.07.j. through 1.;
- (5) Flow measurements or estimates of the flow rate, and the total amount of discharge for the storm event(s) sampled, and the method of flow measurement or estimation; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (6) The dDate and duration (in hours) of the storm event(s) sampled, rainfall measurements or estimates of the storm event (in inches) which that generated the sampled runoff and the duration (in hours) between the storm event sampled and the end of the previous measurable (greater than one-tenth ([0.1)] inch rainfall) storm event;
- vi. Operators of a discharge which is composed entirely of storm water are exempt from the requirements of Subsections 105.07.b., 105.07.a.i(2) through (5), 105.07.a.ii., 105.07.a.iii., 105.07.a.ii...
- vii. Operators of new sources or new discharges (as defined in Section 010, Definitions) which are composed in part or entirely of storm water must include estimates for the pollutants or parameters listed in Subsection 105.19.b.v. instead of actual sampling data, along with the source of each estimate. Operators of new sources or new discharges composed in part or entirely of storm water must provide quantitative data for the parameters listed in Subsection 105.19.b.v. within two (2) years after commencement of discharge commences, unless such the data has already been reported under the monitoring requirements of the IPDES permit for the discharge. Operators of a new source or new discharge which is composed entirely of storm water are exempt from the requirements of Subsections 105.16.a.iii.(2) and (3), and 105.16.b.
- c. An oOperator of an existing or new storm water discharge that is associated with industrial activity solely under 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(x) or is associated with small construction activity solely under 40 CFR 122.26 (b)(15), is exempt from the requirements of Subsection 105.07 and Subsection 105.19.b. Such The operator must provide a narrative description of:
 - i. The Location (including a map) and the nature of the construction activity; (3-24-22)(____)
- ii. The $t\underline{T}$ otal area of the site and the area of the site that is expected to undergo excavation during the life of the permit; $(3-24-22)(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
- iii. Proposed measures, including best management practices BMPs, to control pollutants in storm water discharges during construction, including a brief description of applicable state and local erosion and sediment control requirements;

 (3 24 22)(____)
- iv. Proposed measures to control pollutants in storm water discharges that will occur after construction operations have been are completed, including a brief description of applicable state or local erosion and sediment control requirements;
- v. An eEstimate of the runoff coefficient of the site and the increase in impervious area after the construction addressed in the permit application is completed, the nature of fill material and existing data describing

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

the soil or the qu	ality of the discharge; and	(3-24-22)()
vi.	The nName of the receiving water.	(3-24-22)()
	The oOperator of an existing or new discharge composed entirely of storm water luction, processing, or treatment operation, or transmission facility is not required the coordance with under Subsection 105.19.b., unless the facility:	
i. which notificatio 16, 1987; or	Has had a dD ischarge of storm water occurred resulting in the discharge of a repon is or was required pursuant to under 40 CFR 117.21 or 40 CFR 302.6 at any time	
ii. which notificatio	Has had a dD ischarge of storm water occurred resulting in the discharge of a repon is or was required pursuant to under 40 CFR 110.6 at any time since November	rtable quantity for 16, 1987; or (3-24-22)()
iii.	Contributes to a violation of a water quality standard.	()
	The oOperator of an existing or new discharge composed entirely of storm was required to submit a permit application unless the discharge has come into was in material, intermediate products, finished product, byproduct, or waste products loc	contact with, any
f. Subsection 105. Subsection 105.1	Applicants must provide—such other information the Department may—reasona 07.o. to determine whether to issue a permit and may require—any facility factorized for the subsection 105.19.b.	
20. to identify efficional description to the contract of th	Requirements for Integrated Plans. Integrated planning is a voluntary process encies from separate wastewater and storm water programs to best prioritize capital ealth and water quality objectives.	for municipalities l investments and ()
<u>a.</u> schedules, conse	The Department may incorporate integrated plans into IPDES permits, comput orders, and compliance schedule orders.	diance agreement
<u>b.</u>	Integrated plans considered by the Department should contain:	<u>()</u>
<u>i.</u>	A description of the water quality, human health, and regulatory issues to be addr	essed in the plan;
<u>ii.</u> summary of info	A description of the existing wastewater and storm water systems under commation describing the systems' current performance;	nsideration and a
<u>iii.</u> planning and im _l	A communications plan describing how community stakeholders are given condementation of the plan;	nsideration in the
<u>iv.</u> schedules;	A process for identifying, evaluating, and selecting alternatives and proposing	g implementation ()
<u>v.</u>	A process for evaluating the performance of projects identified in the plan; and	()
<u>vi.</u> ongoing or planr	A process for identifying, evaluating, and selecting proposed new projects or ned projects based on changed circumstances.	modifications to

106. INDIVIDUAL PERMIT APPLICATION REVIEW.

01. Completeness Criteria. The Department will not begin processing or issue an individual IPDES permit application before receiving a complete application. An application is complete when an The application form

Page 847

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

and any supplemental information are completed and when submitted to the Department's satisfaction. The Department will not consider a permit application to be complete until-all applicable fees required under Section 110 (Permit Fee Schedule for IPDES Permitted Facilities) are paid.

- **O2.** Sufficiently Sensitive Methods. Except as specified in Subsection 106.02.c., a permit application shall will not be considered complete unless all required quantitative data are collected in accordance with following sufficiently sensitive analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Parts 400 through 471 and 501 through 503.
- **a.** A method approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Parts 400 through 471 and 501 through 503 is "sufficiently sensitive" when:
- i. The method minimum level (ML) is at or below the level of the applicable water quality criterion for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or (3-24-22)(____)
- ii. The method ML is above the applicable water quality criterion, but the amount of the pollutant or pollutant parameter in a facility's discharge is high enough that the method detects and quantifies the level of the pollutant or pollutant parameter in the discharge; or (3-24-22)(_____)
- iii. The method has the lowest ML of the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Parts 400 through 471 and 501 through 503 for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter.
- b. For Subsection 106.02.a., consistent with 40 CFR Part 136, applicants have the option of providing may opt to provide matrix_ or sample_ specific minimum levels MLs rather than the published levels. Further, where When an applicant can demonstrate that, despite a good faith effort to use a method that would otherwise meets the definition of "sufficiently sensitive," the analytical results are not consistent with the QA/QC specifications for that method, then the Department may determine that the method is not performing adequately and the applicant should will select a different method from the remaining EPA-approved methods that is sufficiently sensitive consistent with Subsection 106.02.a. Wheren no other EPA-approved methods exist, the applicant should will select a method consistent with Subsection 106.02.c.
- c. When there is no analytical method-that has been approved under 40 CFR Part 136, required under 40 CFR Parts 400 through 471 and 501 through 503, and is not otherwise required by the Department, the applicant may use any suitable method but-shall provide a description of must describe the method. When selecting a suitable method, other factors such as a method's precision, accuracy, or resolution, may be considered when assessing the performance of the method.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **03.** Independence. The Department-shall will judge the completeness of any IPDES permit application independently of any other permit application or permit.
- **04. Schedule**. The Department will notify an applicant in writing whether the application is deemed complete for purposes of this section within: (3-24-22)(_____)
- a. Thirty (30) days if the application is for a new source or new discharger under the IPDES program, or
 - **b.** Sixty (60) days if the application is for an existing source or sludge-only facility. (
- **05. Additional Information**. Notification that an application is complete does not preclude the Department from requiring the applicant submit additional information for the Department's use in processing the application. This additional information may only be requested when necessary to clarify, modify, or supplement previously submitted material.
 - a. Requests for additional information will not render an application incomplete.
 - **b.** If While processing the application, if the Department decides that a site visit is necessary for any

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

reason in connection with the processing of an application, the Department—shall will notify the applicant and schedule a date—shall be scheduled. Failure to schedule or refusal of a requested site visit are grounds for permit denial.

- **c.** The applicant's failure or refusal to correct deficiencies, or supply requested information may result in permit denial, and appropriate enforcement actions may be initiated, if warranted.
- **06. Incomplete Due to Waiver Denial.** The Department will not consider a permit application—to be complete if the Department waived application requirements under Subsection 105.11 or 105.17 and the EPA has disapproved the waiver.
- **07. Impact of Waiver Delay.** If a person required to reapply for a permit submits a waiver request to the Department more than two hundred ten (210) days before an existing permit expires, and the EPA does not disapprove the waiver request one hundred eighty-one (181) days before the permit expires, the Department will consider the permit application to be complete without the information that is the subject of to the waiver request.

 (3-24-22)(
- 08. Application Completeness Date. The <u>application is</u> completeness date of an application is the date on which when the Department notifies the applicant that the application is complete.

107. DECISION PROCESS.

After the Department has determined—that a permit application is complete, the Department will decide whether to tentatively deny the application, or prepare an IPDES draft permit.

- **01. Application Denial**. If the Department decides to tentatively deny the application: ()
- a. A notice of intent to deny the permit application—shall will be issued. A notice of intent to deny the permit application—is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit and—shall will be made available for public comment,—and the Department shall The Department will give notice of opportunity for a public meeting, as specified in Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment);

 (3-24-22)(____)
 - b. The Department shall will generate a response to public comment; and (3 24 22)
 - c. Issue a final decision. The final decision that may: (3-24-22)
- i. Be to wWithdraw the notice of intent to deny the application, and proceed to prepare a draft permit and fact sheet as defined in Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet); or (3-24-22)(____)
 - ii. Confirm the decision to deny the application. ()
- **d.** The applicant may appeal the final decision to deny the application by adhering to the requirements of Section 204 (Appeals Process). (3-24-22)(_____)
- **02. Draft Permit**. If the Department decides to generate a draft permit and fact sheet, it will comply with Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet). (3-24-22)(____)
- a. Upon completion of the draft permit and fact sheet, the Department—shall will issue a public notification as required in Subsection 109.01.
- c. The Department—shall_will_generate a response to public comment as stipulated in Subsection 109.03.
- **03. Proposed Permit.** After the close of the public comment period on a draft permit, the Department will make appropriate changes in response to comments, and generate a proposed permit and fact sheet.

(3-24-22)(

				1
receipt	04. of receiv	Final Permit . After the <u>close of the</u> public comment period <u>closes</u> on a draft <u>ing</u> comments on the proposed permit, <u>if any</u> , from EPA, the Department <u>shall</u> and fact sheet. AThe final permit decision <u>means a final decision to will</u> issue, den	will issue a fin	al
		rminate a permit.	(3-24-22) (_)
commer	a. nts or req	The Department—shall will notify the applicant and each person who has suested notice of the final permit decision.	ubmitted writte (3-24-22)(n)
the deci	b. sion unle	A final permit decision shall become effective twenty-eight (28) days after the sess:	rvice of notice (of)
	i.	A later effective date is specified in the decision; or	()
	ii.	A Petition for Review is filed with the Department as specified in Section 204 (A)	opeals Process) . (3-24-22)(_)
108.	DRAFT	PERMIT AND FACT SHEET.		
	01.	Draft Permit.	()
	a.	If the Department decides to prepare a draft permit, it shall will contain the follow	ving information (3-24-22)(1: _)
	i.	All eConditions established under Section 300 (Conditions Applicable to All Pern	nits) (3-24-22) (_)
Specific	ii. Categor i	All-eConditions for specific categories established under Section 301—(Permises) and 40 CFR 122.42(e).	it Conditions for (3-24-22)(9r _)
	iii.	All-eConditions established under Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions);	(3 24 22)(_)
	iv.	All eConditions established under Section 303 (Calculating Permit Provisions);	(3-24-22)(_)
Require	v. ments) ;	All mMonitoring requirements established under Section 304 (Monitoring	and Reportir	ig)
	vi.	Schedules of compliance established under Section 305-(Compliance Schedules);	and (3-24-22)(_)
	vii.	Any Approved variances that are approved.	(3-24-22)()
Adminis	b. strator for	General and individual proposed permits—shall will be available to the r comment as specified in Subsections 107.03 (Proposed Permit) and 107.04 (Final	EPA Region 1 Permit). (3-24-22)(0
	02.	Fact Sheets.	()
permit p	a. prepared t	A fact sheet containing the information required in Subsection 108.02.b. must accfor:	company the dra	ft)
	i.	A mMajor IPDES facility or activity;	(3-24-22)()
	ii.	A-Class I sludge management facility;	(3-24-22)()
	iii.	An-IPDES general permit;	(3-24-22) ()

vi. A pPermit that the Department finds is the subject of wide-spread public interess issues. b. A fact sheet must-briefly set out describe the principal facts and the significan methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit and must include, it following information: i. AbBrief description of the type of facility or activity that is the subject of the draft ii. The tType and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to be or a stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged; iii. A brief sSummary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including reference statutes or regulations and appropriate supporting references to the administrative record; iv. Reasons for the Department's tentative decision on may requested variances or required standards; v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any eQther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vii. The pName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The pLustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELC or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations at applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	through	1v. 108.02.b.	$\frac{A \cdot P_{c}^{P}}{A \cdot P_{c}^{P}}$ in that incorporates a variance or requires an explanation under Subsections;	(3-24-22)()
b. A fact sheet must—briefly set out describe the principal facts and the significan methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit and must include, i following information: i. AbBrief description of the type of facility or activity that is the subject of the draft ii. The tType and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to be or a stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged; iii. A brief sSummary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including reference statutes or regulations and appropriate supporting references to the administrative record; iv. Reasons for the Department's tentative decision on—any requested variances or required standards; v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and the nature of that meeting; and the nature of that meeting; and the nature of the procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information viii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eCalculations or other-necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or performer required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations an applicable, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following conditions, including a citation to the applicable of near timitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following conditions.		v.	Appermit that includes a sewage sludge land application plan under 40 CFR 501.	15(a)(2)(ix); and (3-24-22)()
methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit and must include, if following information: i. AbBrief description of the type of facility or activity that is the subject of the draft ii. The tType and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to be or a stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged; iii. A brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including reference statutes or regulations and appropriate supporting references to the administrative record; iv. Reasons for the Department's tentative decision on—any requested variances or required standards; v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments—should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The plustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. The plustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eC alculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations an applicable v, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following conditions in including a citation on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	issues.	vi.	A-pPermit that the Department finds is the subject of wide-spread public interest	t or raises major (3-24-22)()
ii. The tType and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to be or a stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged; iii. A brief sSummary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including reference statutes or regulations and appropriate supporting references to the administrative record; iv. Reasons for the Department's tentative decision on—any requested variances or required standards; v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments—should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any oCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations at applicable, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring-Requirements);		logical, a	and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit and must include,	
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iv. Reasons for the Department's tentative decision on—any requested variances of required standards; v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jUstification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any oCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations at applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	stored, d			are being treated, (3-24-22)()
v. AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit, (1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any oC alculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific effand conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	statutes o			ces to applicable (3-24-22)()
(1) The bBeginning and ending dates of the comment period under Subsection 109.02 where comments—should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any oCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific effand conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicables, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);				or alternatives to (3-24-22)()
where comments should be are submitted; (2) The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and (3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any oCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable offluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);		v.	AdDescription of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit,	including: (3-24-22)()
(3) Any oOther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision; vi. The nName and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105-(A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicablely, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition. (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	where co			2 and the address (3-24-22)()
vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105-(A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition: (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);		(2)	The pProcedure for requesting a public meeting and the nature of that meeting; and	d (3-24-22) ()
vii. The jJustification for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105 (A Individual IPDES Permit) for new and existing POTWs; viii. Any eCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);		(3)	Any $\circ \underline{\mathbb{O}}$ ther procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision;	(3-24-22)()
viii. Any eCalculations or other necessary explanations of the derivation of specific eff and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);		vi.	The nN ame and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information	n; (3-24-22) ()
and conditions, including a citation to the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG or perform required by Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions), and reasons why the effluent limitations are applicabley, or an explanation of how any alternate effluent limitation was developed; ix. If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condition: (1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	Individu		The j <u>Uustification</u> for waiver of any application requirements under Section 105-(A Permit) for new and existing POTWs;	pplication for an (3-24-22)()
(1) Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07; (2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);	required	ditions, in by Section	ncluding a citation to the <u>applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG</u> or perform on 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions) , and reasons why the effluent limit ation s a	ance standard as
(2) Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring Requirements);		ix.	If applicable, an explanation of why the draft permit contains the following condit	ions or waivers : (3-24-22)()
Requirements);		(1)	Limitations to control toxic pollutants under Subsection 302.07;	(3-24-22)()
(2) I ' ' (2) I ' (3) I (4) (ID 105 27)	Requirer	` /	Limitations on internal waste streams under Section 304 (Monitoring	and Reporting (3-24-22)()
(3) Limitations on indicator pollutants under 40 CFR 125.3(g);		(3)	Limitations on indicator pollutants under 40 CFR 125.3(g);	(3-24-22)()

(4) the Clean Water	Limitations established on a case-by-case basis under 40 CFR 125.3 (c)(2) or (c). Act section CWA Section 405(d)(4);	(3) or pursuant to (3-24-22)()
(5)	Limitations to meet the criteria for permit issuance under Subsection 103.07; or	(3-24-22)()
(6)	Waivers from monitoring requirements granted under Subsection 302.03;	()
x. explanation of tl	For a draft permit for a treatment works owned by a person other than a state of the Department's decision on regulation of users under Subsection 302.15;	municipality, an
xi. described in the	If appropriate, a sketch or -detailed description of the location of the discharge or application; and	regulated activity (3-24-22)()
xii. brief description	For permits that include a sewage sludge land application plan under 40 CFR 5 of how each of the required elements of the land application plan are addressed in	
109. PUBL	C NOTIFICATION AND COMMENT.	
01.	Public Notification.	()
a.	The Department will give notice to the public that:	()
i.	A draft permit has been prepared under Subsection 108.01;	()
ii.	The Department intends to deny a permit application under Subsection 107.01;	()
iii.	A public meeting is scheduled; or	()
iv.	An IPDES new source determination has been made.	()
b.	A public notice may describe more than one (1) permit or permit action.	()
c. and will provide may be combined	The Department will allow at least thirty (30) days for public comment on the ite at least thirty (30) days' notice before the public meeting. Notice of the draft permit d and given at the same time.	
d. will be given by	Public notice that a draft permit has been prepared, and any public meeting on the the following methods:	draft permit must (3-24-22)()
i. notice under this	By mMailing a copy of the notice to the following persons, unless any person established subsection waives that person's the right to receive notice for any classes and cates	entitled to receive gories of permits: (3-24-22)()
(1)	The applicant, unless there is no applicant for an IPDES general permit;	()
(2) Department kno and programs:	Any other agency (including EPA when the draft permit is prepared by the ws has issued or is required to issue a permit for the same facility or activity under-	
(a) Hazardous Wast	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, under IDAPA 58.01.05, "Rules as e";	nd Standards for
(b) authorized under Standards for the	Underground Injection Control (UIC) Program under Idaho Department of War Idaho Code Title 42 Chapter 39 and regulated under IDAPA 37.03.03, "Rule Construction and Use of Injection Wells";	

(c)	Clean Air Act, under IDAPA 58.01.01, "Rules for the Control of Air Pollution in	Idaho";	()
(d) Regulating the Io	Idaho Pollution Discharge Elimination System Program, under IDAPA daho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program Rules"; or	58.01.25, (3-24-22)	
(e)	Sludge Management Program, under IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules";	and	()
(f)	Dredge and Fill Permit Program (Clean Water Act section CWA Section 404);	(3-24-22)) ()
(3) resources, state h	Affected federal and state agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, wildlife, nistoric preservation officers, and any affected Indian tribes;	and other (3-24-22)	
	Any sState agency responsible for plan development under the Clean Water A 2), 208(b)(4), or 303(e), and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the United National Marine Fisheries Service;		ish and
(5)	Any uUser identified in the permit application of a privately owned treatment wo	rks;) ()
(6)	Persons on a mailing list developed by:		()
(a)	Recording those who request in writing to be on the list;		()
(b)	Soliciting persons for area lists from participants in past permit proceedings in the	at area; and	d ()
state law journa requesting writte	Publishing notice of the opportunity to be on the mailing list on the Departm publication in the local press and in regional and state-funded newsletters, environals, or similar publications. The Department may update the mailing list—from an indication of continued interest from those listed, and may delete from the list to respond to the Department's request;	nmental bu	ulletins, ime by of a ny
(7) to be located; an	Any unit of local government having with jurisdiction over the area where the fad	acility is programmed (3 24 22)	
(8) operation of the	Each state agency having any with authority under state law with respect to the facility;	or construction (3-24-22)	
ii. application plans activity; and	For a major facility permit,—a general permit, and—a permit that includes sets, by publishing a notice in a daily or weekly newspaper within the area affected		cility or
elicit public part a notice in a dail 109.01.a. to the the requirements the duration of	By any other method reasonably calculated to give actual that provides notice persons potentially affected by it, including press releases or use of any another fricipation. For IPDES major permits and general permits, in lieu of the requirement y or weekly newspaper, the Department may publish all notices of activities describe Department's website. If the Department selects this option for a draft permit, in as in Subsection 109.01.e., the Department will post the draft permit and fact sheet the public comment period. The Department will ensure the methods of public sted communities and allow access to the permitting process for those seeking to page	forum or me for publication for publication to reduce the web notice effective for me	nedia to ation of osection meeting osite for ectively
e.	A public notice issued under this subsection must will contain at least the following	ng informa (3-24-22)	
i.	Name and address of the office processing the permit action for which notice is	s -being giv	ven and

where comments	may be submitted;	(3-24-22)()
ii. regulated by the p	Name and address of the permittee or permit applicant and, if different, of the fapermit, except in the case of for IPDES draft general permits;	acility or activity (3-24-22)(
iii. application, or fo	A brief dDescription of the business conducted at the facility or activity describer general permits, when there is no application, in the draft permit;	oed in the permit (3-24-22)()
iv. further information	Name, address, and telephone number of a person from whom interested per on, including copies of the draft permit or draft general permit, fact sheet, and the a	sons may obtain pplication; (3 24 22)(
	A brief dDescription of the comment and public meeting procedures required be place of any meetings that will be held; if no meeting has already been schedule uest a meeting and other procedures by which the public may participate in the final	d, a statement of
vi. the receiving wat	A general dDescription of the location of each existing or proposed discharge pointer;	t and the name of (3-24-22)()
vii. sites known at th	The sSludge use and disposal practices and the location of each sludge TWTDS are time of during permit application;	nd use or disposal (3-24-22)()
viii. Act section CWA through 139; and	AdDescription of requirements applicable to cooling water intake structures under <u>Nection</u> 316(b), in accordance with 40 CFR 125.80 through 89, 125.90 through	
ix. permit, fact sheet	DirectionsLink to the Department's website where interested parties can obtain c, and the permit application, if any; and	opies of the draft (3 24 22)(
f. for a discharge for include:	In addition to the information required by Subsection 109.01.e., the public notice or which a request has been filed under the <u>Clean Water Act section CWA Section</u>	for a draft permit 316(a) must will (3-24-22)(
	A sStatement that the thermal component of the discharge is subject to effluent Act sections CWA Sections 301 or 306, and a brief description, including a quantita ent limitations proposed under the Clean Water Act sections CWA Section 301 or 30	tive statement, of
the Clean Water	A sStatement that a request has been filed under the Clean Water Act section CW. As stringent effluent limitations may be imposed on the thermal component of the Act section CWA Section 316(a), and a brief description, including a quantitative nt limitations, if any, included in the request; and	discharge under
iii. Clean Water Act request.	If the applicant has filed an early screening request under 40 CFR 125.72 for a viscetion CWA Section 316(a), a statement that the applicant has submitted-that at	ariance under then early screening (3 24 22)(
g. meeting under th	In addition to the general public notice described in Subsection 109.01.e., the pis section must contain the following information:	oublic notice of a (3-24-22)()
i.	Reference to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;	()
ii.	Date, time, and place of the meeting; and	()
iii. procedures.	A brief dDescription of the nature and purpose of the meeting, including the app	olicable rules and (3-24-22)

- h. The Department will mail a copy of the general public notice described in Subsection 109.01.e. to all persons identified in Subsections 109.01.d.i.(1), (2), (3), and (4).
- i. The Department will hold a public meeting whenever the Department finds, on the basis of based on requests, a significant degree of public interest in a draft permit. The Department may also hold a public meeting if a meeting might clarify one (1) or more issues involved in the permit decision or for another good reason in the Department's discretion.

 (3 24 22)(_____)

02. Public Comment. ()

- a. During the public comment period, any interested person may submit written comments on the draft permit. Written comments must be submitted to the person identified in the notice and as specified in Subsection 109.01.e.
- **b.** During the public comment period, any interested person may request a public meeting if no public meeting has been scheduled. The Department will schedule and hold a public meeting if the Department determines that significant public interest exists in the draft permit.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- i. A request for a public meeting must be in writing and be submitted to the Department within fourteen (14) days after the date of the public notice required by Subsection 109.01.
- ii. If a public meeting is held-for the purpose of receiving to receive comments, the Department will make an audio recording or hire a court reporter to record the meeting and will prepare a transcript of the meeting if an appeal is filed.
- c. If, during the comment period for an IPDES draft permit, the district engineer of the United States Army Corps of Engineers advises the Department in writing that anchorage and navigation of any of the waters of the United States would will be substantially impaired by the granting of a permit, the Department will deny the permit and notify the applicant of the denial. If the district engineer advises the Department that imposing specified conditions upon the permit is necessary to avoid any substantial impairment of anchorage or navigation, the Department will include the specified conditions in the permit. Review or appeal of denial of a permit or of conditions specified by the district engineer must be sought through the applicable procedures of the United States Army Corps of Engineers and not through the state procedures. If a court of competent jurisdiction stays the conditions or if applicable procedures of the United States Army Corps of Engineers result in a stay of the conditions, those conditions must be considered stayed in the IPDES permit for the duration of the stay.
- d. If, during the comment period for an IPDES draft permit, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries Service, or any another state or federal agency with jurisdiction over fish, wildlife, or public health advises the Department in writing that the imposition of specified conditions upon the permit is necessary to avoid substantial impairment of fish, shellfish, or wildlife resources, the Department may include the specified conditions in the permit to the extent the Department determines they are necessary to comply with the provisions of the Clean Water Act CWA.
- **e.** In some cases, the Department may confer with one (1) or more of the agencies referred to in Subsections 109.02.c. and 109.02.d. before issuing a draft permit and may-set-out_state an agency's view in the fact sheet or the draft permit.

 (3 24 22)
- **f.** The Department will consider all comments in making the final decision and will answer the comments as provided in this subsection.
- g. Requests for extending a public comment period must be received in writing by the Department prior to before the last day of the comment period.
- h. After the close of the public comment period closes and prior to the issuance of before issuing the final permit decision, the Department will-afford allow the permit applicant an opportunity to provide additional information to respond to public comments. In addition, in order tTo respond to comments, the Department may

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

req	uest	the	apı	olicant	provide	additional	informa	tion.
			~~		P10 1144			

(3-24-22)(

- **03. Response to Comments.** When the Department issues issuing a final permit, the Department will issue a response to comments that will be available to the public. The response must: (3-24-22)(_____)
- **a.** Specify which provisions, if any, of the draft permit have been changed in the final permit decision, and the reasons for the change; and
- **b.** Briefly dDescribe and respond to all significant comments on the draft permit raised during the public comment period, or during any meetings.

110. FEE SCHEDULE FOR IPDES PERMITTED FACILITIES FEE SCHEDULE.

01. Effective Date. Annual fees must be paid for each fee year beginning one (1) year after the effective date of the IPDES program for the affected category of discharger and continuing for each succeeding year.

(3-24-22)

0 <mark>21</mark> .	Fee Schedule. (
U Z I.	ree Schedule.	

- a. Publicly and privately owned treatment works, and any other dischargers designated by the Department (Subsection 105.11.a.), must pay an annual fee based on the number of equivalent dwelling units (EDUs). The fee is \$1.74 per EDU. EDUs and the appropriate annual fee will be calculated according to the definition of EDUs in Section 010 by the following:
 - i. The Department calculates facility EDUs; or ()
 - ii. Existing facilities may annually report to the Department the number of EDUs served; or ()
- iii. New facilities may report to the Department the number of EDUs to be served, based on the facility planning design as part of the IPDES permit application.
- **b.** All oon ther permitted IPDES dischargers, excluding small scale suction dredges, must pay an annual fee, an application fee, or both according to the following schedule:

Permit Type	Application	Annual
Non-POTW Individual Permits		
Major	\$0	\$13,000
Minor	\$0	\$4,000
Storm Water General Permits		
Construction (CGP)		
1-10 acres ¹	\$200	\$0
>10-50 acres	\$400	\$75
>50-100 acres	\$750	\$100
>100-500 acres	\$1,000	\$400
>500 acres	\$1,250	\$400
Low Erosivity Waiver (CGP)	\$125	\$0
Industrial (MSGP) Permits	\$1,500	\$1,000
Cert. of No Exposure (MSGP)	\$250	\$100

Permit Type	Application	Annual
Other General Permits	\$0	\$0

¹This includes NOIs for construction that will disturb one or more acres of land, or will disturb less than one acre of land but are part of a common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land.

(3-24-22)(

032. Fee Assessment.

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- a. An annual fee assessment will be generated for each IPDES-permitted facility for which an annual fee is required as set forth in under Subsection 110.0201. Annual fees will be determined based on the twelve (12) months between October 1 and September 30 of the following calendar cach year.
 - **b.** Application Fees and Annual Fees.

()

- i. Application fees, as identified in Subsection 110.0201.b., are assessed at the time of upon application submittal for coverage under an individual permit, or notice of intent for coverage or waiver under a general permit.
- ii. Owners or operators of multi-year storm water facilities or construction projects are subject to annual fees that will be assessed in the year (October through September) immediately following the receipt of the application or notice of intent for coverage.
- c. Assessment of annual fees will consider the number of months a permittee was covered under either a general or an individual permit in a given year (October through September of the following calendar each year). If the permittee was covered for less than a full twelve (12) months, the assessed fee will be pro-rated to account for less than a full year's coverage under the permit.
- **043. Billing.** For those permitted facilities subject to an annual fee, the annual fee will be assessed, and the Department will send a statement will be mailed by the Department on or before July October 1 of each year. The Department will also assess and send annual fee statements when permit coverage is terminated.

 (3-24-22)

05<u>4</u>. Payment. ()

- a. Payment of the annual fee is due on October 1 December 31, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, in which event the payment is due on the successive business day. Payment of annual fees for terminated permit coverage is due at the time of termination.
- **b.** If a POTW serves five hundred seventy-five (575) EDUs or more, the facility may request to divide its annual fee payment into equal monthly or quarterly installments by submitting a request to the Department on the proper request form provided with the initial billing statement.

 (3-24-22)
- i. The Department will notify an applicable POTW, in writing, of approval or denial of a requested monthly or quarterly installment plan within ten (10) business days of the Department receiving such a request.

 (3-24-22)
- ii. If a POTW has been approved to pay monthly installments then each installment is due by the first day of each month, unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday, in which event the installment is due on the next business day.

 (3-24-22)
- iii. If a POTW has been approved to pay quarterly installments then each installment is due by the first day of the month of each quarter (October 1, January 1, April 1, and July 1), unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday, in which event the installment is due on the next business day.

 (3 24 22)
- eb. Payment of the application fee is due with the application for an individual permit or notice of intent for coverage under a general permit. The Department will not authorize IPDES permit payments upon receipt

of the billing statement.

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

<u>c.</u> <u>A POTW may request, in writing, monthly or quarterly installment payments upon receipt of the billing statement. The Department will approve or deny the request and inform the POTW within ten (10) business days.</u>
Delinquent Unpaid Fees. A permittee covered under-either a general or individual permit-or an individual permit will be delinquent in payment if the Department does not receive the assessed annual fee-assessed has not been received by the Department by November January 1; or if-having first the permittee opted to pay monthly or quarterly installments, its monthly or quarterly installment has not been is not received by the Department by the last day of the month-in which the monthly or quarterly payment is due. (3 24 22)()
076. Suspension of Services and Disapproval Designation. For any permittees delinquent in payment of fees assessed under Subsections 110.021 and 110.065:
a. In excess of After ninety (90) days, the Department will suspend all technical services it provides d. The permittee will receive a warning letter—that identifies identifying administrative enforcement actions the Department may pursue if the permittee does not comply with the terms of the permit.
b. In excess of After one hundred and eighty (180) days, the Department will consider the permittee in non-compliance with permit conditions and these rules, and subject to provisions described in Section 500 (Enforcement) of these rules.
087. Reinstatement of Suspended Services and Approval Status. For any pPermittees for which delinquency of fee payment—pursuant to under Subsection 110.076 has resulted in the suspension of technical services, determination of non-compliance of permit condition, or both, the continuation of technical services, determination of compliance based on payment of fee, or both, will occur upon payment of delinquent annual fee assessments.
098. Enforcement Action. Nothing in Section 110 (Fee Schedule for IPDES Permitted Facilities) we waives the Department's right to undertake a non-fee related enforcement action at any time, including penalties, as provided in Sections 39-108, 39-109, and 39-117, Idaho Code.
1002. Responsibility to Comply. Subsection 110.076 does not relieve any permittee from its obligation to comply with all applicable the state and federal statutes, rules, regulations, permits, or orders.
111 119. (RESERVED)

NEW SOURCES AND NEW DISCHARGES.

01. Criteria for New Source Determination. Except as otherwise provided in an applicable new source performance standard, a source is a new source if it meets the definition in Section 010 (Definitions), and:

(3-24-22)(_____)

a. Is constructed at a site at which no other source is located; or

- **b.** Totally replaces the process or production equipment that causes the discharge of pollutants at an existing source; or
- c. Its processes are substantially independent of an existing source at the same site. In determining whether these processes are substantially independent, the Department shall will consider such factors as including the:
 - i. The eExtent to which the new facility is integrated with the existing plant; and (3-24-22)(
- ii. The eExtent to which the new facility is engaged in the same general type of activity as the existing source.

120.

	dently ap	New Source vs. New Discharger. A source meeting the requirements of Subsectif a new source performance standard—is independently—applies to it. If—the policy of the policy of the source is a new discharger, as defined (see the policy).	here is no su	eh
discharg	er) if the	Modification vs. New Source/Discharger. Construction on a site-at which who d, results in a modification subject to Subsection 201.02, rather than a new sour construction does not create a new building, structure, facility, or installation meeting 01, but otherwise alters, replaces, or adds to existing process or production equipment	rce (or a nog the criteria	ew of
owner or	04. r operato	New Source Construction. Construction of a new source has commenced if	<u>ences when</u> t 3-24-22)(the)
program	a. :	Begun, Begins a new or eaused to begin as part of a restarts a continuous on-si	te constructi 3-24-22)(on)
	i.	Any placement Places, assemblyes, or installsation of facilities or equipment; or	3-24-22) (_)
		Significantly prepares the site, preparation work including clearing, excavation, as, structures, or facilities—which is necessary for the placement, assembly, or instantor equipment; or	or removal allation of no 3-24-22)(ew
		Entereds into a binding contractual obligation for the purchase of purchasin hare intended to be for used in its operation within a reasonable time. Items—which could obligation sunder this section include:	g facilities ieh that do r 3-24-22)(or not
	i.	Options to purchase or contracts which that can be terminated or modified without s	substantial lo 3-24-22)(ss;
	ii.	Contracts for feasibility engineering; and	()
	iii.	Design studies.	()
121 1	29.	(RESERVED)		
130.	GENEF	RAL PERMITS.		
	01.	Coverage. The Department may issue a general permit in accordance with the following	wing:)
130.01.b	o.ii., exce	Within a geographic area, the general permit will be written to cover one (1) or more discharges or sludge use or disposal practices or facilities described in the permit uncept those covered by individual permits within a geographic area. The area should will hic or political boundaries such as:	ider Subsecti	on
	i.	Designated planning areas under the Clean Water Act sections CWA Sections 208 ar	nd 303; 3-24-22) (_)
	ii.	Sewer districts or sewer authorities;	()
	iii.	City, county, or state political boundaries;	()
	iv.	State highway systems;	()
	V	Standard metropolitan statistical areas as defined by state or federal agencies:	()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

vi.	Urbanized areas as designated by the U.S. Census Bureau; or	()
vii.	Any An other appropriate division or combination of boundaries.	(3-24-22)(_)
	The general permit may be written to regulate one (1) or more categories or adge use or disposal practices or facilities, within the area described in Subsection in a covered subcategory of discharges are either:		
i.	Storm water point sources; or	()
ii. or TWTDS, if -th	One (1) or more categories or subcategories of point sources other than storm water point sources or TWTDS within each category or subcategory all:	ter point source (3-24-22)(ces
(1)	Involve the same or substantially similar types of operations;	()
(2)	Discharge the same types of wastes or engage in the same types of sludge use or d	isposal practic	es;
disposal; (3)	Require the same effluent limitations, operating conditions, or standards for sewa	ige sludge use (3-24-22) (or
(4)	Require the same or similar monitoring; and	()
(5) under individual	In the opinion of the Department, are more appropriately controlled under a gerpermits.	neral permit th	nan)
c. based limits imp	Where sources within a specific category or subcategory of dischargers are subject posed—pursuant to under Section 302-(Establishing Permit Provisions), the source ategory are subject to the same water quality-based effluent limitations.	to water qualis in that species (3-24-22)(ty- ific
d.	Other requirements:	()
i. subcategory of d	The general permit <u>must_will</u> clearly identify the applicable conditions for elischargers or TWTDS covered by the permit; and	each category (3-24-22)(or)
ii.	The general permit may exclude specified sources or areas from coverage.	()
permitting appro	For general permits issued under Subsection 130.01.b. for small MS4s, the Department and conditions necessary to meet the requirements of 40 CFR 122.34 using one coaches described in Subsections 130.01.d.iii(1) and (2). The Department will eet which the approach is being used.	1) of the two	(2)
(1) in the general pe	Comprehensive general permit. The Department includes all required permit term rmit; or	as and condition (ons)
establishes addit	Two-step general permit. The Department includes required permit terms and opplicable to-all eligible small MS4s and, during the process of authorizing small M ional terms and conditions not included in the general permit to satisfy one (1) or m 40 CFR 122.34 for individual small MS4 operators.	S4s to dischar	ge,
in Subsection 13 and conditions	The general permit—must_will require that any small MS4 operator seeking the general permit submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) consisting of the minimum requipolous. b., and any other information the Director identifies as necessary to establish that satisfy the permit requirements of 40 CFR 122.34, such as the information 05.b. The general permit will explain any other steps necessary to obtain permit authors.	iired informati additional ter required und	ion ms

(3-24-22)

- (c) Upon authorization for the MS4 to discharge under the general permit, the final additional terms and conditions applicable to the MS4 operator become effective. The Department will notify the permittee and inform the public of the decision to authorize the MS4 to discharge under the general permit and of the final additional terms and conditions specific to the MS4.
- **O2.** Electronic Submittals. As of December 21, 2020, all notices of intent submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the discharger (or treatment works treating domestic sewage) to the Department unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15.
- **03. Information Retention Schedule.** An applicant must keep records of all data used to complete a notice of intent and-any supplemental information submitted for a period of at least three (3) years from the date the notice of intent is signed.

04. Notice of Intent. ()

- a. Any person required under Subsections 102.01 through 102.03 must submit a notice of intent to the Department for coverage under an IPDES general permit as set out required in Subsection 130.05. (3 24 22)(______)
- **b.** A notice of intent must be signed and certified as required by in Section 090 (Signature Requirements).

05. Administration. ()

- **a.** General permits may be issued, modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated in accordance with Sections 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits) and 203 (Termination of IPDES Permits).
- **b.** Authorization to discharge, or authorization to engage in sludge use and disposal practices will follow these procedures: (3 24 22)(_____)
- i. Except as provided in Subsections 130.05.b.xi. and 130.05.b.xii., a discharger must submit, in accordance with general permit requirements, a complete and timely notice of intent—which will to fulfill the requirements for permit applications;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- ii. A discharger (or TWTDS) who fails to submit a notice of intent in accordance with the terms of the permit is not authorized to discharge (or in the ease of for a sludge disposal permit, to engage in a sludge use or disposal practice) under the terms of the general permit unless:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (1) The general permit, in accordance with Subsections 130.05.b.xi., contains a provision that a notice of intent is not required; or
- (2) The Department notifies a discharger (or TWTDS) that it is covered by a general permit in accordance with Subsection 130.05.b.xii.;
 - iii. All nNotices of intent must be signed as required in Section 090 (Signature Requirements);

			(3-24-22) (_)
	iv. ng inforn	The general permit will specify the contents of the notice of intent and require—the nation necessary for adequate program implementation, including at a minimum:	ne submission (3-24-22)(⊢ of)
	(1)	The ILegal name, and address, and EIN or Department equivalent of the owner or	operator; (3-24-22)()
	(2)	The fracility name and address;	(3-24-22)()
	(3)	Type of facility, site, or discharges; and	(3-24-22)()
	(4)	The rReceiving stream(s);	(3-24-22)(_)
130.05.c	v. . through	Coverage under a general permit may be terminated or revoked in accordance a e.;	with Subsect	ion)
specified	vi. I in Subs	Notices of intent for coverage under a general permit for CAFOs must include ection 105.09 and 40 CFR 122.21(i)(1), including a topographic map;	the informat	ion)
accordan	vii. nce with t	A-CAFO owner or operator may be authorized to discharge under a general the process described in 40 CFR 122.23(h);	permit only (3-24-22)(in)
inactive may con	viii. oil and g tain alter	General permits for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from as operations, or inactive landfills occurring on federal lands where an operator carnative notice of intent requirements;		
	ix. (s) when	General permits shall will specify the deadlines for submitting notices of intent to a discharger is authorized to discharge under the permit;	be covered a (3-24-22)(
complete under the	e permit,	General permits—shall_will specify whether a discharger (or TWTDS), who sely notice of intent to be covered in accordance with the general permit and is elig is authorized to discharge (or in the case of for a sludge disposal permit, to engage is a naccordance with the permit-either:	ible for covera	age
	(1)	Upon receipt of the notice of intent by the Department;	()
	(2)	After a waiting period specified in the general permit;	()
	(3)	On a date specified in the general permit; or	()
	(4)	Upon receipt of notification of inclusion by the Department;	()
storm se activity, submitting inapprop	ng a not oriate. Th	Discharges other than discharges from POTWs, combined sewer overflows,—metems MS4s, primary industrial facilities, and storm water discharges associated the discretion of the Department, be authorized to discharge under a general ice of intent—where when the Department finds that a notice of intent requirem the Department—shall will provide in the public notice of the general permit the cof intent. In making such a finding, tThe Department—shall will consider:	l with indust permit with ent would be	rial out is
	(1)	The tType of discharge;	(3-24-22)(
	(2)	The eExpected nature of the discharge;	(3-24-22)(_)
	(3)	The pPotential for toxic and conventional pollutants in the discharges;	(3-24-22)()
	(4)	The eExpected volume of the discharges;	(3-24-22)(_)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

	(5)	Other means of identifying discharges covered by the permit; and		()
	(6)	The eEstimated number of discharges to be covered by the permit; and	(3-24-22)	()
		The Department may notify a discharger (or TWTDS) that it is covered by a general TWTDS) has not submitted a notice of intent to be covered. A discharger (or TW individual permit as specified in Subsection 130.05.d.			
	nent to tal	The Department may terminate, revoke, or deny coverage under a general permit blicant to apply for and obtain an individual IPDES permit. Any interested person ke action under this subsection. Cases where an individual IPDES permit may be	may petit	ion th nclud	e
	i.	The dDischarger or TWTDS is not in compliance with the conditions of the general	al permit; (3-24-22)	·()
or abate	ii. ment of p	A eChange has occurred in the availability of demonstrated technology or practice collutants applicable to the point source or TWTDS;	es for the (3-24-22)))
permit;	iii.	Effluent limitation guidelines ELGs are promulgated for point sources covered	d by the g (3-24-22)		ıl)
approve	iv. ed;	A-Water Quality Management plan containing requirements applicable to such for	<u>r</u> point sou (3-24-22)		s)
		Circumstances have changed since the time of the request to be covered so that the ely controlled under the general permit, or either a temporary or permanent reduction discharge is necessary;			
practice	vi.	Standards for sewage sludge use or disposal have been promulgated for the sludge by the general IPDES permit; or	use and d	isposa (ıl)
determin	vii. nation, the	The discharge(s)Discharge is a significant contributor of pollutants. In e Department may consider the following factors:	making Fc (3 24 22)	or thi	.s)
	(1)	The IL ocation of the discharge with respect to waters of the United States;	(3-24-22)	()
	(2)	The sSize of the discharge;	(3-24-22)	()
	(3)	The qQuantity and nature of the pollutants discharged to waters of the United State	es; and (3-24-22)	·()
	(4)	Other relevant factors.		()
coverage	d. e of the g	Any owner or operator authorized by a general permit may request to be exeneral permit by applying for an individual permit.	cluded fro		e)
		The owner or operator—shall must submit an application under Section 105—(A) Security, with reasons supporting the request, to the Department no later than nine of the general permit.	pplication ty (90) day (3-24-22)	ys afte	n r)
Review)	ii.), 107 (De	The Department shall must process the request under Sections 106 (Individual Pecision Process), 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet) and 109 (Public Notification and		nt).	n <u>)</u>
	iii	The Department shall will grant a request by issuing an individual permit if the rea	isons cited	by th	e

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

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- **e.** When an individual IPDES permit is issued to an owner or operator otherwise subject to a general IPDES permit, the applicability of the general permit to the individual IPDES permittee is automatically terminated on the effective date of the individual permit.
- f. A source excluded from a general permit, solely because it already has an individual permit, may request that the individual permit be revoked, and that it be covered by the general permit. Upon revocation of the individual permit, the general permit shall will apply to the source.

 (3-24-22)(_____)

06. Case-by-Case Requirements for Individual Permits.

- a. The Department may require any owner or operator authorized by a general permit to apply for an individual IPDES permit as provided in Subsection 130.05.c., only if the owner or operator has been notified in writing that a permit application is required. This notice—shall_will_include a-brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a time for the owner or operator to file the application, a statement that on the effective date of the individual IPDES permit, the general permit as it applies to the individual permittee shall automatically terminates, and a statement that the owner or operator may appeal the Department's decision as provided in Section 204 (Appeals Process). The Department may grant additional time upon request of the applicant.
- **b.** Prior to Before a case-by-case determination that an individual permit is required for a storm water discharge under this section (see 40 CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v), (a)(9)(iii), and Subsection 105.19), the Department may require the discharger to submit a permit application or other information regarding the discharge described in the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 308.
- i. In When requiring such information, the Department shal will notify the discharger in writing and shall send an application form with the notice.
- ii. The discharger must apply for a permit within one hundred eighty (180) days of notice, unless permission for a later date is granted by the Department.

131. -- 199. (RESERVED)

200. RENEWAL OF IPDES PERMITS.

- **01. Interim Effluent Limits.** Except as provided in Subsection 200.02, when a permit is renewed or reissued, interim effluent limitations, standards or conditions must be at least as stringent as the final effluent limitations, standards, or conditions in the previous permit unless the circumstances on which the previous permit was based:

 (3-24-22)()
 - a. Have mMaterially and substantially changed since the time the permit was issued; and (3-24-22)(
- **b.** Would eConstitute cause for permit modification or revocation and reissuance under Subsection 201.02.
- **O2.** Final Clean Water Act CWA Section 402(a)(1)(B) Effluent Limits. In the case of For effluent limitations established by the Department on the basis of the Clean Water Act section based on CWA Section 402(a)(1)(B), a permit may not be renewed, reissued, or modified on the basis of effluent guidelines based on ELGs promulgated under Clean Water Act section CWA Section 304(b) after the original issuance of a permit, to contain effluent limitations which that are less stringent than the comparable effluent limitations in the previous permit, except a permit may be renewed, reissued, or modified to contain a less stringent effluent limitation applicable to a pollutant, if:
- a. Material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility occurred after permit issuance, which justifying the application of a less stringent effluent limitation; (3-24-22)(

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

	b.	Information is available that:	(3-24-22)(
		Which w Was not available at the time of during permit issuance (other than remethods) and which would have justifieds the application of a less stringent effluer ermit issuance; or	vised regulations at limitation at the (3-24-22)(
law we	ii. re made i	Which tThe Department determines indicates that technical mistakes or mistaken in issuing the permit under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(a)(1)(b);	interpretations of (3-24-22)(
control	c. and for v	A less stringent effluent limitation is necessary because of events over which the which there is no reasonably available remedy;	permittee has no (3-24-22)(
301(c),	d. 301(g), 3	The permittee has received a permit modification under the Clean Water Act section (i), 301(k), 301(n), or 316(a); or	on <u>CWA Sections</u> (3-24-22)(
achieve may re	e <mark>d</mark> the pre flect the	The permittee-has installed the treatment facilities required to meet the effluent and-has properly operated and maintained the facilities but has-nevertheless be evious effluent limitations. In this case tThe limitations in the reviewed, reissued, or level of pollutant control actually achieved (but-shall will not be less stringent tes ELGs in effect at the time of during permit renewal, reissuance, or modification)	en unable to no r modified permi than required by
section	303(d)	Final-Clean Water Act CWA Section 301(b)(1)(C) or 303 Effluent Limits. It can be established on the basis of Clean Water Act section based on CWA Sections or (e), a permit may not be renewed, reissued, or modified to contain effluent limit and the comparable effluent limitations in the previous permit except when:	301(b)(1)(C)-o
	a.	One of the exceptions in Subsection 200.02 apply; or	(
establis limit ati	shed undo ons based	The water-to-which where the discharge occurs is identified as impaired on Interfluent limitation is based on a-total maximum daily load TMDL or other was er-Clean Water Act section CWA Section 303, if the cumulative effect of all don-such total maximum daily load the TMDL or waste load allocation will asensuter quality standards; or	te load allocation revised effluen
TMDL quality	or other standard.	The water quality in the water to which where the discharge occurs meets of the water quality standards, and the effluent limitation is based on a total may waste load allocation established under Clean Water Act section the CWA Section, or any permitting standard, if such the revision is subject to and consistent with the ementation procedures in the water quality standards.	ximum daily loac <u>n</u> 303, any wate:
stringer In no ev a less s	nt than re vent may stringent	Effluent Limits and Water Quality Standards. In no event may a permit—with 02 or 200.03 applies be renewed, reissued, or modified to contain an effluent limits quired by—effluent guidelines ELGs in effect at the time the permit is renewed, reiss such a permit to discharge into waters of the United States be renewed, issued, or m effluent—limitation—if the implementation of such limitation—would_limit if implementation of a water quality standard under IDAPA 58.01.02, "Water Quality Standards."	tion which is less sued, or modified odified to contain menting the limi
201.	MODI	FICATION, OR REVOCATION AND REISSUANCE OF IPDES PERMITS.	
	01.	Procedures to Modify, or Revoke and Reissue Permits.	(
and reis	ssued, for	Permits may be modified, or revoked and reissued, either at the request of any ermittee) or upon the Department's initiative. However, pPermits may only be moder the reasons specified in Subsection 201.02. All rRequests shall must be in writing supporting the request.	dified <u>,</u> or revoked

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- **b.** If the Department tentatively decides to modify, or revoke and reissue, a permit, the Department shall will prepare a draft permit under Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet), incorporating the proposed changes.
- i. The Department may request additional information, and, in the case of <u>for</u> a modified permit, may require the <u>submission submittal</u> of an updated application. If the tentative decision is to revoke and reissue a permit, the Department <u>shall will</u> require the <u>submission submittal</u> of a new application.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- ii. In a permit modification—under this section, only those conditions to be modified—shall will be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing permit—shall remain in effect for the duration of the unmodified permit.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- iii. When a permit is revoked and reissued under this section, the entire permit is reopened is a if the permit had expired and was is being reissued. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall must comply with all the conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is reissued.
- iv. Minor modifications, as defined in Subsection 201.03, do not require the development of a draft permit, and fact sheet, nor must minor modifications be subjected and are not subject to public notification and comment.
- **O2.** Causes to Modify, or Revoke and Reissue Permits. When the Department receives-any pertinent information (for example, inspects the e.g., facility, receives inspection, information submitted by the permittee as required-in by the permit, receives a request for modification or revocation and reissuance under Subsection 201.01, or conducts a review of the permit file review), the Department may determine whether-or not one (1) or more of the causes listed in Subsections 201.02.c. and 201.02.d. for modification or revocation and reissuance or both exist.

(3-24-22)(

- a. If cause exists, the Department may modify or revoke and reissue the permit accordingly, subject to the limitations of Subsection 201.01.b., and may request a new or updated application, if necessary. (3 24 22)
- **b.** If cause does not exist—under this section, the Department—shall will not modify or revoke and reissue the permit.
- **c.** The following are causes for modification but not revocation and reissuance of permits except when the permittee requests or agrees:
- i. There are mMaterial and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activity (including a change—or changes in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practice), which occurred after permit issuance, and—which justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit.
- ii. The Department has received new information. Permits may be modified during their terms for this cause only if the information was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and would have justified justifies the application of different permit conditions at the time of issuance:

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (1) For IPDES general permits (Section 130), this cause includes any information indicating that cumulative effects on the environment are unacceptable; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (2) For new source or new discharger IPDES permits (Section 120), this cause shall include any includes significant information derived from effluent testing required under Subsection 105.08 or 105.16 after issuance of the permit.
- iii. The standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. Permits may be modified during their terms for this cause only as follows:

 (3 24 22)(

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Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- (1) For promulgation of amended standards or regulations, when:
- (a) The <u>permit condition</u> requested to be <u>modified modification</u> was based on a promulgated <u>effluent limitation guideline ELG</u>, EPA approved or promulgated water quality standards, or the Secondary Treatment Regulations under 40 CFR Part 133;

 (3 24 22)(____)
- (b) The EPA has revised, withdrawn withdrew, or modified that portion of the regulation or effluent limitation guideline ELG on which the permit condition was based, or has approved a state action with regard to for a water quality standard on which the permit condition was based; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (c) A permittee requests modification—in accordance with <u>under</u> Subsection 201.01 or 203.01 within ninety (90) days after notice of the action on which the request is based; and. (3-24-22)(_____)
- (2) For judicial decisions, a court of competent jurisdiction—has remanded and stayed EPA or Idaho promulgated regulations or <u>effluent limitation guidelines ELGs</u>, if the remand and stay concerns that portion of the regulations or guidelines on which the permit condition was based, and a request is filed by the permittee—in accordance with <u>under Subsection 201.01</u> or 203.01 within ninety (90) days of judicial remand.

 (3 24 22)(______)
- iv. The Department determines good cause exists for modification of modifying a compliance schedule, such as an act of God, strike, flood, or materials shortage or other events over which that the permittee has little or no control and for which there is no reasonably available remedy exists. However, in no case may an IPDES A_compliance schedule must not be modified to extend beyond an applicable Clean Water Act the CWA statutory deadline.
- v. When the permittee has filed a request for a variance under Clean Water Act section CWA Sections 301(c), 301(g), 301(i), 301(k), or 316(a) or for fundamentally different factors within the time specified in Section 310 (Variances).
- vi. When required to incorporate an applicable Clean Water Act CWA Section 307(a) toxic effluent standard or prohibition, under Subsection 302.04.
- vii. When required by the reopener conditions in a permit, which are established in the permit under Subsection 302.05 or 40 CFR 403.18(e) (Pretreatment Standards).
- viii. Upon request of a permittee who qualifies for effluent limitations on a net basis, or when a discharger is no longer eligible for net limitations, as provided in Subsection 303.07.
- x. Upon failure of an approved state to notify, as required by the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(b)(3), another state whose waters may be affected by a discharge from the approved state.
- xi. When the level of discharge of any pollutant which is pollutants not limited in the permit exceeds the level which that can be achieved by the technology-based treatment requirements appropriate to the permittee under 40 CFR 125.3(c).
 - xii. To establish a notification level as provided in Subsection 302.08. ()
- xiii. To modify a <u>compliance</u> schedule <u>of compliance</u> to reflect the time lost during construction of an innovative or alternative facility, <u>in the case of for</u> a POTW-<u>which has that</u> received a loan under IDAPA 58.01.12, "Rules for Administration of Water Pollution Control Loans." <u>In no case shall t The compliance schedule must not be modified to extend beyond an applicable Clean Water Act the CWA statutory deadline.

 (3-24-22)(_____)</u>
- xiv. For a small MS4, to include an effluent limitation requiring implementation of a minimum control measure or measures as specified in 40 CFR 122.34(b) when:

(1) responsible for-	The permit does not include such measure(s) based upon the determination that a implementation of implementing the requirement(s), and	another entity was (3-24-22)()
(2)	The other entity fails to implement measure(s) that satisfy the requirement(s).	(3-24-22)()
xv. in determining p	To correct technical-mistakes, such as errors in calculation, or mistaken interpreta permit conditions.	tions of law made (3-24-22)()
operated and ma	When the discharger has installed the treatment technology considered by the limitations imposed under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(a)(1) aintained the facilities but nevertheless has been unable to not achieved those effluinitations in the modified permit may reflect the level of pollutant control actual eless stringent than required by a subsequently promulgated effluent limitations gu	and has properly ent limitations. In ally achieved (but
	The incorporation of the terms of a CAFO's nutrient management plan in general permit when a CAFO obtains coverage under a general permit in accordance Section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification pursuant to under the section 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification 130 (General Permits) is not a cause for modification 130 (General P	nce with 40 CFR
xviii. beneficial reuse application or s (Sewage Sludge	When required by a permit condition to incorporate a land application or sludge of sewage sludge, to revise an existing land application or sludge disposal plan sludge disposal plan as required by IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," of these rules.	, or to add a land
d.	The following are causes to modify or, alternatively, revoke and reissue a permit:	(3-24-22)()
i. modification or	Cause exists for termination under Subsection 203.03, and the Department revocation and reissuance is appropriate;	determines that
ii. permit; or	The Department has received notification, as required in the permit, of a propos	sed transfer of the
iii. (Subsection 202 request of the ne	A permit also may be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an a 2.02) but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer as permittee.	
following the pr Subsection 201. made for cause a	Minor Modifications of Permits. Upon the consent of the permittee, the Depart ethe corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this sociedures of Sections 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet), 109 (Public Notification ar 01. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this suand-must meet the requirements of Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet) and Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet)	ubsection without ad Comment), and absection must be
a.	Correct typographical errors;	()
b.	Require more frequent or not less frequent monitoring or reporting by the permitt	ree; (3-24-22) ()
c.	Change an interim compliance date in a compliance schedule of compliance, prov	rided the new date

is not more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the date specified in the existing permit and does not interfere

d. Allow for a change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittee has been

with attainment of attaining the final compliance date requirement;

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

submitted to the Department; (

- e. Change the construction schedule for a discharger which that is a new source. No such change shall affects a discharger's obligation to have all pollution control equipment installed and in operation prior to before discharge under Section 120 (New Sources and New Discharges), and 40 CFR 122.29(d);
- f. Delete a point source outfall when the discharge from that outfall is terminated and does not result in discharge of pollutants from other outfalls except in accordance with under permit limits; (3 24 22)(_____)
- g. Incorporate conditions of a POTW pretreatment program—that has been approved in accordance with—the procedures in 40 CFR 403.11 or a modification—that has been approved in accordance with—the procedures in 40 CFR 403.18 as enforceable conditions of the POTW's permits;
- h. Incorporate changes to the terms of a CAFO's nutrient management plan that have been were revised in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.42(e)(6); or (3-24-22)(_____)
- i. Require electronic reporting requirements (to replace paper reporting requirements) including those specified in 40 CFR Part 127 (NPDES Electronic Reporting).

202. TRANSFER OF IPDES PERMITS.

- **O1.** Transfers by Modification. Except as provided in Subsection 202.02, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been was modified or revoked and reissued under Subsection 201.02.d., or a minor modification was made under Subsection 201.03, to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act CWA. (3-24-22)(
- **02. Automatic Transfers.** As an alternative to transfers by modification, any IPDES permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if the:
- a. The eCurrent permittee notifies the Department at least thirty (30) days in advance of before the proposed transfer date;
- b. The nNotice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittee; and (3.24.22)(1.21)
- c. The Department does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. A modification under this subsection may also be a minor modification under Subsection 201.03. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement.

203. TERMINATION OF IPDES PERMITS.

01. Request to Terminate or Termination Initiated by the Department. Permits may be terminated either at the request of any interested person (including the permittee) or upon the Department's own initiative. However, ppermits may only be terminated for the reasons specified in Subsection 203.03 or 203.04.

(3.24.22)(

- **a.** Request for termination by persons other than the permittee must be submitted in writing to the Department.
- **b.** As of December 21, 2020, all NOTs submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the permittee to the Department in compliance to comply with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127 is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, the permittee may be required to report electronically if specified by a particular permit.

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

02.	Tentative Permi	t Termination	. Except as	provided in	Subsection	1 203.04, i	f the Depar	tment
tentatively decid	les to terminate a p	permit under St	ubsection 20	3.03, the De	partment w	ill issue a r	otice of -inte	ent to
terminateion. A 1	notice of intent to	terminate termi	nation will l	oe available f	or public co	omment, an	d the Depar	tment
will give notice	of an opportunit	y for public n	neetings, as	specified in	Section 1	09 (Public	Notification	ı and
Comment).	11	-		•		•	(3-24-22) (

03.	Cause to Terminate Permits	. The following are causes for	terminating a permit	during its term	ı, or
	nit renewal application:	e	C 1	(()

- a. Noncompliance by the permittee with any conditions of the permit; (3-24-22)(
- b. The pPermittee's failure in the application or during the permit issuance process to <u>fully</u> disclose fully all relevant facts, or the permittee's misrepresentation of any relevant facts at any time; (3-24-22)(_____)
- c. A dDetermination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination; or (3-24-22)(____)
- d. A eChange in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of any discharge or sludge use or disposal practice controlled by the permit (for examplee.g., plant closure or termination of discharge by connection to a POTW), or other situations where the Department has sufficiently reliable basis for determining discharge will cease.
- **04.** Expedited Termination Process for Terminated or Eliminated Discharge. If the entire discharge is permanently terminated by elimination of the eliminating flow or by connection connecting to a POTW (but not by land application or disposal into a well), the Department may terminate the permit by notice to the permittee.
- **a.** Termination by notice becomes effective thirty (30) days after notice is sent (expedited permit termination), unless the permittee objects within that time.
- **b.** If the permittee objects during that period, the Department will follow procedures for termination in Subsection 203.02.
- c. Expedited permit termination procedures are not available to permittees that are subject to pending state and/or federal enforcement actions including citizen suits brought under federal law. If requesting expedited permit termination procedures, a permittee must certify—that it is not subject to—any pending state or federal enforcement actions including citizen suits brought under federal law.

 (3-24-22)

204. APPEALS PROCESS.

O1. Petition for Review of a Permit Decision. Appeal of a final IPDES permit decision, issued under Section 107 (Decision Process), to the Hearing Authority is commenced by filing a Petition for Review with the Department's Hearing Coordinator within the time prescribed in Subsection 204.01.b. The "Hearing Authority" shall will be a Hearing Officer appointed by the Director from a pool of Hearing Officers approved by the Board.

 $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(3-24-22)}$

- a. Any person who is aggrieved by the final permit decision may file a Petition for Review as provided in this section. A person aggrieved is limited to the permit holder or applicant, and any person or entity who filed comments or who participated in the public meeting on the draft permit.
- **b.** A Petition for Review must be filed with the Department's Hearing Coordinator within twenty-eight (28) days after the Department serves notice of the final permit decision under Section 107 (Decision Process). A petition is filed when it is received by the Department's Hearing Coordinator at the address specified in Subsection 204.13.
 - c. In addition to meeting the requirements in Subsection 204.06, a Petition for Review must:

- i. Be confined to the issues raised during the public comment process or to changes made to the permit by the Department after the close of the public comment period;
- ii. Identify the permit condition or other specific aspect of the permit decision that is being challenged; (3-24-22)(____)
 - iii. Set forthState the legal and factual basis for the petitioner's contentions; (3 24 22)(
 - iv. Set forthState the relief sought; and (3-24-22)(
- **02. Public Notice of the Petition for Review.** Within fourteen (14) days of the date a Petition for Review has been filed, the Hearing Authority must give reasonable notice to the public of the petition.
- **O3.** Administrative Record Filed By the Department. The Department shall will file a certified copy of the administrative record, as identified in Section 600 (Administrative Records and Data Management), with an index within twenty-eight (28) days of the date the Petition for Review was filed.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- **04.** Participation by the Permit Applicant or Permit Holder. A permit applicant or permit holder who did not file a petition but who wishes to participate in the appeal process must file a notice of appearance within twenty-eight (28) days of the date the Petition for Review was filed.
- **05. Petition to Intervene.** Any person who has a direct and substantial interest in the outcome of the Petition for Review may file a Petition to Intervene.
- a. The Petition to Intervene must set forth state the interest of the intervener, and why intervention would will not unduly broaden the issues and cause delay or prejudice to the parties.
- **b.** Petitions to Intervene must be filed within fourteen (14) days of the notice of filing of the Petition for Review.
- **c.** Any party opposing a Petition to Intervene must file objections within seven (7) days after service of the Petition to Intervene and serve the objection upon all parties of record and upon the person petitioning to intervene.
- **d.** If a Petition to Intervene shows direct and substantial interest in the outcome of the Petition for Review, does not unduly broaden the issues, and will not cause delay or prejudice to the parties, the Hearing Authority-shall must grant intervention.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- 06. Content and Form Requirements for Petitions and Briefs. All pPetitions and briefs filed under this section must:
- **a.** Identify, in the caption, the permit applicant or holder, the permitted facility, and the permit number. The caption should also In the caption, include the case number, if available at the time of during filing, and the title of the document, and (3 24 22)(____)
- **b.** Specify on the upper left corner of the first page, the name, address, telephone number, e-mail address and facsimile number, if any, of the person filing the document. If the person filing the document is a representative of a party as provided in Subsection 204.11, the document must identify the name of the person or entity represented. No more than two (2) representatives for service of documents may be listed.
- **07.** Augmenting the Administrative Record. Consideration of the Petition for Review by the Hearing Authority is limited to the certified administrative record unless, upon the request of a party, the Hearing Authority allows the record to be augmented. A request to augment the record must be filed within fourteen (14) days of the filing of the certified administrative record, unless intervention is granted, in which case the request to augment must

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

be filed within fourteen (14) days of the date the order granting intervention is issued. The Hearing Authority may allow the record to be augmented if the requesting party shows that the additional information is material, is relevant to the issues raised in the appeal and that:

- a. There were <u>gG</u>ood reasons <u>exist</u> for failure to present the information during the permitting proceeding; or (3-24-22)(_____)
- b. There were a Alleged irregularities exist in the permitting proceeding and the party wishes to introduce evidence of the alleged irregularities.
- **O8.** Brief of the Petitioner. Once—all requests to augment the record and motions to intervene have been determined, the Hearing Authority—shall must issue an order notifying the parties that the administrative record has been settled and—of the date—by which the petitioner must file—petitioner's a brief in support of the Petition for Review. In addition to meeting the requirements of Subsection 204.06, the brief must include: (3 24 22)(
- a. The <u>IL</u>egal arguments and citations to legal authority—that support<u>ing</u> the allegations in the Petition for Review; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- **b.** The f<u>F</u>actual support for the allegations in the Petition for Review, including citations to the administrative record. $\frac{(3 \cdot 24 \cdot 22)(1)}{(3 \cdot 24 \cdot 22)(1)}$
 - c. A sStatement regarding whether the party desires requests an opportunity for oral argument.

 (3-24-22)(
- **09. Response Briefs**. Unless an alternative date is set by the Hearing Authority, the Department and all other parties must file response briefs within twenty-eight (28) days of the service of the petitioner's brief. In addition to meeting the requirements of Subsection 204.06, the response briefs must include:
 - a. A r R esponse to the arguments and assertions in the petitioner's brief (either in support or opposed); $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(3-24-22)}$
 - b. AcCitation to all legal authorities and facts in the administrative record relied upon; and
 - c. AsStatement-regarding whether the party-desires requests an opportunity for oral argument.
- 10. Reply Briefs by the Petitioner. Unless an alternative date is set by the Hearing Authority, the petitioner may file a reply brief within fourteen (14) days after service of response briefs. A petitioner may not raise new issues or arguments in the reply.
- 11. Representation of Parties. Unless otherwise authorized or required by law, appearances and representation of parties or other persons-shall be are as follows: (3-24-22)(_____)
- **a.** A natural person may represent himself or herself or be represented by an attorney or, if the person lacks full legal capacity to act for himself or herself, then by a legal guardian or guardian ad litem or representative of an estate;
 - **b.** A gGeneral partnership may be represented by a partner or an attorney; (3-24-22)(
- c. A eCorporation, or any other business entity other than a general partnership, must be represented by an attorney;
- d. A mMunicipal corporation, local government agency, unincorporated association or nonprofit organization must be represented by an attorney; or (3-24-22)(_____)
 - e. AsState, federal, or tribal governmental entity or agency must be represented by an attorney.

(3-24-22)(____

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12. Substitution and Withdrawal of Representatives. A party's representative may be changed and a new representative may be substituted by notice to all parties so long as if the proceedings are not unreasonably delayed. Representatives who wish to withdraw from a proceeding must immediately file a motion to withdraw representation and serve that motion on the party represented and all other parties.

13. Filing and Service Requirements.

- a. All dDocuments concerning actions governed by these rules must be filed with the Hearing Coordinator at the following address: Hearing Coordinator, Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706. Documents may also be filed by fax or may be filed electronically. The Hearing Coordinator's fax number and email address for filing electronically are and may be filed by email, US mail, hand-delivery, or fax. The Hearing Coordinator assigns case docket numbers, maintains case records and issues notices on behalf of the Department. Information for filing documents is available at www.deq.idaho.gov/petitions-for-review. The documents are deemed to be filed on the date received by the Hearing Coordinator. Upon receipt of the filed document, the Hearing Coordinator will provide confirmation to the originating party.

 (3 24 22)(____)
- b. All dDocuments—subsequent to filed after the petition must be served on all parties or representatives, unless otherwise directed by the Hearing Authority.
- **c.** Service of documents on the named representative is valid service upon the party for all purposes in the proceeding.
- 14. Proof of Service. Every document meeting the requirements conditions for service must be attached to or accompanied by proof of service containing the following certificate: A certificate of service template is available at https://www.deq.idaho.gov/public-information/laws-guidance-and-orders/petitions-for-review-and-precedential-orders

I hereby certify that on this (insert date), a true and correct copy of the foregoing (insert name of document) was served on the following as indicated below:

(insert names and addresses of parties and method of delivery (first class U.S. mail, facsimile, hand delivery, or overnight express))

(Signature)

(3-24-22)(

- **15. Motions**. A request for an interlocutory or procedural order or other relief must be made by written motion unless these rules prescribe another form.
- a. A motion must specifically state—with particularity the grounds for the motion, the relief sought, and the legal argument—necessary to supporting the motion. In advance of Before filing a motion, parties must attempt to ascertain whether the other parties concur or object to the motion and—must indicate in the motion the attempt made and the response obtained.

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- **b.** Any party may file a response to a motion. Responses must specifically state with particularity the grounds for opposition and the legal argument necessary to supporting the motion. The response must be filed within fifteen (15) days after service of the motion unless the Hearing Authority shortens or extends the time for response.

(3-24-22)(____

c. Any reply to a response must be filed within ten (10) days after service of the response. A reply must not introduce-any new issues or arguments and may respond only to matters presented in the response.

(3 24 22)(____

d. The Hearing Authority may act on a motion for a procedural order at any time without awaiting a

response. (3-24-22)(

e. Parties must file motions for extensions of time <u>sufficiently in advance of before</u> the due date to allow other parties to have a reasonable opportunity to respond to the request for more time and to provide the Hearing Authority with a reasonable opportunity to issue an order <u>prior to before</u> the due date.

- **16. Oral Argument**. The Hearing Authority may hold oral argument on its own initiative or at its discretion in response to a request by one or more of the parties.
- 17. Withdrawal of Permit or Portions of Permit by the Department. The Department may, at any time, upon notification to the Hearing Authority and all parties, withdraw the permit or specified portions of the permit and prepare a new draft permit under Section 108 (Draft Permit and Fact Sheet) addressing the portions—so withdrawn. The new draft permit—must will proceed through the same process of public comment and opportunity for a public meeting as—would apply to any other draft permits. If applicable,—any portions of the permit that are not withdrawn continue to apply, unless stayed under Sections 205 (Contested Permit Conditions) and 206 (Stays of Contested Permit Conditions). The For those portions of the permit that DEQ does not withdraw that are part of the appeal, the appeal shall will continue with respect to those portions of the permit that are contested in the appeal that the Department does not withdraw.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- 18. Request to Dismiss Petition. The petitioner, by motion, may request to have the Hearing Authority to dismiss its appeal. The motion must briefly state the reason for its request.
- **19. Burden of Proof.** The petitioner has the burden of proving the allegations in the Petition for Review. Factual allegations must be proven by a preponderance of the evidence.
- **20. Appointment of Hearing Officers.** The Hearing Authority <u>shall will</u> be a Hearing Officer appointed by the Director from a pool of Hearing Officers approved by the Board. Hearing Officers should be persons with technical expertise or experience in the issues involved in IPDES appeals. Notice of appointment of a Hearing Officer <u>shall will</u> be served on all parties. No Hearing Officer <u>shall will</u> be appointed that who has a conflict of interest as defined in 40 CFR 123.25(c).
- 21. Scope of Authority of the Hearing Authority. The Hearing Authority shall have the following (3-24-22)(____)
- a. The authority tTo set schedules and take such other actions to ensure an efficient and orderly adjudication of the issues raised in the Petition for Review; (3-24-22)(_____)
 - **b.** The authority t_To hear and decide motions; and

(3-24-22)(____

c. The authority tTo issue an order that decides the issues raised in the appeal, and includes including findings of fact and conclusions of law. The required contents of an order are set forth stated in Subsection 204.24.

(3-24-22)

22. Ex Parte Communications. The Hearing Authority—shall_must_not communicate, directly or indirectly, regarding—any substantive issues in the permit appeal with any party, except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate in the communication. The Hearing Authority may communicate ex parte with a party concerning procedural matters (e.g., scheduling). When the Hearing Authority becomes aware of a written ex parte communication regarding any substantive issue from a party or representative of a party during an appeal, the Hearing Authority shall place a copy of the communication in the case file—for the case and order the party providing the written communication to serve a copy of the written communication upon all parties of record. Written communications from a party showing service upon all other parties are not ex parte communications.

(3-24-22)(____

23. Alternative Dispute Resolution. Parties to the permit appeal may agree to use a means of alternative dispute resolution. (3-24-22)(_____)

24. Final Orders. (3-24-22)

administrative red	Final orders are issued by the Hearing Authority upon review of the petitions cord on appeal. Motions for reconsideration of a final order will not be considered.	
b.	Every f <u>F</u> inal order <u>s shall must</u> contain the following:	(3-24-22)()
<u> ia</u> .	A reasoned statement in support of the decision;	()
findings. The fin appeal, the augment	Findings of fact, with reference to the portions of the administrative record dings of fact must be based exclusively on the administrative record, or if augmented record;	
iii <u>c</u> .	Conclusions of law with respect to legal issues raised in the appeal;	()
ivd. to the Departmen	The final order-shall must either affirm the permitting decision, or vacate and remain with instructions; and	and the decision (3-24-22)()
<u>₩</u> e.	A statement of the right to judicial review as set forth stated in Section 204.26.	(3-24-22)()
e .	Motions for reconsideration of any final order shall not be considered.	(3-24-22)
25.	Final Agency Action for Purposes of Judicial Review.	()
a. permitting decision	Filing a Petition for Review is a prerequisite to seeking judicial review of the on.	ne Department's
b. action or determ permitting decision	For purposes of judicial review under Sections 39-107 and 67-5270, Idaho Co ination regarding an appeal of a permit occurs when a final order that affirms to is issued.	de, final agency he Department's (3-24-22)()
c. agency action for	An order that vacates and remands the decision to the Department with instruction with instruction to the Department with instruction with instru	ons is not a final (3 24 22)()
26.	Petition for Judicial Review.	(3-24-22)()
a. Subsection 204.2	Any person aggrieved by a final agency action or determination by the Departme 5 has a right to judicial review by filing a petition for judicial review.	ent as defined in
b.	The petition for judicial review must be:	<u>()</u>
i. district court and also be: and	-fFiled with the Hearing Coordinator as set out in accordance with Subsection 204 served on all parties pursuant to Section 67-5272, Idaho Code. The petition for judi	
ii. Attorney General filed in the Distri	sServed up on the Hearing Authority, all parties, the Director of the Department of the State of Idaho. Pursuant to Section 67-5272, Idaho Code, petitions for judicial ct Court of the county in which:	nt, and upon the al review may be (3 24 22)
i.	The hearing was held;	(3-24-22)
ii.	The final agency action was taken;	(3-24-22)
iii.	The party seeking review of the agency action resides; or	(3-24-22)
iv.	The real property or personal property that was the subject of the agency action is	located. (3-24-22)()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

c. must be filed wit	Pursuant to Section 67-5273, Idaho Code, a petition for judicial review of a final agency action thin twenty-eight (28) days of the service date of a final order issued by the Hearing Authority.
27.	IPDES General Permits. ()
a. challenge the co	Persons affected by an IPDES general permit may not file a petition under this section or otherwise anditions of a general permit in further Department proceedings. Instead, they may do either of the (3-24-22)()
i.	Challenge the conditions in a general permit by filing an action in court; or ()
	Apply for an individual IPDES permit under Section 105 (Application for an Individual IPDES prized in Section 130 (General Permits), and may then petition the Hearing Authority to review the tas provided by in these rules.
b. require an indivipermit.	As provided in Subsection 130.05.c., any interested person may also petition the Department to dual IPDES permit for any discharger eligible for authorization to discharge under an IPDES general ()
c. require applicati	The Department's decision to terminate, revoke or deny coverage under a general permit and to ion for an individual permit may be appealed pursuant to the provisions of under Section 204 (3 24 22)()
28.	Appeals of Variances. ()
	When the Department issues a permit on which EPA has made a variance decision, separate appeals nt permit and of the EPA variance decision are possible. If the owner or operator is challenging the oth proceedings, the EPA Region 10 Administrator will decide, in consultation with the Department, be heard first.
b.	Variance decisions made by EPA may be appealed under the provisions of 40 CFR 124.19.
c. by Section 205-	Stays for variances other than Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(g) variances are governed Contested Permit Conditions) and 206 (Stays of Contested Permit Conditions). (3-24-22)()
205. CONT	ESTED PERMIT CONDITIONS.
are stayed until f	Force and Effect of Conditions. As provided in Subsection 206.01, if an appeal of a permit under Section 204 (Appeals Process), the force and effect of the contested conditions of the permit final Department action. The Department-must will notify the discharger and-all interested parties of conditions of the permit that are enforceable obligations of the discharger in accordance with 01.c.
	Control Technologies. When effluent limitations are contested, but the underlying control of, the notice—must will identify the installation of the technology in accordance with the permit dules as an uncontested, enforceable obligation of the permit.
	Combination of Technologies . When a combination of technologies is contested, but a portion of is not contested, that portion must be identified as uncontested if compatible with the combination of posed by the requester.
04. be considered co	Inseverable Conditions. Uncontested conditions, if inseverable from a contested condition, must entested.
05.	Enforceable Dates. Uncontested conditions become enforceable thirty (30) days after the date of

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

notice 1	under Sub	section 205.01.	(
	06.	Uncontested Conditions. Uncontested conditions include:	(
permit	a. condition	Preliminary design and engineering studies or other requirements necessary to s-which that do not entail substantial expenditures; and	achieve the fina (3-24-22)(
under S	b. Section 20	Permit conditions which will have to that must be met regardless of the outcome (A) (Appeals Procedure).	me of the appea (3-24-22)(
206.	STAYS	OF CONTESTED PERMIT CONDITIONS.	
	01.	Stays.	(
stayed new so	only until urce, new	If a Petition for Review of an IPDES permit under Section 204 (Appeals Process) permit conditions are stayed pending final Department action. Uncontested permit the date specified in Subsection 206.01.b. If the permit involves a new facility or redischarger or a recommencing discharger, the applicant will not be issued a permit ction well, source, or discharger pending final Department action.	nit conditions are ew injection well
injectio	on wells, a	Uncontested conditions which that are not severable from those contested are standitions. The Department will identify the stayed provisions of permits for earnd sources. All oother provisions of the permit for the existing facility, injection fective and enforceable thirty (30) days after the date of the notification requires	existing facilities n well, or source
unconto	ested (and mit -as-of _	As soon as possible after receiving notification from the Hearing Coordinator ew, the Department will notify the Hearing Authority, the applicant, and all of severable) conditions of the final permit that will become fully effective enforced the date specified in Subsection 206.01.b., and the notice must comply with the tested Permit Conditions).	ther parties of the ble obligations o
	02.	Stays Based on Cross Effects.	(
		The Department may grant a stay based on the grounds that an appeal to the E04 (Appeals Process) of one permit may result in changes to another Department each of the permits involved has been appealed to the Department.	
	b. IPDES pe partment.	No stay of an EPA-issued NPDES permit may be granted based on the staying of rmit except at the discretion of the EPA Region 10 Administrator and only upon writing the staying of the EPA Region 10 Administrator and only upon writing the staying of the staying o	
	03.	Permittee Responsibilities. Any facility or activity holding an existing permit mu	ıst: (
proceed	a. ding unde	Comply with the conditions of thate permit during any modification or revocation section 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits); and	on and reissuance l (3-24-22) (
condition	ons -would	To the extent conditions of any new permit are stayed under this section, are existing permit—which correspond to the stayed conditions, unless compliance the is technologically incompatible with compliance with other new permit conduct have not been stayed.	with the existing

207. -- 299. (RESERVED)

300. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL PERMITS.

The following conditions apply to all IPDES permits. Additional conditions applicable to IPDES permits are in

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

Sections 301 (Permit Conditions for Specific Categories), 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions), and 40 CFR 122.42(e). All <u>applicable</u> conditions <u>applicable to IPDES permits</u> will be incorporated into the <u>IPDES</u> permits either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation must be given in the permit.

(3-24-22)(

- **01. Duty to Comply.** The permittee must comply with all conditions of the permit.
- **a.** Any pPermit noncompliance constitutes a violation of Idaho law, the Clean Water Act CWA, and is grounds for:
 - i. Enforcement action; ()
 - ii. Permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or
 - iii. Denial of a permit renewal application.
- b. The permittee shall must comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 307(a) for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d), Section 380 (Sewage Sludge) of these rules, and IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

 (3-24-22)(____)
- **O2. Duty to Reapply.** If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by the permit after the permit's expiration date of the permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. If the permittee complies with the application requirements of Section 105 (Application for an Individual IPDES Permit), or the notice of intent requirements of Section 130 (General Permits) for a general permit, and a permit is not issued prior to before the permit's expiration date, the permit shall remains in force as stipulated in Subsections 101.02 and 101.03.

(3-24-22)(

- 03. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity. In an enforcement action, a permittee may not assert as a defense that compliance with the conditions of the permit-would have made it necessary for requires the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity.

 (3-24-22)(______)
- **O4. Duty to Mitigate.** The permittee-shall must take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent-any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of the permit-which that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- **O5.** Proper Operation and Maintenance. The At all times, permittee shall at all times must properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which that are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- a. Proper operation and maintenance—also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures.
- **b.** This provision requires the operation of operating back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems, which are installed by a permittee, only when the operation is necessary needed to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit or are required by IDAPA 58.01.16 "Wastewater Rules." (3-24-22)(_____)
- **96. Permit Actions.** The permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The permittee filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. (3-24-22)
- **Property Rights.** The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
 - **O8.** Duty to Provide Information. The permittee-shall must furnish-to the Department information,

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

within a reasonable time, any information which that the Department may requests to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. The permittee shall also must furnish to the Department upon Department request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

(3-24-22)(_____)

Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall must provide the Department's inspectors, or authorized representatives, including authorized contractors acting as representatives of the Department, upon presentation of presenting credentials and other documents as may be required by law, access to: Enter-upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be are kept under the permit conditions of the permit; (3.24.22)(_ Any records that must be kept under the permit conditions of the permit and, at reasonable times, to copy-such the records; $\frac{(3 \cdot 24 \cdot 22)}{(3 \cdot 24 \cdot 22)}$ Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring to ensure permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act CWA, any substances or parameters at any location. (3.24.22)(Monitoring and Records. A permittee must comply with the following monitoring (3-24-22)(recordkeeping conditions: Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be must representative of the monitored activity. The pPermittee shall must retain the following records: b. All mMonitoring information, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, i. measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time; and (3-24-22)(The permittee's Records of sewage sludge use and disposal activities shall be retained for a period ii. of at least five (5) years or longer as required by 40 CFR Part 503. (3-24-22)(Records of monitoring information shall must include: c. i. All eCalibration and maintenance records; ii. All oOriginal strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation or other forms of data approved by the Department; $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(3-24-22)}$ Copies of all reports required by the permit; iii. (3 24 22)iv. Records of all data used to complete the application or notice of intent for the permit;

v.

vi.

vii.

viii.

ix.

The nNames of any individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements; (3 24 22)(

The dDate, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;

The nNames of any individual(s) who performed the analyses;

The date(s) any Dates analyses were performed;

The aAnalytical techniques or methods used; and

 $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(3-24-22)}$

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

х.	The rResults of the analysis.	(3-24-22)(
d. unless another te	Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under est method is required by 40 CFR Parts 401 through 471 or Part 501 through 503.	40 CFR Part 130
11. shall must be sig	Signatory Requirements. All a pplications, reports, or information submitted and certified in accordance with Section 090 (Signature Requirements) and mutant to Section 500 (Enforcement).	
12.	Reporting Requirements.	(
a. alterations or add	The permittee must give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any ditions to the permitted facility if:	planned physica
i. whether a facility (Definitions);	The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meets one (1) of the criter ity is a new source as defined in Section 120 (New Sources and New Dis	ia for determining that the charges and 010 (3 24 22)(
	The alteration or addition— <u>could may</u> significantly change the nature or increadinged. This notification applies to pollutants— <u>which are not</u> subject— <u>neither</u> to effluent otification requirements under Subsection 301.01.a.; or	
	The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sluduch the alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit cabsent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal states.	onditions that are
(1)	Not reported during the permit application process, or	(
(2)	Not reported pursuant to under an approved land application or sludge disposal p	lan. (3-24-22) (
b. facility or activit	The permittee must give advance notice to the Department of any planned change ty which that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.	es in the permittee (3-24-22)(
	The permit is not transferable to any person except after notice to the Departmen revoke and reissue a permit to change the name of the permittee and incormay be necessary under Section 202 (Transfer of IPDES Permits).	
d. requirements:	Monitoring results must be reported at the intervals specified in the permit and r	neet the following
practices. All rR permittee to the to under 40 CF	Monitoring results will be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) or rovided or specified by the Department for reporting results of monitoring of slud eports and forms submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted elepartment in compliance to comply with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unles R 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127 is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing ing. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, permittees may be	ge use or disposa ectronically by the s waived pursuan g requirements fo

- ii. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, or another method required for an industry-specific waste stream specified in the permit or under 40 CFR Parts 401 through 471 or Part 501 through Part 503, the results—of such monitoring will must be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR or sludge reporting form specified by the Department.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
 - iii. Calculations for all limitations—which that require averaging of measurements will utilize an

electronically if specified by a particular permit.

(3-24-22)(_

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

aritimetic mean	unless otherwise specified by the Department in the perinit.	(3-24-22)()
e.	A permittee must submit reports of compliance or noncompliance with,	or any progress reports on,

e. A permittee must submit reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any the compliance schedule of the permit no later than fourteen (14) days following each schedule date of each requirement. As of December 21, 2020, all reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the permittee to the Department in compliance with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127 is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, permittees may be required to electronically submit reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events under this section by a particular permit. The Director may also require permittees to electronically submit reports not related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sevents under this section.

(3-24-22)

- f. The permittee must report to the Department any noncompliance which that may endanger health or the environment as follows:

 (3-24-22)
- i. Within twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, provide any information orally;
- ii. Within five (5) days from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, provide a written submission that contains a description of:
 - (1) The nNoncompliance and its cause; (3-24-22)(
 - (2) The pPeriod of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; (3 24 22)(_____)
 - (3) If the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
 - (4) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance;
- (5) For noncompliance events related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events, these reports must include the data described in Subsections 300.12.f.ii(1) through (4), as well as the type of event (combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events), type of sewer overflow structure (e.g., manhole, combine sewer overflow outfall), discharge volumes untreated by the treatment works treating domestic sewage, types of human health and environmental impacts of the sewer overflow event, and whether the noncompliance was related to wet weather.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (6) As of December 21, 2020, all reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events—submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the permittee to the Department in compliance with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127—is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, permittees may be required to electronically submit reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events under this section by a particular permit. The Director may also require permittees to electronically submit reports not related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events under this section.
 - iii. The following information must be reported within twenty-four (24) hours:
- (1) Any uUnanticipated bypass which that exceeds any effluent limitations in the permit (see Subsection 300.07, Property Rights); (3-24-22)(_____)
 - (2) Any <u>uUpset-which that</u> exceeds any effluent limitations in the permit; and (3-24-22)(
 - (3) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

Department in the permit to be reported within twenty-four (24) hours (see-Subsection 302.09, Twenty-Four Hour Reporting); and

- iv. The Department may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis-for reports under Subsection 300.12.f.iii. if the oral report has been received within twenty-four (24) hours.
- g. The permittee must report—all instances of noncompliance not reported under Subsections 300.12.d., e., and f., at the time when the monitoring reports are submitted. The reports of noncompliance must contain the information listed in Subsection 300.12.f. As of December 21, 2020, all reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events—submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the permittee to the Department in compliance with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127—is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, permittees may be required to electronically submit reports related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sewer overflows, or bypass events under this section by a particular permit. The Director may also require permittees to electronically submit reports not related to combined sewer overflows, sanitary sevents under this section.

(3-24-22)(

- h. Wheren the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it must promptly submit such the facts or correct information.

 (3-24-22)(____)
 - 13. Bypass Terms and Conditions.

(

- a. Bypass, as defined in Section 010 (Definitions), is prohibited, and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - i. The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- ii. There were nNo feasible alternatives to the bypass existed, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if under reasonable judgment, adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass—which occurred from occurring during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
- iii. The permittee submitted a notice of a bypass to the Department in accordance with Subsections 300.13.c. and d. As of December 21, 2020, all nNotices submitted in compliance with this section must be submitted electronically by the permittee to the Department in compliance with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to under 40 CFR 127.15. 40 CFR Part 127 is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to this date, and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, permittees may be required to report electronically if specified by a particular permit.
- **b.** The Department may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Department determines that it will meet the three (3) conditions listed in Subsection 300.13.a. (3-24-22)(_____)
- c. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall must submit prior notice to the Department, if possible, at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.
- **d.** The permittee—<u>shall must</u> submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Subsection 300.12.f. (24-hour notice).
- e. Bypasses not exceeding limitations, are allowed to occur, and are not subject to Subsection 300.13.a. or 300.13.d. if:
 - i. The bypass does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, and (3-24-22)(____)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

ii.	Only if it also is for essential maintenance to asen sure efficient operation.	(3-24-22)()
14.	Upset Terms and Conditions.	()
a. permittee may cl establish the occ	In any enforcement action for noncompliance with technology-based permit efflu aim upset, as defined in Section 010 (Definitions), as an affirmative defense. A perfurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.		
b. upset, before an	Any determination made in administrative review of a claim that noncomplianc action for noncompliance is commenced, is not final administrative action subject to		
c. permittee who v contemporaneou	The following conditions are necessary for a permittee to demonstrate that an unvishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset must demonstrate, through soperating logs, or other relevant evidence that:	pset occurr properly si (red. A igned,)
i.	An upset occurred and-that the permittee can identify-the cause(s) of the upset;	(3 24 22)()
ii.	The permitted facility was properly operated at the time being properly operated;	(3-24-22)()
iii. 300.12.f.iii(2); ar	The permittee submitted twenty-four (24)-hour notice of the upset as requand	ired Subso	ection)
iv.	The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Subsection 30	0.04. (3-24-22) ()
15. Section 500 (Ent	Penalties and Fines . Permits- <u>must_will</u> include penalty and fine requirements- <u>proceedings</u> .	ursuant to _ (3-24-22) (under)
In addition to-co	IT CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC CATEGORIES. Inditions set forth in Section 300 (Conditions Applicable to all Permits), conditions all IPDES permits within the categories specified below.	identified i	in this
	Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, and Silvicultural Discharger equirements under Subsection 300.12, all existing manufacturing, commercial hargers must notify the Department as soon as they know or have reason to believe:	al, mining	
	That aAny activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur-which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur which would that resultsin the activity has occurred or will occur which would that the activity has occurred or will occur which that it is not limited in the permit if the activity has occurred or will be activity has a subject to the activity has occurred or will be activity has a subject to the activity has a sub		
i.	One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);	()
ii.	Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile;	()
iii. dinitrophenol; ar	Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 $\mu g/L$) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and fold	or 2-methy	rl-4,6-)
iv.	One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;	()
v. application in ac	Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutary cordance with Subsection 105.07; or	nt in the p	ermit
vi.	The level established by the Department in accordance with Subsection 302.08; ar	nd ()
b.	That aAny activity has occurred or will occur which would that results in any disc	.1	

Page 883

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

the highest of the	following notification levels:	(3-24-22) (
i.	Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μg/L);	()
ii.	One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;	()
iii. application in acc	Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant cordance with Subsection 105.07; or	t in the p	permit
iv.	The level established by the Department in accordance with Subsection 302.08.	()
02. of the following:	Publicly Owned Treatment Works. All-POTWs must provide adequate notice to	the Depart	tment
a. subject to the Cle	Any nNew introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect dischargerent Water Act section CWA Section 301 or 306 if it were directly discharging those		and
	Any sSubstantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the during persubsection, adequate notice shall must include information on:	duced into mit <u>issuanc</u> (3-24-22)(<u>e</u> . For
i.	The qQuality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW, and	(3-24-22) ()
ii. the POTW.	Any aAnticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be	discharged (3-24-22)(
Department under issuance of the procession must be set the Department in 127.15. 40 CFR Prior to this date,	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). The operator of a large or movement system MS4 or an municipal separate storm sewer that has been MS4 down and CFR 122.26(a)(1)(v) must submit an annual report by the anniversary of the system. As of December 21, 2020, a large or submitted in computation compliance with this section and 40 CFR Part 127 unless waived pursuant to part 127 is not intended to undo does not eliminate existing requirements for election and independent of 40 CFR Part 127, the owner, operator, or the duly authorized required to report electronically if specified by a particular permit. The report shall report sha	the date of the date of the with the date of the Mounder 40 stronic reporter than the stronic reporter than the date of the da	by the of the this IS4 to CFR orting. tive of de:
a. established as per	The sStatus of implementing the components of the storm water management print conditions;	orogram -th (3-24-22) (at are
b. conditions. Such	Proposed changes to the storm water management programs that are estable possed changes shall must be consistent with Subsection 105.18.b.iii.;	ished as p (3-24-22)(
c. application under	Revisions, if necessary, to the assessment of controls and the fiscal analysis report Subsection 105.18.b.iv. and 105.18.b.v.;	ted in the p	permit
d.	AsSummary of data, including monitoring data, that is accumulated throughout th	e reporting	year;
e.	Annual expenditures and budget for the year following each annual report;	()
f. education program	A sSummary describing the number and nature of enforcement actions, inspect ms; and	ions, and j (3-24-22)(public
g.	Identification of water quality improvements or degradation.	()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- **O4. Storm Water Dischargers.** The initial permits for discharges composed entirely of storm water issued <u>pursuant to under</u> 40 CFR 122.26(e)(7) <u>shall</u> require compliance with the conditions of the permit as expeditiously as practicable but in no <u>event</u> later than three (3) years after the date of <u>permi it is</u> suance of the permit.
- **05.** Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFOs). Any applicable permit must include provisions pursuant to under 40 CFR 122.42(e).

302. ESTABLISHING PERMIT PROVISIONS.

The Department will establish conditions, as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and ensure compliance with-all applicable requirements of the Clean Water Act CWA and state rules, including conditions under Section 101 (duration of permits), Section 305 (compliance schedules), Section 304 (monitoring), and electronic reporting requirements identified under 40 CFR Part 127. An IPDES permit-must will include conditions meeting the following requirements, when applicable, in addition to other applicable sections of these rules.

- **02.** Applicable Requirements. The Department—shall will establish conditions, as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and asen sure compliance with—all applicable requirements of the Clean Water Act CWA and Section 101 (Duration), and Subsections 304.01, and 305.01 of these rules. Applicable requirements include:

 (3 24 22)
- a. Applicable requirements include a lattitude a lattitude requirements which that take effect prior to before final administrative disposition of the permit.
- **b.** Applicable requirements also include a Any requirement—which that takes effect—prior to before the modification or revocation and reissuance of a permit under Section 201—(Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits).
- c. New or reissued permits, and to the extent allowed under Section 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits) for modified or revoked and reissued permits, shall will incorporate each of the applicable requirements referenced in Sections 200 (Renewal of IPDES Permits), and 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions) through 304 (Monitoring and Reporting Requirements).
 - 03. Technology-Based Effluent Limitations and Standards. (3-24-22)
 - **a.** Technology-based effluent limitations and standards shall be based on: (3-24-22)(
- i. Effluent limitations and standards promulgated under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301;
- ii. New source performance standards promulgated under-the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 306;
- iii. Effluent limitations determined on a case-by-case basis under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(a)(1); or (3-24-22)(
 - iv. Accombination of the three (3), in accordance with 40 CFR 125.3. (3.24.22)(
- **b.** For new sources or new dischargers, these technology-<u>based limitations</u> and standards are subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 122.29(d).
- c. The Department may authorize a discharger, subject to technology-based—effluent limitations guidelines <u>ELGs</u> and standards in an IPDES permit, to forgo sampling of a pollutant found at 40 CFR Parts 401 through 471, if the discharger has demonstrated through sampling and other technical factors that the pollutant is not

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

present in the discharge or is present only at background levels from intake water and without any increase in the pollutant due to activities of the discharger.

- i. Thise waiver is good only for the term of the permit and is not available during the term of the first NPDES or IPDES permit issued to a discharger.
- ii. Any request for thise waiver must be submitted when applying for a reissued permit or modification of a reissued permit. The request must demonstrate through sampling or other technical information, including information generated during an earlier permit term that the pollutant is not present in the discharge or is present only at background levels from intake water and without any increase in the pollutant due to activities of the discharger.
- iii. Any grant of the monitoring waiver approvalmust will be included in the permit as an express permit condition and the reasons supporting the grant approval must will be documented in the permit's fact sheet.

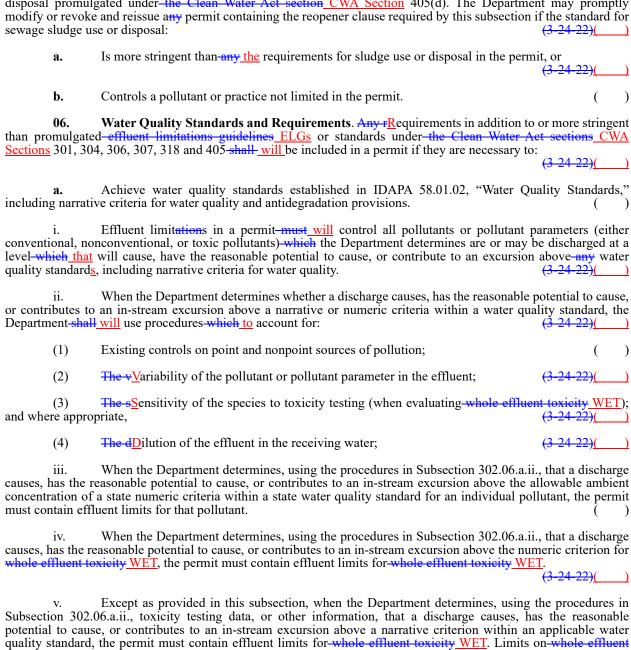
 (3-24-22)(
- iv. This provision does not supersede certification processes and requirements already established in existing effluent limitations guidelines ELGs and standards.

04. Other Effluent Limitations and Standards.

- (3 24 22)(
- a. If any applicable toxic effluent limitations and standards under the Clean Water Act sections CWA Section 301, 302, 303, 307, 318, and 405 or prohibition (including any schedules of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is are promulgated under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 307(a) for a toxic pollutant and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in the permit, the Department shall will initiate proceedings under Section 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits) to modify or revoke and reissue the permit to conform to the more stringent toxic effluent standard or prohibition (see also Subsection 300.01).
- **b.** Standards for sewage sludge use or disposal under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d), Section 380 (Sewage Sludge) of these rules, and IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," shall will be applied, unless those standards have been included in a permit issued under the appropriate provisions of:
 - i. Subtitle C of the Solid Waste Disposal Act; (
 - ii. Part C of Safe Drinking Water Act; (
 - iii. The Clean Air Act; or
 - iv. State permit programs approved by the EPA. ()
- c. When there are no applicable standards exist for sewage sludge use or disposal, the permit may include requirements developed on a case-by-case basis to protect public health and the environment from any adverse effects which that may occur from toxic pollutants in sewage sludge.
- d. If any applicable standard for sewage sludge use or disposal is promulgated under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d), Section 380 (Sewage Sludge) of these rules, and IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," and that standard is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant or practice in the permit, the Department may initiate proceedings under these regulations to modify or revoke and reissue the permit, in compliance to comply with Section 201 (Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance of IPDES Permits), to conform to the standard for sewage sludge use or disposal.
- e. Include-any requirements applicable to cooling water intake structures under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316(b), in accordance with 40 CFR 125.80 through 125.99.
 - **05.** Reopener Clause. For any permit issued to a TWTDS (including sludge-only facilities), the

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

Department-shall will include a reopener clause to incorporate-any applicable standards for sewage sludge use or disposal promulgated under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d). The Department may promptly modify or revoke and reissue any permit containing the reopener clause required by this subsection if the standard for



and maintain applicable numeric and narrative state water quality standards. When the state has not established a numeric water quality criterion for a specific chemical pollutant that is present in an effluent at a concentration that causes, has the reasonable potential to cause, or contributes to an excursion above a narrative criterion within an applicable state water quality standard, the

toxicity WET are not necessary where the Department demonstrates in the fact sheet of the IPDES permit fact sheet, using the procedures in Subsection 302.06.a.ii., that chemical-specific limits for the effluent are sufficient to attain

(3.24.22)(

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

	· · · · J· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-1	<u> </u>
Department-mus	will establish effluent limits using one	(1) or more of the followin	g options:	(3-24-22)()
	Establish effluent limits using a A calculate that the Department demonstrates fully protect the designated use. Such a A	will attain and maintain a	pplicable narrat	tive water quality
(a) criterion, and	Using a proposed criterion, or an explication	cit policy or regulation inte	rpreting its narra	ntive water quality
	Supplemented with other relevant info pook, as currently revised, risk assessmenting Administration (FDA), and current E	ent data, exposure data, info		
(2) published under- information; or	Establish effluent limits on a case-by- the Clean Water Act section CWA Sect			
(3)	Establish effluent limitations on an iIn	dicator parameter for the po	ollutant of conce	ern, provided <u>the:</u> (3-24-22)()
(a) effluent limitation	The pPermit identifies which the poll on;	utants -are intended to be c	ontrolled by the	e use of <u>using</u> the (3-24-22)()
	The rRequired fact sheet sets forth state the limit on the indicator parameter will refin and maintain applicable water quality	result in controls on the po		
(c) the permit the li and	The pPermit requires all effluent and a mit on the indicator parameter continue			
(d) the permit if the	The pPermit contains a reopener claus limits on the indicator parameter no long			
vii. will ensure that	When developing water quality-based he:	effluent limits under this	subsection, the	Department shall (3-24-22)()
(1) subsection is der	The IL evel of water quality to be a vived from, and complies with all applications.	chieved by limits on poinable water quality standards	nt sources estab s; and	lished under this (3-24-22)()
(2) criterion, or both discharge prepar	Effluent limits developed to protect as, are consistent with the assumptions and by the state and approved by EPA-pu	d requirements of any avail	lable wasteload	eric water quality allocations for the (3-24-22)()
b. under the Clean	Attain or maintain a specified water qu Water Act section CWA Section 302;	ality through water quality	related effluent	limits established (3-24-22)()
c. 402(b)(5) when	Conform to applicable water quality rethe discharge affects a state other than Id	equirements under the Clear laho;	n Water Act sec	tion CWA Section (3-24-22)()
d. requirements est CWA Section 30	Incorporate any more stringent limitablished under federal or state law or $1(b)(1)(C)$;	tations, treatment standar regulations in accordance	ds, or schedule with the Clean	es of compliance Water Act section (3-24-22)()

e.

Ensure consistency with the requirements of a Water Quality Management plan approved by EPA

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

under the Clean	Water Act section CWA Section 208(b); or	(3-24-22) ()
f. different factors,	Incorporate alternative effluent limitations or standards wheren warranted bunder 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32.	by fundamentally (3-24-22)()
07.	Technology-Based Controls for Toxic Pollutants.	()
under Section 30	In determining whether to include limitations on toxic pollutants in a permit under establish limits in accordance with Subsections 302.03, 302.04, and 302.06 and 01-(Permit Conditions for Specific Categories), or other relevant information. The lopment of limitations included in the permit.	l in a notification
information) are	An IPDES permit-must will include limitations to control all toxic pollutants which don information reported in a permit application under Subsection 105.07 and 301 or may be discharged at a level greater than the level-which that can be achieved by requirements appropriate to the permittee under 40 CFR 125.3(c).	.01.a., or on other
c. 302.07.b. will be	The requirement that the limitations control—the pollutants meeting the criter satisfied by:	ria of Subsection (3-24-22)()
i.	Limitations on those toxic pollutants; or	(3-24-22)()
ii. treat ment of the	Limitations on other pollutants which that, in the judgment of the Departm pollutants under Subsection 302.07.b. to the levels required by 40 CFR 125.3(c).	ent, will provide (3-24-22)()
Department's in	Notification Level. An IPDES permit-must will include a condition requiringe a eds the notification level of Subsection 301.01.a., upon a petition from the peritiative. This new notification level may not exceed the level—which that can be d treatment requirements appropriate to the permittee under 40 CFR 125.3(c).	rmittee or on the
300.12.f.iii(3), ir	Twenty-Four (24) Hour Reporting. A permit will list pollutants for which to tiolations of maximum daily discharge limitations within twenty-four (24) hours accluding any toxic pollutants or hazardous substances, or any pollutants a toxic pollutant or hazardous substance.	under Subsection
10.	Permit Durations. Permits must include permit durations pursuant to under Subs	section 101.01.
11. Section 304 (Mo	Monitoring Requirements. Permits-must will include monitoring requirements- nitoring and Reporting Requirements).	pursuant to <u>under</u> (3-24-22)()
12.	Pretreatment Program for POTWs. A POTW permit-must will include pretr	reatment program

b. Submit a local program when required by and in accordance with 40 CFR Part 403, to ensure compliance with pretreatment standards to the extent applicable under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 307(b):

discharging into the POTW subject to Pretreatment Standards under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section

Identify, in terms of the character and volume of pollutants, any of Significant Industrial Users

- i. The Incorporate the local program-shall be incorporated into the permit as described in 40 CFR Part 403, and
- ii. The program must require all Require indirect dischargers to the POTW to comply with the reporting requirements of 40 CFR Part 403;

conditions requiring the permittee to:

307(b) and 40 CFR Part 403;

(3-24-22)(

- **c.** Provide written technical evaluation of the need to revise local limits under 40 CFR 403.5(c)(1), following permit issuance or reissuance; and
- d. POTWs-which that are sludge-only facilities, are required to must develop a pretreatment program under 40 CFR Part 403, when the Department determines that a pretreatment program is necessary to asen sure compliance with the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405(d).
- 13. Best Management Practices. An IPDES permit—must_will include best management practices (BMPs) to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when:
- a. Authorized under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 304(e) for the to control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities;
- **b.** Authorized under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(p) for the to control of storm water discharges;
 - c. Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or
- d. The pPractices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the Clean Water Act CWA. (3-24-22)(______)
- 14. Reissued Permits. When a permit is renewed or reissued, it must will include provisions pursuant to under Section 200 (Renewal of IPDES Permits).
- 15. Privately-Owned Treatment Works. For a privately owned treatment works, any conditions expressly applicable to any users, as a limited co-permittee, that may be necessary in the permit issued to the treatment works to ensure compliance with applicable requirements under this section.
- a. Alternatively, the Department may issue separate permits to the treatment works and to its users, or may require a separate permit application from any user.
- **b.** The Department's decision to issue a permit with no conditions applicable to <u>any</u> users, to impose conditions on one (1) or more users, to issue separate permits, or to require separate applications, and the basis for that decision, <u>shall will</u> be stated in the fact sheet for the draft permit for the treatment works.

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- 16. Grants. An IPDES permit must will include any conditions imposed in grants made by the EPA to POTWs under the Clean Water Act sections CWA Sections 201 and 204, which that are reasonably necessary for the to achievement of effluent limitations under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301.
- 17. Sewage Sludge. An IPDES permit-must will include any requirements under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 405 governing the disposal of sewage sludge from POTWs or any other TWTDS for any use for which uses where regulations have been established, in accordance with any applicable regulations. (3-24-22)
- 18. Navigation. An IPDES permit—must will include—any conditions—that the Secretary of the Army considers necessary to ensure—that navigation and anchorage will not be substantially impaired, in accordance with Subsection 103.04 and 109.02.

19. Qualifying State or Local Programs.

- a. For storm water discharges associated with small construction activity disturbing one (1) acre or more, but less than five (5) acres as specified in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(15), the Department may include permit conditions that incorporate by reference qualifying state or local erosion and sediment control program requirements. Where a qualifying state or local program does not include one (1) or more of the elements in this subsection, then the Department must include those elements as conditions in the permit.
 - **b.** A qualifying state or local erosion and sediment control program is one that includes requirements

)

for construction site operators to:

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

(3-24-22)(

i.	Requirements for construction site operators to il mplement appropriate erosion and	sedime	ent
control best man	nagement practices BMPs; (3-24-2		_)
ii. materials, concre impacts to water	Requirements for construction site operators to eControl waste such as discarded ete truck washout, chemicals, litter, and sanitary waste at the construction site that may cause a quality;	e adver	ng :se _)
iii. prevention plan,	Requirements for construction site operators to dDevelop and implement a storm water which must include ing:		on _)
(1)	Site descriptions;	()
(2)	Descriptions of appropriate control measures;	()
(3)	Copies of approved state or local requirements;	()
(4)	Maintenance procedures;	()
(5)	Inspection procedures;	()
(6)	Identification of non-storm water discharges; and	()
iv. quality impacts.	Requirements to submit a site plan for review that incorporates consideration of potent (3.24.2		ter
ultimately disturpermit condition requirements. A listed in Subse technology-base	For storm water discharges from a construction activity disturbing five (5) acres or more, is sturb less than acres (5) acres but are part of a larger common plan of development or sale rb five (5) acres or more, as specified in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(x), the Department may not that incorporate by reference qualifying state or local erosion and sediment control qualifying state or local erosion and sediment control program is one that includes the ctions 302.19.a. and b. and any additional requirements necessary to achieve the act at a standards of best available technology and best conventional technology based on gment of the permit writer.	that wy inclu- progra elemer pplical the be	rill de am nts ole est
303. CALC	ULATING PERMIT PROVISIONS.		
will be establish Subsections 302	Outfalls and Discharge Points. All ppermit effluent limitations, standards and prohibition and for each outfall or discharge point of the permitted facility, except as otherwise provided 1.13, (Best Management Practices,) and Subsection 303.08, (Internal Waste Streams.)	ons -sh led und	all ler
	(3-24-2	-2) (<u> </u>
02.	Production-Based Limitations. (3-24-2)	(2) (_)
a. calculated based	In the case of For POTWs, permit effluent limitations, standards, or prohibitions—shall on design flow.		be _)
b. permit limitation be based upon a	Except—in the case of for POTWs or as provided in Subsection 303.02.b.ii., calculations, standards, or prohibitions—which are based on production (or other measure of operation)—reasonable measure of actual production of the facility.	shall w	ny ill)
i. production. The permit—limitation discharge limitation	For new sources or new dischargers, actual production—shall_must be estimated using time period of the measure of production—shall_must correspond to the time period of the cons; for example, limit (e.g., monthly production—shall—be_is used to calculate average tions.	alculat month	ed

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- ii. The Department may include a condition establishing alternate permit limitations, standards, or prohibitions based upon anticipated increased (not to exceed maximum production capability) or decreased production levels.
- iii. For the automotive manufacturing industry only, the Department-shall will establish an alternate condition under <u>Subsection</u> 303.02.b.ii., if the applicant satisfactorily demonstrates to the Department, at the time the <u>during</u> application is <u>submitted submittal</u>, that:
- (1) Its a A ctual production, as indicated in Subsections 303.02.b. and 303.02.b.i. is substantially below maximum production capability, and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (2) There is a rReasonable potential exists for an increase above actual production during the duration of the permit.
 - iv. If the Department establishes permit conditions under Subsection 303.02.b.ii.:
- (1) The permit-shall will require the permittee to notify the Department at least two (2) business days prior to a before the month-in which the permittee expects to operate at a level higher than the lowest production level identified in the permit. The notice shall must specify:

 (3-24-22)(____)
- (a) The a Anticipated level, and the period-during which the permittee expects to operate at the alternate level; and (3-24-22)(_____)
- (b) If the notice covers more than one (1) month, the notice shall specify the reasons for the anticipated production level increase; and (3-24-22)(____)
- (c) New notice of discharge at alternate levels is required to <u>must</u> cover a period or production level not covered by a prior notice or, if during two (2) consecutive months otherwise covered by a notice, the production level at the permitted facility does not in fact meet the higher level designated in the notice; (3 24 22)(_____)
- (2) The permittee-shall must comply with the limitations, standards, or prohibitions that correspond to the lowest level of production specified in the permit, unless the permittee has notified the Department under Subsection 303.02.b.ii., in which case the permittee-shall must comply with the lower of the actual level of production during each month or the level specified in the notice; and

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- (3) The permittee shall must submit, with the Discharge Monitoring Report, the level of production that actually occurred during each month and the limitations, standards, or prohibitions applicable to that level of production.

 (3 24 22)(_____)
- **03. Metals**. All pPermit effluent limitations, standards, or prohibitions for a metal—shall will be expressed in terms of total recoverable metal as defined in 40 CFR Part 136, unless: (3 24 22)(____)
- a. An applicable effluent standard or limitation has been promulgated under the Clean Water Act CWA and specifies the limitation for the metal in the dissolved or valent or total form; (3 24 22)()
- **b.** In establishing permit limitations on a case-by-case basis under 40 CFR 125.3, it is necessary to express specify the limitation on the metal in the dissolved or valent or total form to carry out the provisions of the Clean Water Act CWA; or (3-24-22)(_____)
- c. All aApproved analytical methods for the metal inherently measure only its dissolved form (e.g., hexavalent chromium).
- **04.** Continuous Discharges. For continuous discharges, all permit effluent limitations, standards, and prohibitions, including those necessary to achieve water quality standards, shall will, unless impracticable, be stated as:
 - a. Maximum daily and average monthly discharge limitations for all dischargers other than POTWs;

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

or			(2.24.22)(
OI .	b.	Average weekly and average monthly discharge limitations for POTWs.	(3-24-22)(
(Definit	05. tions), sha	Noncontinuous Discharges. Discharges which that are not continuous, as defined be particularly will be described and limited, considering the following factors,	
weeks);	a.	Frequency (for examplee.g., a batch discharge shall must not occur more than on	ce every three (3 (3-24-22)(
(200) ki	b. ilograms	Total mass (for examplee.g., not to exceed one hundred (100) kilograms of zinc of chromium per batch discharge);	and two hundred (3-24-22)(
(2) kilo	c. grams of	Maximum rate of discharge of pollutants during the discharge (for example e.g., zinc per minute); and	not to exceed two (3-24-22)(
		Prohibition or limitation of specified pollutants by mass, concentration, or amplee.g., shall must not contain at any time more than one-tenth (0.1) mg/L zinc 50) grams (one-fourth (1/4) kilogram) of zinc in any discharge).	
	06.	Mass Limitations.	(3-24-22) (
terms of	a. f mass ex	All pPollutants limited in permits shall will have limitations, standards, or prohibition.	tions expressed in (3-24-22)(
mass;	i.	pH, temperature, radiation, or other pollutants which that cannot appropriately	be expressed by (3-24-22)(
	ii.	When applicable standards and limitations are expressed in terms of other units of	f measurement; o
of opera	ation (for	If in establishing permit limitations on a case-by-case basis under 40 CFR ins of mass are infeasible because the mass of the pollutant discharged cannot be releasenable.g., discharges of TSS from certain mining operations), and permit conducted as a substitute for treatment.	ated to a measur
measure	b. ement, an	Pollutants limited in terms of by mass, may also be limited in terms of by d the permit shall requires the permittee to comply with both limitations.	oy other units o (3-24-22)(
	07.	Pollutant Credits for Intake Water.	(
potentia	a. al and esta	The following definitions apply to the consideration of intake credits in deternablishing technology_based and water quality_based effluent limits for IPDES per	nining reasonable mits. (3-24-22)(
		An intake pollutant is the amount of a pollutant that is present in waters of the discharger or other facility supplying the discharger with intake water.	
water a	s the disc point in tl	An To be eligible for intake credit, an intake pollutant must be from the same booker to be eligible for an intake credit. An intake pollutant is considered to be from charge if, and the Department finds that the intake pollutant would have reached the receiving water within a reasonable period had if it had not been removed by the stablished if:	the same body of the vicinity of the

(1)

The background concentration of the pollutant in the receiving water (excluding any amount of the

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
pollutant in the fa	acility's discharge) is similar to that in the intake water;	(
(2)	There is a A direct hydrological connection exists between the intake and discharge	e points; and (3-24-22)(
(3) receiving waters.	Water quality characteristics (e.g., temperature, pH, hardness) are similar in	the intake and
iii. the pollutant to-n vicinity of the ou permittee.	The Department may—also consider other site-specific factors relevant to the tran nake the finding determine in a particular case that a pollutant would—or would not utfall point in the receiving water within a reasonable period—had it if it had not been	have reached the
within a reasonal from the same be	An intake pollutant from ground water may be considered to be from the same bornmines that the pollutant would have reached the vicinity of the outfall point in the ble period had it if it had not been removed by the permittee, except that such a though of water if the ground water contains the pollutant partially or entirely due to l, commercial, or municipal operations, disposal actions, or treatment processes.	e receiving wate e pollutant is no
v. pollutant and out	The determinations made under Subsections 303.07.b. and c. will be made or fall-by-outfall basis.	n a pollutant-by (
for the discharge,	These provisions do not alter the Department's obligation under Subsection 3 limitations consistent with the assumptions and requirements of any available waste, that is part of a TMDL prepared by the Department and approved by EPA-pursuant to under 40 CFR 130.7(d).	e load allocation
b.	Consideration of intake pollutants for technologybased effluent limitations:	(
i. adjusted to reflec	Upon request of the discharger, technology-based effluent limitations or standart credit for pollutants in the discharger's intake water if the:	rds -shall_will _b (3-24-22) (
(1) specifically provi	The a Applicable effluent limitations and standards contained in 40 CFR Part 4 ide that they shall will be applied on a net basis; or	01 through 471 (3-24-22)(
(2) technology-based standards in the a	The dDischarger demonstrates that the control system it proposesd or usesd to d limitations and standards would, if properly installed and operated, meet the absence of pollutants in the intake waters.	
	Credit for generic pollutants such as BOD or TSS-should will not be granted unled the constituents of the generic measure in the effluent are substantially similar to the ure in the intake water or-unless appropriate additional limits are placed on process all or elsewhere.	ne constituents o
	Credit—shall_will be granted only to the extent necessary to meet the applica maximum value equal to the influent value. Additional monitoring may—be necess dits and compliance with permit limits.	
iv. the same body of Department finds	Credit-shall will be granted only if the discharger demonstrates that the intake was f water into which where the discharge is made. The Department may waive this rest that no environmental degradation will result.	
v. treatment of intal	This section does not apply to the discharge of raw water clarifier sludge gen	nerated from the

c.

Consideration of intake pollutants for water quality based effluent limitations:

(3 24 22)(

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- i. The Department will evaluate if there is reasonable potential exists for the discharge of an identified intake pollutant to cause or contribute to an exceedance of a narrative or numeric water quality criterion. If the Department determines that an intake pollutant in the discharge does not have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an exceedance of an applicable water quality standard, the Department is not required to include a water quality-based effluent limit for the identified intake pollutant in the facility's permit.
- ii. If a reasonable potential exists, then water quality-based effluent limits may be established that reflect a credit for intake pollutants where a discharger demonstrates that the following conditions are met:

(3-24-22)(

- (1) The f<u>F</u>acility removes the intake water containing the pollutant from the same body of water-into which where the discharge is made; (3-24-22)(
- (2) The aAmbient background concentration of the pollutant does not meet the most stringent applicable water quality criterion for that pollutant; (3-24-22)(_____)
- (3) The ff acility does not alter the identified intake pollutant chemically or physically in a manner that would to cause adverse water quality impacts to occur that would not occur if the pollutants had not been removed from the body of water;

 (3-24-22)(____)
- (4) The t<u>Timing</u> and location of the discharge would does not cause adverse water quality impacts to occur that would not occur if the identified intake pollutant had not been removed from the body of water; and (3.24.22)
- (5) For the purpose of determining water quality-based effluent limits, the facility does not increase the identified intake pollutant concentration at the point of discharge as compared to the pollutant concentration in the intake water.
- iii. Where the conditions in Subsection 303.07.c.i. and ii are met, the Department may establish a water quality-based effluent limitation allowing a facility to discharge a mass and concentration of the intake pollutant that are no greater than the mass and concentration found in the facility's intake water. A discharger may add mass of the pollutant to its waste stream if an equal or greater mass is removed prior to before discharge, so there is no net addition of the pollutant in the discharge compared to the intake water.
- iv. Where intake water for a facility is provided by a municipal water supply system and the supplier provides treatment of the raw water that removes an intake water pollutant, the concentration of the intake water pollutant will be determined at the point where the water enters the water supplier's distribution system.
- v. Where a facility discharges intake pollutants from multiple sources that originate from the receiving water body and from other water bodies, the Department may derive an effluent limit reflecting the flow-weighted amount of each source of the pollutant—provided that if conditions in Subsection 303.07.c.ii.—of this subsection are met and adequate monitoring to determine compliance can be established and is included in the permit.
- vi. The permit will specify how compliance with mass and concentration-based limitations for the intake water pollutant will be assessed. This <u>assessment</u> may be <u>done by basing based on</u> the effluent limitation on background concentration data. Alternatively, the Department may determine compliance by monitoring the pollutant concentrations in the intake water and in the effluent. This mMonitoring may be supplemented by monitoring internal waste streams or by a Department evaluation of the use of best management practices BMPs. (3-24-22)(_____)
- viii. When determining whether water quality based effluent limitations are necessary, information from chemical-specific, whole effluent toxicity WET and biological assessments will be considered independently.

(3-24-22)(____

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

allocation	ix. ons or	Permit limits— <u>must_will</u> be consistent with the assumptions and requirement other provisions in a TMDL that has been approved by the EPA.	nt of waste load (3-24-22)()
	08.	Internal Waste Streams.	()
before 1	mixing	When permit effluent limitations or standards imposed at the point of discharge luent limitations or standards for discharges of pollutants may be imposed on intergout with other waste streams or cooling water streams. In those instances, the monitation of the internal waste streams and Reporting Requirements) shall will also be applied to the internal waste streams.	nal waste streams oring required by
exception	b. onal ci	Limits on internal waste streams will be imposed only when the fact sheet—se reumstances—which that make such the limitations necessary, such as:	ts forth states the
	i.	When the final discharge point is inaccessible (for example e.g., under ten (10) mo	eters of water); (3-24-22)()
	ii.	The wWastes at the point of discharge are so diluted as to it makes monitoring im	practicable; or (3-24-22)()
impract	iii. icable	The iInterferences among pollutants at the point of discharge would make deter-	ection or analysis (3-24-22)()
	09.	Disposal of Pollutants into Wells, into POTWs, or by Land Application.	()
pollutar discharg	nts -bei ge in a	When part of a discharger's process wastewater is not-being discharged into wa e it is disposed into a well, into a POTW, or by land application, thereby reducing the ng discharged into waters of the United States, applicable effluent standards and I n IPDES permit-shall will be adjusted to reflect the reduced raw waste resulting fromtions and standards in the permit-shall be are calculated by one (1) of the following n	e flow or level of imitations for the such the disposal.
		If none of the waste from a particular process is discharged into waters of the Unitions guidelines <u>ELGs</u> provide separate allocation for wastes from that process, all a be <u>are</u> eliminated from calculation of permit effluent limitations or standards; or	
waste si dividing adjusted land ap	tream g the 1 d unde plicati	In all cases other than those described in Subsection 303.09.a.i., effluent limitation derived by applying effluent limitation guidelines by the amount of wastewater flow to be treated and discharged into waters of the Uresult by the total wastewater flow. Effluent limitations and standards—so calculater 40 CFR Part 125, subpart D, to make them more or less stringent if discharges to we on change the character or treatability of the pollutants—being discharged to receive algebraically expressed as:	ELGs to the total Jnited States, and d may be further lls, POTWs, or by
	:	P=(E x N)/T; where P is the permit effluent limitation, E is the limitation derived applying effluent guidelines to the total waste stream, N is the wastewater flow to treated and discharged to waters of the United States, and T is the total wastewater flow	o be
			(3-24-22)()
ELGs:	b.	Subsection 303.09.a. does not apply to the extent that promulgated-effluent limit	tations guidelines (3-24-22)()
	i.	Control concentrations of pollutants discharged but not mass; or	()
	ii.	Specify a different specific technique for adjusting effluent limitations to account	for well injection,

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

land app	lication,	or disposal into POTWs.	(3-24-22)()
requirem Specific	c. nents est Categori	Subsection 303.09.a. does not alter a discharger's obligation to meet—any ablished under Sections 300 (Conditions Applicable to all Permits), 301 (Permites), 40 CFR 122.42(e), and 302 (Establishing Permit Provisions).	more stringent it Conditions for (3 24 22)()
	d.	Disposal of discharge into injection wells is regulated by:	()
Minimu	i. m Standa	Idaho Department of Water Resources, in compliance with the IDAPA 37.03 ands for the Construction and Use of Injection Wells," for a Class I injection well; or	
Subsurfa	ii. ice Sewa	Health District having with jurisdiction, in compliance with IDAPA 58.01. ge Disposal Rules," for a Class V injection well.	.03, "Individual/ (3-24-22)()
58.01.17	e. ', "Recyc	Disposal of discharge onto the surface of the land is regulated by the Departme eled Water Rules."	ent under IDAPA
304.	MONIT	TORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.	
	01.	Monitoring Requirements. A permit-must will include the following requirement	s for monitoring:
monitori	a. ng equip	Requirements—concerning for the proper use, maintenance, and installation, whe ment or methods (including biological monitoring methods when appropriate);	n appropriate, of (3-24-22)()
represen	b. t ative of	The tType, intervals, and frequency of monitoring sufficient to yield data-the monitored activity including, when appropriate, continuous monitoring;	which are that (3-24-22)()
regulated Reportin	c. d activity g). Repo	Provisions for reporting the results of monitoring, including frequency, appry based on the impact of that activity and as specified in 40 CFR Part 127 (Norting-shall must be no less frequent than specified in 40 CFR 122.44;	
	d.	The mMass (or other measurement specified in the permit) for each pollutant limit	ted in the permit;
	e.	The vVolume of effluent discharged from each outfall;	(3-24-22)()
	f.	Other measurements as appropriate, including:	()
	i.	Pollutants in internal waste streams under Subsection 303.08;	()
	ii.	Pollutants in intake water for net limitations under Subsection 303.07;	(3-24-22)()
	iii.	Frequency, rate of discharge, etc., for non-continuous discharges under Subsection	()
	iv.	Pollutants subject to notification requirements under Subsection 301.01; and	()
to be ne Section 3	v. cessary 380 (Sew	Pollutants in sewage sludge or other monitoring as specified in 40 CFR Part 503; on a case-by-case basis pursuant to the Clean Water Act section under CWA Sewage Sludge) of these rules, and IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules";	
	g.	According to sufficiently sensitive test procedures (i.e., methods) approved under	40 CFR Part 136

for the analysis of pollutants or pollutant parameters, or another method required under 40 CFR Parts 401 through 471 or Part 501 through 503. Consistent with 40 CFR Part 136, applicants or permittees have the option of providing may provide matrix or sample-specific minimum levels rather than the published levels. Further, where When an

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

applicant or permittee can demonstrate that, despite a good faith effort to use a method that—would otherwise meets the definition of "sufficiently sensitive," the analytical results are not consistent with the QA/QC specifications for thate method, then the Department may determine that the method is not performing adequately and the Department should will select a different method from the remaining EPA-approved methods that is sufficiently sensitive consistent with provisions outlined in Subsections 304.01.g.i. and ii. For the purposes of this section, a method is "sufficiently sensitive" when:

"sufficiently sen	isitive" when:	(3-24-22) ()
i.	The method minimum level (ML) is at or below the level of the effluent	limit established in the
permit for the m	easured pollutant or pollutant parameter; or	()

ii. The method has the lowest ML of the analytical methods approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or required under 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N or O, for the measured pollutant or pollutant parameter; and

h. In the case of For pollutants or pollutant parameters for which there are which have no approved methods under 40 CFR Part 136, or methods are not otherwise required under 40 CFR Part 401 through 471 or Part 501 through 503, monitoring shall must be conducted according to a test procedure specified in the permit for such the pollutants or pollutant parameters.

02. Reporting Monitoring Results.

- a. Except as provided in Subsections 304.02.d. and 304.02.e., the Department will establish requirements to report monitoring results on a case-by-case basis with a frequency dependent on the nature and effect of the discharge, but in no case less than at least once a year. All results must be electronically reported in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127.
- **b.** For sewage sludge use or disposal practices, the Department will establish requirements to monitor and report results on a case-by-case basis with a frequency dependent on the nature and effect of the sewage sludge use or disposal practice; minimally-this shall be as specified in 40 CFR Part 503, Section 380-(Sewage Sludge) of these rules, and Idaho's Wastewater Rules, IDAPA 58.01.16.650, "Wastewater Rules," (where applicable), but-in no ease less than at least once a year. All rResults must be electronically reported in compliance with 40 CFR Part 127.
- c. The Department will establish requirements to report monitoring results for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity—which are subject to an effluent limitation guideline <u>ELG</u> on a case-by-case basis with a frequency dependent on the nature and effect of the discharge, but in no case less than at least once a year.
- **d.** The Department will establish requirements to report monitoring results for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity, other than those addressed in Subsection 304.02.c., on a case-by-case basis with a frequency dependent on the nature and effect of the discharge. At a minimum, a permit for such a discharge must will require the discharger to:
- i. Conduct an annual inspection of the facility site to identify areas contributing to a storm water discharge associated with industrial activity;
- ii. Evaluate whether measures to reduce pollutant loadings identified in a storm water pollution prevention plan are adequate and properly implemented in accordance with following the terms of the permit or whether additional control measures are needed;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- iii. Maintain for a period of three (3) years a record summarizing the results of the inspection and a certification that the facility is in compliance complying with the plan and the permit, and identifying any incidents of noncompliance;

 (3 24 22)(____)
 - iv. Sign the report and certification in accordance with Section 090 (Signature Requirements); and (3.24.22)(

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- v. Permits fFor storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from inactive mining operations—may, where annual inspections are impracticable, may require certification that the facility is—in compliance ying with the permit, or alternative requirements, once every three (3) years by an Idaho licensed professional engineer.
- e. A permit that does not require monitoring results reports at least annually must require the permittee to report, at least annually, all instances of noncompliance not reported under Subsection 300.12.

305. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULES.

- **01. General.** An IPDES permit may, when appropriate, specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with the Clean Water Act CWA and these rules.
- a. Any Compliance schedules of compliance under this section shall require compliance as soon as possible.
- b. The first IPDES permit issued to a new source or a new discharger-shall_will contain a compliance schedule—of compliance only when necessary to allow a reasonable opportunity to attain compliance with requirements issued or revised after-commencement of construction construction commences, but less than three (3) years before commencement of the relevant discharge commences.
- c. For recommencing dischargers, a <u>compliance</u> schedule <u>of compliance shall will</u> be available only when necessary to allow a reasonable opportunity to <u>attain compliance comply</u> with requirements issued or revised less than three (3) years before <u>recommencement of discharge recommences</u>.
- d. If a permit establishes a <u>compliance</u> schedule <u>of compliance under this section</u> that exceeds one (1) year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule <u>must set out will state</u> interim requirements and dates for <u>achievement of achieving</u> the interim requirements. If the schedule includes interim requirements: (3 24 22)(_____)
- i. The time between interim dates shall will not exceed one (1) year, except that in the ease of a schedule for a compliance schedule with standards for sewage sludge use and disposal, the time between interim dates shall will not exceed six (6) months; or (3-24-22)(1)
- ii. If the time-necessary for completion of any to complete interim requirements (such as the e.g., construction of a control facility) is more than one (1) year and is not readily divisible into stages for completion, the permit-shall will specify interim dates for the submission of submitting reports of progress toward-completion of completing the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.

 (3 24 22)()
- e. Within fourteen (14) days following each interim and final date of compliance, the permittee shall must notify the Department in writing of its compliance or noncompliance with the interim or final requirements, or submit progress reports if Subsection 305.01.d.ii. is applieable applies.
- f. Permits may incorporate compliance schedules which allowing a discharger to phase in, over time, compliance with water quality-based effluent limitations in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.02.400, "Water Quality Standards."
- **02.** Alternative Compliance Schedules of Compliance. An IPDES permit applicant or permittee may cease conducting regulated activities (by terminating direct discharge for point sources) rather than continuing to operate and meet permit requirements as follows:

 (3 24 22)(____)
- a. If the permittee decides to cease conducting regulated activities at a given time within the term of a permit-which that has already been issued: (3 24 22)(____)
- i. The permit may be modified to contain a new or additional schedule leading to timely cessation of activities; or

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

ii.		shall must cease				before			
interim or final	compliance sched	dule requirement	already speci	fied in the	permit.		(3-24-2	22) (

If the decision to cease conducting regulated activities is made before issuance of issuing a permit whose term will include the with a termination date, the permit shall will contain a schedule leading to termination which that will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements no later than the statutory deadline.

- If the permittee is undecided whether to cease conducting regulated activities, the Department may c. issue or modify a permit to contain two (2) schedules, as follows:
- Both schedules-shall will contain an identical interim deadline requiring a final decision on whether to cease conducting regulated activities no later than a date-which that ensures sufficient time to comply with applicable requirements in a timely manner if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities;

- One (1) The first schedule shall will lead to timely compliance with applicable requirements, no ii. later than the statutory deadline; (3-24-22)(_
- The second schedule shall lead to cessation of will cease regulated activities by a date which that will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements no later than the statutory deadline; and

- Each permit containing two (2) schedules shall include a requirement that after the permittee has made a final decision under Subsection 305.02.c., it shall follow the schedule leading to compliance if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities, and follow the schedule leading to termination if the decision is to cease (3-24-22)(_ conducting regulated activities.
- The applicant's or permittee's decision to cease conducting regulated activities shall be evidenced by a firm public commitment satisfactory to the Department, such as a resolution of the board of directors of a corporation.

306. -- 309. (RESERVED)

310. VARIANCES.

01. Variance Requests by non-POTWs.

)

A discharger-which that is not a POTW may request a variance from otherwise applicable effluent limitations under the following statutory or regulatory provisions, within the times specified in this subsection.

- A request for a variance based on tThe presence of fundamentally different factors from those on which the effluent limitations guideline <u>ELG</u> was based must be filed as follows:
- For a request from best practicable control technology currently available (BPT), by the close of the public comment period under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment); or
- For a request from best available technology economically achievable (BAT) and/or best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT), by no later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date on which an effluent limitation guideline ELG is published in the Federal Register for a request based on an effluent limitation guideline ELG promulgated on or after February 4, 1987. $\frac{(3-24-22)}{(}$
- The request must explain how the requirements of the applicable regulatory and/or statutory criteria ii. have been met.
 - b. An applicant may request a variance for non-conventional pollutants under this section-for the

(unless the Department establishes a shorter or longer period).

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

following: A variance from the BAT requirements for Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(b)(2)(F) i. pollutants (commonly called i.e., non-conventional pollutants) pursuant to the Clean Water Act section under CWA Section 301(c) because of the economic capability of the owner or operator; or A variance pursuant to the Clean Water Act section under CWA Section 301(g) provided: ii. (3 24 22)The variance may only be requested for ammonia; chlorine; color; iron; total phenols (4AAP), when determined by the EPA Administrator to be a pollutant covered by the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(b)(2)(F); and Any oOther pollutants-which the EPA Administrator lists under the Clean Water Act section CWA (3-24-22)<u>Section</u> 301(g)(4). The request for variance as outlined in Subsection 310.01.b. must be made as follows: c.) For those requests for a variance from an effluent limitations based upon an effluent limitation guideline ELG, by submitting an initial request to the Department no later than two hundred seventy (270) days after promulgation of the applicable effluent limitation guideline ELG followed by a completed request no later than the close of the public comment period under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment). The initial request to the Department must contain: (1) (a) The nName of the discharger; (b) The pPermit number; (c) The oOutfall number(s); The aApplicable effluent guideline ELG; and Whether the discharger is requesting a-Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(c) or section 301(g) modification or both. The completed request must demonstrate that the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 125 have been met. Notwithstanding this provision, t The complete application for a request under Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(g) must be filed one hundred eighty (180) days before the Department-must makes a decision

- ii. For those requests for a variance from effluent limitations not based on effluent limitation guidelines ELGs, the request need only comply with Subsection 310.01.c.i(2) and need not be preceded by an initial request under Subsection 310.01.c.i(1).
- d. A modification under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 302(b)(2) of requirements under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 302(a) for achieving water quality related effluent limitations may be requested no later than before the close of the public comment period under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment) on the permit from which the modification is sought.
- e. A variance under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316(a) for the thermal component of any discharge must be filed with a timely application for a permit under Section 105 (Application for an Individual IPDES Permit) of these rules, except that if thermal effluent limitations are established under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 402(a)(1) or are based on water quality standards, the request for a variance may be filed by the close of the public comment period under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment).
 - 02. Variance Requests by POTWs. A discharger which is a POTW may request a variance from water

 $(3-2\overline{4}-22)$ (

quality based effluent limitations. A modification under the Clean Water Act section 302(b)(2) of the requirements under the Clean Water Act section 302(a) for achieving water quality based effluent limitations shall be requested no later than the close of the public comment period under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment) on the permit from which the modification is sought. A discharger that is a POTW may request a variance, under CWA Section 302(b)(2), from the water quality-based effluent limits found at CWA Section 302(a). The variance must be requested before the close of the public comment period under Section 109

03. Permit Variance Decision Process.) The Department may deny requests for variances. A variance that has been denied by the Department may be appealed according to the process identified in Section 204 (Appeals Process). (3 24 22) The Department may grant variances (subject to EPA objection under Subsection 103.02 or 40 CFR b. 123.44): (3-24-22)(-Variances from the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(i) based on delay in completion of completing a POTW; (3 24 22)(Variances aAfter consultation with EPA, extensions under the Clean Water Act $\frac{(3 \cdot 24 \cdot 22)}{(}$ Section 301(k) based on the use of innovative technology; Variances uUnder the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316(a) for thermal pollution; or iii. Variances fFrom water quality standards under IDAPA 58.01.02.260, "Water Quality Rules." iv. (3 24 22)(The Department may forward to EPA with or without a recommendation, a variance based on: c. A variance based on the eEconomic capability of the applicant under the Clean Water CWA Section 301(c); or A variance based on w<mark>W</mark>ater quality-<u>-</u>related effluent limitations under the Clean Water Act section ii. CWA Section 302(b)(2). (3 24 22)(d. The Department may forward to EPA with a written concurrence, a variance based on: A variance based on the peresence of fundamentally different factors from those on which an effluent limitations guideline the ELG was based (Clean Water Act section CWA Section 301(n)); or (3-24-22)A variance based upon ccertain water quality factors under the Clean Water Act section CWA ii. (3-24-22)Section 301(g). The EPA may grant or deny a request for a variance that is forwarded by the Department. If the EPA Administrator (or his delegate) approves the variance, the Department shall will prepare a draft permit incorporating the variance. Any public notice of a draft permit for which a variance or modification has been approved or denied-shall will identify the applicable procedures for appealing that decision under Section 204 (Appeals Procedures) 24 22)

04.

Notwithstanding Considering the time requirements in Subsections 310.01 and 310.02, the

Expedited Variance Procedures and Time Extensions.

)

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

		raft permit will likely contain limitations which are eligible for variances.	(3-24-22)	
to the v	ariance,	In the notice, the Department may require the applicant, as a condition of consider request, to submit a request explaining how the requirements of 40 CFR Part 125, have been met, and may require its submission submitting an explanation with the receipt of the notice.	applicable	apply ecified
or final variance		The Department may send the notice before the permit application has been is submay contain the alternative limitations—which that may become effective upon fi		of the
or 310.0	b. 1.c.ii. ma	A discharger who cannot file a timely complete request required under Subsection ay request an extension. that:	ons 310.01. (3-24-22)	
	i.	The extension $m\underline{M}$ ay be granted or denied at the discretion of the Department.	(3-24-22)	()
	ii.	The extension shall bels no more than six (6) months in duration.	(3-24-22)	()
	05.	Special Procedures for Decisions on Thermal Variances.	(()
before a under th	<u>final pe</u> e Clean	The only issues connected with issuance of a particular permit on which the Department the final permit is issued, are If the Department makes a final decision on a rmit is issued it will only consider whether alternative effluent limitations would water Act section CWA Section 316(a) or whether cooling water intake structures ogy under section CWA Section 316(b).	<u>thermal va</u> I be are ju	riance stified ne best
that the 1	i. Departmo	Permit applicants who wish an early decision on these issues-should make a requent, furnished with provide supporting reasons-at the time when their permit applications.	st to may rations are f	iled.
early depermit-sl		The Department will-then decide whether-or not to make an early decision. If it is n-Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316 (a) or (b) issues and the grant of the:		of the
	(1)	Considered permit issuance under these regulations, and	(()
appeal.	(2)	Subject to the same requirements of public notice and comment and the same of	portunity (for an
necessar available	b. Ty to deci	If the Department, on review of the administrative record, determines that ide whether-or not the Clean Water Act section the CWA Section 316(a) issue is for a decision on permit issuance, the Department may issue a permit for a term up	not likely	to be years.
thermal	i. compone	The permit—shall will require achievement of the effluent limitations initially pent of the discharge, no later than the date otherwise required by law.	proposed f	
	ii. lean Wat hrough 1	However, tThe permit-shall will also afford the permittee an opportunity to file the rest section CWA Section 316(a), after conducting such studies as are require 25.73.) CFR
	iii.	A new discharger may not exceed the thermal effluent limitation which is initially	proposed	unless

c.

Any proceeding held under Subsection 310.05.a. shall will be:

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

- i. Publicly noticed as required by Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment), and
- ii. Conducted at a time allowing the permittee to take necessary measures to meet the final compliance date in the event if its request for modification of thermal limits is denied.
- **d.** Whenever the Department defers the decision under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316(a), any decision under the Clean Water Act section CWA Section 316(b) may be deferred.

311. -- 369. (RESERVED)

370. PRETREATMENT STANDARDS.

- **01. Purpose and Applicability**. This section and 40 CFR Part 403.1 through 40 CFR 403.3, and 40 CFR 403.5 through 40 CFR 403.18 apply to:
- a. Pollutants from non-domestic sources covered by Pretreatment Standards—which that are indirectly discharged into or transported by truck_or rail_ or otherwise introduced into POTWs as defined in Subsection 370.04 and 40 CFR 403.3;

 (3-24-22)(_____)
- c. Any new or existing source subject to Pretreatment Standards. National Pretreatment Standards do not apply to sources which discharge discharging to a sewer which that is not connected to a POTW-Treatment Plant.

 (3 24 22)
- **02. Objectives of General Pretreatment Regulations**. This section and 40 CFR Part 403 fulfill three (3) objectives:
- **a.** To prevent the introduction of pollutants into POTWs which that will interfere with the operation of operating a POTW, including interference with its use or disposal of municipal sludge; (3 24 22)(_____)
- **b.** To prevent the introduction of pollutants into POTWs—which that will pass through the treatment works or otherwise be incompatible with—such the works; and (3-24-22)(_____)
 - c. To improve opportunities to recycle and reclaim municipal and industrial wastewaters and sludges.
- **O3. Department Program in Lieu of a POTW Program.** 40 CFR 403.8(a) requires certain POTWs develop a pretreatment program. The Department may, however on a case-by-case basis, assume responsibility for implementing the POTW pretreatment program requirements set forth in 40 CFR 403.8(f) in lieu of requiring the POTW to develop a pretreatment program. This does not preclude POTWs from independently developing pretreatment programs.

 (3 24 22)()
- **104.** Term Interpretation. When used in the context of 40 CFR Part 403, unless the context in which a term is used clearly requires a different meaning, terms 40 CFR Part 403 that are incorporated by reference in these rules have the following meanings:

 (3-24-22)
 - The terms Administrator or Regional Administrator mean the EPA Region 10 Administrator; (3-24-22)
 - b. The term Approval Authority means the Department of Environmental Quality; (3.24-22)
- e. The term Approved POTW Pretreatment Program or Program or POTW Pretreatment Program means a program administered by a POTW that meets the criteria established in 40 CFR 403.8 and 403.9, and which has been approved by the Department in accordance with 40 CFR 403.1; (3-24-22)

pretreati	d. ment prog	The term Control Authority means the POTW for a facility with a Department gram and the Department for a POTW without a Department-approved pretreatment program		
program	e. approve	The term Director means the Department of Environmental Quality with an NPDE d pursuant to the Clean Water Act section 402(b);	S perm (3-24-2)	
	pplies to	The terms National Pretreatment Standard, Pretreatment Standard, or Standard mean any rant discharge limits promulgated by the EPA in accordance with section 307 (b) and (c) or Industrial Users. This term includes prohibitive discharge limits established pursuant to	of the Ac	÷t,
Division representation	g. within tative.	The term Water Management Division Director means a Director of the Water Mathematical Protection Agency or this person's	nageme delegate (3-24-2)	nt ed 2)
exclude	05. d from th	Exceptions to Incorporation by Reference. The following sections of 40 CFR Pare incorporation by reference in Section 003 (Incorporation by Reference) of these rules.	t 403 a: (3-24-2)	re 2)
	a.	40 CFR 403.4 (State or Local Law).	(3-24-2	2)
Facility)	b.) .	40 CFR 403.19 (Provisions of Specific Applicability to the Owatonna Wastewater	Freatme (3-24-2	
	e.	40 CFR 403.20 (Pretreatment Program Reinvention Pilot Projects Under Project XL).	(3 24 2	2)
371 3	379.	(RESERVED)		
380.	SEWAC	GE SLUDGE.		
	01.	Purpose. The purpose of tThis section and 40 CFR Part 503-is-to: (3-24-2)	20) (
		(3.21)	22) (_)
practice	a. s, and ope	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, ma erational standards, for the final use or disposal of sewage sludge-, and include: (3 24.2)	nageme	_) nt _)
•	s, and ope	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, ma	nageme	_)
•	s, and ope	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, materational standards, for the final use or disposal of sewage sludge-, and include: (3-24-) Include sStandards for sewage sludge applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site incinerator.; (3-24-)	nageme	_) ed _)
in a sew	i. i. rage sludg ii. (1)ii.	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, materational standards, for the final use or disposal of sewage sludge-, and include: (3-24-) Include sStandards for sewage sludge applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site incinerator.; (3-24-)	nageme 22)(e, or fire 22)((3-24-2)	_) ed _) 2)
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in a sew	i. age sludg ii. (1)ii. placed on (2)iii. has been	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, materational standards, for the final use or disposal of sewage sludge-, and include: (3 24 2) Include sStandards for sewage sludge applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site incinerator. (3 24 2) Include: Pathogen and alternative vector attraction reduction requirements for sewage sludge apple a surface disposal site; and On a case-by-case basis, controls for storm water runoff from lands where sewage placed for treatment or disposal.	nageme 22)(e, or fire 22)((3-24-2)(lied to the (ed (2) ne ()
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in a sew	i. age sludg ii. (1)ii. placed on (2)iii. has been b. i.	Establish standards, which consisting of general requirements, pollutant limits, materational standards, for the final use or disposal of sewage sludge-, and include: Include sStandards for sewage sludge applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site incinerator.; (3 24 2) Include: Pathogen and alternative vector attraction reduction requirements for sewage sludge apple a surface disposal site; and On a case-by-case basis, controls for storm water runoff from lands where sewage placed for treatment or disposal. Include the frequency of monitoring and recordkeeping requirements when sewage sludge. Applied to the land;	nageme 22)(e, or fire 22)((3-24-2)(lied to the (ed (2) ne ()

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

i.	Class I sludge management facilities;	()
ii.	POTWs with a design flow rate equal to or greater than one million gallons per day (1	MGD); ar (nd)
iii.	POTWs that serve ten thousand (10,000) people or more.	()
02.	Applicability. This section and 40 CFR Part 503 appliesy to:	4-22) (_)
a. in a sewage slud	Any person, who prepares sewage sludge, applies sewage sludge to the land, or fires sege incinerator and to the owner or operator of a surface disposal site;	wage slud 4-22) (lge _)
b. incinerator;	Sewage sludge applied to the land, placed on a surface disposal site, or fired in a sev	wage slud (lge)
c.	The eExit gas from a sewage sludge incinerator stack; or (3-2)	4-22) (_)
d.	Land where sewage sludge is applied, to a surface disposal site, and to a sewage sludge	incinerat	or.
03. term is used clea these rules have	Term Interpretation. When used in the context of 40 CFR Part 503, unless the context orly requires a different meaning, terms in the 40 CFR Part 503 that are incorporated by the following meanings:	t in whiel reference (3-24-2	h a -in 12)
8.	The terms Administrator or Regional Administrator mean the EPA Region 10 Administrator	rator; (3-24-2	!2)
the agency designed IPDES program;	The terms Director or State Program Director mean the Department of Environmenta mated by the Governor as having the lead responsibility for managing or coordinating t ; and	l Quality he approv (3-24-2	-as 'ed !2)
e .	The term permitting authority is the Department of Environmental Quality.	(3-24-2	!2)
04 <u>3</u> . excluded from the	Exceptions to Incorporation by Reference. 40 CFR 503.1 (Purpose and Apple incorporation by reference-found in Section 003-(Incorporation by Reference) of these (3-2)	icability) rules . 4-22) (is
381 399.	(RESERVED)		
400. COMP	PLIANCE EVALUATION.		
of the existing, to do one (1) or mo	Non-Geompliance Actions. When the a permittee is or was not in compliance with an erminated, or expired permit that has been administratively continued, the Department makes of the following:		
a.	Initiate an enforcement action;	()
	Issue a notice of intent to deny the new application. If the application is denied and ager effective as provided in Subsection 101.02, the owner or operator must cease the permit or be subject to enforcement action for operating without a permit;		
c.	Issue a new permit with appropriate conditions; or	()
d.	Take other actions authorized by state law.	()
401 499.	(RESERVED)		

500. ENFORCEMENT.

- **O1.** General Enforcement and Penalties. Any person who violates—any permit conditions, filing or reporting requirements, duty to allow or carry out inspections, entry or monitoring requirements, or—any other provisions in these rules—shall be is subject to administrative, civil, or criminal enforcement and those remedies authorized in the Environmental Protection and Health Act, Sections 39-101 et seq., Idaho Code, including without limitation, civil and criminal penalties as provided in Sections 39-108 and 39-117, Idaho Code. (3 24 22)()
- **O2.** Truth in Reporting. It is a violation of these rules for any person to falsify, tamper with, or knowingly render inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under an IPDES permit. In addition to any other remedyies available to the Department, such a violation is punishable by a fine as provided in Section 39-117, Idaho Code.
- **63. False Statements.** It is a violation of these rules for any person to knowingly make any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under an IPDES permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or non-compliance. In addition to any other remedyies available to the Department, such a violation is punishable by a fine as provided in Section 39-117, Idaho Code.
- **04. Public Participation in Enforcement**. The Department shall will provide for public participation in the state enforcement process by: (3-24-22)(_____)
 - a. Investigating and providing written responses to citizen complaints; ()
- **b.** Not opposing intervention by any citizen when permissive intervention may be authorized by statute, rule, or regulation; and (3-24-22)(____)
- c. Publishing notice of and providing at least thirty (30) days for public comment on any proposed settlement of a state enforcement action.

501. -- **599.** (RESERVED)

600. ADMINISTRATIVE RECORDS AND DATA MANAGEMENT.

01. Administrative Record for Draft Permits. (3-24-22)

The provisions of a draft permit prepared by the Department under Subsection 108.01-shall be are based on the administrative record defined in this section.

- ba. For preparing a draft permit, the record-shall consists of: (3.24.22)(
- i. The aApplication, if required, and any supporting data furnished by the applicant; (3-24-22)(_____)
- ii. The dDraft permit or notice of intent to deny the application or to terminate the permit;

iii. The fFact sheet; (3-24-22)(

- iv. All documents cited in the fact sheet; and (3.24.22)(
- v. Other dDocuments contained in the supporting file for the draft permit. (3-24-22)

eb. Material readily available at the Department or published material that is generally available, and that is included in the administrative record under Subsection 600.01, need not be physically included with the rest of the record as long as it is if specifically referred to in the fact sheet.

Docket No. 58-0125-2301 Proposed (Fee) Rulemaking

dc. This subsection a∆pplies to all draft permits when public notice was given after the effective date of these rules.

O2. Administrative Record for Final Permits.

(3-24-22)

- The Department shall will base final permit decisions on the administrative record defined in this section.
- ba. The administrative record for any final permit, including issuance, denial, transfer, modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, shall will consist of the administrative record for the draft permit and fact sheet, as defined in Subsection 600.01, the proposed permit and associated information, and the following:
- i. All eComments received during the public comment period provided under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment):
- ii. The rRecord of, and any written materials submitted as part of, any meeting(s) held under Section 109 (Public Notification and Comment);
- iii. The a pplication or notice of intent to obtain coverage under a general permit, notice of intent to deny the application, or to terminate the permit, and any supporting data furnished by the applicant; (3-24-22)(_____)
- - v. Any other rRelevant correspondence and documents.

 $\frac{(3 - 24 - 22)}{(3 - 24 - 22)}$

- eb. The final permit and fact sheet-shall become part of the administrative record after the final permit is issued.
- the additional documents identified under Subsection 600.02.b., 107.03, and 109.02-should will be added to the record as soon as possible after their receipt or publication by the Department. The record-shall be is complete on the date the final permit is issued.
 - ed. This subsection applies to all IPDES permits when the draft permit was included in a public notice.
- Material readily available from the Department or published materials—which that are generally available and—which are included in the administrative record under Subsection 600.02 or Section 109—(Public Notification and Comment), need not be physically included in the same file as the rest of the record—as long as if it is specifically referred to in the fact sheet or in the response to comments.
- **03.** Electronic Submittals. Any iInformation which the Department requires to be submitted electronically, with an electronic signature approved by the Department, will become part of the Administrative Record in accordance with Subsections 600.01 and 02.

601. -- 999. (RESERVED)

PROPOSED RULE COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS

<u>Section 67-5223(3)</u>, <u>Idaho Code</u>, requires the preparation of an economic impact statement for all proposed rules imposing or increasing fees or charges. This cost/benefit analysis, which must be filed with the proposed rule, must include the reasonably estimated costs to the agency to implement the rule and the reasonably estimated costs to be borne by citizens, or the private sector, or both.

Department or Agency: Department of Environmental Quality

Agency Contact: Mary Anne Nelson Phone: 208-373-0291

Date: June 29, 2023

IDAPA, 58.01.25, Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program

Fee Rule Status: X Proposed ____ Temporary

Rulemaking Docket Number: 58-0125-2301

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC IMPACT/REASONABLE ESTIMATED COSTS

DEQ does not anticipate any economic impact.

Estimated Costs to the Agency to Implement the Rule:

Rule Chapter	General Funds	Dedicated Funds	Federal Funds	Total
58.01.25	\$2,000,000*	\$1,000,000*	\$176,000*	\$3,176,000*

^{*}This is the proposed final breakdown now that the program is fully authorized and collecting fees from all designated sectors.

Overview of Incorporations by Reference for the DEQ IPDES Program, Docket No. 58-0125-2301

Required by Idaho Code § 67-5223(4)

Idaho DEQ, under the direction of the Legislature in 2014 (HB406), started development of a primacy application package to implement the Clean Water Act (CWA) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) program for the state of Idaho. DEQ undertook rulemaking in 2014 through 2015 and the Legislature approved the Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (IPDES) Program during the 2016 Legislative session. DEQ subsequently updated the IPDES rules in 2020 as part of the omnibus rulemaking and is now proposing rulemaking to further update these rules. This rulemaking includes incorporation by reference of existing federal rules and negotiation of rules that provide the state additional flexibility in implementing the NPDES federal program.

40 CFR 123.62(e) requires that all new Clean Water Act permitting programs comply with the federal regulations upon approval. For Idaho's program to receive approval of the application submitted August 31, 2016, DEQ must update those references to federal regulations to reflect the most current version, in this case, July 1, 2023. Incorporation by reference allows DEQ to keep its rules up to date with federal regulation changes and simplifies compliance for the regulated community.

EPA has updated several rules regulating the permitting of discharges, since July 1, 2020, including: regulations to revise the technology-based effluent limitations guidelines and standards (ELGs) and direct final action to extend the date for existing coal-fired power plants to submit a notice of planned participation (NOPP) for the permanent cessation of coal combustion subcategory in the 2020 Steam Electric Reconsideration Rule; postponing compliance deadlines for implementation of EPA's Phase 2 electronic reporting rule; and changes to test procedures when analyzing wastewater and other environmental samples under the NPDES program.

Reproducing the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) in state rule is impractical and costly. Therefore, when possible, and as supported by Idaho stakeholders, DEQ incorporates federal regulations by reference. Sections with no changes are also incorporated to ensure the state rules are consistent with federal regulations and to provide one set of rules for cities and industry to follow. Idaho entities that discharge treated wastewater to surface waters are required to comply with all applicable new and updated federal rules regardless of whether DEQ incorporates them by reference.

In addition, for DEQ to be the implementing authority for the IPDES program in the state of Idaho, the agency is required to demonstrate that the rules regulating the IPDES program meet minimum federal requirements. Note, if DEQ's IPDES program does not meet EPA's minimum requirements, EPA could impose sanctions on Idaho as outlined in the Clean Water Act (33 USC 1342(c)) including the delay in approving the IPDES program and once approved the withdrawal of approval of the IPDES program.

The following table summarizes the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) sections the DEQ IPDES Program incorporates by reference. The federal regulations incorporated by reference will be updated with the July 1, 2023 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) effective date. The July 1, 2023 CFR is a codification of federal regulations published in the Federal Register as of July 1, 2023.

Table 1: Rules incorporated by reference.

40 CFR Part	Title	Changes in effect July 1, 2023?	Impact on Idaho
122.2	Definition of Waters of the United States	No	_
122.21(r)	Application Requirements for Facility with Cooling Water Intake Structures	No	_
122.23	Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations	No	_
122.24	Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production Facilities	No	_
122.25	Aquaculture Projects	No	_
122.26	Storm Water Discharges	Yes	Yes
122.27	Silvicultural Activities	No	_
122.29(d)	Effect of Compliance with New Source Performance Standards	No	_
122.30 and 122.32 thru 122.37	Requirements and Guidance for Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems	Yes	Yes
122.42(e)	Additional Conditions Applicable to NPDES Permits for Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations	Yes	Yes
Appendix A to 122	NPDES Primary Industry Categories	No	_
Appendix C to 122	Criteria for Determining a Concentrated Aquatic Animal Production Facility	No	_
Appendix D to 122	NPDES Permit Application Testing Requirements	No	_
Appendix J to 122	NPDES Permit Testing Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works	No	_
125.1 through 125.3	Criteria and Standards for Imposing Technology-Based Treatment Requirements under Section 301(b) and 402 of the Clean Water Act	No	_
125.10 and 125.11	Criteria for Issuance of Permits to Aquaculture Projects	No	_
125.30 through 125.32	Criteria and Standards for Determining Fundamentally Different Factors Under Sections $301(b)(1)(A)$ and $301(b)(2)(A)$ and (E) of the Clean Water Act	No	_
125.70 through 125.73	Criteria for Determining Alternative Effluent Limitations Under Section 316(a) of the Clean Water Act	No	_
125.80 through 125.89	Requirements Applicable to Cooling Water Intake Structures for New Facilities Under Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act	No	_
125.90 through 125.99	Requirements Applicable to Cooling Water Intake Structure for Phase II Existing Facilities Under Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act	No	_

40 CFR Part	Tiala	Changes in effect July 1,	Impact on
	Title	2023?	Idaho
127.11 through 127.16	Electronic Reporting of NPDES Information from NPDES-Regulated Facilities	Yes	Yes
129.1 through 129.105	Toxic Pollutant Effluent Standards and Prohibitions	No	_
133.100 through 133.105	Secondary Treatment Regulation	No	_
136	Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants, including Appendices A, B, C, and D	Yes	Yes
401	General Provisions	No	_
403	General Pretreatment Regulations for Existing and New Sources of Pollution, Including Appendices D, E, and G	Yes	Yes
405 through 471	Effluent Limitations and Guidelines	Yes	Yes
503.2 through 503.48	Sewage Sludge, including Appendices A and B	Yes	Yes

These changes are discussed in more detail below. The associated Federal Register notices are denoted in parentheses as hyperlinks.

The following parts were revised and may impact on Idaho facilities:

EPA has updated the following parts of the CFR since the Rules Regulating the Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (IPDES) rules were last updated in 2020. These federal regulatory changes may impact the IPDES program process and procedures. These rulemakings include:

- NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule—Phase 2 Extension 40 CFR Parts 122, 127, 403, and 503
 - (85 FR 69189, November 2, 2020) This rule postpones compliance deadlines for implementation of Phase 2 of the eRule. It also promulgates clarifying changes and eliminates some duplicative or outdated reporting requirements.
 Specific changes to the rule occur in:
 - 122.26 Storm water discharges
 - 122.34 Permit requirements for regulated small MS4 permits
 - 122.42 Additional conditions applicable to specified categories of NPDES permits
 - 127.16 Implementation of electronic reporting requirements for NPDES permittees, facilities, and entities subject to this part
 - 403.12 Reporting requirements for POTW's and industrial users
 - 503.18 Reporting
 - 503.28 Reporting
 - 503.48 Reporting

- Clean Water Act Methods Update Rule for the Analysis of Effluent 40 CFR Part 136
 - (86 FR 27226, May 19, 2021) This rule changes to test procedures required to be used by industries and municipalities when analyzing the chemical, physical, and biological properties of wastewater and other environmental samples for reporting under EPA's NPDES permit program. Specific changes to the rule occur in:
 - 136.3 Identification of test procedures
 - 136.6 Method modifications and analytical requirements
- Steam Electric Reconsideration Rule 40 CFR Part 423
 - (85 FR 64650, October 13, 2020) This rule provides regulation to revise the technology-based effluent limitations guidelines and standards (ELGs) for the steam electric power generating point source category applicable to flue gas desulfurization wastewater and bottom ash transport water. Specific changes to the rule occur in:
 - 423.11 Specialized definitions
 - 423.12 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT)
 - 423.13 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best available technology economically achievable (BAT)
 - 423.16 Pretreatment standards for existing sources (PSES)
 - 423.18 Permit conditions
 - 423.19 Reporting and recordkeeping requirements
- Effluent Limitation Guidelines and Standards for the Steam Electric Power Generating Point Source Category—Initial Notification Date Extension 40 CFR Part 423
 - (88 FR 18440, March 29, 2023) This rule provides direct final action to extend the date for existing coal-fired power plants to submit a notice of planned participation (NOPP) for the permanent cessation of coal combustion subcategory in the 2020 Steam Electric Reconsideration Rule. Specific changes to the rule occur in:
 - 423.19 Reporting and recordkeeping requirements

The remaining federal regulations (40 CFR) have not been changed or updated since the previous IPDES rule updates. DEQ proposes to update all federal regulations incorporated by reference with the July 1, 2023 CFR effective date, including the regulations that have not been revised since the most recent incorporation by reference. This will maintain consistency for all federal regulations listed in IDAPA 58.01.25.003.