#### LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO Sixty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session - 2023

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 372

#### BY SCOTT

### AN ACT

- RELATING TO FORFEITURES; AMENDING SECTION 37-2744, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE 2 FOR THE SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION REGARDING FORFEITURE TO THE STATE 3 CONTROLLER; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
- Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho: 5

SECTION 1. That Section 37-2744, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 6 7 amended to read as follows:

8 37-2744. FORFEITURES. (a) The following are subject to forfeiture: (1)All controlled substances that have been manufactured, dis-9 tributed, dispensed, acquired, possessed or held in violation of this 10 act or with respect to which there has been any act by any person in vio-11 12 lation of this act;

(2) All raw materials, products and equipment of any kind that are used, 13 or intended for use, in manufacturing, compounding, processing, deliv-14 ering, importing, or exporting any controlled substances or counter-15 feit substances in violation of this act; 16

(3) All property that is used, or intended for use, as a container 17 for property used in the commission of an act prohibited by section 18 37-2732B, 37-2732(a) or (b), or 37-2737A, Idaho Code; 19

(4) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, that 20 21 are used, or intended for use, to transport, or in any manner to fa-22 cilitate the transportation, delivery, receipt or manufacture of substances as prohibited by section 37-2732B, 37-2732(a) or (b), or 23 37-2737A, Idaho Code, but: 24

(A) No conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the 25 transaction of business as a common carrier is subject to forfei-26 ture under this section unless it appears that the owner or other 27 28 person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this act; 29

(B) No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this section if 30 the owner establishes that he could not have known in the exercise 31 of reasonable diligence that the conveyance was being used, had 32 been used, was intended to be used or had been intended to be used 33 in any manner described in subsection (a) (4) of this section; 34

(C) A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a bona fide secu-35 rity interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if 36 the security interest was created without any knowledge or reason 37 to believe that the conveyance was being used, had been used, was 38 intended to be used, or had been intended to be used for the purpose 39 alleged. 40

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(5) All books, records, and research products and materials, including formulas, microfilm, tapes, and data that are used, or intended for use, in violation of this act.

- (6) (A) All moneys, currency, negotiable instruments, securities or other items easily liquidated for cash, such as, but not limited to, jewelry, stocks and bonds, or other property described in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection that is found in close proximity to property described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), (7) or (8) of this subsection and that has been used or is intended for use in connection with the illegal manufacture, distribution, dispensing or possession of property described in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), (7) or (8) of this subsection;
- (B) Items described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or other 13 things of value furnished or intended to be furnished by any person 14 in exchange for a contraband controlled substance in violation of 15 16 this chapter, all proceeds, including items of property traceable to such an exchange, and all moneys or other things of value used or 17 intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this chapter, 18 except that no property shall be forfeited under this paragraph 19 20 to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission established by that owner to have been committed or omit-21 ted without the knowledge or consent of that owner. 22

(7) All drug paraphernalia as defined by section 37-2701, Idaho Code.

(8) All simulated controlled substances, which are used or intended for use in violation of this chapter.

26 (9) All weapons, or firearms, which are used in any manner to facilitate27 a violation of the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Property subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by
 the director, or any peace officer of this state, upon process issued by any
 district court, or magistrate division thereof, having jurisdiction over
 the property. Seizure without process may be made if:

(1) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search war rant or an inspection under an administrative inspection warrant;

34 (2) The property subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior
35 judgment in favor of the state in a criminal racketeering or civil for36 feiture proceeding based upon a violation of this chapter;

(3) Probable cause exists to believe that the property is directly orindirectly dangerous to health or safety; or

(4) Probable cause exists to believe that the property was used or isintended to be used in violation of this chapter.

41 Mere presence or possession of United States currency, without other indicia42 of criminal activity, is insufficient cause for seizure.

- (c) In the event of seizure pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, proceedings under subsection (d) of this section shall be instituted
  promptly.
- 46 (1) When property is seized under this section, the director or the47 peace officer who seized the property may:
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- (A) Place the property under seal;
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- (B) Remove the property to a place designated by him; or

(C) Take custody of the property and remove it to an appropriate location for disposition in accordance with law.

(2) The peace officer who seized the property shall within five (5) days notify the director of such seizure.

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(3) In the event of seizure pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, proceedings under subsection (d) of this section shall be instituted within thirty (30) days by the director or appropriate prosecuting attorney.

(d) Property taken or detained under this section may be subject to re-9 plevin during the pendency of the forfeiture proceedings upon a hearing and 10 11 finding by the district court, or magistrate division thereof, having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings, that the property is: (i) reason-12 ably necessary for the owner's employment or personal use, that the property 13 will not be disposed of or used for criminal activity, and that reasonable 14 security has been posted; or (ii) that the seizure violated the provisions 15 16 of this section. The right of replevin shall terminate upon an order of forfeiture as set forth in this section. Property that is being held that has 17 evidentiary value in the underlying criminal case shall not be subject to re-18 plevin. Forfeiture proceedings shall be civil actions against the property 19 subject to forfeiture and the standard of proof shall be preponderance of the 20 21 evidence.

(1) All property described in paragraphs (1), (7) and (8) of subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the state. Controlled substances that are seized or come into possession of the state, the owners of which are unknown, shall be deemed contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the state.

(2) When property described in paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) or (9)27 of subsection (a) of this section is seized pursuant to this section, 28 forfeiture proceedings shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the 29 district court for the county wherein such property is seized. The pro-30 cedure governing such proceedings shall be the same as that prescribed 31 for civil proceedings by the Idaho rules of civil procedure. The court 32 shall determine whether such property was used, or intended for use, 33 in violation of this chapter. The court shall also determine whether a 34 property forfeiture is proportionate to the crime alleged, charged or 35 proven. Factors to be considered by the court in making such a determi-36 nation shall include, but are not limited to, the nature and severity of 37 the crime, the fair market value of the property, the intangible or sub-38 jective value of the property, the hardship to the defendant, the effect 39 of forfeiture on the defendant's family or financial circumstances, and 40 any other sanctions or penalties that have been imposed upon the defen-41 dant. The court may tailor the forfeiture of property according to its 42 determination of proportionality as justice requires. 43

(3) When conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, are
seized pursuant to this section, a complaint instituting forfeiture
proceedings shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district
court for the county wherein such conveyance is seized.

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49 50 (A) Notice of forfeiture proceedings shall be given to each owner or party in interest who has a right, title, or interest which in the case of a conveyance shall be determined by the record in the

Idaho transportation department, or a similar department of an-1 2 other state if the records are maintained in that state, by serving a copy of the complaint and summons according to one (1) of the fol-3 lowing methods: 4 (I) Upon each owner or party in interest by mailing a copy of 5 the complaint and summons by certified mail to the address as 6 given upon the records of the appropriate department. 7 (II) Upon each owner or party in interest whose name and ad-8 dress is known, by mailing a copy of the notice by registered 9 10 mail to the last known address. (B) Within twenty (20) days after the mailing or publication of 11 the notice, the owner of the conveyance or claimant may file a ver-12 ified answer and claim to the property described in the complaint 13 instituting forfeiture proceedings. 14 (C) If at the end of twenty (20) days after the notice has been 15 16 mailed there is no verified answer on file, the court shall hear evidence upon the fact of the unlawful use, or intent to use, and 17 shall order the property forfeited to the director, or appropriate 18 prosecuting attorney, if such fact is proved. 19 20 (D) If a verified answer is filed, the forfeiture proceeding shall be set for hearing before the court without a jury on a day not less 21 than thirty (30) days therefrom; and the proceeding shall have 22 priority over other civil cases. 23 24 (I)At the hearing any owner who has a verified answer on file may show by competent evidence that the conveyance was 25 not used or intended to be used in any manner described in 26 subsection (a) (4) of this section. 27 (II) At the hearing any owner who has a verified answer on 28 file may show by competent evidence that his interest in the 29 conveyance is not subject to forfeiture because he did not 30 know that the conveyance was being used, had been used, was 31 intended to be used or had been intended to be used in any 32 manner described in subsection (a) (4) of this section. 33 34 (III) If the court finds that the property was not used or was not intended to be used in violation of this act, or is not 35 subject to forfeiture under this act, the court shall order 36 the property released to the owner as his right, title, or 37 interest appears on records in the appropriate department as 38 of the seizure. 39 (IV) An owner, co-owner or claimant of any right, title, or 40 interest in the conveyance may prove that his right, title, 41 or interest, whether under a lien, mortgage, conditional 42 sales contract or otherwise, was created without any knowl-43 edge or reason to believe that the conveyance was being used, 44 had been used, was intended to be used, or had been intended 45 to be used for the purpose alleged; 46 In the event of such proof, the court shall or-47 (i) der the conveyance released to the bona fide or inno-48 cent owner, purchaser, lienholder, mortgagee, or con-49 ditional sales vendor. 50

1	(ii) If the amount due to such person is less than the
2	value of the conveyance, the conveyance may be sold at
3	public auction by the director or appropriate prose-
4	cuting attorney. The director, or appropriate prose-
5	cuting attorney, shall publish a notice of the sale by
6	at least one (1) publication in a newspaper published
7	and circulated in the city, community or locality where
8	the sale is to take place at least one (1) week prior
9	to sale of the conveyance. The proceeds from such sale
10	shall be distributed as follows in the order indicated:
11	1. To the bona fide or innocent owner, purchaser,
12	conditional sales vendor, lienholder or mort-
13	gagee of the conveyance, if any, up to the value
14	of his interest in the conveyance.
15	2. The balance, if any, in the following order:
16	A. To the director, or appropriate prose-
17	cuting attorney, for all expenditures made
18	or incurred by him in connection with the
19	sale, including expenditure for any neces-
20	sary repairs, storage, or transportation
21	of the conveyance, and for all expendi-
22	tures made or incurred by him in connection
23	with the forfeiture proceedings includ-
24	ing, but not limited to, expenditures for
25	witnesses' fees, reporters' fees, tran-
26	scripts, printing, traveling and investi-
27	gation.
28	B. To the law enforcement agency of this
29	state which seized the conveyance for all
30	expenditures for traveling, investiga-
31	tion, storage and other expenses made or
32	incurred after the seizure and in connec-
33	tion with the forfeiture of any conveyance
34	seized under this act.
35	C. The remainder, if any, to the director
36	for credit to the drug and driving while
37	under the influence enforcement donation
38	fund or to the appropriate prosecuting
39	attorney for credit to the local drug en-
40	forcement donation fund, or its equiva-
41	lent.
42	(iii) In any case, the director, or appropriate pros-
43	ecuting attorney, may, within thirty (30) days after
44	judgment, pay the balance due to the bona fide lien-
45	holder, mortgagee or conditional sales vendor and
46	thereby purchase the conveyance for use to enforce this
47	act.
48	(e) When property is forfeited under this section, or is received from a
49	federal enforcement agency, the director, or appropriate prosecuting attor-
50	ney, may:

(1) Upon a showing that the property as set forth in this section is suited for and likely to be used for law enforcement activities, the plaintiff or law enforcement agency may, with judicial approval, retain it for official use;

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(2) Sell that which is not required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to the public.

- 7 The director, or appropriate prosecuting attorney, shall publish a no-8 tice of the sale by at least one (1) publication in a newspaper published 9 and circulated in the city, community or locality where the sale is to 10 take place at least one (1) week prior to sale of the property. The pro-11 ceeds from such sale shall be distributed as follows in the order indi-12 cated:
- To the director, or prosecuting attorney on behalf of the (A) 13 county or city law enforcement agency, for all expenditures made 14 or incurred in connection with the sale, including expenditure 15 16 for any necessary repairs, maintenance, storage or transportation, and for all expenditures made or incurred in connection 17 with the forfeiture proceedings including, but not limited to, 18 expenditures for witnesses' fees, reporters' fees, transcripts, 19 20 printing, traveling and investigation.
- (B) To the law enforcement agency of this state which seized the
   property for all expenditures for traveling, investigation, stor age and other expenses made or incurred after the seizure and in
   connection with the forfeiture of any property seized under this
   act.
  - (C) The remainder, if any, to the director for credit to the drug and driving while under the influence enforcement donation fund or to the appropriate prosecuting attorney for credit to the local agency's drug enforcement donation fund; or
  - (3) Take custody of the property and remove it for disposition in accordance with law.

(f) (1) The director or any peace officer of this state seizing any of 32 the property described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of 33 this section shall cause a written inventory to be made and maintain 34 custody of the same until all legal actions have been exhausted unless 35 such property has been placed in lawful custody of a court or state 36 or federal law enforcement agency. After all legal actions have been 37 exhausted with respect to such property, the property shall be surren-38 dered by the court, law enforcement agency, or person having custody 39 of the same to the director to be destroyed pursuant to paragraph (2) 40 of this subsection. The property shall be accompanied with a written 41 inventory on forms furnished by the director. 42

(2) All property described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) 43 of this section that is seized or surrendered under the provisions of 44 this act may be destroyed after all legal actions have been exhausted. 45 The destruction shall be done under the supervision of the Idaho state 46 police by a representative of the office of the director. An official 47 record listing the property destroyed and the location of destruction 48 shall be kept on file at the office of the director. Except, however, 49 that the director of the Idaho state police or his designee may autho-50

rize the destruction of drug or nondrug evidence, or store those items 1 2 at government expense when, in the opinion of the director or his designee, it is not reasonable to remove or transport such items from the 3 location of the seizure for destruction. In such case, a representative 4 sample will be removed and preserved for evidentiary purposes and, when 5 practicable, destroyed as otherwise is in accordance with this chapter. 6 7 On-site destruction of such items shall be witnessed by at least two (2) persons, one (1) of whom shall be the director or his designee who shall 8 make a record of the destruction. 9

10 (q) Species of plants from which controlled substances in schedules I 11 and II may be derived that have been planted or cultivated in violation of this act, or of which the owners or cultivators are unknown, or that are wild 12 growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited to the state. 13

(h) The failure, upon demand by the director, or his duly authorized 14 agent, of the person in occupancy or in control of land or premises upon which 15 16 the species of plants are growing or being stored, to produce an appropriate registration, or proof that he is the holder thereof, constitutes authority 17 for the seizure and forfeiture of the plants. 18

(i) The director shall have the authority to enter upon any land or into 19 20 any dwelling pursuant to a search warrant, to cut, harvest, carry off or de-21 stroy such plants described in subsection (g) of this section.

(j) On or before March 31, 2019, and by March 31 of each year thereafter, 22 23 each state or local law enforcement agency in this state that has seized or forfeited property pursuant to this section shall retain the following in-24 formation from the previous calendar year: 25

(1) Name of the law enforcement agency that seized the property;

(2) Date of seizure; 27

Type and description of property seized, including make, model, 28 (3) year, and serial number, if applicable; 29

(4) Crime, if any, for which the suspect has been charged, including 30 whether such crime is a violation of state or federal law; 31

- (5) Criminal case number, if any; 32
  - (6) Outcome, if any, of suspect's case;

(7) If forfeiture was not processed under state law, the reason for the 34 federal transfer, if known; 35

(8) Forfeiture case number; 36

(9) Date of forfeiture decision; 37

(10) Whether there was a forfeiture settlement agreement; 38

(11) Date and outcome of property disposition as described by one (1) of 39 the following: returned to owner, partially returned to owner, sold, 40 destroyed, or retained by law enforcement; and 41

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(12) Value of the property forfeited based on the value realized, if sold, or a reasonable good faith estimate of the value, if possible. 43

Local law enforcement agencies shall submit the information required by this 44 subsection to the county prosecutor for its jurisdiction and to the state 45 controller on a form as promulgated in rule by the Idaho state police, and 46 47 such prosecutor and the state controller shall retain the form for a period of seven (7) years. 48

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2023.