IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1044

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

1

- RELATING TO CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 9-203, IDAHO CODE, 2 TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; 3 AMENDING SECTION 14-510, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE AND 4 5 TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 15-2-801, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMEND-6 ING SECTION 18-8807, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE; AMENDING 7 SECTION 22-2726, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING 8 SECTION 33-4302, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE AND TO MAKE 9 10 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 34-106, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING 11 SECTION 34-219, IDAHO CODE, AS ENACTED BY SECTION 1, CHAPTER 73, LAWS OF 12 2022, TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING SECTION 34-701, IDAHO CODE, 13 TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-414, IDAHO CODE, 14 15 TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMEND-ING SECTION 39-414A, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE; AMENDING 16 CHAPTER 97, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE, AS ENACTED BY SECTION 1, CHAPTER 134, 17 LAWS OF 2022, TO REDESIGNATE THE CHAPTER; AMENDING CHAPTER 97, TITLE 39, 18 19 IDAHO CODE, AS ENACTED BY SECTION 1, CHAPTER 80, LAWS OF 2022, TO RE-DESIGNATE THE CHAPTER AND TO PROVIDE CORRECT CODE REFERENCES; AMENDING 20 SECTION 49-2444, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A CODIFIER'S CORRECTION AND TO MAKE 21 TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 54-1705, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE 22 CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING 23 SECTION 54-2918A, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A CODIFIER'S CORRECTION; AMENDING 24 SECTION 54-5207, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING 25 SECTION 54-5802, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS AND TO RE-26 MOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE; AMENDING SECTION 54-5805, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE 27 A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING 28 SECTION 55-616, IDAHO CODE, AS ENACTED BY SECTION 1, CHAPTER 267, LAWS 29 OF 2022, TO REDESIGNATE THE SECTION; AMENDING CHAPTER 17, TITLE 56, 30 IDAHO CODE, AS ENACTED BY SECTION 2, CHAPTER 200, LAWS OF 2022, TO REDES-31 IGNATE THE CHAPTER AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 32 33 57-811, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE CODIFIER'S CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 59-1303, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS VERBIAGE AND TO MAKE A CODIFIER'S 34 CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 67-2922, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL 35 CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-4304, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL 36 CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-4305, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE TECHNICAL 37 CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-4306, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A TECHNICAL 38 CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 67-5303, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE SURPLUS 39 VERBIAGE; AMENDING SECTION 67-5308, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A CODIFIER'S 40 CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 74-105, IDAHO CODE, TO MAKE A CODIFIER'S 41 CORRECTION AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; PROVIDING A SUNSET DATE; 42 AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE. 43
- 44 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

1 SECTION 1. That Section 9-203, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 2 amended to read as follows:

9-203. CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS. There are particu lar relations in which it is the policy of the law to encourage confidence and
 to preserve it inviolate; therefore, a person cannot be examined as a witness
 in the following cases:

(1) A husband cannot be examined for or against his wife, without her 7 consent, nor a wife for or against her husband, without his consent; nor can 8 either, during the marriage or afterwards, be, without the consent of the 9 10 other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during the marriage; but this exception does not apply to a civil action or proceeding 11 by one against the other nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime 12 committed by violence of one against the person of the other, nor does this 13 exception apply to any case of physical injury to a child where the injury has 14 15 been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect by one or both of the parents, nor does this exception apply to any case of lewd and lascivious con-16 duct or attempted lewd and lascivious conduct where either party would oth-17 erwise be protected by this privilege. 18

(2) An attorney cannot, without the consent of his client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him, or his advice given thereon, in the course of professional employment. The word client used herein shall be deemed to include a person, a corporation or an association.

(3) A clergyman or priest cannot, without the consent of the person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him in his professional character in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to
which he belongs.

(4) A physician or surgeon cannot, without the consent of his patient,
be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending
the patient which was necessary to enable him to prescribe or act for the patient, provided, however, that:

(a) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to preclude physicians
 from reporting of and testifying at all cases of physical injury to
 children, where it appears the injury has been caused as a result of
 physical abuse or neglect by a parent, guardian or legal custodian of
 the child.

36 (b) Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to preclude physicians
 37 from testifying at all cases of physical injury to a person where it appears the injury has been caused as a result of domestic violence.

(c) After the death of a patient, in any action involving the valid-39 ity of any will or other instrument executed, or claimed to have been 40 executed, by him, conveying or transferring any real or personal prop-41 erty or incurring any financial obligation, such physician or surgeon 42 43 may testify to the mental or physical condition of such patient and in so testifying may disclose information acquired by him concerning such pa-44 tient which was necessary to enable him to prescribe or act for such de-45 ceased. 46

(d) Where any person or his heirs or representatives brings an action
to recover damages for personal injuries or death, such action shall be
deemed to constitute a consent by the person bringing such action that

2

any physician who has prescribed for or treated said injured or deceased person and whose testimony is material in the action may testify.

(e) If the patient be dead and during his lifetime had not given such
consent, the bringing of an action by a beneficiary, assignee or payee
or by the legal representative of the insured_T to recover on any life,
health or accident insurance policy_T shall constitute a consent by such
beneficiary, assignee, payee or legal representative to the testimony
of any physician who attended the deceased.

9 (5) A public officer cannot be examined as to communications made to him
10 in official confidence when the public interests would suffer by disclosure.

(6) Any certificated counselor, psychologist, or psychological examiner, duly appointed, regularly employed, and designated in such capacity by any public or private school in this state for the purpose of counseling students shall be immune from disclosing, without the consent of the student, any communication made by any student so counseled or examined in any civil or criminal action to which such student is a party. Such matters so communicated shall be privileged and protected against disclosure.

(7) Any parent, quardian or legal custodian shall not be forced to 18 disclose any communication made by their minor child or ward to them con-19 cerning matters in any civil or criminal action to which such child or ward 20 21 is a party. Such matters so communicated shall be privileged and protected against disclosure; excepting, this section does not apply to a civil action 22 23 or proceeding by one against the other nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by violence of one against the person of the other, nor 24 does this section apply to any case of physical injury to a minor child where 25 26 the injury has been caused as a result of physical abuse or neglect by one or both of the parents, guardians or legal custodians. 27

(8) (a) As used in this subsection:

lice;

Code;

"First responder" means:

29		(i)
30		
31		
32		
33		
34		
35		
36		

28

37

38

39

40

41

42

72-102(31), Idaho Code;
4. An emergency medical service (EMS) provider certified by the department of health and welfare pursuant to sections 56-1011 through 56-1018B, Idaho Code, and an ambulance-based clinician as defined in the rules governing emergency medical services as adopted by the department of health and welfare; and

1. A peace officer as defined in section 19-5101(d), Idaho Code, when employed by a city, county, or the Idaho state po-

2. A firefighter as defined in section 59-1302(16), Idaho

3. A volunteer emergency responder as defined in section

43 5. An emergency communications officer as defined in sec44 tion 19-5101(f), Idaho Code.

(ii) "Peer support counseling session" means a meeting conducted
by a peer support specialist, which meeting is held in response to
a critical incident, traumatic event, or other personal or professional wellness issue.

8	about whom the communication was made, unless the communication:
9	(i) Involves a threat of suicide or a threat to commit a criminal
10	act;
11	(ii) Involves information required by law to be reported; or
12	(iii) Is an admission of criminal conduct.
13	(c) Any disclosure permitted by paragraph (b) of this subsection that
14	is made during or as part of court proceedings is subject to the rules of
15	the Idaho supreme court.
16	8. (9) A person employed by or volunteering at a nongovernmental do-
17	mestic or sexual violence program shall not, without the written and signed
18	consent of the recipient of services, be required to or compelled to disclose
19	any communication made between the person in the course of employment or vol-
20	unteer services for the domestic or sexual violence program and a recipient
21	of the program's services or to disclose information or records about a re-
22	cipient of the services of a domestic or sexual violence program, provided
23	that disclosure of communications during or as part of court proceedings is
24	subject to the rules of the Idaho supreme court. The provisions of this sub-
25	section shall not apply to communications made to a provider or employee dur-
26	ing medical services, medical procedures, medical exams, medical evalua-
27	tions, or forensic interviews. 9. (10) For purposes of this section:
28 29	(a) "Recipient" means any individual who has received or inquired
29 30	about receiving services or assistance from a domestic or sexual vio-
30 31	lence program, including shelter, advocacy, counseling, or other ser-
32	vices offered by a domestic or sexual violence program.
33	(B) (b) "Domestic or sexual violence program" means any nonprofit or-
34	ganization, nongovernmental organization, private entity, or tribe
35	or tribal organization that has as its primary purpose the operation
36	of shelters or supportive services for victims of domestic or sexual
37	violence and their dependents or counseling, advocacy, or self-help
38	services to victims of domestic or sexual violence.
39	SECTION 2. That Section 14-510, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby
40	amended to read as follows:
41	14-510. STOCK AND OTHER INTANGIBLE INTERESTS IN BUSINESS ASSOCIA-
42	TIONS. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any stock,
43	shareholding or other intangible ownership interest in a business asso-
44	ciation, the existence of which is evidenced by records available to the
45	association, is considered abandoned if:
46	(a) The interest in the association is owned by a person who within five

- (a) The interest in the association is owned by a person who within five
- 47 (5) years has failed to:
- 48 49
- (i) Claim a dividend, distribution or other sum payable as a result of the interest; or

seling session cannot disclose and shall not be forced to disclose a communication made during or arising out of a peer support counseling session without the consent of the person who made the communication or al

4 5

1 2

3

6 7

(iii) "Peer support specialist" means a person designated by a public agency employing first responders to lead, moderate, or assist in a peer support counseling session.

(b) Any peer support specialist or participant in a peer support coun-

4

(ii) Communicate with the association regarding the interest or 1 2 a dividend, distribution or other sum payable as the result of the interest, as evidenced by memorandum or other record on file with 3 the association prepared by an employee of the association; and 4 (b) The association does not know the location of the owner at the end of 5 the five (5) year period. The return of official shareholder notifica-6 tions or communications by the postal service as undeliverable is evi-7 dence that the association does not know the location of the owner. 8 (2) This chapter applies to: 9 10 (a) The underlying stock, shareholdings or other intangible ownership interests of an owner; 11 (b) Any stock, shareholdings or other intangible ownership interests 12 of an owner when the business association is in possession of the cer-13 tificate or other evidence of ownership; and 14 (c) The stock, shareholdings or other intangible ownership interests 15 16 of dividend- and nondividend-paying business associations, whether or not the interest is represented by a certificate. 17 (3) At the time an interest is considered abandoned under this section, 18 any dividend, distribution or other sum then held for or owing to the owner as 19 a result of the interest, and not previously presumed abandoned, is consid-20 21 ered abandoned. (4) (a) This chapter does not apply to any stock or other intangible own-22 ership interest enrolled in a plan that provides for the automatic rein-23 vestment of dividends, distributions or other sums payable as a result 24 of the interest unless: 25 26 (i) The records available to the administrator of the plan show that the owner has not within five (5) years communicated in any 27 manner described in subsection (1) of this section; or -28 (ii) Five (5) years have elapsed since the location of the owner 29 became unknown to the association, as evidenced by the return 30 of official shareholder notifications or communications by the 31 postal service as undeliverable, and the owner has not within 32 those five (5) years communicated in any manner described in this 33 34 chapter. (b) The five (5) year period from the return of official notifications 35 or communications begins at the earlier of the return of the second of 36 those notifications or communications or the time the holder discontin-37 ues mailings to the shareholder. 38 SECTION 3. That Section 15-2-801, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 39 amended to read as follows: 40

41 15-2-801. RENUNCIATION.

(1) (a) A person or the representative of an incapacitated or unascertained person who is an heir, devisee, person succeeding to a renounced
interest, donee, beneficiary under a testamentary or nontestamentary
instrument, donee of a power of appointment, grantee, surviving joint
owner or surviving joint tenant, beneficiary of an insurance contract,
person designated to take pursuant to a power of appointment exercised
by a testamentary or nontestamentary instrument, or otherwise the re-

cipient of any benefit under a testamentary or nontestamentary instrument₇ may renounce, in whole or in part, powers, future interests, specific parts, fractional shares or assets thereof by filing a written instrument within the time and at the place hereinafter provided. (b) The instrument shall:

4 5 6

1 2

3

(i) Describe the property or interest renounced;

7 8

(ii) Be signed by the person renouncing; and(iii) Declare the renunciation and the extent thereof.

The appropriate court may direct or permit a trustee under a tes-9 (C) tamentary or nontestamentary instrument to renounce or to deviate from 10 any power of administration, management or allocation of benefit upon 11 finding that exercise of such power may defeat or impair the accomplish-12 ment of the purposes of the trust whether by the imposition of tax or 13 the allocation of beneficial interest inconsistent with such purposes. 14 Such authority shall be exercised after hearing and upon notice to all 15 16 known persons beneficially interested in such trust or estate, in the manner pursuant to part 4, chapter 1, title 15, Idaho Code. 17

(2) Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section, the writing 18 specified in subsection (1) of this section must be filed within nine (9) 19 months after the transfer or the death of the decedent, or donee of the power, 20 21 whichever is the later, or, if the taker of the property is not then finally ascertained, not later than nine (9) months after the event that determines 22 that the taker of the property or interest is finally ascertained or his in-23 terest indefeasibly vested. The writing must be filed in the court of the 24 county where proceedings concerning the decedent's estate are pending, or 25 where they would be pending if commenced. If an interest in real estate is 26 renounced, a copy of the writing may also be recorded in the office of the 27 recorder in the county in which said real estate lies. A copy of the writ-28 ing also shall be delivered in person or mailed by registered or certified 29 mail to the personal representative of the decedent, the trustee of any trust 30 31 in which the interest renounced exists, and no such personal representative, trustee or person shall be liable for any otherwise proper distribution or 32 other disposition made without actual notice of the renunciation. the 33

(3) Unless the decedent or donee of the power has otherwise indicated, 34 the property or interest renounced passes as if the person renouncing had 35 predeceased the decedent, or if the person renouncing is designated to take 36 under a power of appointment as if the person renouncing had predeceased the 37 donee of the power. A future interest that takes effect in possession or en-38 39 joyment after the termination of the estate or interest renounced takes effect as if the person renouncing had predeceased the decedent or the donee of 40 the power. In every case, the renunciation relates back for all purposes to 41 the date of death of the decedent or the donee, as the case may be. 42

- 43
- 43

(4) The right to renounce property or an interest therein is barred by:

(a) Assignment, conveyance, encumbrance, pledge or transfer of prop-erty therein or any contract therefor;

- 46
- (b) Written waiver of the right to renounce; or

47 (c) Sale or other disposition of property pursuant to judicial process
 48 made before the renunciation is effective.

(5) The right to renounce granted by this section exists irrespective
of any limitation on the interest of the person renouncing in the nature of a
spendthrift provision or similar restriction.

4 (6) The renunciation or the written waiver of the right to renounce is
5 binding upon the person renouncing or person waiving and all persons claim6 ing through or under him.

7 (7) This section does not abridge the right of any person to assign,
8 convey, release or renounce any property or an interest therein arising un9 der any other statute.

(8) In clarification and amplification of subsection (1) (a) of this section, and to make clear the existing terms thereof, a renunciation may be made by an agent appointed under a power of attorney, by a conservator or guardian on behalf of an incapacitated person, or by the personal representative or administrator of a deceased person. The ability to renounce on behalf of the person does not need to be specifically set forth in a power of attorney if the power is general in nature.

(9) The due date for filing a timely disclaimer under subsection (2) of
this section, where the decedent died after December 31, 2009, but before December 17, 2010, shall be not earlier than September 19, 2011.

20 SECTION 4. That Section 18-8807, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 21 amended to read as follows:

18-8807. CIVIL CAUSES OF ACTION. (1) Any female upon whom an abortion
has been attempted or performed, the father of the preborn child, a grandparent of the preborn child, a sibling of the preborn child, or an aunt or uncle
of the preborn child may maintain an action for:

(a) All damages from the medical professionals who knowingly or reck lessly attempted, performed, or induced the abortion in violation of
 this chapter;

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, statutory damages in an
 amount not less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) from the medical
 professionals who knowingly or recklessly attempted, performed, or in duced an abortion in violation of this chapter; and

33

(c) Costs and attorney's fees. 8803 8804

34 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person may bring an
 35 action under this section not later than four (4) years following the date
 36 the cause of action accrues.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a civil cause of action
under this section may not be brought by a person who impregnated the mother
through an act of rape or incest.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including chapter 1,
title 12, Idaho Code, a court may not award costs or attorney's fees to a
defendant in an action brought under this section unless the defendant has
complied with the applicable requirements of sections 18-8803 and 18-8804,
Idaho Code.

(5) The civil causes of action provided for in this section exist independently of any criminal action commenced pursuant to this chapter. A civil
cause of action may be pursued under the provisions of this chapter even if a
criminal prosecution is not pursued.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including chapters 14,
17, and 18, title 54, Idaho Code, the requirements of this section shall be
enforced exclusively through the private civil causes of action described.
No enforcement of this section may be taken or threatened against any person
by this state, a political subdivision of this state, a prosecuting attorney, or an executive or administrative officer or employee of this state or a
political subdivision of this state.

8 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this state, a state of-9 ficial, or a prosecuting attorney may not intervene in an action brought un-10 der this section. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a person de-11 scribed in this subsection from filing an amicus curiae brief in the action.

(8) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect any familialrights or responsibilities or any proceedings conducted under Idaho law.

SECTION 5. That Section 22-2726, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

22-2726. FUNDS OR ASSISTANCE PROVIDED BY COUNTY FROM COUNTY GENERAL 16 17 FUND. In those counties of Idaho wherein all or a substantial part of the county has been created and is operating as a soil conservation district or 18 districts under the provisions of chapter 27, title 22, Idaho Code, or any 19 amendment thereto, the board of county commissioners may, from time to time, 20 21 at their discretion and upon request of the supervisors of such soil conservation districts provide in their budget a sufficient amount of money from 22 the county general fund for allocation to the districts to be used by the dis-23 tricts for any purposes authorized by law, or in lieu of such allocation the 24 county commissioners at their discretion may assign or hire an employee or 25 employees of the county to assist the supervisors in the performance of the 26 work of their office. The duties of such employee or employees shall be un-27 der the direct supervision of the supervisors of each soil conservation dis-28 trict. 29

30 SECTION 6. That Section 33-4302, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 31 amended to read as follows:

32	33-4302. ARMED FORCES AND PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER SCHOLARSHIPS.
33 34	(1) (a) The following individuals shall be eligible for the scholarship program provided for in this section:
35	(i) Any spouse or child of any Idaho citizen who, while such per-
36	son is or was a resident of the state of Idaho:
37	1. Has been determined by the federal government to be a
38	prisoner of war or missing in action; or
39	2. Died of, or has become totally and permanently disabled
40	by, injuries or wounds sustained during active duty or inac-
41	tive duty training . has<u>;</u>
42	(ii) Any spouse or child of any member of the United States armed
43	forces who is stationed in the state of Idaho on military orders
44	and who:
45	1. Is deployed from the state of Idaho to any area of armed
46	conflict in which the United States is a party and who has
47	been determined by the federal government to be a prisoner of

1	war or missing in action or has died of or become totally and
2	permanently disabled by injuries or wounds sustained in ac-
3	tion as a result of such deployment; or
4	2. Dies of, or becomes totally and permanently disabled by,
5	injuries or wounds sustained during active duty or inactive
6	duty training-; and
7	(iii) Any spouse or child of a full-time or part-time public safety
8	officer, as defined in paragraph (b) of this subsection, employed
9	by or volunteering for the state of Idaho or for a political sub-
10	division of the state of Idaho, which public safety officer is or
11	was a resident of the state of Idaho at the time such officer was
12	killed or totally and permanently disabled in the line of duty.
13	The scholarship provided for in this section shall not be avail-
14	able unless it is determined that:
15	1. The death or disablement of the public safety officer oc-
16	curred in the performance of the officer's duties;
17	2. The death or disablement was not caused by the inten-
18	tional misconduct of the public safety officer or by such
19	officer's intentional infliction of injury; and
20	3. The public safety officer was not voluntarily intoxi-
21	cated at the time of death. (b) As used in this section:
22 23	(i) "Active duty" means state active duty as defined in section
23 24	46-409, Idaho Code, or full-time duty with any of the United States
24 25	armed forces.
26	(ii) "Inactive duty training" means training or maintenance ac-
27	tivities prescribed, required, or authorized for military members
28	that do not constitute active duty.
29	(iii) "Military member" means a member of the United States armed
30	forces.
31	(iv) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer, a fire-
32	fighter, a paramedic as defined in section 56-1012, Idaho Code,
33	or an emergency medical technician as defined in section 56-1012,
34	Idaho Code.
35	(v) "United States armed forces" means the air force, army, coast
36	guard, marine corps, navy, or space force, or the reserve compo-
37	nent of any such service.
38	(vi) "Volunteering" means contributing services as a bona fide
39	member of a legally organized law enforcement agency, fire depart-
40	ment, or licensed emergency medical service provider organiza-
41	tion. (2) (a) The balanchic state of the schelenship provided for in this section.
42	(2) (a) To be eligible for the scholarship provided for in this section,
43 44	a child of a military member or a public safety officer must be a res- ident of the state of Idaho and must have completed secondary school
44 45	or its equivalent in the state of Idaho. A child already born, or born
45 46	after a military member or public safety officer is determined to be
40 47	imprisoned or missing in action, or dies or becomes totally and perma-
48	nently disabled, shall be eligible for this scholarship.
49	(b) To be eligible for the scholarship provided for in this section,
50	the spouse of a military member or public safety officer must be a res-

ident of the state of Idaho and must have been married to such person at the time the military member or public safety officer was determined to be imprisoned or missing in action or died or became totally and permanently disabled. However, in the situation of disability, the spouse must be currently married to such person.

1 2

3

4 5

(3) An eligible individual who applies for the scholarship provided 6 7 for in this section shall, after verification of eligibility, receive the scholarship and be admitted to attend undergraduate studies at any public 8 institution of higher education or public career technical college within 9 the state of Idaho without the necessity of paying tuition and fees therefor; 10 11 such student shall be provided with books, equipment, and supplies necessary for pursuit of such program of enrollment not to exceed five hundred dollars 12 (\$500) per quarter, semester, intensified semester, or like educational pe-13 riod; and such student shall be furnished on-campus institution housing and 14 subsistence for each month he or she is enrolled full-time under this program 15 16 and actually resides in such on-campus facility. However, such undergraduate educational benefits shall not exceed a total of thirty-six (36) months 17 or four (4) nine (9) month periods, and the initiation of such educational 18 benefits shall extend for a period of ten (10) years after achieving a high 19 20 school diploma or its equivalency or for a period of ten (10) years after 21 the event giving rise to the eligibility for the scholarship, whichever is longer. 22

(4) The eligible individual shall meet such other educational qualifications as such institution of higher education or career technical college
has established for other prospective students of this state, as well as any
additional educational qualifications established by the state board of education and board of regents of the university of Idaho.

(5) Application for eligibility under this section shall be made to the
state board of education and the board of regents of the university of Idaho
or the state board for career technical education. The board shall verify
the eligibility of the applicant and communicate such eligibility to such
person and the affected institution or college.

(6) Affected institutions shall in their preparation of future budgets
 include costs resultant from such tuition, fee, book, equipment, supply,
 housing and subsistence loss for reimbursement from appropriations of state
 funds.

(7) For the purposes of this section, a member of the United States
armed forces is considered totally and permanently disabled if at the time
of application a current disability determination made or recognized by the
United States social security administration or the Idaho division of veterans services is in effect with respect to such individual.

(8) For the purposes of this section, a public safety officer is considered totally and permanently disabled if at the time of application a current
disability determination made by the public employee retirement system of
Idaho is in effect with respect to such individual.

(9) The state board of education and board of regents of the university
of Idaho may adopt rules to implement and administer the scholarship program
provided for in this section.

49 SECTION 7. That Section 34-106, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 50 amended to read as follows:

LIMITATION UPON ELECTIONS. On and after January 1, 2011, 34-106. 1 2 notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, there shall be no more than two (2) elections conducted in any county in any calendar 3 year, except as provided in this section or section 34-219 34-220, Idaho 4 5 Code, and except that elections to fill vacancies in the United States house of representatives shall be held as provided in the governor's proclamation. 6 7

(1) The dates on which elections may be conducted are:

(a) The third Tuesday in May of each year; and

8

9

(b) The Tuesday following the first Monday in November of each year.

(c) In addition to the elections specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of 10 this subsection and subsection (7) of this section, an emergency elec-11 tion may be called upon motion of the governing board of a political sub-12 division. An emergency exists when there is a great public calamity, 13 such as an extraordinary fire, flood, storm, epidemic, or other disas-14 ter, or if it is necessary to do emergency work to prepare for a national 15 16 or local defense, or it is necessary to do emergency work to safeguard life, health or property. 17

(d) In addition to the elections specified elsewhere in this section, 18 a presidential primary shall be held on the second Tuesday in March in 19 each presidential election year. Presidential primaries shall be held 20 21 separately from other primary elections, which shall be held on the third Tuesday in May even in presidential election years. 22

(2) Candidates for office elected in May shall take office on the date 23 specified in the certificate of election but not more than sixty (60) days 24 following the election. 25

(3) Candidates for office elected in November shall take office as pro-26 vided in the constitution $_{\tau}$ or on January 1 next succeeding the November elec-27 tion. 28

The governing board of each political subdivision subject to the 29 (4) provisions of this section, which that, prior to January 1, 2011, conducted 30 an election for members of that governing board on a date other than a date 31 permitted in subsection (1) of this section, shall establish as the election 32 date for that political subdivision the date authorized in subsection (1) of 33 this section which that falls nearest the date on which elections were previ-34 ously conducted, unless another date is established by law. 35

(5) The secretary of state is authorized to provide such assistance as 36 necessary, and to prescribe any needed rules or interpretations for the con-37 duct of election authorized under the provisions of this section. 38

39 (6) Water districts governed by chapter 6, title 42, Idaho Code, are exempt from the provisions of this section. 40

(7) Community colleges governed by chapter 21, title 33, Idaho Code, 41 and school districts are subject to the limitations specified in subsection 42 (1) of this section, except that school districts may also hold an election 43 on the second Tuesday in March of each year and on the last Tuesday in August 44 of each year on bonded indebtedness and property tax levy questions. 45

(8) A city initiative or referendum election shall be held on the Tues-46 day following the first Monday in November of odd-numbered years. A county 47 initiative or referendum election or a bond, levy and any other ballot ques-48 tion elections conducted by any political subdivision shall be held on the 49 nearest date authorized in subsection (1) of this section which that falls 50

more than sixty (60) days after the clerk of the political subdivision orders that such election shall be held in May or November of even-numbered years or more than fifty (50) days after the order for all other elections, unless otherwise provided by law. Ballot language for any question to be placed on the ballot shall be submitted to the county clerk at least sixty (60) days before an election held in May or November of even-numbered years and at least fifty (50) days before all other elections.

8 (9) Recall elections may be held on any of the four (4) dates authorized
9 in subsections (1) and (7) of this section that fall more than forty-five
10 (45) days after the clerk of the political subdivision orders that such elec11 tion shall be held.

(10) Irrigation districts governed by title 43, Idaho Code, are subject to the limitations specified in subsection (1) of this section, except that irrigation districts may also hold an election on the first Tuesday in February of each year and on the first Tuesday in August of each year on questions required to be voted upon by title 43, Idaho Code.

SECTION 8. That Section 34-219, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section 1, Chapter 73, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

34-219 34-220. JUDICIAL REVIEW -- ELECTION RESULTS. (1) If the vote 20 21 count in an election has been completed and it appears to the secretary of state or a county clerk that an error has occurred in the administration of 22 such election that may be sufficient to change the result of the election, 23 then the secretary of state or clerk of the county in which such error appears 24 to have occurred may petition the district court of the county in which the 25 26 error appears to have occurred for judicial review of the election. The petition shall be filed within twenty-eight (28) days of the date of the elec-27 28 tion.

(2) The secretary of state or the county clerk initiating a petition un-der this section shall serve notice of the petition on:

- (a) Any candidate appearing on the ballot in such election; and
- 32 (b) Any taxing district or other party responsible for placing an ini 33 tiative, a referendum, or another question on the ballot in such elec 34 tion.
 - (3) The district court may:

31

35

38

36 (a) Give such precedence on its docket to a petition under this section37 as the circumstances may require; and

(b) Consider any evidence related to the error alleged in the petition.

(4) The scope of the district court's review shall be limited to whether 39 the error alleged in the petition occurred and, if so, whether the error was 40 sufficient to change the result of the election. If the court determines 41 42 that the error was sufficient to change the result of the election, then the court shall declare the election void and order a new election to be held at 43 the expense of the agency where the error occurred. The new election shall be 44 held as soon as practicable and need not occur on a date provided in section 45 34-106, Idaho Code. 46

47 (5) Court proceedings held pursuant to this section shall be conducted
48 according to the Idaho rules of civil procedure, as applicable, and any other
49 rules deemed pertinent by the district court.

1 SECTION 9. That Section 34-701, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 2 amended to read as follows:

3 34-701. DECLARATIONS OF CANDIDACY AND PETITIONS -- FORM PRESCRIBED BY 4 SECRETARY OF STATE -- FILING FEES. (1) The secretary of state shall prescribe 5 the form for all declarations of candidacy and petitions required to be filed 6 for any office. This form shall be uniform throughout the state; provided, 7 however, that a candidate for judicial office must designate the particular 8 office that he seeks, both in his petitions and declaration of candidacy.

9 (2) Declarations of candidacy shall include campaign contact informa-10 tion, including phone numbers.

11 (3) The form described in subsection (1) of this section shall include 12 a sworn verification that the person satisfies the legal qualifications 13 for the office being sought. Any person filing a form described in subsec-14 tion (1) of this section shall disclose on such form whether the person has 15 claimed an exemption under section 63-602G, Idaho Code, and the address of 16 any homestead for which such exemption is claimed by the person and, if mar-17 ried, the person's spouse.

(3) (4) All filing fees shall be paid in cash, cashier's check, postal
 money orders, credit card, debit card, or personal check. Any transaction
 cost associated with processing a credit card or debit card payment that is
 charged to the office receiving a candidate filing fee may be added to said
 filing fee.

23 SECTION 10. That Section 39-414, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 24 amended to read as follows:

25 39-414. POWERS AND DUTIES OF DISTRICT BOARD. The district board of26 health shall have and may exercise the following powers and duties:

27 (1) To administer and enforce all state and district health laws, regulations, and standards.

29 (2) To do all things required for the preservation and protection of the public health and preventive health and to enter into agreements with 30 the director of the state department of health and welfare or the director of 31 32 the department of environmental quality to provide services or do such other things as specified in the agreement. An agreement entered pursuant to this 33 34 subsection may be between either such director and one (1) district or multiple districts. An order of a district board of health will take effect im-35 36 mediately. However, notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, if an order applies to all persons in a county or a public health district, the 37 board of county commissioners within each affected county, after consult-38 ing with the district board of health, will determine by resolution whether 39 or not to approve the order within county limits within seven (7) days of the 40 41 date of the order. If the board of county commissioners approves the order, then the order will take effect immediately for a period of thirty (30) days. 42 Thereafter, the order may be extended, amended, or modified and reimposed 43 for thirty (30) day periods, subject to approval by the board of county com-44 missioners. τ 45

46 (3) To determine the location of its main office and to determine the47 location, if any, of branch offices.

1 (4) To enter into contracts with any other governmental or public 2 agency whereby the district board agrees to render services to or for such 3 agency in exchange for a charge reasonably calculated to cover the cost of 4 rendering such service. This authority is to be limited to services vol-5 untarily rendered and voluntarily received and shall not apply to services 6 required by statute, rule, and regulations, or <u>by</u> standards promulgated 7 pursuant to this chapter or chapter 1, title 39, Idaho Code.

8 (5) To deposit all moneys or payment received or collected by gift,
 9 grant, devise, or any other way to the respective division or subaccount of
 10 the public health district in the public health district fund authorized by
 11 section 39-422, Idaho Code.

12

(6) To establish a fiscal control policy.

13 (7) To cooperate with the state board of health and welfare, the depart-14 ment of health and welfare, the board of environmental quality, and the de-15 partment of environmental quality.

(8) To enter into contracts with other governmental agencies, and this
chapter hereby authorizes such other agencies to enter into contracts with
the health district, as may be deemed necessary to fulfill the duties imposed
upon the district in providing for the health of the citizens within the district.

(9) To purchase, exchange, or sell real property and construct, rent,
or lease such buildings as may be required for the accomplishment of the
duties imposed upon the district and to further obtain such other personal
property as may be necessary to its functions.

(10) To accept, receive, and utilize any gifts, grants, or funds and
personal and real property that may be donated to it for the fulfillment of
the purposes outlined in this chapter.

(11) To establish a charge whereby the board agrees to render services
 to or for entities other than governmental or public agencies for an amount
 reasonably calculated to cover the cost of rendering such services.

(12) To enter into a lease of real or personal property as lessor or 31 lessee, or other transaction, with the Idaho health facilities authority for 32 a term not to exceed ninety-nine (99) years upon a determination by the dis-33 trict board that the real or personal property to be leased is necessary for 34 the purposes of the district_{τ} and to pledge nontax revenues of the district 35 to secure the district's obligations under such leases. For the purposes 36 of this chapter, a public health district is not a subdivision of the state 37 and shall be considered an independent body corporate and politic pursuant 38 39 to section 1, article VIII_{au} of the constitution of the state of Idaho_{au} and is not authorized hereby to levy taxes nor or to obligate the state of Idaho 40 concerning such financing. 41

(13) To administer and certify solid waste disposal site operations,
closure, and post-closure procedures established by statute or regulation
in accordance with <u>the</u> provisions of chapter 74, title 39, Idaho Code, in
a manner equivalent to the site certification process set forth in section
39-7408, Idaho Code.

47 (14) To select a board member to serve as trustee on the board of48 trustees of the Idaho district boards of health.

49 SECTION 11. That Section 39-414A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby50 amended to read as follows:

1 39-414A. AUDIT OF HEALTH DISTRICT FINANCES. It shall be the duty of 2 each district board of health to cause to be made a full and complete audit 3 of all the financial transactions of the health district no less frequently 4 than every two (2) years. Such audit shall be in accordance with generally 5 accepted auditing standards and procedures. The district board of health 6 shall include all necessary expenses for such audit in its budget. services 7 office, pursuant to section 67-702, Idaho Code

8 SECTION 12. That Chapter 97, Title 39, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section
9 1, Chapter 134, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as
10 follows:

CHAPTER 97 <u>98</u> ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS

11 12

13

14

39-9701 39-9801. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

(1) "Assistance" means aid in meeting daily living needs.

(2) "Essential caregiver" means a person designated by a patient orresident to visit the patient or resident at a facility.

(3) "Facility" means an institution providing health care services, a
health care setting, or a setting in which to receive assistance, including but not limited to hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory surgical or treatment centers, nursing facilities, skilled nursing
centers, residential treatment centers, rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings, certified family homes, group homes, or assisted living
facilities.

(4) "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, preven tion, treatment, cure, or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, or
 disease.

(5) "Patient" means a person receiving health care services at a facil-ity.

29

(6) "Resident" means a person receiving assistance at a facility.

30 <u>39-9702</u> <u>39-9802</u>. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. In enacting this chapter, it is
 31 the intent of the legislature to guarantee and protect the right of Idahoans
 32 to be visited by essential caregivers of their choosing when staying in a
 33 health care or assistance facility.

39-9703 39-9803. RIGHT TO ESSENTIAL CAREGIVERS. (1) A patient or resi-34 dent has the right to visitation from an essential caregiver while receiving 35 assistance or health care services at a facility, even if other visitors are 36 being excluded by the facility. However, the essential caregiver must fol-37 low safety and other protocols imposed by the facility, and a facility may 38 place reasonable restrictions as to where and when the essential caregiver 39 may visit. For purposes of this subsection, a restriction is reasonable if 40 41 the restriction:

42 (a) Is necessary to prevent the disruption of assistance or health care43 services to the patient or resident; and

(b) Does not interfere with the patient's or resident's general rightto visitation by essential caregivers.

(2) A facility that provides or intends to provide health care services 1 2 or assistance must: (a) When practicable, notify a potential patient or resident of the 3 right to designate essential caregivers prior to admission to the fa-4 5 cility; (b) Provide each patient or resident an opportunity to designate essen-6 7 tial caregivers; and (c) Accommodate a patient's or resident's request to have essential 8 caregivers visit within the limits prescribed by this section. 9 SECTION 13. That Chapter 97, Title 39, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section 10 11 1, Chapter 80, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: 12 CHAPTER 97 99 13 DOWN SYNDROME DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION ACT 14 39-9701 39-9901. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be 15 cited as the "Down Syndrome Diagnosis Information Act." 16 39-9702 39-9902. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this chapter: 17 (1) "Department" means the department of health and welfare. 18 (2) "Down syndrome" means a chromosomal condition associated with ei-19 ther an extra chromosome 21, in whole or in part, or an effective trisomy for 20 chromosome 21. Trisomy 21 is the medical term for Down syndrome. 21 (3) "Down syndrome organization" means any state or local nonprofit or-22 ganization primarily involved in providing advocacy, support, and education 23 to individuals with Down syndrome and their support community. 24 (4) "Health care practitioner" means a physician or other health care 25 practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform specified health 26 27 care services consistent with state law. "Health care practitioner" includes a genetic counselor. 28 (5) "Parent" means any person expecting a child who has received a test 29 result from a prenatal screening or diagnostic test that indicates a high 30 31 likelihood or the definite presence of Down syndrome, or the parent or legal guardian of a child diagnosed with Down syndrome. 32 39-9703 39-9903. APPLICABILITY. A health care practitioner who pro-33 vides prenatal or postnatal care and who administers or requests adminis-34 tration of a prenatal or postnatal screening or diagnostic test that detects 35 Down syndrome or receives a result from such test that indicates a high like-36 lihood or the definite presence of Down syndrome shall deliver to the par-37 ents the information support sheet provided by the department under section 38 39-9704 39-9904, Idaho Code. 39 40 39-9704 39-9904. SUPPORT SHEET. (1) The department shall create an up-to-date, evidence-based support sheet about Down syndrome that has been 41 reviewed by medical experts and the Idaho Down syndrome council. The support 42

42 reviewed by medical experts and the idano bown syndrome council. The support 43 sheet shall be provided at the time of diagnosis or when an ultrasound or 44 test detects a high likelihood of Down syndrome. The support sheet shall be 45 readily accessible and include the following: (a) A clinical course description of Down syndrome, including possible physical, developmental, educational, and psychosocial outcomes;

(b) Options available for treatment and therapy for conditions related to Down syndrome;

(c) Life expectancy for individuals with Down syndrome; and

1 2

3

4

5

6 (d) Contact information for nonprofit Idaho Down syndrome organiza 7 tions that provide information and support services for caregivers,
 8 including first-call programs and information hotlines specific to
 9 Down syndrome, resource centers, and other education and support pro 10 grams for Down syndrome.

(2) The department shall post the information required in this section on its website and shall include an information support sheet, in a printfriendly format, to be delivered by health care practitioners to parents as prescribed in section 39-9703 39-9903, Idaho Code.

(3) The department shall ensure that the information on the support
sheet required in this section is culturally and linguistically appropriate
for caregivers.

(4) A Down syndrome organization may request that the department in clude the organization's informational material and contact information on
 the department's website. The department may add the information to the web site upon request.

(5) The department shall meet annually with representatives of the
Idaho Down syndrome council to ensure the information in the support sheet
that is made available by the department is current.

25 SECTION 14. That Section 49-2444, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 26 amended to read as follows:

IDENTIFICATION CARD ISSUED -- FOUR-YEAR OR EIGHT-YEAR. (1) 49-2444. 27 The department shall issue a distinguishing identification card that shall 28 set forth the information contained in the application τ in a form as pre-29 scribed by the department. All identification cards issued on or after Jan-30 uary 1, 1993, shall not contain the applicant's social security number. An 31 applicant's social security number shall be exempt from disclosure except 32 33 for inquiries from agencies or institutions authorized to obtain such information by federal law or regulation, from peace officers, or from jury com-34 35 missioners. Each card shall have printed on it the applicant's full name, date of birth, Idaho residence address, sex, weight, height, eye color, and 36 37 hair color and shall be issued a distinguishing number assigned to the applicant. If an applicant has submitted an application pursuant to the provi-38 sions of chapter 58, title 19, Idaho Code, then the applicant's identifica-39 tion card shall contain his or her alternative Idaho mailing address in place 40 of his or her Idaho residence address. Each card shall also have printed on 41 42 it the name of this state, the date of issuance, and the date of expiration. An identification card shall not be valid until it has been signed on the sig-43 nature line by the applicant. Each card shall bear upon it a color photograph 44 of the applicant, which shall be taken by the examiner at the time of appli-45 cation. The photograph shall be taken without headgear or other clothing or 46 47 device that disguises or otherwise conceals the face or head of the applicant. A waiver may be granted by the department allowing the applicant to 48 49 wear headgear or other head covering for medical, religious or safety purposes as long as the face is not disguised or otherwise concealed. At the request of the applicant, an identification card may contain a statement or indication of the medical condition of the applicant.

4 (2) No person shall receive an identification card unless and until he
5 surrenders to the department all identification cards in his possession is6 sued to him by Idaho or any other jurisdiction, or any driver's license is7 sued by any other jurisdiction within the United States, or until he executes
8 an affidavit that he does not possess an identification card or any driver's
9 license.

10 (3) Identification cards issued to persons under eighteen (18) years of 11 age shall include a notation "under 18 until (month, day, year)," and identification cards issued to persons eighteen (18) years of age to twenty-one 12 (21) years of age shall include a notation "under 21 until (month, day, 13 year)." The nonrefundable fee for a four (4) year identification card issued 14 to persons twenty-one (21) years of age or older shall be fifteen dollars 15 16 (\$15.00), of which ten dollars (\$10.00) shall be retained by the county and credited to the current expense fund, and five dollars (\$5.00) shall be 17 deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the highway distribution 18 account. The nonrefundable fee for identification cards issued to persons 19 under twenty-one (21) years of age shall be ten dollars (\$10.00), of which 20 21 five dollars (\$5.00) shall be retained by the authorized issuing agent or, if issued by the county, shall be credited to the current expense fund $_{\tau}$ and 22 23 five dollars (\$5.00) shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the highway distribution account. The nonrefundable fee for an eight (8) 24 year identification card shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), of which 25 fifteen dollars (\$15.00) shall be retained by the authorized issuing agent 26 or, if issued by the county, shall be credited to the current expense fund $_{ au}$ 27 and ten dollars (\$10.00) shall be deposited in the state treasury to the 28 29 credit of the highway distribution account. At the option of the applicant, the identification card issued to a person twenty-one (21) years of age or 30 older shall expire either on the card holder's birthday in the fourth year or 31 the eighth year following issuance of the card, except as otherwise provided 32 in subsection (7) of this section. Every identification card issued to a 33 person under eighteen (18) years of age shall expire five (5) days after the 34 person's eighteenth birthday, except as otherwise provided in subsection 35 (7) of this section. Every identification card issued to a person eighteen 36 (18) years of age but under twenty-one (21) years of age shall expire five (5) 37 days after the person's twenty-first birthday, except as otherwise provided 38 39 in subsection (7) of this section.

(4) Individuals required to register in compliance with section 3 of
the federal military selective service act, 50 U.S.C. App. 451 et seq., as
amended, shall be provided an opportunity to fulfill such registration requirements in conjunction with an application for an identification card.
Any registration information so supplied shall be transmitted by the department to the selective service system.

46 (5) Every identification card, except those issued to persons under
47 twenty-one (21) years of age, shall be renewable on or before its expiration,
48 but not more than twenty-five (25) months before, and upon application and
49 payment of the required fee.

(6) The applicant for an identification card must submit proof of iden-1 2 tity and citizenship status acceptable to the examiner or the department and date of birth as set forth in a certified copy of his birth certificate. When 3 a certified copy of his birth certificate or a delayed birth certificate is 4 5 impossible to obtain from a vital statistics agency, another government-issued document may be submitted that provides satisfactory evidence of a per-6 7 son's full legal name and date of birth acceptable to the examiner or the department. 8

(7) Every identification card issued to a person who is a citizen of 9 the United States may include the notation "USA." Every identification card 10 11 issued to a person who is not a citizen or permanent legal resident of the United States shall have an expiration date that is the same date as the end 12 of lawful stay in the United States as indicated on documents issued and ver-13 ified by the department of homeland security, provided however, that the ex-14 piration date shall not extend beyond the expiration date for the same cate-15 16 gory of identification card issued to citizens. Persons whose department of homeland security documents do not state an expiration date shall be issued 17 an identification card with an expiration date of one (1) year from the date 18 of issuance. 19

(8) When an identification card has been expired for less than twenty-20 21 five (25) months, the renewal of the identification card shall start from the original date of expiration, regardless of the year in which the applica-22 tion for renewal is made. If the identification card is expired for more than 23 twenty-five (25) months, the application shall expire, at the option of the 24 applicant, on the applicant's birthday in the fourth year or the eighth year 25 following reissuance of the identification card, except as otherwise pro-26 vided in subsection (7) of this section. 27

(9) (a) If an Idaho identification card has expired or will expire and 28 the identification card holder is temporarily out of state, except 29 on active military duty, the identification card holder may request 30 in writing on a form prescribed by the department an extension of the 31 identification card. The request shall be accompanied by the fee 32 fixed in section 49-306, Idaho Code, and the extension shall be no more 33 than a twelve (12) month period. If the department determines that an 34 extension of the identification card is necessary, it may issue an iden-35 tification card showing the date to which the expired identification 36 card is extended. Identification card extensions are limited to two (2) 37 consecutive extensions per identification card holder. 38

(b) Upon returning to the state of Idaho, the identification card
holder shall, within ten (10) days, apply for a renewal of the expired
identification card and surrender the extended identification card and
the expired identification card.

(10) An Idaho identification card issued to any person prior to serving 43 on active duty in the armed forces of the United States, or a member of the 44 immediate family accompanying such a person, if valid and in full force and 45 effect upon entering active duty, shall remain in full force and effect and 46 47 shall, upon application, be extended for a period of four (4) years as long as active duty continues, and the identification card shall remain in full 48 force and effect sixty (60) days following the date the card holder is re-49 leased from active duty. 50

(11) A person possessing an identification card who desires to donate 1 2 any or all organs or tissue in the event of death, and who has completed a document of gift pursuant to the provisions for donation of anatomical gifts 3 as set forth in chapter 34, title 39, Idaho Code, may, at the option of the 4 5 donor, indicate this desire on the identification card by the imprinting of the word "donor" on the identification card. The provisions of this subsec-6 tion shall apply to persons possessing an identification card who are fif-7 teen (15) years of age or older but less than eighteen (18) years of age if 8 the requirements provided in chapter 34, title 39, Idaho Code, have been com-9 10 plied with.

(12) A person possessing an identification card or an applicant for an identification card who is a person with a permanent disability may request that the notation "permanently disabled" be imprinted on the identification card, provided the person presents written certification from a licensed physician verifying that the person's stated impairment qualifies as a permanent disability according to the provisions of section 49-117, Idaho Code.

(13) A person who is a veteran may request that his or her status as such 17 be designated on an identification card at no additional cost. Any such re-18 quest shall be accompanied by proof of being a current or former member of 19 the United States armed forces. Upon request and submission of satisfactory 20 21 proof, the department shall indicate such person's status as a veteran on any identification card issued pursuant to the provisions of this section. Such 22 designation shall be made upon original issuance or renewal of an identifi-23 cation card. Designation shall also be made on any duplicate identification 24 card issued, provided that the fee for such duplicate card is paid in accor-25 26 dance with this section.

(14) Satisfactory proof of being a current or former member of the United States armed forces must be furnished by an applicant to the department before a designation of veteran status will be indicated on any identification card. Acceptable proof shall be a copy of form DD214 or an equivalent document or statement from the department of veterans affairs that identifies a character of service upon separation as "honorable" or "general under honorable conditions."

(15) In the case of a name change, the applicant shall provide legal doc-umentation to verify the change in accordance with department rules.

(16) Whenever any person, after applying for or receiving an identifi cation card, shall move from the address shown on the application or on the
 identification card issued, that person shall, within thirty (30) days, no tify the transportation department in writing of the old and new addresses.

(17) The department shall cancel any identification card upon determining that the person was not entitled to the issuance of the identification
card or that the person failed to give the required and correct information
in his application or committed fraud in making the application. Upon cancellation, the person shall surrender the canceled identification card to
the department.

(18) If any person shall fail to return to the department the identification card as required, the department may direct any peace officer to secure its possession and return the identification card to the department.

(19) The department may issue a no-fee identification card to an indi vidual whose driver's license has been canceled and voluntarily surrendered

1 as provided in section 49-322(5), Idaho Code. The identification card may be 2 renewed at no cost to the applicant as long as the driver's license remains 3 canceled.

4 (20) It is an infraction for any person to fail to notify the department
5 of a change of address as required by the provisions of subsection (16) of
6 this section.

(16) (21) The department may issue an initial four (4) year no-fee iden-7 tification card to an individual who is homeless. The department shall es-8 tablish a form for verification of homelessness pursuant to this section. 9 10 Such form shall require the signature of an outreach worker or service worker 11 verifying that the individual is homeless and attesting to the individual's residency at an Idaho relief agency or shelter. An applicant issued an iden-12 tification card under the provisions of this subsection shall be entitled 13 to one (1) free replacement. Subsequent replacements and renewals of this 14 identification card will be subject to the fees imposed in this section. 15

16 SECTION 15. That Section 54-1705, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 17 amended to read as follows:

18 5-

54-1705. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

(1) "Accredited school or college of pharmacy" means a school or college that meets the minimum standards of the accreditation council for pharmacy education and appears on its list of accredited schools or colleges of pharmacy.

(2) "Board of pharmacy" or "board" means the Idaho state board of phar-macy.

(3) "Certificate" means a license or registration issued by the boardunless specifically stated.

(3) (5) (4) "Chain pharmacy warehouse" means a physical location for
 prescription drugs that acts as a central warehouse and performs intracom pany sales or transfers of such drugs to a group of chain pharmacies that have
 the same common ownership and control.

(4) (6) (5) "Colicensed partner or product" means an instance where two
 (2) or more parties have the right to engage in the manufacturing or market ing of a prescription drug, consistent with the federal food and drug admin istration's implementation of the prescription drug marketing act.

(7) (6) "Collaborative pharmacy practice" means a pharmacy practice
 where one (1) or more pharmacists or pharmacies jointly agree to work under a
 protocol authorized by one (1) or more prescribers to provide patient care
 and drug therapy management services not otherwise permitted to be performed
 by a pharmacist under specified conditions.

(5) (8) (7) "Compounding" means the practice in which a pharmacist, a
 prescriber, or, in the case of an outsourcing facility, a person under the
 supervision of a pharmacist combines, mixes or alters ingredients of a drug
 to create a medication tailored to the needs of an individual patient.

(6) (9) (8) "Counseling" or "counsel" means the effective communication
 by the pharmacist of information, as set out in this chapter, to the patient
 or caregiver in order to improve therapeutic outcomes by maximizing proper
 use of prescription drugs and devices.

(7) (10) (9) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or 1 2 attempted transfer of a drug or device from one person to another, whether or not for a consideration. 3 (8) (11) (10) "Device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, ma-4 5 chine, contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent or other similar related article, including any component part or accessory that is: 6 7 (a) Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia or official National Formulary, other drug compendia or any supplement to them; 8 (b) Intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions or 9 the cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other 10 11 animal; (c) Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man 12 or other animal, does not achieve any of its principal intended purposes 13 through chemical action within or on the body of man or other animal, and 14 is not dependent upon being metabolized for the achievement of any of 15 16 its principal intended purposes. (9) (12) (11) "Dispense" or "dispensing" means the preparation and de-17 livery of a drug pursuant to a lawful prescription drug order of a practi-18 tioner in a suitable container appropriately labeled for subsequent admin-19 istration to or use by a patient or other individual entitled to receive the 20 21 prescription. (10) (13) (12) "Distribute" means the delivery of a drug other than by 22 23 administering or dispensing. (14) (13) "Distributor" means a supplier of drugs manufactured, pro-24 duced, or prepared by others to persons other than the ultimate consumer. 25 (15) (14) "Donation repository" means: 26 (a) A community health center as defined in section 39-3203, Idaho 27 28 Code; (b) A free medical clinic as defined in section 39-7702, Idaho Code; 29 (c) A designated regional behavioral health center as described in 30 chapter 31, title 39, Idaho Code; 31 (d) A state charitable institution as described in chapter 1, title 66, 32 Idaho Code; or 33 (e) A drug outlet as defined in this section. 34 (11) (16) (15) "Drug" means: 35 (a) Articles recognized as drugs in the official United States Phar-36 macopoeia, official National Formulary, official Homeopathic Pharma-37 copoeia, other drug compendia or any supplement to any of them; 38 (b) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, 39 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animal; 40 (c) Articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any 41 function of the body of man or other animal; and 42 (d) Articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified 43 in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of this subsection. 44 (12) (17) (16) "Drug outlet" means a resident or nonresident pharmacy, 45 business entity or other facility subject to registration by the board, pur-46 suant to section 54-1729, Idaho Code, where employees or personnel are en-47 gaged in the practice of pharmacy, in the provision of pharmaceutical care, 48 or in the dispensing, delivering, distributing or manufacturing of drugs or 49

50 devices in or into Idaho.

1 (18) (17) "Drug therapy management" means selecting, initiating, or 2 modifying drug treatment pursuant to a collaborative pharmacy practice 3 agreement.

4 (19) (18) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a single-use device for
5 the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of epinephrine into the human
6 body.

(13) (20) (19) "Institutional drug order" means a prescription drug or der issued in the unique form and manner permitted for a patient or resident
 of an institutional facility or as permitted for other purposes as defined
 in rule. Unless specifically differentiated, state law applicable to a pre scription drug order is also applicable to an institutional drug order.

12 (14) (21) (20) "Institutional facility" means a facility whose primary 13 purpose is to provide a physical environment for patients to obtain health 14 care services and in which patients spend a majority of their time, as may be 15 further defined by board rule.

16 (15)(22) (21) "Internship" means a practical experience program under 17 the supervision of a preceptor.

(16) (23) (22) "Investigational or new drug" means any drug limited by
 state or federal law to use under professional supervision of a practitioner
 authorized by law to prescribe or administer such drug.

(17) (24) (23) "Labeling" means the process of preparing and affixing a
 label to any drug container, exclusive however of the labeling by a manufac turer, packer or distributor of a nonprescription drug or commercially pack aged legend drug or device. Any such label shall include all information re quired by federal and state law.

(18) (27) (24) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propa-26 gation, compounding, conversion or processing of a device or a drug, either 27 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin or 28 29 independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of 30 the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this 31 term does not include the preparation or compounding of a drug by an individ-32 ual for his own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of 33 34 a drug:

(a) By a pharmacist or practitioner as an incident to his administer ing, dispensing or, as authorized by board rule, distributing of a drug
 in the course of his professional practice; or

(b) By a practitioner or by his authorization under his supervision
 for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching, or chemical
 analysis and not for sale.

(19) (28) (25) "Manufacturer" means a person who is licensed or approved 41 by the federal food and drug administration to engage in the manufacture 42 of drugs, including a colicensed partner or affiliate of that person, who 43 compounds, cultivates, derives, harvests, mixes, or by other process pro-44 duces or prepares legend drugs and includes persons who prepare such drugs in 45 dosage forms by mixing, compounding, encapsulating, entableting, or other 46 47 process, or who packages or repackages such drugs, but does not include pharmacists or practitioners in the practice of their profession. 48

49 (29) (26) "Medically indigent patient" means a resident of Idaho who: 50 (a) Is not eligible for medicaid or medicare;

(b) Cannot afford private prescription drug insurance; or 1 2 (c) Does not have income and other resources available sufficient to pay for a legend drug. 3 (30) (27) "Multistate license" means a license, registration, or other 4 5 credential for the practice of pharmacy issued by the pharmacy licensing 6 agency of a state. (31) (28) "Multistate licensee" means a multistate pharmacist, multi-7 state pharmacist intern, or multistate technician. 8 (32) (29) "Multistate pharmacist" means a nonresident pharmacist who is 9 licensed by a party state and is not otherwise licensed by the board. 10 (33) (30) "Multistate pharmacist intern" means a nonresident pharma-11 cist intern who is registered by a party state and is not otherwise licensed 12 by the board. 13 (34) (31) "Multistate practice of pharmacy" means the practice of phar-14 macy in or into Idaho_{τ} for a patient located in Idaho_{τ} by a multistate li-15 16 censee, pursuant to the requirements of this section and the terms of a mutual recognition agreement. 17 (35) (32) "Multistate technician" means a nonresident technician who is 18 licensed by a party state and is not otherwise registered by the board. 19 (36) (33) "Mutual recognition agreement" means a written agreement en-20 21 tered into between the board and a party state allowing for the multistate practice of pharmacy, subject to the requirements of this section and any 22 23 other reasonable and supplemental contract terms negotiated by the board and 24 the party state. (20) (37) (34) "Nonprescription drugs" means medicines or drugs that may 25 26 be sold without a prescription drug order and that are prepackaged for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with state and federal law. 27 (21) (38) (35) "Nonresident" means a person or business entity located 28 in the District of Columbia or a state or territory other than Idaho that 29 practices pharmacy including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical care ser-30 vices into Idaho. 31 (22) (39) (36) "Off-site pharmacy services" means services provided by a 32 central drug outlet or an off-site pharmacist or technician. Services may 33 include, but are not limited to: processing a request from another pharmacy 34 to fill, refill or dispense a prescription drug order; performance of pro-35 cessing functions; or providing cognitive or pharmaceutical care services. 36 Each function may be performed by the same or different persons and at the 37 same or different locations. 38 39 (40) (37) "Opioid antagonist" means naloxone hydrochloride or any other similarly acting and equally safe drug approved by the federal food and drug 40 administration for the treatment of drug overdose. 41 (23) (41) (38) "Outsourcing facility" means a pharmacy or facility that 42 is registered by the federal food and drug administration pursuant to 21 43 U.S.C. 353b and either registered or endorsed by the board. 44 (42) (39) "Party state" means any pharmacy licensing agency of a state 45 that has entered into a mutual recognition agreement with the board. 46 47 (24) (43) (40) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other legal entity. 48 (25) (44) (41) "Person in charge" or "PIC" means a person whose qualifi-49 cations, responsibilities, and reporting requirements are defined in rule. 50

24

1 (26) (45) (42) "Pharmaceutical care" means drug therapy and other pharmaceutical patient care services intended to achieve outcomes related to the cure or prevention of a disease, elimination or reduction of a patient's symptoms, or arresting or slowing of a disease process as defined in the rules of the board.

6 (27) (46) (43) "Pharmacist" means an individual licensed by this state
7 to engage in the practice of pharmacy or a pharmacist registered by this
8 state who is located in another state, territory or the District of Columbia
9 and is engaged in the practice of pharmacy into Idaho, unless exempted.

10 (28) (47) (44) "Pharmacist intern" means a person who is enrolled in or 11 who has completed a course of study at an accredited school or college of 12 pharmacy and is registered with the board as a pharmacist intern prior to 13 commencement of an internship.

(29) (48) (45) "Pharmacy" means any drug outlet, facility, department,
 or other place where prescription drug orders are filled or compounded and
 where prescriptions are sold, dispensed, offered, or displayed for sale and
 that has, as its principal purpose, the dispensing of drug and health supplies intended for the general health, welfare, and safety of the public.

(49) (46) "Practice of pharmacy" means the safe interpretation, evaluation, compounding, administration, and dispensing of prescription drug
 orders, patient counseling, collaborative pharmacy practice, provision of
 pharmaceutical care services, proper storage of drugs and devices, and pre scribing of drugs and devices as may be further defined in this chapter.

(30) (50) (47) "Practitioner" means a person licensed in this state and
 permitted by such license to dispense, conduct research with respect to or
 administer drugs in the course of professional practice or research in this
 state.

(31) (51) (48) "Preceptor" means a pharmacist or other health professional licensed and in good standing who supervises the internship training of a registered pharmacist intern.

(32) (52) (49) "Precursor" means a substance, other than a legend drug,
 that is an immediate chemical intermediate that can be processed or synthe sized into a legend drug and is used or produced primarily for use in the man ufacture of a legend drug.

35 (53) (50) "Prepackaging" means the act of transferring a drug, manually
 36 or using an automated system, from a manufacturer's original container to
 37 another container prior to receiving a prescription drug order.

38 (33) (54) (51) "Prescriber" means an individual currently licensed,
 39 registered or otherwise authorized to prescribe and administer drugs in the
 40 course of professional practice.

(34) (55) (52) "Prescriber drug outlet" means a drug outlet in which prescription drugs or devices are dispensed directly to patients under the supervision of a prescriber, except where delivery is accomplished only through on-site administration or the provision of drug samples, patient assistance program drugs, or investigational drugs as permitted in chapter 94, title 39, Idaho Code.

47 (35) (56) (53) "Prescription drug or legend drug" means a drug that under
48 federal law is required, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled
49 with one (1) of the following statements:

"Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without a prescrip-1 (a) tion"; or 2 (b) "Rx Only"; or 3 (c) "Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order 4 5 of a licensed veterinarian"; or a drug that is required by any applicable federal or state law or rule to be 6 7 dispensed on prescription drug order only or is restricted to use by practitioners only. 8 (36) (57) (54) "Prescription drug order" means a valid order of a pre-9 scriber for a drug or device for an ultimate user of the drug or device. 10 (58) (55) "Primary state of residence" means the multistate licensee's 11 declared primary state of residence as evidenced by a valid state or federal 12 identification card with a home address or another form of identification 13 accepted by the board. 14 (37) (59) (56) "Prospective drug review" includes, but is not limited 15 16 to, the following activities: (a) Evaluation of the prescription drug order for known allergies, ra-17 tional therapy contraindications, reasonable dose and route of admin-18 istration, and reasonable directions for use; 19 (b) Evaluation of the prescription drug order for duplication of ther-20 21 apy; (c) Evaluation of the prescription drug order for drug, food, or dis-22 ease interactions; and 23 (d) Evaluation of the prescription drug order for proper utilization. 24 (60) (57) "Qualified donor" means: 25 26 (a) Any entity that meets the definition of "donation repository" as provided in this section; or 27 (b) Any member of the public in accordance with section 54-1762, Idaho 28 29 Code. (38)(61) (58) "Record" means all papers, letters, memoranda, notes, 30 prescriptions, drug orders, invoices, statements, patient medication 31 charts or files, computerized records or other written indicia, documents 32 or objects that are used in any way in connection with the purchase, sale or 33 34 handling of any drug or device. (39) (62) (59) "Repackage" means repackaging or otherwise changing the 35 container, wrapper, or labeling to further the distribution of a prescrip-36 tion drug, excluding such actions when completed by the pharmacist responsi-37 ble for dispensing product to the patient. 38 39 (40)(63) (60) "Reverse distributor" means a drug outlet that receives nonsalable prescription drugs from persons or their agents, who may lawfully 40 possess prescription drugs without being issued a valid prescription drug 41 order, and that processes for credit or disposes of such prescription drugs. 42 (41) (64) (61) "Sale" means every sale and includes: 43 (a) Manufacturing, processing, transporting, handling, packaging or 44 any other production, preparation or repackaging; 45 (b) Exposure, offer, or any other proffer; 46 47 (c) Holding, storing or any other possession; (d) Dispensing, giving, delivering or any other supplying; and 48 (e) Applying, administering or any other usage. 49

1 (65) (62) "Technician" means an individual authorized by registration 2 with the board to perform pharmacy support services under the direction of a 3 pharmacist.

4 (42) (66) (63) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a
5 drug for his own use or for the use of a member of his household or for admin6 istering to an animal owned by him or by a member of his household.

(67) (64) "USP" means United States pharmacopoeia.

8 (43) (68) (65) "Veterinary drug outlet" means a prescriber drug outlet
 9 that dispenses drugs or devices intended for animal patients.

10 (44) (69) (66) "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescrip-11 tion drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, but does not include: 12 (a) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care entity, or

charitable institution in accordance with 21 CFR 203.23;

(b) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug, or the dispensing of a drug pursuant to a prescription;

(c) The delivery of, or offer to deliver, a prescription drug by a
common carrier solely in the common carrier's usual course of business
of transporting prescription drugs when such common carrier does not
store, warehouse, or take legal ownership of the prescription drug; or

(d) The sale or transfer from a community pharmacy or chain pharmacy
 warehouse of expired, damaged, mispicked, returned, or recalled pre scription drugs to the original manufacturer, original wholesaler, or
 third-party returns processor, including a reverse distributor.

(45) (70) (67) "Wholesaler" means a person who, in the usual course of
 business, lawfully distributes drugs or devices in or into Idaho to persons
 other than the ultimate user.

27 SECTION 16. That Section 54-2918A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is 28 hereby amended to read as follows:

54-2918A. <u>AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY INTERSTATE COM-</u>
 <u>PACT.</u> The terms and conditions of the audiology and speech-language pathol ogy interstate compact are hereby enacted as follows:

32 AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY INTERSTATE COMPACT (ASLP-IC)

33	
34	

7

13

14

15

SECTION 1

PURPOSE

The purpose of this compact is to facilitate interstate practice of au-35 diology and speech-language pathology with the goal of improving public ac-36 37 cess to audiology and speech-language pathology services. The practice of audiology and speech-language pathology occurs in the state where the pa-38 39 tient/client/student is located at the time of the patient/client/student encounter. The compact preserves the regulatory authority of states to pro-40 tect public health and safety through the current system of state licensure. 41 This compact is designed to achieve the following objectives: 42

1. Increase public access to audiology and speech-language pathology
services by providing for the mutual recognition of other member state licenses;

2. Enhance the member states' ability to protect the public's health
 and safety;

3 3. Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating multistate
4 audiology and speech-language pathology practice;

5

4. Support spouses of relocating active duty military personnel;

6 5.

5. Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and disciplinary

7 information between member states;

6. Allow a remote state to hold a provider of services with a compact
privilege in that state accountable to that state's practice standards; and

7. Allow for the use of telehealth technology to facilitate increasedaccess to audiology and speech-language pathology services.

SECTION 2 DEFINITIONS

12 13

As used in this compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the active
uniformed service of the United States, including members of the national
guard and reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 1209 and 1211.

B. "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws imposed by a licensing board or other authority against an audiologist or speech-language pathologist, including actions against an individual's license or privilege to practice, such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, or restriction on the licensee's practice.

C. "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring process
 approved by an audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board to ad dress impaired practitioners.

D. "Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by a state to practice audiology.

30 E. "Audiology" means the care and services provided by a licensed audi-31 ologist as set forth in the member state's statutes and rules.

F. "Audiology and speech-language pathology compact commission" or
 "commission" means the national administrative body whose membership con sists of all states that have enacted the compact.

G. "Audiology and speech-language pathology licensing board," "audiology licensing board," "speech-language pathology licensing board," or "licensing board" means the agency of a state that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of audiologists and/or speech-language pathologists.

H. "Compact privilege" means the authorization granted by a remote
state to allow a licensee from another member state to practice as an audiologist or speech-language pathologist in the remote state under its laws and
rules. The practice of audiology or speech-language pathology occurs in the
member state where the patient/client/student is located at the time of the
patient/client/student encounter.

I. "Current significant investigative information" means investigative information that a licensing board, after an inquiry or investigation
that includes notification and an opportunity for the audiologist or speech-

1 language pathologist to respond, if required by state law, has reason to be-2 lieve is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more than a minor 3 infraction.

J. "Data system" means a repository of information about licensees, including but not limited to continuing education, examination, licensure, investigative information, compact privilege, and adverse action.

K. "Encumbered license" means a license in which an adverse action restricts the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology by the licensee and said adverse action has been reported to the national practitioners data bank (NPDB).

11 L. "Executive committee" means a group of directors elected or ap-12 pointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the 13 commission.

M. "Home state" means the member state that is the licensee's primary state of residence.

16 N. "Impaired practitioner" means individuals whose professional prac-17 tice is adversely affected by substance abuse, addiction, or other health-18 related conditions.

0. "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an authorization
from the state licensing board to practice as an audiologist or speech-language pathologist.

P. "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact.

Q. "Privilege to practice" means a legal authorization permitting thepractice of audiology or speech-language pathology in a remote state.

R. "Remote state" means a member state other than the home state where alicensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the compact privilege.

S. "Rule" means a regulation, principle, or directive promulgated bythe commission that has the force of law.

29 T. "Single-state license" means an audiology or speech-language 30 pathology license issued by a member state that authorizes practice only 31 within the issuing state and does not include a privilege to practice in any 32 other member state.

U. "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who is licensedby a state to practice speech-language pathology.

V. "Speech-language pathology" means the care and services provided by
 a licensed speech-language pathologist as set forth in the member state's
 statutes and rules.

W. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or territory of the
 United States that regulates the practice of audiology and speech-language
 pathology.

X. "State practice laws" means a member state's laws, rules, and regulations that govern the practice of audiology or speech-language pathology, define the scope of audiology or speech-language pathology practice,
and create the methods and grounds for imposing discipline.

Y. "Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication technology
to deliver audiology or speech-language pathology services at a distance for
assessment, intervention, and/or consultation.

SECTION 3 STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT

48 49

22

A. A license issued to an audiologist or speech-language pathologist by 1 2 a home state to a resident in that state shall be recognized by each member state as authorizing an audiologist or speech-language pathologist to prac-3 tice audiology or speech-language pathology, under a privilege to practice, 4 5 in each member state.

B. A state must implement or utilize procedures for considering the 6 7 criminal history records of applicants for initial privilege to practice. These procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other 8 biometric-based information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an 9 applicant's criminal history record information from the federal bureau of 10 11 investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's crimi-12 nal records.

1. A member state must fully implement a criminal background check re-13 quirement within a time frame established by rule by receiving the re-14 sults of the federal bureau of investigation record search on criminal 15 16 background checks and use the results in making licensure decisions.

2. Communication between a member state, the commission, and among 17 member states regarding the verification of eligibility for licensure 18 through the compact shall not include any information received from the 19 20 federal bureau of investigation relating to a federal criminal records 21 check performed by a member state under P.L. 92-544.

C. Upon application for a privilege to practice, the licensing board in 22 the issuing remote state shall ascertain, through the data system, whether 23 the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license issued by any 24 other state, whether there are any encumbrances on any license or privilege 25 to practice held by the applicant, and whether any adverse action has been 26 taken against any license or privilege to practice held by the applicant. 27

D. Each member state shall require an applicant to obtain or retain a 28 license in the home state and meet the home state's qualifications for licen-29 sure or renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable state laws. 30 31

E. An audiologist must:

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

1. Meet one (1) of the following educational requirements:

a. On or before December 31, 2007, have graduated with a master's degree or doctorate in audiology, or equivalent degree regardless of degree name, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the council for higher education accreditation, or its successor, or by the United States department of education and operated by a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting organization recognized by the licensing board;

- b. On or after January 1, 2008, have graduated with a doctoral 41 degree in audiology, or equivalent degree regardless of degree 42 name, from a program that is accredited by an accrediting agency 43 recognized by the council for higher education accreditation, or 44 its successor, or by the United States department of education 45 and operated by a college or university accredited by a regional 46 or national accrediting organization recognized by the licensing 47 board; or 48
- c. Have graduated from an audiology program housed in an insti-49 tution of higher education outside of the United States: (a) for 50

which the program and institution have been approved by the au-1 2 thorized accrediting body in the applicable country; and (b) for which the degree program has been verified by an independent cre-3 dentials review agency comparable to a licensing board-approved 4 program; 5 2. Have completed a supervised clinical practicum experience from an 6 accredited educational institution or its cooperating programs as re-7 quired by the commission; 8 3. Have successfully passed a national examination approved by the com-9 10 mission; 4. Hold an active, unencumbered license; 11 5. Have not been convicted or found guilty, and have not entered into 12 an agreed disposition, of a felony related to the practice of audiology, 13 under applicable state or federal criminal law; and 14 6. Have a valid United States social security or national practitioner 15 16 identification number. F. A speech-language pathologist must: 17 1. Meet one (1) of the following educational requirements: 18 a. Have graduated with a master's degree from a speech-language 19 20 pathology program accredited by an organization recognized by the United States department of education and operated by a college or 21 university accredited by a regional or national accrediting or-22 ganization recognized by the licensing board; or 23 b. Have graduated from a speech-language pathology program that 24 is housed in an institution of higher education outside of the 25 United States: (a) for which the program and institution have 26 been approved by the authorized accrediting body in the applicable 27 country; and (b) for which the degree program has been verified by 28 an independent credentials review agency comparable to a licens-29 ing board-approved program; 30 2. Have completed a supervised clinical practicum experience from an 31 educational institution or its cooperating programs as required by the 32 commission; 33 3. Have completed a supervised postgraduate professional experience as 34 required by the commission; 35 4. Have successfully passed a national examination approved by the com-36 mission; 37 5. Hold an active, unencumbered license; 38 6. Have not been convicted or found quilty, and have not entered into an 39 agreed disposition, of a felony related to the practice of speech-lan-40 guage pathology, under applicable state or federal criminal law; and 41 7. Have a valid United States social security or national practitioner 42 identification number. 43 G. The privilege to practice is derived from the home state license. 44 H. An audiologist or speech-language pathologist practicing in a mem-45 ber state must comply with the state practice laws of the state in which the 46 client is located at the time service is provided. The practice of audiology 47 and speech-language pathology shall include all audiology and speech-lan-48 guage pathology practice as defined by the state practice laws of the member 49 state in which the client is located. The practice of audiology and speech-50

language pathology in a member state under a privilege to practice shall sub-1 2 ject an audiologist or speech-language pathologist to the jurisdiction of the licensing board, the courts, and the laws of the member state in which the 3 client is located at the time service is provided. 4

I. Individuals not residing in a member state shall continue to be able 5 to apply for a member state's single-state license as provided under the laws 6 7 of each member state. However, the single-state license granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice au-8 diology or speech-language pathology in any other member state. Nothing in 9 this compact shall affect the requirements established by a member state for 10 11 the issuance of a single-state license.

J. Member states may charge a fee for granting a compact privilege.

K. Member states must comply with the bylaws and rules and regulations 13 of the commission. 14

SECTION 4 COMPACT PRIVILEGE

A. To exercise the compact privilege under the terms and provisions of 17 18 the compact, the audiologist or speech-language pathologist shall:

19 1. Hold an active license in the home state; 20

12

15

16

2. Have no encumbrance on any state license;

3. Be eligible for a compact privilege in any member state in accordance 21 with section 3 of this compact; 22

4. Have not had any adverse action against any license or compact privi-23 lege within the previous two (2) years from date of application; 24

5. Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the compact priv-25 ilege within a remote state or states; 26

6. Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the compact 27 privilege; and 28

7. Report to the commission any adverse action taken by a nonmember 29 state within thirty (30) days from the date the adverse action is taken. 30

B. For the purposes of the compact privilege, an audiologist or speech-31 language pathologist shall hold only one (1) home state license at a time. 32

C. Except as provided in section 6 of this compact, if an audiologist 33 or speech-language pathologist changes primary state of residence by moving 34 between two (2) member states, the audiologist or speech-language patholo-35 gist must apply for licensure in the new home state, and the license issued 36 37 by the prior home state shall be deactivated in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the commission. 38

D. The audiologist or speech-language pathologist may apply for licen-39 sure in advance of a change in primary state of residence. 40

E. A license shall not be issued by the new home state until the audi-41 42 ologist or speech-language pathologist provides satisfactory evidence of a change in primary state of residence to the new home state and satisfies all 43 applicable requirements to obtain a license from the new home state. 44

45 F. If an audiologist or speech-language pathologist changes primary state of residence by moving from a member state to a nonmember state, the li-46 47 cense issued by the prior home state shall convert to a single-state license, valid only in the former home state. 48

G. The compact privilege is valid until the expiration date of the home
state license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of section 4A
of this compact to maintain the compact privilege in the remote state.

H. A licensee providing audiology or speech-language pathology services in a remote state under the compact privilege shall function within the
laws and regulations of the remote state.

I. A licensee providing audiology or speech-language pathology services in a remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's compact privilege in the remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens.

J. If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose the compact privilege in a remote state until the following occur:

1. The home state license is no longer encumbered; and

15 16

23

24

2. Two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the adverse action.

K. Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of section 4A of this compact to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.

L. Once the requirements of section 4J of this compact have been met, the licensee must meet the requirements in section 4A of this compact to obtain a compact privilege in a remote state.

SECTION 5

COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEHEALTH

Member states shall recognize the right of an audiologist or speechlanguage pathologist, licensed by a home state in accordance with section 3 of this compact and under rules promulgated by the commission, to practice audiology or speech-language pathology in any member state via telehealth under a privilege to practice as provided in the compact and rules promulgated by the commission.

31

32

39

40

SECTION 6 ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY PERSONNEL OR THEIR SPOUSES

Active duty military personnel, or their spouse, shall designate a home state where the individual has a current license in good standing. The individual may retain the home state designation during the period the service member is on active duty. Subsequent to designating a home state, the individual shall only change their home state through application for licensure in the new state.

SECTION 7 ADVERSE ACTIONS

A. In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a remote state shall have the authority, in accordance with existing state due process law, to: 1. Take adverse action against an audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's privilege to practice within that member state.

2. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require 3 the attendance and testimony of witnesses as well as the production of 4 evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a member state for 5 the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence 6 from another member state shall be enforced in the latter state by any 7 court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and proce-8 dure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pend-9 ing before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel 10 expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of 11 the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located. 12

3. Only the home state shall have the power to take adverse action
against an audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's license issued by the home state.

B. For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a member state as it would if the conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.

C. The home state shall complete any pending investigations of an audiologist or speech-language pathologist who changes primary state of residence during the course of the investigations. The home state shall also have the authority to take appropriate action and shall promptly report the conclusions of the investigations to the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home state of any adverse actions.

D. If otherwise permitted by state law, the member state may recover from the affected audiologist or speech-language pathologist the costs of investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that audiologist or speech-language pathologist.

E. The member state may take adverse action based on the factual find ings of the remote state, provided that the member state follows the member
 state's own procedures for taking the adverse action.

F. Joint investigations:

1

2

34

In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its respec tive audiology or speech-language pathology practice act or other ap plicable state law, any member state may participate with other member
 states in joint investigations of licensees.

39 2. Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compli 40 ance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation
 41 initiated under the compact.

G. If adverse action is taken by the home state against an audiol-42 ogist's or speech-language pathologist's license, the audiologist's or 43 speech-language pathologist's privilege to practice in all other member 44 states shall be deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from 45 the state license. All home state disciplinary orders that impose adverse 46 47 action against an audiologist's or speech-language pathologist's license shall include a statement that the audiologist's or speech-language pathol-48 49 ogist's privilege to practice is deactivated in all member states during the 50 pendency of the order.

H. If a member state takes adverse action, it shall promptly notify the
administrator of the data system. The administrator of the data system shall
promptly notify the home state of any adverse actions by remote states.

- I. Nothing in this compact shall override a member state's decision
 that participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse
 action.
- SECTION 8 7 ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY COMPACT 8 9 COMMISSION A. The compact member states hereby create and establish a joint public 10 agency known as the audiology and speech-language pathology compact commis-11 sion: 12 1. The commission is an instrumentality of the compact states. 13 14 2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent ju-15 risdiction where the principal office of the commission is located. The 16 commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent 17 18 it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution 19 proceedings. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of 3. 20 sovereign immunity. 21 B. Membership, voting, and meetings: 22 1. Each member state shall have two (2) delegates selected by that mem-23 ber state's licensing board. The delegates shall be current members of 24 the licensing board. One (1) shall be an audiologist and one (1) shall 25 be a speech-language pathologist. 26 2. An additional five (5) delegates, who are either public members or 27 board administrators from a licensing board, shall be chosen by the ex-28 29 ecutive committee from a pool of nominees provided by the commission at 30 large. 3. Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as provided by 31 the law of the state from which the delegate is appointed. 32 4. The member state board shall fill any vacancy occurring on the com-33 mission within ninety (90) days. 34 5. Each delegate shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the 35 promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise have 36 37 an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission. 38 6. A delegate shall vote in person or by other means as provided in the 39 bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meet-40 ings by telephone or other means of communication. 41 7. The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. 42 Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws. 43 C. The commission shall have the following powers and duties: 44
- 45 1. Establish the fiscal year of the commission;
- 46 2. Establish bylaws;
- 47 3. Establish a code of ethics;
- 48 4. Maintain financial records in accordance with the bylaws;

5. Meet and take actions as are consistent with the provisions of this 1 2 compact and the bylaws; 6. Promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate implementa-3 tion and administration of this compact. The rules shall have the force 4 and effect of law and shall be binding in all member states; 5 Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of 6 7. the commission, provided that the standing of any state audiology or 7 speech-language pathology licensing board to sue or be sued under ap-8 plicable law shall not be affected; 9 10 8. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds; 9. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including but 11 not limited to employees of a member state; 12 10. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define 13 duties, grant individuals appropriate authority to carry out the pur-14 poses of the compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies 15 16 and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters; 17 11. Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equip-18 ment, supplies, materials, and services, and receive, utilize, and dis-19 20 pose of the same; provided, that at all times the commission shall avoid 21 any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest; 22 12. Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or 23 mixed; provided, that at all times the commission shall avoid any ap-24 pearance of impropriety; 25 26 13. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or mixed; 27 14. Establish a budget and make expenditures; 28 29 15. Borrow money; 16. Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of mem-30 bers and other interested persons, as may be designated in this compact 31 32 and the bylaws; 17. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law en-33 34 forcement agencies; 18. Establish and elect an executive committee; and 35 19. Perform other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to 36 achieve the purposes of this compact consistent with the state reg-37 ulation of audiology and speech-language pathology licensure and 38 practice. 39 D. The executive committee: 40 1. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the 41 commission according to the terms of this compact. 42 2. The executive committee shall be composed of ten (10) members: 43 a. Seven (7) voting members who are elected by the commission from 44 the current membership of the commission; 45 b. Two (2) ex officio members, consisting of one (1) nonvoting 46 member from a recognized national audiology professional asso-47 ciation and one (1) nonvoting member from a recognized national 48 speech-language pathology association; and 49

1	c. One (1) ex officio nonvoting member from the recognized member-
2	ship organization of the audiology and speech-language pathology
3	licensing board.
4	E. The ex officio members shall be selected by their respective organi-
5	zations.
6	1. The commission may remove any member of the executive committee as
7	provided in the bylaws.
8	2. The executive committee shall meet at least annually.
9	3. The executive committee shall have the following duties and respon-
10	sibilities:
11	a. Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules or by-
12	laws, changes to this compact legislation, fees paid by compact
13	member states such as annual dues, and any commission compact fee
14	charged to licensees for the compact privilege;
15	b. Ensure compact administration services are appropriately pro-
16	vided, contractual or otherwise;
17	c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
18	d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;
19 00	e. Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide com-
20	pliance reports to the commission;
21 22	f. Establish additional committees as necessary; andg. Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
22	4. All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public, and pub-
23 24	lic notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required un-
24 25	der the rulemaking provisions in section 10 of this compact.
26	5. The commission or the executive committee or other committees of the
27	commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission
28	or executive committee or other committees of the commission must dis-
29	cuss:
30	a. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under the
31	compact;
32	b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters,
33	practices or procedures related to specific employees or other
34	matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices
35	and procedures;
36	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
37	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of
38	goods, services, or real estate;
39	e. Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any per-
40	son;
41	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial infor-
42	mation that is privileged or confidential;
43	g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclo-
44	sure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal
45	privacy;
46	h. Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law enforce-
47	ment purposes;
48 40	i. Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports
49	prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other

committee charged with responsibility of investigation or deter-1 2 mination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact; or j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or 3 member state statute. 4 6. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this pro-5 vision, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that 6 the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting 7 provision. 8 7. The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe 9 10 all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a de-11 scription of the views expressed. All documents considered in connec-12 tion with an action shall be identified in minutes. All minutes and doc-13 uments of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release 14 by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent ju-15 16 risdiction. 8. Financing of the commission: 17 a. The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the 18 reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongo-19 20 ing activities. b. The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue 21 sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, ma-22 terials, and services. 23 24 c. The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover 25 the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and 26 its staff, which assessment must be in an amount sufficient to 27 cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is 28 not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment 29 amount shall be allocated based on a formula to be determined by 30 the commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding on all mem-31 ber states. 32 9. The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to se-33 curing the funds adequate to meet the same or pledge the credit of any of 34 the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state. 35 10. The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and 36 disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall 37 be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its 38 bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the 39 commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public 40 accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become 41 part of the annual report of the commission. 42 F. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification: 43 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees, and represen-44 tatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, ei-45 ther personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for dam-46 47 age to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 48 that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a 49 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission 50

employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

5 2. The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action 6 seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, 7 error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employ-8 ment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the 9 claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the 10 scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided 11 that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from re-12 taining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or 13 alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's inten-14 tional or willful or wanton misconduct. 15

16 3. The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission 17 for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that per-18 son arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 19 20 occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or respon-21 sibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsi-22 bilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission 23 did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of 24 that person. 25

SECTION 9

DATA SYSTEM

A. The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, and utilization of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and investigative information on all licensed individuals in member states.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable as required by the rules of the commission, including:

36 1. Identifying information;

37 2. Licensure data;

26 27

38 3. Adverse actions against a license or compact privilege;

39 4. Nonconfidential information related to alternative program partic-40 ipation;

5. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason or reasonsfor denial; and

6. Other information that may facilitate the administration of thiscompact, as determined by the rules of the commission.

45 C. Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any member46 state shall be available only to other member states.

D. The commission shall promptly notify all member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any member
 state shall be available to any other member state.

E. Member states contributing information to the data system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.

6 F. Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently 7 required to be expunded by the laws of the member state contributing the in-8 formation shall be removed from the data system.

9 10	SECTION 10 RULEMAKING
11 12	A. The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules
13 14	and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
15	B. If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a
16	rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt
17	the compact within four (4) years of the date of adoption of the rule, the
18	rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.
19	C. Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a regular or spe-
20	cial meeting of the commission.
21	D. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the
22	commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the meeting at which
23	the rule shall be considered and voted on, the commission shall file a notice
24 25	of proposed rulemaking: 1. On the website of the commission or other publicly accessible plat-
25 26	form; and
20	2. On the website of each member state audiology or speech-language
28	pathology licensing board or other publicly accessible platform or the
29	publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
30	E. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
31	1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the
32	rule shall be considered and voted on;
33	2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the pro-
34	posed rule;
35	3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested per-
36	son; and
37	4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the com-
38	mission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written
39 40	comments.
40 41	F. Prior to the adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall
41 42	be made available to the public.
43	G. The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing be-
44	fore it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
45	1. At least twenty-five (25) persons;
46	2. A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
47	3. An association having at least twenty-five (25) members.

H. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing.
If the hearing is held via electronic means, the commission shall publish the
mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.

5 6

7

8

1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.

9 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who
10 wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or
11 in writing.

3. All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the recording shall be madeavailable on request.

4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate
hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the
commission at hearings required by this section.

I. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on
the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall
consider all written and oral comments received.

J. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.

K. The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule,
if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.

L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible and in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:

1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;

2. Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds; or

35 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that36 is established by federal law or rule.

M. The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may di-37 rect revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of cor-38 39 recting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the 40 website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any 41 person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be 42 challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to 43 44 a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, 45 the revision shall take effect without further action. If the revision is 46 47 challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the com-48 mission.

49

33

34

OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

A. Dispute resolution: 2

1. Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt to re-3 solve disputes related to the compact that arise among member states and between member and nonmember states. 5

2. The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes, as appropriate.

B. Enforcement: 8

9 1. The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall 10 enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.

2. By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the 11 United States district court for the District of Columbia or the fed-12 eral district where the commission has its principal offices against 13 a member state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of 14 15 the compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial 16 enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all 17 costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees. 18

- 3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the com-19 20 mission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law. 21
- 22

1

4

6

7

- 23
- 24 25

SECTION 12

DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMIS-SION FOR AUDIOLOGY AND SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

PRACTICE AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENTS

A. The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact 26 27 statute is enacted into law in the tenth member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the 28 commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, 29 the commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary to the 30 implementation and administration of the compact. 31

B. Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's ini-32 33 tial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been 34 35 previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state. 36

C. Any member state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute 37 repealing the same. 38

1. A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) 39 months after enactment of the repealing statute. 40

2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the with-41 drawing state's audiology or speech-language pathology licensing board 42 to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting require-43 ments of this compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal. 44

D. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate 45 or prevent any audiology or speech-language pathology licensure agreement 46

1 or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a nonmember 2 state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.

E. This compact may be amended by the member states. No amendment to
this compact shall become effective and binding upon any member state until
it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

6 7

19

20

SECTION 13 CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

8 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any 9 phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be con-10 trary to the constitution of any member state or of the United States or the 11 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is 12 held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applica-13 14 bility thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitu-15 tion of any member state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as 16 to the remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member 17 state affected as to all severable matters. 18

SECTION 14 BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS

A. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a memberstate that is not inconsistent with the compact.

B. All laws in a member state in conflict with the compact are super-seded to the extent of the conflict.

C. All lawful actions of the commission, including all rules and bylawspromulgated by the commission, are binding on the member states.

D. All agreements between the commission and the member states arebinding in accordance with their terms.

E. In the event any provision of the compact exceeds the constitutional
limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, the provision shall be
ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision
in question in that member state.

33 SECTION 17. That Section 54-5207, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 34 amended to read as follows:

54-5207. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD. The board shall enforce the minimum standards and requirements therefor as provided by this chapter and by rule adopted by the board. The board may exercise such powers and duties as are reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and it may, among other things:

40 (1) Accept or reject applications for registration and establish the
41 fees to be charged for application, registration and renewal, subject to the
42 provisions of this chapter;

43 (2) Hold public meetings and attend or be represented at such meetings,
 44 within or without the state, prepare and publish rules pertaining to this

chapter and such other information as may be necessary, and furnish copies 1 2 thereof to those engaged in the business, trade, practice or work of contracting and to the public upon request; 3

(3) Furnish standards and procedures and prescribe reasonable rules 4 5 for applications, qualifications and registration of contractors, including proration of registration fees and staggering initial annual registra-6 7 tion; and

Under such rules as it may adopt, investigate, classify and de-8 (4) termine the qualifications of applicants for registration pursuant to this 9 10 chapter; and

11 (5) Contract with the & division of occupational and professional li-12 censes to provide administrative services.

13 SECTION 18. That Section 54-5802, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: 14

15

54-5802. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:

16 (1) "Apprentice" means a person registered with the barber and cosme-17 tology services licensing board to learn an occupation in a licensed establishment who, while so learning, performs or assists in performing any prac-18 tices of barbering, barber-styling, cosmetology, or electrology. 19

(2) "Barber" means a person licensed to practice barbering as defined 20 21 in this section.

(3) "Barbering" means any one (1) or any combination of the following 22 practices when performed on the upper part of the human body for cosmetic 23 purposes and not for the treatment of disease or physical or mental ailments: 24

(a) Shaving the face or cutting, trimming, arranging, dressing, curl-25 26

ing, cleansing, singeing or performing similar work on the hair; (b) Fitting, cutting or dressing hairpieces or toupees;

27 (c) Giving facial and scalp massages or treatments with oils, creams, 28 lotions or other preparations, either by hand or by a mechanical appli-29 30 ance; and

(d) Applying cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils, clays 31 or lotions to the scalp, face, and neck. 32

(4) "Barber-styling" means any one (1) or any combination of the fol-33 lowing practices when performed on the upper part of the human body for cos-34 35 metic purposes and not for the treatment of disease or physical or mental 36 ailments:

(a) Shaving the face or cutting, trimming, arranging, dressing, curl-37 ing, waving by any method, straightening, cleansing, singeing, bleach-38 ing, coloring or performing similar work on the hair; 39

(b) Fitting, cutting or dressing hairpieces or toupees;

40 (c) Giving facial and scalp massages or treatments with oils, creams, 41 42 lotions or other preparations, either by hand or by a mechanical appliance; and 43

(d) Applying cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils, clays 44 or lotions to the scalp, face, and neck. 45

"Barber-stylist" means a person licensed to practice bar-(5) 46 47 ber-styling as defined in this section.

(6) "Board" means the barber and cosmetology services licensing board 48 49 established by section 54-5806, Idaho Code.

(7) "Cosmetologist" means a person licensed to practice cosmetology as 1 2 defined in this section.

(8) "Cosmetology" means any one (1) or any combination of the following 3 practices when performed on the human body for cosmetic purposes and not for 4 5 the treatment of disease or physical or mental ailments:

6 7

23

Cutting, trimming, arranging, dressing, curling, waving by any (a) method, cleansing, singeing, bleaching, coloring or performing similar work on the hair, except as provided for in subsection (24) (25) of this 8 section; 9

10 (b) Fitting, cutting or dressing hairpieces or toupees;

(c) Noninvasive care of the skin by application of cosmetic prepa-11 rations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions, creams and essential oils 12 to cleanse, massage, exfoliate, hydrate and stimulate; makeup ap-13 plication; pore extraction; use of chemical exfoliants approved for 14 professional esthetic use; particle exfoliation; use of any class I 15 16 medical device, as classified by the United States food and drug administration, designed for care of the skin, except that a class II medical 17 device designed for care of the skin may be used as directed and super-18 vised by an authorized and licensed health care practitioner; temporary 19 removal of superfluous hair by lotions, creams, waxing, tweezing, de-20 21 pilatories or other means; and tinting or perming the eyebrows and eyelashes; and 22

(d) Manicuring and pedicuring nails and applying artificial nails.

(9) "Division" means the division of occupational and professional li-24 censes. Idaho 25

(10) "Electrologist" means a person licensed to practice electrology, 26 as defined in this section, and skilled in the permanent removal of unwanted 27 28 hair.

(11) "Electrology" or "electrolysis" means the permanent removal of 29 hair by destroying the hair-producing cells of the skin and vascular system 30 31 through the use of equipment and devices approved by and registered with the United States food and drug administration. 32

(12) "Establishment" means a place licensed under this chapter, other 33 than a licensed school, where barbering, barber-styling, cosmetology or 34 electrology is practiced. 35

(13) "Esthetician" means a person licensed to practice esthetics as de-36 37 fined in this section.

(14) "Esthetics" means noninvasive care of the skin by application of 38 39 cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions, creams and essential oils to cleanse, massage, exfoliate, hydrate and stimulate; makeup applica-40 tion; pore extraction; use of chemical exfoliants approved for professional 41 esthetic use; particle exfoliation; use of any class I medical device, as 42 classified by the United States food and drug administration, designed for 43 care of the skin, except that a class II medical device designed for care 44 of the skin may be used as directed and supervised by an authorized and li-45 censed health care practitioner; temporary removal of superfluous hair by 46 47 lotions, creams, waxing, tweezing, depilatories or other means; and tinting or perming the eyebrows and eyelashes. 48

(15) "Haircutting" means cutting, trimming, arranging, dressing, curl-1 2 ing, cleansing, singeing or performing similar work on the hair and fitting, cutting or dressing hairpieces or toupees. 3

(16) "High school student" means a person who has completed the first 4 5 two (2) years of high school and is enrolled in a high school or secondary school licensed under this chapter. 6

(17) "Instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to prac-7 tice and teach any practice defined in this section. 8

(18) "Instructor trainee" means a barber, barber-stylist or cosmetol-9 ogist attending a licensed school to receive training to teach barbering, 10 11 barber-styling or cosmetology.

(19) "Licensed school" means a secondary or postsecondary barber, cos-12 metology, or electrology school that: 13

(a) Is licensed under its official name by the barber and cosmetology 14 services licensing board; and 15

16 (b) Admits as students only those individuals who meet the requirements of section 54-5810(1)(b), Idaho Code. 17

(20) "Makeover or glamour photography business" means a business offer-18 ing photographic services to the general public in which the business's em-19 ployees apply cosmetic products to customers' faces or arrange the hair of 20 21 customers in connection with the sale or attempted sale of photographic ser-22 vices.

(21) "Makeup artist" means a person certificated to practice makeup 23 artistry as defined in this section. 24

(22) "Makeup artistry" means noninvasive care of the skin by applica-25 tion of cosmetic preparations for cleansing and the application of makeup, 26 which includes the application of cosmetics or any pigment product that is 27 used to cover, camouflage or decorate the skin. 28

(23) "Nail technician" means a person licensed to practice nail tech-29 nology as defined in this section. 30

(24) "Nail technology" means any one (1) or more of the following prac-31 tices when performed on the human body: 32

- (a) Manicuring and pedicuring nails;
- (b) Applying artificial nails; and
- (c) Massaging the hands and feet.

(24) (25) "Natural hair braiding" means the service of twisting, wrap-36 ping, weaving, extending, locking, or braiding hair by hand or with a mechan-37 38 ical device.

39

33

34

35

- (a) "Natural hair braiding" includes: The use of natural or synthetic hair extensions, natural or (i)
- 40 synthetic hair and fibers, and decorative beads and other hair ac-41 cessories; 42
- (ii) Minor trimming of natural hair or hair extensions incidental 43 to twisting, wrapping, weaving, extending, locking, or braiding 44 hair; 45
- (iii) The making of wigs from natural hair, natural fibers, syn-46 thetic fibers, and hair extensions; and 47
- The use of topical agents, such as conditioners, gels, 48 (iv) moisturizers, oils, pomades, and shampoos, in conjunction with 49

performing services under subparagraphs (i) or (ii) of this paragraph.

2 3

1

- (b) "Natural hair braiding" does not include:
- 4
- 5

(i) The application of dyes, reactive chemicals, or other preparations to alter the color of the hair or to straighten, curl, or alter the structure of the hair; or

6 7 8

(ii) The use of chemical hair joining agents, such as synthetic tape, keratin bonds, or fusion bonds.

9 (25) (26) "Retail cosmetics dealer" means a stationary business offer-10 ing cosmetic products for sale at retail to the general public in which the 11 business's employees apply cosmetic products to customers' faces in connec-12 tion with the sale or attempted sale of the products without compensation 13 from the customer other than the regular price of the products.

(26) (27) "Retail thermal styling equipment dealer" means a retail 14 business that offers thermal styling equipment, such as curling irons, curl-15 ing wands, flat irons, heated hair rollers, blow-dryers or other devices 16 using heat to style hair, for sale at retail to members of the general public 17 and whose employees engage in the limited use of thermal styling equipment 18 on customers in connection with the sale or attempted sale of the equipment 19 without compensation from the customer other than the regular price of the 20 21 equipment.

(27) (28) "Student" means a person learning barbering, barber-styling, cosmetology or electrology at a licensed school who, while so learning, performs or assists in performing any practices of barbering, barber-styling, cosmetology or electrology.

26 SECTION 19. That Section 54-5805, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 27 amended to read as follows:

28 54-5805. EXEMPTIONS FROM LICENSURE. The licensing, certification and
 29 registration provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the following:

(1) Persons authorized by the laws of this state to practice as a nurse
 or to practice any of the healing arts while in the proper discharge or dele gation of their professional duties.

(2) Persons who provide on-site personal care or hygiene services, including shaving; trimming of hair, beard, or mustache; washing, brushing,
or combing hair; and basic skin care and nail care, to residents at facilities licensed under the department of health and welfare, division of licensing and certification.

(3) Persons practicing in their own home without compensation who arenot practicing on the public in general.

40

(4) Persons practicing on a relative without compensation.

(5) Persons whose practice is limited to the facial application of cos metic products to customers in connection with the sale or attempted sale of
 cosmetic products on the premises of a retail cosmetics dealer without com pensation from the customer other than the price of the products.

(6) Persons whose practice is limited to the demonstration of thermal
styling equipment on customers in connection with the sale or attempted sale
of thermal styling equipment on the premises of a registered thermal styling
equipment dealer without compensation from the customer other than the price
of the equipment.

(7) Currently enrolled students or actively registered apprentices
practicing or demonstrating outside of a licensed school or establishment
when that practice or demonstration is under the direct supervision of a
licensed instructor. Members of the public may not be charged for any services performed by a student or an apprentice practicing pursuant to this
subsection.

(8) Persons who are licensed or qualified through proper documentation 7 to practice or teach barbering, barber-styling or cosmetology in a state, 8 territory or possession of the United States or in a foreign country and 9 whose practice and activities are limited to education or demonstration 10 11 of no more than fourteen (14) consecutive days, provided that such persons shall observe and comply with sanitation requirements established by rule. 12 Members of the public may not be charged for any services performed as part of 13 the demonstration or education. 14

(9) Persons who are employed, participating in, or contracted to perform barber-styling or cosmetology services in the course of and incidental
to the production of a theatrical or other visual arts production including,
but not limited to, stage productions, television and motion pictures.

(10) Persons whose practice is limited to natural hair braiding as defined in section 54-5802-(24)-(25), Idaho Code.

SECTION 20. That Section 55-616, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section 1,
 Chapter 267, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

55-616 55-617. APPURTENANT WATER RIGHTS AND WATER ENTITLEMENTS AND OBLIGATIONS PASS WITH PROPERTY. (1) A transfer of real property passes appurtenant water rights decreed by court order pursuant to chapter 14, title 42, Idaho Code, permitted or licensed by the department of water resources pursuant to chapter 2, title 42, Idaho Code, or established by the constitutional method of appropriation, and that are owned by the seller and are not reserved by the seller in the instrument of conveyance.

(2) A transfer of real property included in an irrigation district that
 operates pursuant to title 43, Idaho Code, to which the district has appor tioned the right to receive water from the district's water rights, passes
 the statutory rights and obligations of the property relative to the dis trict's distribution of water and assessments.

(3) A transfer of real property included in a city irrigation system
that operates pursuant to chapter 18, title 50, Idaho Code, to which the city
has apportioned the right to receive water from the city's water rights,
passes the statutory rights and obligations of the property relative to the
distribution of water and assessments.

(4) A transfer of real property included in a ground water district
that operates pursuant to chapter 52, title 42, Idaho Code, to which the
district has levied assessments or apportioned mitigation plan obligations,
passes the statutory rights and obligations of the property relative to such
assessments and obligations.

(5) A transfer of real property that is entitled to receive water from
the water rights of a canal company, ditch company, association, or other water delivery entity, passes the rights and obligations of the property relative to the entity's distribution of water and assessments as evidenced by

stock ownership, or other evidence of an entitlement to receive water, sub-1 2 ject to the bylaws of the water delivery entity. (6) A transfer of real property does not pass water rights or water en-3 titlements and obligations that are not appurtenant to the real property. 4 SECTION 21. That Chapter 17, Title 56, Idaho Code, as enacted by Section 5 2, Chapter 200, Laws of 2022, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 7 CHAPTER 17 18 8 EXTENDED EMPLOYMENT SERVICES PROGRAM 9 56-1701 56-1801. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter: 10 (1) "Department" means the department of health and welfare. 11 "Extended employment services" means long-term maintenance 12 (2) services that assist participants in maintaining employment or gaining 13 employment skills in preparation for community employment or that provide 14 assistance to adult participants within an industry or a business setting or 15 a community rehabilitation program intended to maintain paid employment. 16 Extended employment services include individual community-based supported 17 employment, group community-based supported employment, and work services. 18 (3) "Group community-based supported employment" means self-employ-19 ment or paid employment that is: 20 (a) For a group of no more than eight (8) participants who are paid at 21 least minimum wage and who because of their disabilities need ongoing 22 23 support to maintain employment; (b) Conducted in a variety of community and industry settings where 24 participants have opportunities to interact with coworkers or others 25 without known paid work supports, at least to the extent that those op-26 27 portunities typically exist in that work setting; (c) Supported by training and supervision needed to maintain that em-28 ployment; and 29 (d) Not conducted in the work services area of a provider. 30 (4) "Individual community-based supported employment" means self-em-31 32 ployment or paid employment: (a) For which a participant is paid a competitive wage; 33 For which a participant because of the participant's disability (b) 34 needs ongoing support to maintain the employment; 35 (c) That is conducted in a community or industry setting where persons 36 without known paid work supports are employed; and 37 (d) That is supported by authorized activities needed to sustain paid 38 work by persons with disabilities, including but not limited to super-39 vision and training. 40 (5) "Individual program plan" means a plan for extended employment ser-41 vices appropriate for an individual participant based on the participant's 42 43 needs and personal goals. (6) "Participant" means a person eligible for and enrolled in the pro-44 gram established pursuant to this chapter. 45 (7) "Program" means the extended employment services program estab-46 lished by this chapter. 47

(8) "Provider" means a community rehabilitation program services
 provider approved by the department to provide extended employment ser vices.

(9) "Work services" means activities, including remunerative work,
typically conducted on provider premises, intended to assist participants
in understanding the value and demands of work and developing functional
capacities that increase or maintain the skill sets needed to achieve and
maintain employment.

56-1702 56-1802. PROGRAM ESTABLISHED. (1) There is hereby established
 in the department an extended employment services program for the purpose of
 increasing employment opportunities for program participants. The program
 shall be administered by the department. Extended employment services of fered under this program are separate and apart from any federal program but
 may be collaborative with and supportive of federal programs.

- 15 (2) Program services shall be:
- (a) Provided when eligible individuals do not have access to comparable
 services or when they have fully utilized comparable services for which
 they are eligible; and
- (b) Separate and apart from any delivered vocational rehabilitation
 services as defined in 29 U.S.C. 705 (40) provided by the Idaho division
 of vocational rehabilitation.
- (3) The department will determine the process for identifying compara-ble services.
- 24 <u>56-1703</u> <u>56-1803</u>. PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY AND ADMINISTRATION. (1) A person
 25 is eligible to participate in the program if the person:
- (a) Has a disability that constitutes a barrier to maintaining paid employment without long-term vocational support;
 - (b) Is sixteen (16) years of age or older; and
 - (c) Is an Idaho resident.

28 29

- (2) Program participants may request that the program conduct an addi tional case review to evaluate service-level needs at any time. The process
 will be collaborative with the participant and other stakeholders, as appropriate, and include the exchange of information on the array of employment
 type options.
- (a) Case file reviews, interviews, and other methods may be used to de termine an individual's service-level needs.
- (b) Individuals may be referred to other programs that provide employ ment or other supports that the extended employment services program
 does not provide.
- (c) In order to receive extended employment services, a participant
 must either take part in an annual case review or request that the program assume the responsibility for developing an individual program
 plan with the participant.

(3) Each participant has the right to select the provider used, as
applicable to the type and level of services identified, and may choose to
receive services from a different provider at any time, subject to provider
availability. A participant will contact the program manager to request
services from a different approved provider.

(4) Eligible program participants receiving services in any category 1 2 may choose to receive services in a different category if criteria established by the department are met. 3

(5) An individual who is unable to participate in program services for 4 5 any period exceeding the department's timeline will be placed into interrupted service status. 6

(6) Case closures require written notification to the participant by 7 the provider. A good faith effort must be made to notify the participant if 8 the case is closed. Cases will be closed from the program if one (1) or more 9 of the following reasons are met and documentation in the case record sup-10 11 ports such reason:

- (a) The participant has moved out of state;
- (b) The participant has retired from employment;
- (c) The participant no longer needs program services;

(d) The participant is eligible for or utilizing medicaid waiver em-15 16

ployment supports for competitive integrated employment;

(e) The employer is providing long-term supports; 17

(f) The employment type transfer; 18

12

13

14

19

24

33

34

(g) The participant is no longer interested in pursuing employment;

The participant is not medically released to work for an extended 20 (h) 21 period of time;

(i) The participant is noncompliant, not following through with pro-22 gram requirements, or no longer able to utilize the program; or 23

(j) The program manager is unable to locate or contact the participant.

(7) Applicants will be placed on a waiting list by date of program eli-25 26 gibility.

(8) The department will review program service rates and contract with 27 third-party vendors to conduct cost surveys_{τ} at a minimum of every five (5) 28 29 years.

56-1704 56-1804. COVERED SERVICES -- INDIVIDUAL PROGRAM PLAN. (1) 30 Subject to available funding, the program shall provide the following ser-31 vices to participants, as appropriate: 32

- (a) Individual community-based supported employment;
- (b) Group community-based supported employment;
- (c) Work services; and 35
- 36 (d) Transportation.

(2) The services provided to a participant shall be based on the partic-37 ipant's individual program plan. 38

- (3) Program services must: 39
- (a) Be individually planned by using person-centered principles and 40 person-first or people-first language; 41
- Provide assistance to participants as unique individuals with 42 (b) 43 varying interests, preferences, and aptitudes;
- (c) Be appropriate to the needs of a participant and consistent with the 44 choice of the participant regarding services, providers, and goals; 45

(d) Provide the participant compensation, where applicable, for work 46 performed pursuant to federal and state wage and hour laws; 47

(e) Safeguard participants against conflicts of interest; and 48

Allow a participant to pursue an alternate employment type and 1 (f) 2 assist the participant with referral to the applicable state agency or program provider. Any changes to the employment type must be approved 3 by the department. 4 (4) Individual community-based supported employment services include: 5 (a) Focused mentoring and extended or ongoing job coaching to sustain 6 7 employment; (b) Off-site job coaching, which may be included in an individual's 8 program plan when determined by the individual, provider, and program 9 staff to be the most appropriate strategy to meet the participant's 10 needs; 11 (c) Provider-directed supervision of a participant, which will be ap-12 proved when the general community employer requires it as part of the 13 terms of the participant's employment; and 14 Opportunity for the participant to increase independence in the 15 (d) 16 participant's employment with the competitive employer. (5) Group community-based supported employment allowable activities 17 are limited to: 18 (a) Promoting and advocating for increasing the participant's indepen-19 20 dence, inclusion, integration, and community employment goals; 21 Supervising, observing, and job coaching of the participant to (b) maintain employment; and 22 (c) Training for specific job duties and tasks. 23 (6) Work services area allowable activities are: 24 (a) Promoting and advocating for increasing the participant's indepen-25 26 dence, inclusion, integration, and community employment goals; Supervising, observing, and job coaching of the participant to 27 (b) maintain employment; 28 (c) Training for specific job duties and tasks; 29 Training in other skills that increase the participant's employ-30 (d) ability for group community-based supported employment or individual 31 community-based supported employment; 32 (e) Providing on-site personal assistance; 33 34 (f) Providing simulated work training and work activities, including career counseling and information and referral to other support ser-35 vices by the department; and 36 Increasing the participant's understanding of various career 37 (q) pathways and expectations of general community employers. These activ-38 ities will include a component in the greater community, away from the 39 provider-owned facility. 40 (7) Preapproval is required for needed supports that exceed the indi-41 vidual program plan service level, including: 42 (a) Short-term additional supports; and 43 (b) Transportation as approved in the individual plan. One (1) unit of 44 transportation equals one (1) round trip. 45 (8) Development of individual program plans shall be as follows: 46 (a) The participant and provider will develop the participant's indi-47 vidual program plan using the program template. The individual program 48 plan will include a brief summary of the participant's involvement. 49

without an approved individual program plan. 5 (d) Providers are not required to provide services after an individual 6 program plan expires. 7 (e) An individual program plan must use person-centered principles and 8 people-first language and detail vocational goals, corresponding mean-9 ingful measurable objectives, and the participant's desired employment 10 outcomes. A participant's individual program plan goals will be dis-11 cussed, modified, revised, and updated yearly $_{\mathcal{T}}$ based on data from the 12 participant's progress reports to help the participant achieve employ-13 ment goals. 14 The participant and provider will review progress toward voca-15 (f) 16 tional goals and next steps necessary to meet vocational goals. The participant will sign the progress report to acknowledge review of the 17 report. The provider will submit progress reports in the timeline es-18 tablished by the department. 19 20 56-1705 56-1805. PROGRAM PROVIDERS -- REQUIREMENTS -- REVOCATION OF APPROVAL -- AGREEMENT REVIEW. (1) Extended employment services providers 21 must be approved by the department prior to participation in the program. 22 The department shall enter an agreement with each approved provider. 23 The agreement shall specify: 24 25 (a) Minimum provider requirements: (i) The provider must be accredited by an approved national or re-26 gional accrediting body, specific to vocational supports for in-27 dividuals with disabilities. Approved program accrediting bodies 28 will be published annually to the department's website; and 29 (ii) The providers must remain in good standing with their accred-30 31 itor; (b) Services to be offered by the provider; 32 33 (c) Scope of work under the agreement; (d) Service fees; 34 (e) Provider appeal process; and 35 36 (f) Other terms, conditions, and provisions as determined by the department. 37

38 (2) The department may terminate or revoke the approval status and dis 39 continue authorizing or purchasing services from providers for actions in
 40 violation of the agreement or program requirements.

(3) A provider agreement shall be reviewed annually by the department,
in collaboration with the providers, and is subject to revision as required
by the department.

44 (4) Providers must maintain program participant files for five (5)45 years from the last date of service.

46 (5) The department may audit billing records and other documentation47 submitted by providers to verify the accuracy of such records.

(6) The department may deny, revoke, or recover service payments if theprovider fails to comply with the terms of the provider agreement.

(b) Individual program plans must be signed by the participant, or le-

gal guardian if applicable, and the provider staff who assisted with the

(c) The provider will not receive payment for any services provided

1 2

3

4

plan preparation.

1 SECTION 22. That Section 57-811, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 2 amended to read as follows:

57-811. TAX RELIEF FUND. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the tax relief fund to which shall be credited all moneys remitted from sections 63-3620F and 63-3638, Idaho Code, from federal grants, donations, or any other source. Moneys in the fund are intended to fund future tax relief statutes enacted by the legislature and may be expended pursuant to appropriation. All interest earned on the investment of idle moneys in the fund shall be returned to the fund.

10 (2) Immediately upon the passage of this act, the state controller 11 shall transfer ninety-four million dollars (\$94,000,000) from the tax re-12 lief fund to the Idaho tax rebate fund.

(3) For fiscal year 2022, the state controller shall transfer one hundred ten million dollars (\$110,000,000) from the tax relief fund to the general fund.

(4) For fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal year thereafter, the state con troller shall transfer up to two hundred four million dollars (\$204,000,000)
 from the tax relief fund to the general fund.

(4) (5) In addition to any other transfers authorized under this section, for fiscal year 2024 and each fiscal year thereafter, the state controller shall transfer up to thirty-two million dollars (\$32,000,000) from the tax relief fund to the general fund.

(4) (6) In addition to any other transfers authorized under this section, for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 only, the state controller shall transfer up to thirty-four million dollars (\$34,000,000) from the tax relief fund to the general fund.

(5) (7) On July 1, 2024, any remaining moneys in the tax relief fund
 shall be distributed pursuant to the provisions of section 63-3638, Idaho
 Code.

30 SECTION 23. That Section 59-1303, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 31 amended to read as follows:

59-1303. POLICE OFFICER MEMBER STATUS. (1) As used in this chapter,
 each of the terms used in this section shall have the meaning given in this
 section unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context.

35 (2) Police officer membership status for retirement purposes may be36 fixed only by law.

(3) Members holding or filling the following positions or offices are
 designated by law as having police officer member status for retirement pur poses during the time of their appointment to that position or during their
 term of office:

(a) Idaho state police:

41

42

(i) The director and deputy director of the Idaho state police;

(ii) Commissioned and sworn troopers, specialists (detectives),
 and POST training coordinators;

45 (iii) Commissioned and sworn personnel in a supervisory capacity46 as major, captain, lieutenant, or sergeant;

47 (iv) The commissioned state brand inspector, deputy brand inspec-48 tors, and brand inspector supervisors; and

1	(v) Emergency communications officers pursuant to section
2	19-5119, Idaho Code;
3	(b) County law enforcement:
4	(i) County sheriffs;
5	(ii) "Peace officers" and "county detention officers" as defined
6	in chapter 51, title 19, Idaho Code;
7	(iii) Supervisory "peace officers" and "county detention offi-
8	cers" as defined in chapter 51, title 19, Idaho Code;
9	(iv) Juvenile detention officers;
10	(v) Juvenile probation officers; and
11	(vi) Adult misdemeanor probation officers; and
12	(iv) (vii) Emergency communications officers pursuant to section
13	19-5119, Idaho Code;
14	(c) City law enforcement:
15	(i) City police chiefs;
16 17	(ii) "Peace officers" as defined in chapter 51, title 19, IdahoCode;
18	(iii) Supervisory "peace officers" as defined in chapter 51, title
19	19, Idaho Code; and
20	(iv) Emergency communications officers pursuant to section
21	19-5119, Idaho Code;
22	(d) Conservation officers, the enforcement assistant chief, and en-
23	forcement bureau chief of the department of fish and game;
24	(e) Department of correction:
25	(i) The director and deputy director of the department of correc-
26	tion, the division chief and deputy division chief for probation
27	and parole, and the wardens and deputy wardens of institutions;
28	(ii) Correctional officers, presentence investigators, cor-
29	rectional officers in the supervisory capacity of lieutenant,
30	sergeant, corporal, correctional specialist, correctional spe-
31	cialist supervisor, and correctional managers;
32	(iii) Probation and parole supervisors, probation and parole in-
33	vestigators, and probation and parole officers; and
34	(iv) Correctional peace officer training instructors;
35	(f) Employees of the adjutant general and military division of the
36	state where military membership is a condition of employment;
37	(g) Magistrates of the district court; justices of the supreme court,
38	judges of the court of appeals, and district judges who have made an
39	election under section 1-2011, Idaho Code; and court employees desig-
40	nated by court order to have primary responsibility for court security
41	or transportation of prisoners;
42	(h) Employees whose primary function requires that they are certified
43	by the Idaho department of health and welfare as an emergency medical
44	technician-basic, an advanced emergency medical technician-ambulance,
45	an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or an emergency medical
46	technician-paramedic;
47	(i) Criminal investigators of the attorney general's office and crimi-
48	nal investigators of a prosecuting attorney's office; and
49	(j) The director of security and the criminal investigators of the
50	Idaho state lottery.

(4) On and after July 1, 1985, no active member shall be classified as 1 2 a police officer for retirement purposes unless the employer shall have certified to the board, on a form provided by the board, that such member is an 3 employee whose primary position with the employer is one designated as such 4 within the meaning of this chapter, and the board shall have accepted such 5 certification. Acceptance by the board of an employer's certification shall 6 7 in no way limit the board's right to review and reclassify the position for retirement purposes based upon an audit or other relevant information pre-8 sented to the board. The board may carry out such acts as are necessary to 9 enforce the provisions of this chapter. 10

11 (5) A member classified as a police officer for retirement purposes whose position is reclassified to that of a general member for retirement 12 purposes as a result of a determination that the position does not meet the 13 requirements of this chapter for police officer member status for retirement 14 purposes shall become a general member. Excess employer and employee con-15 16 tributions shall be refunded to the employer by offsetting future contributions and the member's record shall be corrected. It shall be the employer's 17 responsibility to refund employee contributions directly to the employee. 18

19 SECTION 24. That Section 67-2922, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 20 amended to read as follows:

67-2922. ENDANGERED MISSING PERSON ALERT. (1) There is hereby established a statewide alert system known as the "Endangered Missing Person Alert" that shall be developed and implemented by the Idaho state police missing person clearinghouse. The endangered missing person alert system shall be a program of voluntary cooperation between broadcasters, cable systems, and local and state agencies to enhance the public's ability to assist in recovering missing and endangered persons.

(2) As used in this section:

28

(a) "Law enforcement agency" means a law enforcement agency with juris diction over the search for a suspect in a case involving an endangered
 missing person; and

(b) "Missing person" means a person whose whereabouts are unknown to a
 parent, guardian, caretaker, or others who have normal contact with the
 person.

35 (3) An endangered missing person alert plan shall be developed by a committee, whose membership shall be determined by the director of the Idaho 36 37 state police, with members from city, county, state, and tribal law enforcement, broadcasters, emergency management officials, and vulnerable popu-38 lation commissions. Such plan shall provide for the use of the emergency 39 alert system, the wireless emergency alert system, and the state police no-40 tification system. The endangered missing person alert advisory and review 41 42 committee shall provide administrative oversight to develop, implement, review, and recommend revisions to the endangered missing person alert plan. 43

(4) An endangered missing person alert shall not be issued under the
same criteria as an Amber alert and shall not be distributed automatically
statewide. An endangered missing person alert my may be distributed based on
the geographic area in which the missing person was last seen or is believed
to be. An endangered missing person alert shall be issued with the information available to law enforcement, and lack of detailed information shall

not preclude the issuance of an alert. For an incident to qualify for is-1 2 suance of an endangered missing person alert, an individual, regardless of 3 age: (a) Must be reported missing to a law enforcement agency; 4 (b) Must be, or must be believed to be, a temporary or permanent resi-5 dent of Idaho; 6 (c) Must be at a location that cannot be determined by a person familiar 7 with the missing individual; and 8 (d) Must be someone: 9 10 (i) Who is incapable of returning to the missing individual's residence without assistance by reason of: 11 1. Mental illness; 12 2. Intellectual disability; 13 3. Dementia; 14 4. Weather conditions; or 15 16 5. Another physical or mental incapacity that requires care of the individual or management of the individual's prop-17 18 erty; (ii) Who is missing as the result of abduction by a stranger and 19 does not meet the criteria for an Amber alert or blue alert; 20 21 (iii) Who is missing under unexplained, involuntary, or suspicious circumstances; 22 (iv) Whose disappearance may be the result of the commission of a 23 24 crime; (V) Whose disappearance occurred under circumstances that are 25 inherently dangerous; 26 (vi) Who is in need of medical attention or prescription medica-27 28 tion; or (vii) Who has previously been the victim of a threat of violence or 29 an act of violence. 30 (5) Before requesting activation of an endangered missing person 31 alert, a law enforcement agency shall verify that the criteria described in 32 subsection (4) of this section has have been satisfied. The law enforcement 33 agency shall assess the appropriate boundaries of the alert based on the 34 nature of the endangerment and the circumstances surrounding the last known 35 location of the missing person or suspect. 36 (6) The state police shall terminate an endangered missing person alert 37 with respect to a particular incident if: 38 39 (a) The missing person or suspect is located or the incident is otherwise resolved. Other law enforcement agencies shall notify the law en-40 forcement agency that initiated the alert immediately when such agency 41 locates the missing person, suspect, or vehicle; or 42 (b) The Idaho state police determines that the endangered missing per-43 son alert is no longer an effective tool for locating the missing per-44 son. 45 (7) There shall be no required waiting period for a law enforcement 46 47 agency to report or investigate an endangered missing person case. (8) Any entity or individual involved in the dissemination of a endan-48 gered missing person alert generated pursuant to the provisions of this sec-49

tion shall not be liable for any civil damages arising from such dissemination.

3 SECTION 25. That Section 67-4304, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby
4 amended to read as follows:

67-4304. PRIEST, PEND D'OREILLE, AND COEUR D'ALENE LAKES -- APPROPRI-5 ATION OF WATERS IN TRUST FOR PEOPLE. (1) The governor is hereby authorized 6 and directed to appropriate in trust for the people of the state of Idaho all 7 the unappropriated water of Priest, Pend d'Oreille and Coeur d'Alene Lakes 8 or so much thereof as may be necessary to preserve said lakes in their present 9 10 condition. The preservation of said water in said lakes for scenic beauty, health, recreation, transportation, and commercial purposes necessary and 11 12 desirable for all the inhabitants of the state is hereby declared to be a beneficial use of such water. 13

14 (2) No fee shall be required in connection with said appropriation by 15 the governor or the permit issued in connection therewith, and no proof of 16 completion of any works of diversion shall be required, but license shall is-17 sue at any time upon proof of beneficial use to which said waters are now de-18 voted.

19 (3) Each succeeding governor in office shall be deemed to be a holder of
 20 such permit, in trust for the people of the state.

21 SECTION 26. That Section 67-4305, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 22 amended to read as follows:

67-4305. PRIEST, PEND D'OREILLE, AND COEUR D'ALENE LAKES -- LANDS DE-23 VOTED TO HEALTH AND RECREATIONAL USE. The lands belonging to the state of 24 Idaho between the ordinary high and low water mark at said lakes as well as 25 all other lands of the state adjacent to said lakes which that are not held 26 27 in trust for the beneficiaries of the endowed institutions τ are hereby declared to be devoted to a public use in connection with the preservation of 28 said lakes in their present condition as a health resort and recreation place 29 for the inhabitants of the state and said public use is hereby declared to be 30 31 a more necessary use than the use of said lands as a storage reservoir for irrigation or power purposes. 32

33 SECTION 27. That Section 67-4306, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 34 amended to read as follows:

67-4306. PRIEST, PEND D'OREILLE, AND COEUR D'ALENE LAKES -- SEPARA BILITY OF ACT. If any part of this act shall be adjudged to be invalid, such
 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate any part of the remainder.

38 SECTION 28. That Section 67-5303, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 39 amended to read as follows:

67-5303. APPLICATION TO STATE EMPLOYEES. All departments of the state
of Idaho and all employees in such departments, except those employees
specifically defined as nonclassified, shall be classified employees who
are subject to this chapter and to the system of personnel administration

1 it prescribes. All nonclassified employees are subject to conformity with 2 classified positions as set forth in section 59-1603, Idaho Code. Nonclas-3 sified employees shall be:

(a) Members of the state legislature and all other officers of the state
of Idaho elected by popular vote and persons appointed to fill vacancies in
elective offices and employees of the state legislature.

7 (b) Members of statutory boards and commissions and heads of depart8 ments appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the governor, deputy direc9 tors appointed by the director and members of advisory boards and councils
10 appointed by the departments.

(c) All employees and officers in the office, and at the residence, of the governor; and all employees and officers in the offices of the lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, state treasurer, state controller, and state superintendent of public instruction who are appointed on and after the effective date of this chapter.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by law, not more than one (1) declared position for each board or commission and/or head of a participating department, in addition to those declared to be nonclassified by other provisions of law.

(e) Part-time professional consultants who are paid on a fee basis for
 any form of legal, medical or other professional service and who are not en gaged in the performance of administrative duties for the state.

(f) Judges, temporary referees, receivers and jurors.

(g) All employees of the Idaho supreme court, Idaho court of appeals anddistrict courts.

26

23

(h) All employees of the Idaho state bar.

(i) Assistant attorneys general attached to the office of the attorneygeneral.

(j) Officers, members of the teaching staffs of state higher educa-29 tional institutions, the professional staffs of the office of the state 30 board of education and the Idaho department of education administered by 31 the board of regents and the board of education, all professional staff of 32 the public charter school commission, and the professional staffs of the 33 Idaho division of career technical education and vocational rehabilitation 34 administered by the state board for career technical education. 35 "Teaching staff" includes teachers, coaches, resident directors, librarians and 36 those principally engaged in academic research. The word "officer" means 37 presidents, vice presidents, deans, directors, or employees in positions 38 39 designated by the state board who receive an annual salary of not less than step "A" of the pay grade equivalent to three hundred fifty-five (355) Hay 40 points in the state compensation schedule. In consultation with the Idaho 41 division of human resources, the state board of education shall implement 42 policies and procedures for nonclassified employees to conform with section 43 59-1603, Idaho Code. onetime 44

46 47

- (k) Employees of the military division.
- (1) Patients, inmates or students employed in a state institution.
- (m) Temporary employees.

(n) All employees and officers of the following named commodity commis sions, and all employees and officers of any commodity commission created
 hereafter: the Idaho potato commission, as provided in chapter 12, title 22,

Idaho Code; the Idaho honey commission, as provided in chapter 28, title 22, 1 2 Idaho Code; the Idaho bean commission, as provided in chapter 29, title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho hop grower's commission, as provided in chapter 31, ti-3 tle 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho wheat commission, as provided in chapter 33, 4 5 title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho pea and lentil commission, as provided in chapter 35, title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho apple commission, as provided in 6 7 chapter 36, title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho cherry commission, as provided in chapter 37, title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho mint commission, as provided in 8 chapter 38, title 22, Idaho Code; the Idaho sheep and goat health board, as 9 provided in chapter 1, title 25, Idaho Code; the state brand inspector, and 10 all district supervisors, as provided in chapter 11, title 25, Idaho Code; 11 the Idaho beef council, as provided in chapter 29, title 25, Idaho Code; and 12 the Idaho dairy products commission, as provided in chapter 31, title 25, 13 Idaho Code. 14

(o) All inspectors of the fresh fruit and vegetable inspection service
of the Idaho department of agriculture, except those positions involved in
the management of the program.

(p) All employees of correctional industries within the department of correction.

(q) All deputy administrators and wardens employed by the department of
 correction. Deputy administrators are defined as only the deputy adminis trators working directly for the nonclassified division administrators un der the director of the department of correction.

(r) All public information positions, with the exception of secretar-ial positions, in any department.

(s) Any division administrator.

26

33

(t) Any regional administrator or division administrator in the de-partment of environmental quality.

(u) All employees of the division of financial management, all employ ees of the STEM action center, all employees of the office of species conser vation, all employees of the office of drug policy, and all employees of the
 office of energy and mineral resources.

(v) All employees of the Idaho food quality assurance institute.

(w) The state appellate public defender, deputy state appellate public
 defenders and all other employees of the office of the state appellate public
 defender.

37 (x) All quality assurance specialists or medical investigators of the38 Idaho board of medicine.

(y) All pest survey and detection employees and their supervisors hired
 specifically to carry out activities under the Idaho plant pest act, chapter
 20, title 22, Idaho Code, including but not limited to pest survey, detec tion, and eradication, except those positions involved in the management of
 the program.

(z) All medical directors employed by the department of health and
welfare who are engaged in the practice of medicine, as defined by section
54-1803, Idaho Code, at a state hospital or other treatment facility managed
and operated by the department of health and welfare.

48 SECTION 29. That Section 67-5308, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby49 amended to read as follows:

67-5308. AUTHORITY AND DUTIES OF THE DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES --1 2 SELECTION OF ADMINISTRATOR. (1) It shall be the duty of the division of human resources to administer this chapter. The administrator of the division of 3 human resources shall have the duty, power and authority to employ such per-4 5 sons, make such expenditures, require such reports, make investigations of state classified and nonclassified employees, perform such travel pursuant 6 7 to the provisions of this chapter, and to take such other actions as it deems necessary or suitable to that end. 8

9 (2) An administrator of the division of human resources in the office 10 of the governor shall be appointed by the governor, shall be subject to con-11 firmation by the senate and shall serve at the pleasure of <u>the</u> governor. The 12 administrator shall be experienced in personnel administration. The admin-13 istrator shall provide necessary support to the commission when it carries 14 out its duties.

15 SECTION 30. That Section 74-105, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 16 amended to read as follows:

74-105. RECORDS EXEMPT FROM DISCLOSURE -- LAW ENFORCEMENT RECORDS,
 INVESTIGATORY RECORDS OF AGENCIES, EVACUATION AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANS,
 WORKER'S COMPENSATION. The following records are exempt from disclosure:

(1) Investigatory records of a law enforcement agency as defined in
 section 74-101(7), Idaho Code, under the conditions set forth in section
 74-124, Idaho Code.

23 Juvenile records of a person maintained pursuant to chapter 5, (2) title 20, Idaho Code, except that facts contained in such records shall be 24 furnished upon request in a manner determined by the court to persons and 25 26 governmental and private agencies and institutions conducting pertinent research studies or having a legitimate interest in the protection, welfare 27 and treatment of the juvenile who is thirteen (13) years of age or younger. 28 If the juvenile is petitioned or charged with an offense that would be a 29 criminal offense if committed by an adult, the name, offense of which the 30 juvenile was petitioned or charged, and disposition of the court shall be 31 subject to disclosure as provided in section 20-525, Idaho Code. Addi-32 33 tionally, facts contained in any records of a juvenile maintained pursuant to chapter 5, title 20, Idaho Code, shall be furnished upon request to any 34 35 school district where the juvenile is enrolled or is seeking enrollment.

(3) Records of the custody review board of the Idaho department of juvenile corrections, including records containing the names, addresses and
 written statements of victims and family members of juveniles, shall be exempt from public disclosure pursuant to section 20-533A, Idaho Code.
 (4) (a) The following records of the department of correction:

40 41 42

43

44

(i) Records of which the public interest in confidentiality, public safety, security and habilitation clearly outweighs the public interest in disclosure as identified pursuant to the authority of the state board of correction under section 20-212, Idaho Code;

(ii) Records that contain any identifying information, or any information that would lead to the identification of any victims or
witnesses;

48 (iii) Records that reflect future transportation or movement of a 49 prisoner; (iv) Records gathered during the course of the presentence investigation; and

2 3

1

4 5 (v) Records of a prisoner as defined in section 74-101(10), Idaho Code, or probationer shall not be disclosed to any other prisoner or probationer.

Records, other than public expenditure records, related to pro-6 (b) posed or existing critical infrastructure held by or in the custody 7 of any public agency only when the disclosure of such information is 8 reasonably likely to jeopardize the safety of persons, property or the 9 10 public safety. Such records may include emergency evacuation, escape or other emergency response plans, vulnerability assessments, oper-11 ation and security manuals, plans, blueprints or security codes. For 12 purposes of this paragraph, "system" includes electrical, computer 13 and telecommunications systems, electric power (including produc-14 tion, generating, transportation, transmission and distribution), and 15 16 heating, ventilation, and air conditioning. For purposes of this subsection, "critical infrastructure" means any system or asset, whether 17 physical or virtual, so vital to the state of Idaho, including its po-18 litical subdivisions, that the incapacity or destruction of such system 19 20 or asset would have a debilitating impact on state or national economic 21 security, state or national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters. 22

(c) Records of the Idaho commission of pardons and parole shall be ex empt from public disclosure pursuant to sections 20-1003, Idaho Code,
 and section 20-1005, Idaho Code. Records exempt from disclosure shall
 also include those containing the names, addresses and written state ments of victims.

(5) Voting records of the former sexual offender classification board.
The written record of the vote to classify an offender as a violent sexual
predator by each board member in each case reviewed by that board member
shall be exempt from disclosure to the public and shall be made available
upon request only to the governor, the chairman of the senate judiciary and
rules committee, and the chairman of the house of representatives judiciary,
rules and administration committee for all lawful purposes.

(6) Records of the sheriff or Idaho state police received or maintained
pursuant to sections 18-3302, 18-3302H and 18-3302K, Idaho Code, relating
to an applicant or licensee, except that any law enforcement officer and law
enforcement agency, whether inside or outside the state of Idaho, may access
information maintained in the license record system as set forth in section
18-3302K(16), Idaho Code.

(7) Records of investigations prepared by the department of health and 41 welfare pursuant to its statutory responsibilities dealing with the protec-42 tion of children, the rehabilitation of youth, adoptions and the commitment 43 of mentally ill persons. For reasons of health and safety, best interests of 44 the child or public interest, the department of health and welfare may pro-45 vide for the disclosure of records of investigations associated with actions 46 47 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 16, title 16, Idaho Code, prepared by the department of health and welfare pursuant to its statutory responsibil-48 49 ities dealing with the protection of children, except any such records regarding adoptions shall remain exempt from disclosure. 50

(8) Records, including but not limited to investigative reports, re-1 2 sulting from investigations conducted into complaints of discrimination made to the Idaho human rights commission, unless the public interest in 3 allowing inspection and copying of such records outweighs the legitimate 4 5 public or private interest in maintaining confidentiality of such records. A person may inspect and copy documents from an investigative file to which 6 7 he or she is a named party if such documents are not otherwise prohibited from disclosure by federal law or regulation or state law. The confidentiality of 8 this subsection will no longer apply to any record used in any judicial pro-9 ceeding brought by a named party to the complaint or investigation, or by the 10 11 Idaho human rights commission, relating to the complaint of discrimination.

(9) Records containing information obtained by the manager of the Idaho
 state insurance fund pursuant to chapter 9, title 72, Idaho Code, from or on
 behalf of employers or employees contained in underwriting and claims for
 benefits files.

(10) The worker's compensation records of the Idaho industrial commis sion, provided that the industrial commission shall make such records avail able:

19 20

(a) To the parties in any worker's compensation claim and to the industrial special indemnity fund of the state of Idaho; or

(b) To employers and prospective employers subject to the provisions of
the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. 12112, or other statutory limitations, who certify that the information is being requested
with respect to a worker to whom the employer has extended an offer of
employment and will be used in accordance with the provisions of the
Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. 12112, or other statutory
limitations; or

(c) To employers and prospective employers not subject to the provi sions of the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. 12112, or other
 statutory limitations, provided the employer presents a written autho rization from the person to whom the records pertain; or

(d) To others who demonstrate that the public interest in allowing inspection and copying of such records outweighs the public or private interest in maintaining the confidentiality of such records, as determined by a civil court of competent jurisdiction; or

(e) Although a claimant's records maintained by the industrial commis-36 sion, including medical and rehabilitation records, are otherwise ex-37 empt from public disclosure, the quoting or discussing of medical or re-38 habilitation records contained in the industrial commission's records 39 during a hearing for compensation or in a written decision issued by the 40 industrial commission shall be permitted; provided further, the true 41 identification of the parties shall not be exempt from public disclo-42 sure in any written decision issued and released to the public by the in-43 dustrial commission. 44

(11) Records of investigations compiled by the commission on aging involving vulnerable adults as defined in section 18-1505, Idaho Code, alleged
to be abused, neglected or exploited.

(12) Criminal history records and fingerprints as defined in section
67-3001, Idaho Code, and compiled by the Idaho state police. Such records
shall be released only in accordance with chapter 30, title 67, Idaho Code.

(13) Records furnished or obtained pursuant to section 41-1019, Idaho 1 2 Code, regarding termination of an appointment, employment, contract or other insurance business relationship between an insurer and a producer. 3

4

18

(14) Records of a prisoner or former prisoner in the custody of any state 5 or local correctional facility, when the request is made by another prisoner in the custody of any state or local correctional facility. 6

(15) Except as provided in section 72-1007, Idaho Code, records of the 7 Idaho industrial commission relating to compensation for crime victims pur-8 suant to chapter 10, title 72, Idaho Code. 9

(16) Records or information identifying a complainant maintained by the 10 department of health and welfare pursuant to section 39-3556, Idaho Code, 11 relating to certified family homes, unless the complainant consents in writ-12 ing to the disclosure or the disclosure of the complainant's identity is re-13 quired in any administrative or judicial proceeding. 14

(17) Records of any certification or notification required by federal 15 16 law to be made in connection with the acquisition or transfer of a firearm, including a firearm as defined in 26 U.S.C. 5845 (a). 17

(18) The following records of the state public defense commission:

(a) Records containing information protected or exempted from disclo-19 sure under the rules adopted by the Idaho supreme court, attorney work 20 21 product, attorney-client privileged communication, records containing confidential information from an individual about his criminal case or 22 performance of his attorney, or confidential information about an in-23 quiry into an attorney's fitness to represent indigent defendants. 24

(b) Records related to the administration of the extraordinary liti-25 gation fund by the state public defense commission pursuant to section 26 19-850(2)(e), Idaho Code, to the extent that such records contain in-27 formation protected or exempted from disclosure under rules adopted 28 by the Idaho supreme court, attorney work product or attorney-client 29 privileged communication. This exemption does not include the amount 30 awarded based upon on an application for extraordinary litigation 31 32 funds.

(19) Records and information received by the office of the state con-33 troller from any local government, state agency and department, or volunteer 34 nongovernmental entity for purposes of entry into the criminal justice 35 integrated data system pursuant to section 19-4803, Idaho Code, and all 36 records created by persons authorized to research and analyze information 37 entered into the criminal justice integrated data system, regardless of 38 39 whether such records were previously exempted from disclosure or redacted pursuant to state or federal law or court order. This exemption does not 40 apply to projects, reports, and data analyses approved for release by the 41 data oversight council and issued by persons authorized to conduct research 42 and analysis as set forth in chapter 48, title 19, Idaho Code. Records and 43 information relating to the management of the criminal justice integrated 44 data system shall not be exempt from disclosure except as otherwise provided 45 in law. 46

47 (20) Records that contain any identifying information or any information that could lead to the identification of any persons or entities that 48 participate in or assist with an execution of a death sentence as described 49 in section 19-2716A, Idaho Code. 50

1 (20) (21) Records, other than public expenditure records, relating to 2 the nature, location, or function of cybersecurity devices, programs, or 3 systems designed to protect computer, information technology, or communica-4 tions systems against terrorist or other attacks.

5 SECTION 31. The provisions of Section 22 of this act shall be null,
6 void, and of no force and effect on and after July 2, 2024.

7 SECTION 32. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby 8 declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after 9 July 1, 2023.