IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1076

BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND TAXATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO INCOME TAXATION; AMENDING CHAPTER 30, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE, BY
3	THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 63-3029N, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVI-
4	SIONS FOR AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR PRIVATE SCHOOL TUITION PAYMENTS FOR
5	QUALIFIED DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF AN INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER; AND DECLARING
6	AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 30, Title 63, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 63-3029N, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 63-3029N. PRIVATE SCHOOL TUITION. (1) For taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2023, there shall be allowed to an individual taxpayer a nonrefundable credit against taxes imposed by this chapter for tuition paid by the taxpayer for a qualified dependent child of the taxpayer who is attending an accredited private school in Idaho offering any level of instruction between kindergarten and grade 12 during the taxable year. A school shall be deemed accredited pursuant to this section if it has been accredited according to the accrediting standards promulgated by the Idaho department of education or the Idaho state board of education.
- (2) As used in this section, a "qualified dependent child" also includes the plural term and means an individual who:
 - (a) Qualifies as a dependent of the taxpayer under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (b) Is taken as a deduction on the taxpayer's Idaho income tax return;
 - (c) Is a child of the taxpayer, a stepchild of the taxpayer, an individual for whom the taxpayer has been appointed as guardian, or a descendant of a child of the taxpayer; and
 - (d) In order to receive the full credit, resides in Idaho for at least two hundred seventy (270) days during the taxable year. If the qualified dependent child resides in Idaho for at least one hundred eighty (180) days, but less than two hundred seventy (270) days, the taxpayer shall be allowed a partial credit on a pro rata basis pursuant to rules established by the Idaho state tax commission.
- (3) If the credit for which the individual income tax return is filed is not claimed for the taxable year, the right thereafter to claim such credit retroactively shall be forfeited in subsequent taxable years.
- (4) The credit allowed by this section shall be in the amount of the actual tuition paid by the taxpayer to an Idaho school, subject to subsection (2) (d) of this section, up to a combined maximum for all qualified dependent children of the taxpayer of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per taxable year.

SECTION 2. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval, and retroactively to January 1, 2023.