IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1214

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS; AMENDING TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDI-
3	TION OF A NEW CHAPTER 36, TITLE 6, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN
4	PERSONS AND INSTITUTIONS MUST TAKE REASONABLE STEPS TO RESTRICT THE AC-
5	CESS OF MINORS IN CERTAIN INSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR A CIVIL ACTION IN
6	CERTAIN INSTANCES, TO PROVIDE FOR DAMAGES, TO PROVIDE FOR AN AFFIRMA-
7	TIVE DEFENSE, TO PROVIDE THAT A PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIAN ACCOMPANYING A
8	MINOR SHALL NOT BE A DEFENSE, TO DEFINE TERMS, TO PROVIDE FOR AN ACTION
9	BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR A PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, AND TO PROVIDE SEVER-
10	ABILITY; AMENDING CHAPTER 23, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF
11	A NEW SECTION 67-2359, IDAHO CODE, TO PROHIBIT THE USE OF PUBLIC FACIL-
12	ITIES AND PUBLIC ASSETS FOR SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMER-
13	GENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 6, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 36, Title 6, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 36 SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS -- CIVIL ACTION

- 6-3601. SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS -- CIVIL ACTION. (1) Any person or institution that knowingly promotes, conducts, performs, or participates in a live, in-person show, exhibition, or performance before an audience must take reasonable steps to restrict the access of minors if:
 - (a) The person or institution has reason to believe that minors are likely to be present;
 - (b) The show, exhibition, or performance involves live persons engaged in sexual conduct; and
 - (c) The show, exhibition, or performance is patently offensive to an average person applying contemporary community standards in the adult community as a whole with respect to what is suitable for minors.
 - (2) (a) Any minor, or a parent or legal guardian of such minor, who is exposed to sexual conduct as a result of a violation of subsection (1) of this section shall have a civil cause of action against the person or institution that failed to take reasonable steps to restrict the access of minors.
 - (b) Any minor, or parent or legal guardian of such minor, who prevails in an action pursuant to this subsection shall recover five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in statutory damages as well as actual damages and any other relief available by law.

- (c) Any action brought pursuant to this subsection by or on behalf of a minor shall be in accordance with the provisions of section 5-306, Idaho Code, and rule 17 of the Idaho rules of civil procedure.
- (d) Any action brought pursuant to this subsection against this state, a county, a city, a public health district, or any local political subdivision of the state shall be in accordance with chapter 9, title 6, Idaho Code.
- (3) Any person or institution who knowingly violated or is violating the provisions of subsection (1) of this section may be subject to an action brought by the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney pursuant to section 6-3602, Idaho Code.
- (4) It shall be an affirmative defense to an action brought under the provisions of this chapter that the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that the minor involved was eighteen (18) years of age or older, or such minor exhibited to the defendant a draft card, driver's license, birth certificate, or other official or apparently official document purporting to establish that the minor was eighteen (18) years of age or older.
- (5) It is not a defense to an action brought under this chapter that the minor was accompanied by the minor's parent or legal guardian.
 - (6) For purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Minor" means any person less than eighteen (18) years of age.
 - (b) "Sexual conduct" means:

- (i) Acts, whether actual or simulated, of masturbation, sexual intercourse, or physical contact with a person's unclothed genitals or pubic area;
- (ii) Sexually explicit descriptions of acts described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or
- (iii) Sexually provocative dances or gestures performed with accessories that exaggerate male or female primary or secondary sexual characteristics.
- 6-3602. ACTION BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY. Whenever the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney has reason to believe that a person or institution has knowingly violated or is violating the provisions of section 6-3601, Idaho Code, the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney, acting in the public interest, may bring an action against the person or institution:
- (1) To enjoin any action that constitutes a violation of section 6-3601, Idaho Code, by issuance of a temporary restraining order or preliminary or permanent injunction;
- (2) To recover from the alleged violator a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation and not to exceed a total of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in aggregate, as determined by the court; and
- (3) To obtain other appropriate relief as provided for under this chapter.
- 6-3603. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this chapter are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this chapter or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for

any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining
portions of this chapter.

SECTION 2. That Chapter 23, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 67-2359, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

67-2359. USE OF PUBLIC FACILITIES AND PUBLIC ASSETS FOR SEXUAL EXHIBITIONS PROHIBITED. No public funds, public institution, public facility, public equipment, or other physical asset made available, owned, leased, or controlled by this state, a county, a city, a public health district, or any local political subdivision or agency thereof shall be used for the purpose of shows, exhibitions, or performances that involve live persons engaged in a sexual exhibition, as described in section 6-3601(1), Idaho Code.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2023.