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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 402

DI DEGOLIDATA AND CONCEDIA ETON CONSTERNE

	BY RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION COMMITTEE
1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO INJECTION WELLS; AMENDING SECTION 42-3902, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-
3	MOVE A DEFINITION AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION
4	42-3903, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE OBSOLETE LANGUAGE; AMENDING SECTION
5	42-3905, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A PROVISION REGARDING CLASS II INJECTION
6	WELLS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 42-3908,
7	IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE CERTAIN PROVISIONS FOR CLASS II INJECTION WELLS
8	AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 42-3911, IDAHC
9	CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING PENALTIES; AND DECLARING AN EMER-
10	GENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:
12	SECTION 1. That Section 42-3902, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby
13	amended to read as follows:
14	42-3902. DEFINITIONS. Whenever used in this chapter:
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- 42-3902. DEFINITIONS. Whenever used in this chapter:
- (1) "Aquifer" means any geologic formation that will yield water to a well in sufficient quantities to make production of water from the formation feasible for beneficial use, except when the water in such formation results solely from injection through a deep or shallow injection well.
- (2) "Class II injection well" means a deep injection well used to inject fluids:
 - (a) Which are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage operations, or conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants, dehydration stations, or compressor stations which are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection;
 - (b) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; or
 - (c) For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.
- (3) "Deep injection well" means an injection well which that is more than eighteen (18) feet in vertical depth below land surface.
- (4) (3) "Director" means the director of the department of water resources.
- (5) (4) "Drinking water source" means an aquifer which that contains water having less than ten thousand (10,000) mg/l total dissolved solids and has not been exempted from this designation by the director of the department of water resources.
- (6) (5) "Fluid" means any material or substance which that flows or moves whether in a semisolid, liquid, sludge, gaseous or any other form or state.

- (7) (6) "Formation" means a body of consolidated or unconsolidated rock characterized by a degree of lithologic homogeneity which that is mappable at the earth's surface or traceable in the subsurface.
- (8) (7) "Hazardous waste" means any fluid or combination of fluids, excluding radioactive wastes, which that because of quantity, concentration or characteristics (physical, chemical or biological) may:
 - (a) Cause or significantly contribute to an increase in deaths or an increase in serious, irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness; or
 - (b) Pose a substantial threat to human health or to the environment if improperly treated, stored, disposed of, or managed. Such wastes include, but are not limited to, materials which that are toxic, corrosive, ignitable, or reactive, or materials which that may have mutagenic, teratogenic, or carcinogenic properties, but do not include solid or dissolved material in domestic sewage or solid or dissolved material in irrigation return flows.
- $\frac{(9)}{(8)}$ "Injection" means the subsurface emplacement of fluids through an injection well, but excludes the following:
 - (a) The underground injection of natural gas for purposes of storage; and
 - (b) The underground injection of fluids or propping agents, other than diesel fuels, pursuant to hydraulic fracturing operations related to oil, gas or geothermal production activities.
- (10) (9) "Injection well" means any feature that is operated to allow injection which that also meets at least one (1) of the following criteria:
 - (a) A bored, drilled or driven shaft whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension;
 - (b) A dug hole whose depth is greater than the largest surface dimension;
 - (c) An improved sinkhole; or

- (d) A subsurface fluid distribution system.
- Provided however, that "injection well" does not mean or include any well used for oil, gas or geothermal production activities, other than one into which diesel fuels are injected pursuant to hydraulic fracturing operations.
- $\frac{(11)}{(10)}$ "Irrigation waste water" means excess surface water from agricultural fields generated during any agricultural operation, including runoff of irrigation tailwater, as well as natural drainage resulting from precipitation, snowmelt and floodwaters.
- $\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ "Licensed driller" means any person holding a valid license to drill water wells in Idaho as provided and defined in section 42-238, Idaho Code.
- $\frac{(13)}{(12)}$ "Operate" means to allow fluids to enter an injection well by action or by inaction of the operator.
- (14) (13) "Operator" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, company, corporation, municipality, county, state agency, taxing district or federal agency who operates or proposes to operate any injection well.
- $\frac{(15)}{(14)}$ "Owner" means any individual, group of individuals, partnership, company, corporation, municipality, county, state agency, taxing dis-

trict, or federal agency owning land on which any injection well exists or is proposed to be constructed.

- $\frac{(16)}{(15)}$ "Radioactive material" means any material, solid, liquid or gas which that emits radiation spontaneously.
- (17) (16) "Radioactive waste" means any fluid which that contains radioactive material in concentrations which that exceed those established for discharges to water by 10 CFR 20.
- (18) (17) "Sanitary waste" means any fluid generated through residential (domestic) activities, such as food preparation, cleaning and personal hygiene. The term does not include industrial, municipal, commercial or other nonresidential process fluids.
- $\frac{(19)}{(18)}$ "Shallow injection well" means an injection well $\frac{1}{2}$ is less than or equal to eighteen (18) feet in vertical depth below land surface.
- (20) (19) "Surface runoff water" means runoff water from the natural ground surface and cropland. Runoff from urbanized areas, such as streets, parking lots, airports, and runoff from animal feedlots, agricultural processing facilities and similar facilities are not included within the scope of this term.
- SECTION 2. That Section 42-3903, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 42-3903. DEEP INJECTION WELLS -- CONSTRUCTION -- MODIFICATION -- USE -- PERMIT REQUIRED. No new deep injection well shall be constructed after the effective date of this act unless a permit therefor has been issued by the director of the department of water resources. No deep injection well existing on the effective date of this act shall be modified after the effective date of this act unless a permit therefor has been issued by the director. No deep injection well existing on the effective date of this act shall continue to be used and maintained after January 1, 1974, unless a permit therefor has been issued by the director.
- SECTION 3. That Section 42-3905, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 42-3905. FEES -- TRANSMITTED TO STATE TREASURER. (1) Fees provided for in this section shall accompany all applications and notice of construction forms. No such application or notice of construction form shall be accepted unless accompanied by a filing fee as provided in this section. A separate application shall be filed for each deep injection well and each shallow injection well for which a permit is required by the rules adopted by the water resource board. The filing fee for each deep injection well requiring a permit shall be two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for a class II injection well and one hundred dollars (\$100) for all other deep injection wells, payable to the department of water resources.
- (2) The notice of construction form for each new shallow injection well shall be accompanied by a fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) payable to the department of water resources.
- (3) All fees received under the provisions of this chapter are deemed to be nonrefundable and shall be transmitted to the state treasurer for deposit

in the water administration $\frac{\text{fund}}{\text{account}}$ as established under the provisions of section 42-238a, Idaho Code, except that fees submitted with applications that do not require a permit shall be returned to the applicant. Fees collected may be used by the director of the department of water resources to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

 SECTION 4. That Section 42-3908, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

42-3908. PERMIT APPROVING CONSTRUCTION AND USE -- CONDITIONS -- REJECTION OF APPLICATION. (1) If the director of the department of water resources determines the use of the proposed or existing injection well will not affect the rights of others to use water for beneficial purposes, the director shall issue a permit approving the construction, modification or continued operation of such well. Such permit shall contain conditions, if any, determined to be necessary to protect the public interest in the ground water resource, including, but not limited to, the method and manner of operation of the injection well, the period during which the injection well may be operated, a date when such permit shall expire, and periodic reports to the department of water resources of the quality and quantity of the fluids injected. No deep injection well or shallow injection well, as may be required by rules and regulations adopted under this chapter, shall be used unless a valid permit is in effect in accordance with this chapter.

The director shall require, as a condition of every class II injection well permit, that every person who engages in the construction, modification or operation of a well provides evidence of good and sufficient security in the form of a bond, letter of credit or other surety acceptable to the director that ensures that the applicant performs the duties required pursuant to this chapter and properly decommission any well covered by such permit. Good and sufficient security for each injection well shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) plus one dollar (\$1.00) per foot of depth. The security shall be conditioned upon the performance of the owner's or operator's duty to comply with the rules of the water resource board with respect to the construction, modification, operation, plugging and decommissioning of each well. The security shall remain in full force and effect until the plugging and decommissioning of the well is approved by the director or the security is released by the director. Well decommissioning shall include reclamation of the well site so that the site is left in a stable, noneroding condition with no impact to any ground water or surface water sources of the state. The director may require additional security of an owner or operator given sufficient reason, such as noncompliance, unusual conditions or other circumstances that suggest a particular well has potential risk or liability in excess of that normally expected.

(2) If the director of the department of water resources determines the use of the proposed or existing injection well will interfere or is interfering with the right of the public to withdraw water for beneficial uses, and the director finds there are no overriding needs existing to justify the use of the injection well, the director may reject the application and forward notice of such rejection to the owner or operator by certified mail.

SECTION 5. That Section 42-3911, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

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42-3911. FAILURE TO OBTAIN REQUIRED PERMIT OR SUBMIT REQUIRED INFOR-MATION -- PENALTY. Any owner or operator who causes to be constructed or consents either expressly or impliedly to the construction of a new deep injection well without having first obtained a permit therefor from the director of the department of water resources as provided in this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any owner or operator who causes an existing deep injection well to be modified or consents either expressly or impliedly to the modification of an existing deep injection well without having first obtained a permit therefor from the director of the department of water resources as provided in this chapter shall be quilty of a misdemeanor. From and after January 1, 1974, any owner or operator who continues to operate and maintain or consents either expressly or impliedly to the continued operation and maintenance of an existing Any owner or operator who operates and maintains a deep injection well without having first obtained a permit therefor from the director of the department of water resources as provided in this chapter shall be quilty of a misdemeanor; provided, that no misdemeanor shall occur where an owner or operator applied for a permit before January 1, 1974, and the director of the department of water resources has not approved or rejected said application. Any owner or operator of a proposed or existing an injection well who violates the rules and regulations of the water resource board shall be quilty of a misdemeanor. Each and every day that such activity is carried on in violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

SECTION 6. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.