IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 653

BY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO PESTICIDES; AMENDING CHAPTER 34, TITLE 22, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 22-3427, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING WARNING LABELS; AMENDING CHAPTER 6, TITLE 48, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 48-620, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING WARNING LABELS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Chapter 34, Title 22, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 22-3427, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

22-3427. WARNING LABELS. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation to the contrary, for any pesticide registered by the United States environmental protection agency under the federal insecticide, fungicide, and rodenticide act (FIFRA), the label approved by the United States environmental protection agency in registering the pesticide consistent with United States environmental protection agency carcinogenicity classification for the pesticide under FIFRA shall create a rebuttable presumption that there was an adequate warning regarding health or safety and any relevant provision or doctrine of state law, including without limitation state tort law or relevant common law. The presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the warning was inadequate to protect the public from unreasonable risks of injury or damage or that the warning was procured by fraudulent conduct.

SECTION 2. That Chapter 6, Title 48, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 48-620, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

48-620. WARNING LABELS. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation to the contrary, for any pesticide registered by the United States environmental protection agency under the federal insecticide, fungicide, and rodenticide act (FIFRA), the label approved by the United States environmental protection agency in registering the pesticide consistent with United States environmental protection agency carcinogenicity classification for the pesticide under FIFRA shall create a rebuttable presumption that there was an adequate warning regarding health or safety and any relevant provision or doctrine of state law, including without limitation state tort law or relevant common law. The presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that the warning was inadequate to protect the public from unreasonable risks of injury or damage or that the warning was procured by fraudulent conduct.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.