## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE BILL NO. 724

## BY REDMAN

AN ACT

RELATING TO OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING; AMENDING SECTION 67-2604, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE DUTIES OF THE DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR; AMENDING SECTION 67-2608, IDAHO CODE, TO REQUIRE REPORTS REGARDING FUND BALANCES; AMENDING SECTION 67-9403, IDAHO CODE, TO DEFINE TERMS; AMENDING SECTION 67-9406, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A DEFINITION; REPEALING SECTION 67-9407, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO A REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE; AMENDING CHAPTER 94, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 67-9407, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING UNIVERSAL OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSING PRACTICE AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTION 67-9408, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE SUNRISE REVIEW PROCESS; AMENDING SECTION 67-9409, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A DEFINITION; PROVIDING LEGISLATIVE INTENT REGARDING A REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 67-2604, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-2604. DUTIES OF DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR. (1) In administering the laws regulating professions, trades, and occupations within the division of occupational and professional licenses, and in addition to the authority granted to the administrator by the laws and rules of the agencies and entities within the division, the administrator may:
  - (a) Revise the operating structure of the division as needed to provide efficient and appropriate services to the various professions, trades, occupations, and programs administered within the division;
  - (b) Conduct examinations to ascertain the qualifications and fitness of applicants to exercise the profession, trade, or occupation for which an examination is held;
  - (c) Pass upon the qualifications of applicants for reciprocal licenses, certificates, registrations, and authorities;
  - (d) Prescribe rules consistent with the provisions of chapter 94, title 67, Idaho Code, for a fair and impartial method of examination of candidates to exercise the respective profession, trade, or occupation;
  - (e) Appoint hearing officers, administer oaths, take depositions of witnesses within or without the state in the manner provided by the administrative rules adopted by the division, issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses, and assess costs and fees incurred in the investigation and prosecution or defense of any certificate holder, licensee, or registrant of the division, in accordance with the provisions of section 12-117(5), Idaho Code, when applicable, the contested case provisions of chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, and laws and rules of the agencies within the division;

- (f) Assess civil penalties as authorized for a violation of laws or rules, provided that any such civil penalty collected for a violation of laws or rules shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), unless otherwise provided by statute or rule, and shall be deposited in the occupational licenses fund;
- (g) Implement processes and promulgate rules <u>consistent with the provisions of chapter 94</u>, title 67, Idaho Code, for the administration of the chapters of those agencies assigned to the division, including but not limited to:
  - (i) The application, issuance, renewal, cancellation, and reinstatement of licenses, certificates, registrations, and permits, together with assessment of all related fees;
  - (ii) The terms by which fees may be prorated, if any; and
  - (iii) Procedures for the replacement of lost or destroyed licenses, certificates, or registrations;
- (h) Employ individuals, make expenditures, enter into contracts, require reports, make investigations, travel, and take other actions deemed necessary;
- (i) Collect and pay such fees as are required for criminal background checks of applicants, licensees, or registrants;
- (j) Provide honoraria as set forth in section 59-509(p), Idaho Code;
- (k) Require applications to be verified under oath;

- (1) Require applicants to provide a clear and legible copy of a government-issued photo identification;
- (m) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, terminate an application that has not had any activity within  $\frac{1}{2}$  one  $\frac{1}{2}$  year  $\frac{1}{2}$  (6) months, unless otherwise specified in law or rule;
- (n) Issue a license, certificate, permit, or authority only on behalf of an agency that has administrative rules approved by the legislature;
- (o) Implement application processes that provide for clear administration of all licenses, registrations, permits, and certificates, including their status and history; and
- (p) Establish advisory committees as needed to provide efficient and appropriate services to the various professions, trades, occupations, and programs administered within the division.
- (2) Notwithstanding any law governing any agency within the division, each board or commission member shall hold office until a successor has been duly appointed and qualified.
- (3) The administrator shall administer the following provisions and shall perform such additional duties as are imposed by law: chapter 41, title 39, Idaho Code, relating to the Idaho building code; chapter 40, title 39, Idaho Code, relating to manufactured homes; chapter 43, title 39, Idaho Code, relating to modular buildings; chapter 21, title 44, Idaho Code, relating to manufactured home dealer and installer licensing; chapter 25, title 44, Idaho Code, relating to mobile home rehabilitation; chapter 10, title 54, Idaho Code, relating to electrical contractors and journeymen; chapter 19, title 54, Idaho Code, relating to public works contractors; chapter 26, title 54, Idaho Code, relating to plumbing and plumbers; chapter 45, title 54, Idaho Code, relating to public works construction management licensing; chapter 50, title 54, Idaho Code, relating to installation of

heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems; chapter 80, title 39, Idaho Code, relating to uniform public school building safety; chapter 59, title 33, Idaho Code, relating to Idaho school safety and security; chapter 86, title 39, Idaho Code, relating to elevator safety; and chapter 22, title 55, Idaho Code, relating to underground facilities damage prevention.

- (4) For those agencies listed in subsection (3) of this section, the administrator may, in addition to those powers listed in this chapter:
  - (a) Issue registrations, licenses, and certificates;

- (b) Charge a fee of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) for each examination administered, unless a different fee is established in law or rule;
- (c) Conduct hearings on proceedings to discipline, renew, or reinstate licenses, certificates, or authorities of persons exercising the respective profession, trade, or occupation;
- (d) Revoke, suspend, refuse to renew, or take other disciplinary action against such licenses, certifications, or authorities; and
- (e) Assess civil penalties as authorized for a violation of law or rule.

SECTION 2. That Section 67-2608, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- REPORTS. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the occupational licenses fund. All fees and renewal fees received by the division of occupational and professional licenses for licenses to engage in trades, businesses, occupations, or professions shall be deposited to the credit of the occupational licenses fund. The administrator shall ensure that fees collected by the division are not waived, prorated, transferred, or refunded unless authorized by rule or law of the agency within the division.
- (2) The division shall prepare quarterly reports regarding the revenues and expenditures of each board and commission. Such reports shall be submitted within ten (10) business days after the end of each quarter to the budget and policy analysis division of the legislative services office and a copy of each report pertaining to a certain board or commission shall be submitted to that board or commission.
- (3) The division shall prepare a year-end report regarding the cash balances of each board and commission. The report shall be submitted annually to the budget and policy analysis division of the legislative services office no later than December 31. If the year end cash balance of any board or commission fund detail exceeds one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the five (5) year rolling average of expenditures, the division shall present a plan to the legislature for reducing fund balances, including but not limited to fee reductions and holidays. This plan shall take into account cash fluctuations associated with multi-year license renewals.
- SECTION 3. That Section 67-9403, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 67-9403. DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter:
- (1) "Division of occupational and professional licenses" means the agency created pursuant to section 67-2601, Idaho Code.

 $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$  "Honorable conditions" means an honorable discharge or a general discharge "under honorable conditions."

- (3) "License" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization to practice a profession or occupation in Idaho.
- (4) "Licensed professional" means an individual who holds a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization issued by a licensing authority to practice a profession or occupation in Idaho.
- (2) (5) "Licensing authority" means any agency, bureau, commission, department, division, or professional or occupational licensing board charged with granting, suspending, or revoking the license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization of any person to practice a profession or occupation, including but not limited to the professional and occupational licensing boards within the department of self-governing agencies. The term licensing authority does not include the board of commissioners of the Idaho state bar as established pursuant to chapter 4, title 3, Idaho Code, or the Idaho supreme court.
- $\frac{(3)}{(6)}$  "Licensure" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization of any person to practice a profession or occupation.
- (4) (7) "Military" means the armed forces or reserves of the United States, including the army, navy, marine corps, coast guard, air force, and the reserve components thereof, the national guard of any state, the military reserves of any state, or the naval militia of any state.
- $\frac{(8)}{(8)}$  "Veteran" means any person who has been discharged or released from active duty in the armed forces under honorable conditions provided the person has served on active duty for a minimum of one hundred eighty (180) consecutive days.
- SECTION 4. That Section 67-9406, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-9406. LICENSURE BY ENDORSEMENT -- MEMBERS OF THE MILITARY, VETERANS, AND SPOUSES. (1) A licensing authority shall establish a procedure to grant licensure by endorsement to a member of the military, a former member of the military after discharge under honorable conditions, a veteran, or a spouse of any such person, who possesses current, valid, and unrestricted licensure in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in any branch of the armed forces or the national guard. Such procedure is intended to provide licensure by endorsement to qualifying persons within fifteen (15) business days after such person applies for licensure under this section, provided that the applicant is able to validate his qualifications pursuant to subsection (2) of this section within such time frame. Each licensing authority may promulgate applicable rules to implement the provisions of this subsection, if necessary.
- (2) Each applicant for licensure by endorsement under this section must apply to the applicable licensing authority for relevant licensure to validate:
  - (a) The applicant's status as a member of the military, a former member of the military after discharge under honorable conditions, a veteran, or a spouse of any such person; and

- (b) The applicant's current, valid, and unrestricted licensure in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in any branch of the armed forces or the national guard.
- (3) An applicant for licensure by endorsement pursuant to this section must disclose all current, pending, or subsequent disciplinary proceedings related to the applicant's licensure in another state, district, or territory of the United States, or in any branch of the armed forces or the national guard. A licensing authority has discretion regarding whether to withhold, revoke, or place conditions on an applicant's licensure by endorsement related to such disciplinary proceeding and any information obtained by the licensing authority related to such proceedings. An applicant's failure to disclose a current, pending, or future disciplinary proceeding pursuant to this subsection is grounds for a licensing authority to withhold, revoke, or place conditions on licensure by endorsement pursuant to this section.
- (4) With respect to an applicant under this section, each licensing authority must implement a condensed military application form to verify the requirements of subsection (2) of this section. A condensed application may not request additional information unless such information is deemed critical by the applicable licensing authority to verify the applicant's qualification for an Idaho-specific aspect of practice or to determine the applicable scope of practice pursuant to subsection (5) of this section. As part of a condensed military application, a licensing authority may not require:
  - (a) The taking of all or a portion of an examination, even if such examination is required of other applicants for the same type of licensure in Idaho; or
  - (b) The payment of an application fee.

(5) With respect to applicants for licensure by endorsement under this section, a licensing authority may, at its discretion, compare the authorized scope of practice in the applicable jurisdiction, or jurisdictions, where the applicant currently holds licensure to the authorized scope of practice in Idaho. If such licensing authority determines that the authorized scope of practice in Idaho is broader than the scope of practice authorized in the jurisdiction, or jurisdictions, where the applicant currently holds licensure, such licensing authority may issue a limited license to such applicant pending completion of the additional education, training, or any other requirements determined necessary by the licensing authority. A limited license issued under this section must restrict the applicant's practice in Idaho to the scope of practice authorized in the state where the applicant holds prior licensure until such time that the applicant satisfies the education, training, or other requirements deemed necessary by the licensing authority for a limited period of time necessary for an applicant to meet the qualifications for a full license. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, a licensing authority may administer an examination or partial examination to an applicant pursuant to this subsection for the purpose of ascertaining whether an applicant possesses the requisite qualifications for a full license. Such examination must be narrowly tailored to the additional knowledge or skills required for the applicant to prove that he is qualified for a full license.

(6) This section does not restrict a person who is a member of a profession or occupation covered by an applicable interstate licensure compact or applicable reciprocity agreement from seeking licensure by endorsement pursuant to this section. In such a situation, a person may apply for licensure by endorsement under this section or may apply for licensure pursuant to the terms of the applicable licensure compact or reciprocity agreement.

- (7) An applicant under this section is subject to the laws regulating the person's practice in Idaho and is subject to the applicable licensing authority's jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, the term "licensure" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization to practice a profession or occupation.
- SECTION 5. That Section 67-9407, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
- SECTION 6. That Chapter 94, Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a  $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$ , to be known and designated as Section 67-9407, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 67-9407. UNIVERSAL OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSING PRACTICE AUTHORITY. (1) An act is within the practice authority of a licensed professional in Idaho under the authority of the division of occupational and professional licenses if:
  - (a) The act is consistent with and not expressly prohibited by Idaho Code;
  - (b) The act is consistent with the individual's education, training, and experience; and
  - (c) Performance of the act is within the accepted standard of care for the licensed professional's profession or occupation that would be provided in the same or similar setting by a reasonable and prudent individual with the same or similar education, training, and experience.
- (2) Boards and commissions under the authority of the division of occupational and professional licenses shall be authorized to pursue disciplinary action if a licensed professional subject to licensure by such board or commission fails to meet the standard of care provided by other similarly licensed professionals in the same or similar settings. Any penalties resulting from such acts or omissions must comply with applicable state laws and regulations of the licensing board or commission.
- (3) A licensing authority shall review its administrative rules and modify or eliminate any provisions in conflict with the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 7. That Section 67-9408, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-9408. OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE REVIEW COMMITTEE. (1) In order to establish oversight of occupational and professional licensure and related issues in Idaho, there is hereby established an occupational and professional licensure review committee.
- (2) The committee shall consist of eight (8) members, with four (4) members from the senate, one (1) of whom shall be cochair of the committee, and

four (4) members from the house of representatives, one (1) of whom shall be cochair of the committee. Members from the senate shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate, and members from the house of representatives shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. No more than three (3) members from the senate and no more than three (3) members from the house of representatives shall be from the same political party. Appointments to the committee shall be for the term of office of the member appointed. Any vacancy shall be filled in a manner consistent with the appointment procedure set forth in this subsection, except the appointment shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term. A committee member may be reappointed to the committee.

- (3) In addition to conducting sunrise and sunset reviews as set forth in this section, the committee is authorized to study and review occupational licensing and certification laws in general in order to determine, as applicable, how the legislature may be able to ease occupational licensing barriers while still protecting the public health and safety. The committee shall meet as often as may be necessary for the proper performance of its duties upon the call of the cochairs.
- (4) Beginning January 1, 2021, the <u>The</u> committee shall conduct a sunrise review upon request that a lawful profession or occupational group that is not licensed become licensed. For purposes of this section, a profession or occupation becoming "licensed" means adding a requirement that a person must hold a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization issued by a licensing authority to engage in such profession or occupation. Sunrise review by the committee shall be required prior to the introduction of any proposed legislation that a lawful profession or occupational group that is not licensed become licensed; provided, however, that a germane committee of the legislature later considering such proposed legislation shall not be bound by the recommendation of the committee. The sunrise review process shall be as follows:
  - (a) The legislative services office shall prepare and publish an application form to be approved by the committee and used for the sunrise review process.
  - (b) A requestor shall, prior to the introduction of any proposed legislation, submit the application for sunrise review to the legislative services office. The application shall be submitted by May 1 for review and processing prior to the next regular legislative session.
  - (c) In addition to any other information requested by the committee or staff, the application shall include a copy of the applicant's proposed draft legislation and a description of:
    - (i) The requestor's identity and relationship to the profession or occupational group;
    - (ii) Why licensing or other regulation of the profession or occupation is necessary to protect against present, recognizable, and sufficient harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the public to warrant the regulation proposed;
    - (iii) Why the proposed licensing or other regulation is the least restrictive regulation necessary to protect against present, recognizable, and sufficient harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the public to warrant the regulation proposed;

- (iv) Why the public cannot be effectively protected by other means;
- (v) Whether the overall cost-effectiveness and economic impact of the proposed regulation, including the direct and indirect costs to consumers, will be outweighed by the benefits of the proposed licensing or other regulation;
- (vi) Whether the proposed licensing or other regulation will have an unreasonably negative effect on job creation, job retention, or wages in the state or will place unreasonable restrictions on the ability of individuals who seek to practice or who are practicing a given profession or occupation to continue to practice or to find employment; and
- (vii) How the license will comply with the provisions of this chapter; and

(vii) (viii) Any other relevant information.

- (d) With respect to an application timely received by the legislative services office by May 1:
  - (i) By August 1, the legislative services office shall submit a report with factual analysis to the committee and the applicant. Such report shall be made available to the public. Such report shall verify the contents of an application and submitted information and address any other related factual matters, but shall not contain a recommendation.
  - (ii) By October 1, the committee shall review such application and submitted information and the associated report prepared by the legislative services office, along with any other relevant information, and hold a meeting to consider such application.
  - (iii) By November 1, the committee shall prepare a written recommendation as to whether a requested occupation or profession should be licensed in the manner set forth in the application and shall deliver such recommendation to the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives for subsequent delivery to the appropriate germane committee chairpersons. Such written recommendation may include nonmandatory suggestions as to how the application, including the proposed legislation, may be improved. An applicant receiving such suggestions shall be encouraged to follow the recommended suggestions of the committee before offering the legislation for introduction during the next legislative session.
- (5) The committee shall develop a process to conduct a sunset review of licensing authorities on a rotating basis. Review of a licensing authority shall include review of the existing laws and regulations related to a licensing authority.
  - (a) The sunset review process established by this subsection shall be conducted as follows:
    - (i) Licensing authorities shall be divided into groups to be determined by the committee;
    - (ii) After developing the sunset review process, the committee shall endeavor to review at least one (1) group each year, depending on the priorities and workload of the committee;

- (iii) Each licensing authority shall be reviewed at least every ten (10) years;
- (iv) A licensing authority may be reviewed out of order if the governor or a member of the legislature makes a written request to the committee and the cochairs of the committee approve such request; and
- (v) Each licensing authority under review shall submit information to the committee to facilitate the committee's evaluation of the factors set forth in paragraph (d) of this subsection.
- (b) After all groups have been reviewed once, the committee shall continue to review the groups as described in this subsection and according to the priorities and workload of the committee.
- (c) The review process shall include an opportunity for stakeholder participation, in such manner as determined by the committee.
- (d) Upon completion of the review process established in this section, the committee shall issue a report regarding its findings. The report shall include the committee's findings as to whether, with respect to each licensing authority under consideration:
  - (i) The existing licensing or other regulation is necessary to protect against present, recognizable, and sufficient harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the public to warrant the regulation;
  - (ii) The existing licensing or other regulation is the least restrictive regulation necessary to protect against present, recognizable, and sufficient harm to the health, safety, or welfare of the public to warrant the regulation proposed;
  - (iii) The public can be effectively protected by other means;
  - (iv) The overall cost-effectiveness and economic impact of the existing licensing or other regulation of the profession or occupation, including the direct and indirect costs to consumers, is outweighed by the benefits of the licensing or other regulation;
  - (v) The existing licensing or other regulation has had an unreasonably negative effect on job creation, job retention, or wages in the state or has placed unreasonable restrictions on the ability of individuals who seek to practice or who are practicing a given profession or occupation to continue to practice or to find employment; and
  - (vi) Other relevant information should be considered.
- (e) Based on the committee's findings with respect to the factors provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection with respect to each licensing authority under review, the committee's report shall include a recommendation as to whether:
  - (i) The existing licensing or other regulation should be repealed;
  - (ii) The existing licensing or other regulation should be amended to reduce barriers to licensure;
  - (iii) Other legislative reforms are recommended; or
  - (iv) No legislative reforms are recommended.

- (f) The committee is authorized to draft legislation regarding recommended legislative actions, if any, and may attach such draft legislation to its report.
- (g) Upon completion of the review process established in this section, the committee shall deliver its report, along with any related draft legislation, to the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives for subsequent delivery to the appropriate germane committee chairs.
- (h) A germane committee of the legislature shall not be bound by a recommendation of the committee.

SECTION 8. That Section 67-9409, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-9409. UNIVERSAL LICENSURE. (1) A licensing authority shall establish a procedure for the issuance of licensure to a person who:
  - (a) Possesses current, valid, and unrestricted licensure in another state, district, or territory of the United States; and
  - (b) Demonstrates competency in the profession or occupation through methods determined by the licensing board or commission.
- (2) Each applicant for universal licensure under this section must apply to the applicable licensing authority for relevant licensure. An applicant under this section shall be subject to the laws regulating the person's practice in Idaho and is subject to the applicable licensing authority's jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, the term "licensure" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, or other authorization to practice a profession or occupation.
- (3) To determine whether an applicant for universal licensure who possesses the licensure requirements established in subsection (1) of this section is otherwise qualified for licensure under Idaho law, a licensing authority shall require an applicant to complete an application, submit supporting materials, and undergo the same background checks as required of other applicants for licensure.
- (4) In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, if it administers an examination as part of the application requirements, a licensing authority may require an applicant to take and pass all or a portion of such examination as may be necessary to demonstrate competence to practice in Idaho. A licensing authority shall not establish a jurisprudence examination to demonstrate competence to practice in Idaho.
- (5) An applicant for universal licensure shall pay the same licensing fees as required for applicants under the standard licensing process and shall be subject to all applicable requirements related to maintaining licensure as established by the licensing authority.
- (6) A licensing authority may, at its discretion, compare the authorized scope of practice in the state, or states, where the applicant currently holds licensure to the authorized scope of practice in Idaho. If such licensing authority determines that the authorized scope of practice in Idaho is broader than the scope of practice authorized in the state, or states, where the applicant currently holds licensure, such licensing authority may, instead of issuing a denial on the basis of the difference in scope of practice, issue a limited license to such applicant pending com-

pletion of the additional education, training, and any other requirements determined necessary by the licensing authority. A limited license issued under this section shall restrict the applicant's practice in Idaho to the scope of practice authorized in the state where the applicant holds prior licensure until such time that the applicant satisfies the education, training, or other requirements deemed necessary by the licensing authority for a limited period of time necessary for an applicant to meet the qualifications for a full license.

- (7) This section shall not restrict a person who is a member of a profession or occupation covered by an applicable interstate licensure compact or applicable reciprocity agreement from seeking licensure pursuant to this section. In such a situation, a person may apply for universal licensure under this section or may apply for licensure pursuant to the terms of the applicable licensure compact or reciprocity agreement. A licensing authority may promulgate applicable rules if necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- (8) A licensing authority shall not establish additional methods of demonstrating competency to qualify for universal licensure beyond the requirements to qualify under the standard licensing process.
- SECTION 9. REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. A licensing authority shall, no later than January 1, 2025, prepare and deliver to an appropriate germane legislative committee information regarding the actions taken to comply with the provisions of section 67-9407, Idaho Code. Further, the licensing authority shall report on the profession-specific endorsement and reciprocity statutes, including proposed legislative language, that must be modified or eliminated for the licensing authority to fully comply with the provisions of sections 67-9407, 67-9409, and 67-9414, Idaho Code.

SECTION 10. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.