IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1370

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO WATER; AMENDING SECTION 31-3805, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVI-SIONS REGARDING THE DELIVERY OF WATER WITHIN SUBDIVISIONS; AMENDING SECTION 31-3806, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CERTAIN CIVIL ACTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 67-6508, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR CONSIDERATION OF GROUND WATER WHEN AMENDING, REPEALING, OR ADOPTING A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN; AMENDING SECTION 67-6537, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CODE REFERENCE; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 31-3805, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 31-3805. DELIVERY OF WATER WITHIN SUBDIVISIONS. (1) When either a subdivision within the meaning of chapter 13, title 50, Idaho Code, or a subdivision subject to a more restrictive county or city zoning ordinance is proposed within the state of Idaho, and The provisions of this section shall apply to any proposed subdivision within the state of Idaho, as defined in chapter 13, title 50, Idaho Code, or a subdivision subject to a more restrictive county or city zoning ordinance.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section relating to water for irrigation, water for each subdivision lot in a subdivision having ten (10) or more lots that are smaller than five (5) acres shall be supplied by a shared well or public water system. If subdivisions lie within the service area of a municipal provider or within one (1) mile of the service area of a municipal provider, then the shared well or public water system shall be designed to meet requirements of that municipal provider and be planned to integrate with and connect to the municipal provider's system when appropriate. The municipal provider shall be consulted in the design of the shared well or public water system to ensure proper integration. Upon connection to the municipal provider's system, the water rights associated with the subdivision's shared well or public water system shall be conveyed to the municipal provider.
- (3) If all or any part of said a subdivision would be is located within the boundaries of an existing irrigation district or other, canal company, ditch association, or like similar irrigation water delivery entity, hereinafter called "irrigation entity" for the purposes of this chapter, and such subdivision is entitled to receive water from the irrigation entity, and the irrigation entity's distribution system is capable of delivering the water to the subdivision, no subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map recognized by the city or county for the division of land will be accepted, approved, and recorded unless:

(a) The water rights appurtenant and the assessment obligation of the lands in said subdivision which are within the irrigation entity have been transferred from said lands or excluded from an irrigation entity by the owner thereof; or by the person, firm or corporation filing the subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map recognized by the city or county for the division of land; or

(b) The owner or person, firm or corporation the owner or entity filing the subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map recognized by the city or county for the division of land has provided for underground tile or other like satisfactory underground conduit for lots of one (1) acre or less, or a suitable system for lots of more than one (1) acre which will deliver water to those landowners within the subdivision who are also within the irrigation entity, with the following appropriate approvals: the irrigation of lots within the subdivision using the water provided by the irrigation entity.

(i) For proposed subdivisions within the incorporated limits of a city, the irrigation system must be approved by the city zoning authority or the city council, as provided by city ordinance, with the advice of the irrigation entity charged with the delivery of water to said lands.

(ii) For proposed subdivisions located outside incorporated cities but within a negotiated area of city impact pursuant to chapter 65, title 67, Idaho Code, or within one (1) mile outside the incorporated limits of any city, both city and county zoning authorities and city council and county commissions must approve such irrigation system in accordance with section 50-1306, Idaho Code. In addition, the irrigation entity charged with the delivery of water to said lands must be advised regarding the irrigation system.

(iii) For proposed subdivisions located outside an area of city impact in counties with a zoning ordinance, the delivery system must be approved by the appropriate county zoning authority, and the county commission with the advice of the irrigation entity charged with the delivery of water to said lands.

(iv) For proposed subdivisions located outside an area of city impact in counties without a zoning ordinance, such irrigation system must be approved by the board of county commissioners with the advice of the irrigation entity charged with the delivery of water to said lands.

- (4) For subdivisions using water provided by an irrigation entity, as required in subsection (3) of this section, the subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map shall include a description of the system used to deliver irrigation water from the irrigation entity's point of delivery to the individual lots, subject to the provisions of this subsection.
 - (a) The irrigation entity shall be consulted in the design of all irrigation systems.
 - (b) For subdivisions within the incorporated limits of a city, the irrigation system must be approved by the city zoning authority or the city council, as provided by city ordinance.

(c) For proposed subdivisions located outside an incorporated city, the irrigation system must be approved by the board of county commissioners.

- (2) (a) In the event that the provisions of either subsection (1) (a) or (1) (b) of this section have not been complied with, the assessments of the irrigation entity for operation, maintenance, construction, and other valid charges permitted by statute shall in no way be affected. Any person, firm or corporation or any other person offering such lots in such subdivision for sale, or selling such lot shall, prior to the sale, advise the purchaser in writing as follows:
 - (i) That suitable water deliveries have not been provided; and
 - (ii) That the purchaser of the lot must remain subject to all assessments levied by the irrigation entity; and
 - (iii) That the individual purchaser shall be responsible to pay such legal assessments; and
 - (iv) That the assessments are a lien on the land within the irrigation entity; and
 - (v) That the purchaser may at a future date petition the appropriate irrigation entity for exclusion from the irrigation district.
- (b) A disclosure statement executed by the purchasers and duly acknowledged, containing the representations required in this subsection of this section, shall be obtained by the seller at the time of receipt of the earnest money from the purchaser, and affixed to the proposed sales contract and a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the appropriate irrigation entity.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ For subdivisions receiving water from an irrigation entity as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the subdivision plat description shall state:
 - (a) That the subdivision or a portion of it is located within the service area of the irrigation entity and provide the name and contact information for the irrigation entity;
 - (b) That an approved system for the delivery of irrigation water to lots within the subdivision has been provided;
 - (c) That the purchaser of the lot shall remain subject to all assessments levied by the irrigation entity; and
 - (d) That unpaid irrigation entity assessments are a lien on the land within the irrigation entity.
- SECTION 2. That Section 31-3806, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 31-3806. CIVIL ACTION TO ENFORCE. (1) If the owner of the property of or the person, firm or corporation or entity filing the subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map recognized by the city or county for the division of land fails to comply with either subsection (1) or (2) of the provisions of section 31-3805, Idaho Code, prior to sale of the lots in the subdivision to purchasers, the owner of the property or the person, firm or corporation or entity filing the subdivision plat or amendment to a subdivision plat or any other plat or map recognized by the city or county for the division of land shall be liable to any purchaser for the costs of the lot's exclusion plus all assessments due and owing or the ac-

tual cost of installation of an irrigation delivery system not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per lot all costs required to bring each subdivision lot into compliance with the provisions of section 31-3805, Idaho Code. The purchaser shall have a right to enforce this obligation in a civil action and the purchaser shall have the right to elect exclusion or installation of the system in such action.

- (2) Any person, firm or corporation who shall omit, neglect or refuse to provide the purchaser or the irrigation entity within whose boundaries the land is located, a copy of the disclosure statement required by subsection (2) of section 31-3805, Idaho Code:
 - (a) Shall be liable to the purchaser as provided in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (b) Shall be liable to the irrigation entity for its reasonable expense, including employee time, of locating the purchaser and providing the information required in the form and for advising affected purchasers of the lack of a water delivery system and for any assessments on the property that are past due at the time of discovery of the violation. The irrigation entity affected shall have a right to claim such expenses in a civil action.
- (3) (2) In any civil action filed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section, the prevailing party shall be awarded its reasonable costs and attorney's fees. The purchaser and irrigation entity shall have two (2) years from the date of discovery of the violation to initiate any legal action.
- SECTION 3. That Section 67-6508, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-6508. PLANNING DUTIES. (1) It shall be the duty of the planning or planning and zoning commission to conduct a comprehensive planning process designed to prepare, implement, and review and update a comprehensive plan, hereafter referred to as the plan. The plan shall include all land within the jurisdiction of the governing board. The plan shall consider previous and existing conditions, trends, compatibility of land uses, desirable goals and objectives, or desirable future situations for each planning component. The plan with maps, charts, and reports shall be based on the following components as they may apply to land use regulations and actions unless the plan specifies reasons why a particular component is unneeded.
 - (a) Property Rights -- An analysis of provisions which may be necessary to ensure that land use policies, restrictions, conditions and fees do not violate private property rights, adversely impact property values or create unnecessary technical limitations on the use of property and analysis as prescribed under the declarations of purpose in chapter 80, title 67, Idaho Code.
 - (b) Population -- A population analysis of past, present, and future trends in population including such characteristics as total population, age, sex, and income.
 - (c) School Facilities and Transportation $\mbox{--}$ An analysis of public school capacity and transportation considerations associated with future development.
 - (d) Economic Development -- An analysis of the economic base of the area including employment, industries, economies, jobs, and income levels.

- (e) Land Use -- An analysis of natural land types, existing land covers and uses, and the intrinsic suitability of lands for uses such as agriculture, forestry, mineral exploration and extraction, preservation, recreation, housing, commerce, industry, and public facilities. A map shall be prepared indicating suitable projected land uses for the jurisdiction.
- (f) Natural Resources -- An analysis of the uses of rivers and other waters, forests, range, soils, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, thermal waters, beaches, watersheds, and shorelines.
- (g) Hazardous Areas -- An analysis of known hazards as may result from susceptibility to surface ruptures from faulting, ground shaking, ground failure, landslides or mudslides; avalanche hazards resulting from development in the known or probable path of snowslides and avalanches, and floodplain hazards.
- (h) Public Services, Facilities, and Utilities -- An analysis showing general plans for sewage, drainage, power plant sites, utility transmission corridors, water supply, fire stations and fire fighting equipment, health and welfare facilities, libraries, solid waste disposal sites, schools, public safety facilities and related services. The plan may also show locations of civic centers and public buildings.
- (i) Transportation -- An analysis, prepared in coordination with the local jurisdiction(s) having authority over the public highways and streets, showing the general locations and widths of a system of major traffic thoroughfares and other traffic ways, and of streets and the recommended treatment thereof. This component may also make recommendations on building line setbacks, control of access, street naming and numbering, and a proposed system of public or other transit lines and related facilities including rights-of-way, terminals, future corridors, viaducts and grade separations. The component may also include port, harbor and other related transportation facilities.
- (j) Recreation -- An analysis showing a system of recreation areas, including parks, parkways, trailways, river bank greenbelts, beaches, playgrounds, and other recreation areas and programs.
- (k) Special Areas or Sites -- An analysis of areas, sites, or structures of historical, archeological, architectural, ecological, wildlife, or scenic significance.
- (1) Housing -- An analysis of housing conditions and needs; plans for improvement of housing standards; and plans for the provision of safe, sanitary, and adequate housing, including the provision for low-cost conventional housing, the siting of manufactured housing and mobile homes in subdivisions and parks and on individual lots which are sufficient to maintain a competitive market for each of those housing types and to address the needs of the community.
- (m) Community Design -- An analysis of needs for governing landscaping, building design, tree planting, signs, and suggested patterns and standards for community design, development, and beautification.
- (n) Agriculture -- An analysis of the agricultural base of the area including agricultural lands, farming activities, farming-related businesses and the role of agriculture and agricultural uses in the community.

- (o) Implementation -- An analysis to determine actions, programs, budgets, ordinances, or other methods including scheduling of public expenditures to provide for the timely execution of the various components of the plan.
- (p) National Interest Electric Transmission Corridors -- After notification by the public utilities commission concerning the likelihood of a federally designated national interest electric transmission corridor, prepare an analysis showing the existing location and possible routing of high voltage transmission lines, including national interest electric transmission corridors based upon the United States department of energy's most recent national electric transmission congestion study pursuant to sections 368 and 1221 of the energy policy act of 2005. "High-voltage transmission lines" means lines with a capacity of one hundred fifteen thousand (115,000) volts or more supported by structures of forty (40) feet or more in height.
- (q) Public Airport Facilities -- An analysis prepared with assistance from the Idaho transportation department division of aeronautics, if requested by the planning and zoning commission, and the manager or person in charge of the local public airport identifying, but not limited to, facility locations, the scope and type of airport operations, existing and future planned airport development and infrastructure needs, and the economic impact to the community.
- (2) When considering amending, repealing, or adopting a comprehensive plan, the local governing board shall consider the effect the proposed amendment, repeal, or adoption of the comprehensive plan would have on the source, quantity, and quality of ground water in the area.
- (3) Nothing herein in this section shall preclude the consideration of additional planning components or subject matter.
- SECTION 4. That Section 67-6537, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 67-6537. USE OF SURFACE AND GROUND WATER. (1) The intent of this section is to encourage the use of surface water for irrigation. All applicants proposing to make land use changes shall be required to use surface water, where reasonably available, as the primary water source for irrigation, as required by section 31-3805, Idaho Code. Surface water shall be deemed reasonably available if:
 - (a) A surface water right is, or reasonably can be made, appurtenant to the land;
 - (b) The land is entitled to distribution of surface water from an irrigation district, canal company, ditch users association, or other irrigation delivery entity, and the entity's distribution system is capable of delivering the water to the land; or
 - (c) An irrigation district, canal company, or other irrigation delivery entity has sufficient available surface water rights to apportion or allocate to the land and has a distribution system capable of delivering the water to the land.
- (2) Consistent with sections 42-108 and 42-222, Idaho Code, any change in the nature of use of surface water provided by an irrigation delivery entity must be authorized by the entity holding the water right(s) for the

available surface water. Nothing in this section shall alter the authority and discretion of irrigation delivery entities to apportion, allocate and distribute surface water, or for municipalities, counties, or water and sewer districts to pass ordinances or regulations to promote the use of surface water for irrigation.

- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to override or amend any provision of title 42 or 43, Idaho Code, or impair any rights acquired thereunder.
- (4) When considering amending, repealing or adopting a comprehensive plan, the local governing board shall consider the effect the proposed amendment, repeal or adoption of the comprehensive plan would have on the source, quantity and quality of ground water in the area.

SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.