LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

Sixty-seventh Legislature

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Second Regular Session - 2024

IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1371

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 21-805, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PRO-VISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 22-4301, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE AND TO MAKE TECH-NICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 31-3908, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 31-3911, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 31-3915, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 33-2715, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARD-ING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 33-2728, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 34-102, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A DEFINITION, TO DEFINE A TERM, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 34-106, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING LIMITATIONS ON CERTAIN ELECTIONS AND TO PROVIDE A PRESI-DENTIAL PRIMARY DATE; AMENDING SECTION 34-411A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING CHANGING PARTY AFFILIATION FOR PRIMARY ELECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 34-601, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY DATE; AMENDING SECTION 34-704, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS RE-GARDING THE FILING DEADLINES FOR CANDIDATES FOR ELECTED OFFICE AND TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE; AMENDING SECTION 34-713, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING THE PREPARATION OF PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY BALLOTS; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-731, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING PRES-IDENTIAL PRIMARIES; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE AD-DITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-732, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY CANDIDATES; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-733, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF CANDIDATES FROM PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY BALLOTS; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-734, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR VOTING IN A PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-735, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY RESULTS; AMENDING CHAP-TER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-736, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR DELEGATES TO A NATIONAL CONVENTION; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-737, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONDUCT OF A PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ELEC-TION; AMENDING CHAPTER 7, TITLE 34, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 34-738, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE FOR THE COSTS OF A PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY; AMENDING SECTION 34-904A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING ELIGIBILITY TO VOTE IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 34-1203A, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING POSTELECTION AUDITS OF SELECTED BALLOTS; AMENDING SECTION 34-1205, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A PROVISION REGARDING MEETINGS OF A COUNTY BOARD OF CANVASSERS; AMENDING SECTION 34-1404, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 39-1330, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PRO-

VISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 40-1305, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A PROVISION REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 42-3211, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 63-802, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVISIONS REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AMENDING SECTION 67-4911, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A PROVISION REGARDING AN ELECTION DATE; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 21-805, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 21-805. REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY -- ESTABLISHMENT BY ELECTION. A regional airport authority may be established by the vote of the electors of such region, voting at an election called and held as provided in chapter 14, title 34, Idaho Code, with special provisions as provided in this chapter:
- (a) A petition signed by not less than five percent (5%) of the electors from each county in the region, describing the degree of percentage of financial participation of each such county in the district and the proposed location of the regional airport, and praying for the organization of the region as a regional airport authority, together with a true copy thereof, shall be filed with the Idaho transportation department. Prior to filing such petition each clerk of the board of county commissioners of the counties in the region shall verify the validity of the signatures within the county.
- (b) Upon approval of the petition, the Idaho transportation department shall advise the boards of county commissioners of the counties in the region of the date of the election, which shall occur in May April of even-numbered years, and each such board shall enter an order that an election be held for the purpose of voting on the question of the creation of such regional airport authority. Notice of election shall be published, the election shall be conducted and the returns thereof canvassed as required in title 34, Idaho Code. Provided, however, as a condition of voting in such election, an elector shall meet the qualifications prescribed in section 34-402, Idaho Code, and in addition shall be a resident of the proposed regional airport authority. The ballot shall contain the words "Regional Airport Authority--Yes" and "Regional Airport Authority--No," each followed by a box in which the voter may express his choice by marking the ballot. The county clerk of each county shall conduct such election and the county board of canvassers shall canvass the returns thereof as though it were the only county in which such election were being held. The returns of the election so canvassed shall be certified promptly to the Idaho transportation department and if a majority of all of the votes cast in three (3) or more contiguous counties be in the affirmative, then the Idaho transportation department shall enter an order declaring such regional airport authority established within the limits of those counties that did vote in the affirmative, and shall certify such fact to the board of county commissioners of each county in the region in which an affirmative vote was cast. Counties which voted in the negative shall be excluded from the regional airport authority and shall be so notified by the Idaho transportation department. The cost of providing such election shall be paid by the respective boards of county commissioners, from funds avail-

able to such county. Provided, however, if the interim board of trustees is convinced that it would be impracticable for the three (3) contiguous counties to establish a regional airport authority, and so certifies to the Idaho transportation department and the board of county commissioners of those counties that did vote in the affirmative, the election shall be null and void and the authority shall not be created.

SECTION 2. That Section 22-4301, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 22-4301. ESTABLISHMENT -- PETITION -- ELECTION. (1) The county commissioners of any county shall, upon petition signed by not less than fifty (50) resident real property holders of said county, or any portion thereof, which may exclude incorporated cities, undertake the following procedure to determine the advisability of resolving to establish and maintain a weather modification district within the county as may be designated in the petition.
 - (a) A petition to form a weather modification district shall be presented to the county clerk and recorder. The petition shall be signed by not less than fifty (50) of the resident real property holders within the proposed district. The petition shall designate the boundaries of the district.
 - (b) The petition shall be filed with the county clerk and recorder of the county in which the signers of the petition are located. Upon the filing of the petition the county clerk shall examine the petition and certify whether the required number of petitioners have signed the petition. If the number of petition signers is sufficient, the clerk shall transmit the petition to the board of county commissioners.
 - (c) Upon receipt of a duly certified petition the board of county commissioners shall give notice of an election to be held, subject to the provisions of section 34-106, Idaho Code, in such proposed district for the purpose of determining whether or not the proposed district shall be organized and to elect the first board of trustees for the district. Such notice shall include the date and hours of the election, the polling places, the maximum percent of market value for assessment purposes of taxable property within the district which the proposed district will be permitted to levy, the general purposes of the proposed district, a description of lands to be included in the proposed district, a statement that a map of the proposed district is available in the office of the board of county commissioners, and the names and terms of the members to be elected to the first board of trustees. The notice shall be published once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks prior to such election, in a newspaper of general circulation within the county.
 - (d) The election shall be held and conducted consistent with the provisions of chapter 14, title 34, Idaho Code. The county clerk shall appoint judges of election, one (1) of whom shall act as clerk for the election. At such election the electors shall vote for or against the organization of the district and the members of the first board of trustees.

- (e) The county clerk shall certify the returns of the election to the board of county commissioners. If a majority of the votes cast at said election are in favor of the organization, the board of county commissioners shall declare the district organized and give it a name by which, in all proceedings, it shall thereafter be known, and shall further designate the first board of trustees elected, and thereupon the district shall be a legal taxing district.
- (f) On the third Tuesday of $\underline{\text{May}}$ $\underline{\text{April}}$, in the next odd-numbered calendar year after the organization of any district, and on the third Tuesday of $\underline{\text{May}}$ $\underline{\text{April}}$ every odd-numbered year thereafter, an election shall be held.
- (2) At the election in any district hereafter organized, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of the district, two (2) members of the board to serve for a term of four (4) years; at the next odd-numbered year election, there shall be elected one (1) member of the board to serve for a term of four (4) years. Such election shall be held and conducted consistent with the provisions of chapter 14, title 34, Idaho Code.
- (3) In any election for trustees, if after the deadline for filing a declaration of intent as a write-in candidate, it appears that only one (1) qualified candidate has been nominated for a trustee position, it shall not be necessary for the candidate to stand for election, and the board of trustees of the district shall declare such candidate elected as trustee, and the secretary of the district shall immediately make and deliver to such person a certificate of election.
- SECTION 3. That Section 31-3908, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 31-3908. AMBULANCE DISTRICT AUTHORIZED -- DISTRICTS FORMED BEFORE JULY 1, 2020. The provisions set forth in this section shall govern an ambulance district formed prior to July 1, 2020:
- (1) The county commissioners of any county shall, upon petition signed by not less than fifty (50) qualified electors of said county, or any portion thereof, which may exclude incorporated cities, undertake the following procedure to determine the advisability of resolving to establish and maintain an ambulance service district within the county as may be designated in the petition.
 - (a) A petition to form an ambulance service district shall be presented to the county clerk and recorder. The petition shall be signed by not less than fifty (50) of the resident real property holders within the proposed district. The petition shall designate the boundaries of the district.
 - (b) The petition shall be filed with the county clerk and recorder of the county in which the signers of the petition are located. Upon the filing of the petition, the county clerk shall examine the petition and certify whether the required number of petitioners have signed the petition. If the number of petition signers is sufficient, the clerk shall transmit the petition to the board of county commissioners.
 - (c) Upon receipt of a duly certified petition, the board of county commissioners shall cause the text of the petition to be published once a week for at least three (3) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general

circulation within the county. With the publication of the petition, there shall be published a notice of the time of the meeting of the board of county commissioners when the petition will be considered stating that all persons interested may appear and be heard. No more than five (5) names attached to the petition shall appear in the publication and notice, but the number of signatures shall be stated.

At the time of filing the petition, the sponsors thereof shall cause to be deposited with the county clerk a sufficient sum of money to cover the cost of publication of the petition and all necessary notices. If the petition and notices are not published, the deposit shall be returned to whomever deposited the funds, and if there is any surplus remaining after paying for the publication as herein provided, it shall be returned to the original depositors, and if a district is created, the fees so expended are an obligation of the district and shall be repaid by the district to the depositors.

- (d) At the time set for hearing the petition, the board of county commissioners shall hear all persons who desire to be heard relative to the creation of an ambulance service district. The board of county commissioners may, if they so desire and it appears desirable, adjourn the meeting for not to exceed thirty (30) days to further hear the petitioners and protestants, if any. After the hearing or hearings, the board of county commissioners shall adopt a resolution either creating the proposed ambulance service district or denying the petition. When the board of county commissioners creates an ambulance service district, the board shall adopt a resolution describing the boundaries of the district.
- (e) When the board of county commissioners adopts the resolution creating the ambulance service district, the board shall include in the resolution the name of the district and file a copy of the order creating the district with the county clerk and recorder, for which the clerk shall receive a fee of three dollars (\$3.00).
- (f) Procedures for annexation, deannexation, or dissolution of a district created pursuant to this section shall be in substantial compliance with the provisions for public notice and hearing provided herein and shall be by resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners.
- (2) When the board of county commissioners has ordered the creation of an ambulance service district, pursuant to the provisions of this section, such district is hereby recognized as a legal taxing district, and providing ambulance service is a governmental function.
- (3) The board of county commissioners shall be the governing board of an ambulance service district created pursuant to this section and shall exercise the duties and responsibilities provided in chapter 39, title 31, Idaho Code.
- (4) In any county where an ambulance service district is created as provided herein, the board of county commissioners is authorized to levy a special tax, not to exceed four-hundredths percent (.04%) of market value for assessment purposes, except as authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection, upon all taxable property within the district for the purposes of the district, but the levy otherwise authorized in section 31-3901, Idaho Code, shall not be made on taxable property within the district.

- (a) In any county where an ambulance service district:
 - (i) Was created as of January 1, 1976;

- (ii) Had at the time of its creation a market value for assessment purposes of the district of less than three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000); and
- (iii) The service provided by the district is an advanced life support paramedic unit;

the board of county commissioners may submit to the electors within the district the question of whether the levy authorized in this subsection may be increased to a levy not to exceed six-hundredths percent (.06%) of market value for assessment purposes upon all taxable property within the district for the purposes of the district, if approved by a minimum of two-thirds (2/3) of the qualified electors of the district voting at an election called for that purpose and held on the $\frac{May}{April}$ or November dates provided in section 34-106, Idaho Code, but the levy otherwise authorized in section 31-3901, Idaho Code, shall not be made on taxable property within the district.

- (5) The board of county commissioners is authorized by resolution to create an ambulance district capital improvement account. The board may dedicate all or a portion of the fees and taxes collected pursuant to this chapter to the capital improvement account for the purpose of purchasing necessary buildings, land or equipment for the operation of the district. The board is further authorized to carry over and add to the funds in the account from year to year in order to make the purchases authorized by this subsection.
- (6) The board of county commissioners is authorized by resolution to enter into cooperative agreements with other adjoining counties, adjoining fire protection districts, or other adjoining political subdivisions in Idaho or in other states in order to pool resources and increase efficiency and improve emergency medical services.
- (7) As used in this chapter, "ambulance district" or "ambulance service district" means a political subdivision formed to provide ambulance transport, emergency medical services as defined in section 56-1012, Idaho Code, community health emergency medical services as defined in section 56-1012, Idaho Code, and/or other activities necessary to meet the community health needs of the district.
- SECTION 4. That Section 31-3911, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 31-3911. AMBULANCE SERVICE DISTRICT -- DISTRICTS FORMED ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2020. The provisions of sections 31-3911 through 31-3922, Idaho Code, shall govern any ambulance service district formed on and after July 1, 2020:
- (1) A petition to form an ambulance service district must be signed by no fewer than fifty (50) qualified electors within the proposed district. The petition shall designate the boundaries of the proposed district, shall state the name of the proposed district, and shall be accompanied by a map of the proposed district. The petition shall be filed with the county clerk and recorder of the county or counties in which the proposed district lies. Upon

the filing of the petition, each county clerk shall examine the petition and certify whether the required number of petitioners have signed the petition.

- (2) Any incorporated city that lies within the boundaries of a proposed ambulance service district must pass a resolution consenting to participation in the ambulance service district before the district may be formed. Copies of the city resolutions must be filed with the county clerk or clerks by the petitioners at the time of filing the petition.
- (3) At the time of filing the petition, the petitioners shall deposit with the county clerk a sufficient sum of money to cover the cost of publication of the petition and all necessary notices. If the petition and notices are not published, the deposit shall be returned to the petitioners, and if there is any surplus remaining after paying for the publication as provided in this section, it shall be returned to the petitioners. If a district is created, the petitioners shall be reimbursed the amount of their deposit from the first tax moneys collected by the district.
- (4) If the provisions of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section have been met, the clerk or clerks shall transmit the petition and city resolutions to the board or boards of county commissioners. Upon receipt of a duly certified petition, the board or boards of county commissioners shall cause the text of the petition to be published once a week for at least three (3) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the county or counties. With the publication of the petition, there shall be published a notice of the time of the meeting of the board of county commissioners when the petition will be heard and a statement that all persons interested may appear and be heard. No more than five (5) names attached to the petition shall appear in the publication and notice, but the number of signatures shall be stated. If the district is to be situated in two (2) or more counties, each board of county commissioners shall coordinate the hearing date and the publications of notice so that only one (1) hearing need be held.
- (5) After hearing and considering any and all testimony, the county commissioners shall make an order denying or granting the petition, with or without modifications. Any order granting the petition shall state the name and fix the boundaries of the proposed district. The boundaries so fixed shall be the boundaries of the district after its organization is completed according to law. A map showing the boundaries of the proposed district as finally fixed and determined by the board or boards of county commissioners shall be prepared and filed in the office of the clerk of the county or counties.
- (6) Following the issuance of an order by the county commissioners fixing the name and boundaries of the proposed district, the county clerk shall publish notice of an election to be held on the May April or November election date set forth in section 34-106, Idaho Code, for the purpose of determining whether or not the proposed district shall be organized. The notice shall state the name and boundaries of the proposed district and shall state that a map showing the boundaries of the proposed district is on file in the clerk's office. The notice shall require the electors to cast ballots that contain the words "... ambulance service district, yes" or "... ambulance service district, no" or words equivalent thereto. The notice shall be published first no less than fifteen (15) days before the election and a second publication no less than five (5) days prior to the election in a newspaper of

general circulation within the county. No person shall be entitled to vote at any election held under this section unless he possesses all the qualifications required of electors under the general laws of the state, and he is a resident of the proposed district.

- (7) If the district is to be situated in two (2) or more counties, the boards of county commissioners shall provide that the election will be held on the same day in each county. The boards of county commissioners shall coordinate the canvass of the votes cast and make one (1) joint announcement.
 - (8) (a) If a majority of the votes cast in any county are against the formation of the district, the rejection shall void the organization of the district in all counties.
 - (b) If more than one-half (1/2) of the votes cast are in favor of creating the ambulance service district, the board or boards of county commissioners shall order that such territory is duly organized as an ambulance service district under the name designated on the ballot. A certified copy of the order shall be filed for record in the office of the county recorder of each county in which the district is located and shall be transmitted to the governor. From and after the date of filing the order, the organization of the district is complete.
- SECTION 5. That Section 31-3915, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 31-3915. LEVY -- ELECTION. (1) Each year, immediately prior to the annual county levy of taxes, the board of commissioners of each ambulance service district organized under section 31-3911, Idaho Code, may levy a tax upon all the taxable property within the boundaries of such district sufficient to defray the cost of equipping and maintaining the district in the amount of four-hundredths percent (.04%) of market value for assessment purposes, to be used for the purposes of this chapter and for no other purpose. The levy shall be made by resolution entered upon the minutes of the board of commissioners of the ambulance service district, and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the district, immediately after entry of the resolution in the minutes, to transmit to the county auditor and the county assessor certified copies of the resolution providing for such levy. Said taxes shall be collected as provided by section 63-812, Idaho Code.
- (2) The board of commissioners of an ambulance service district organized under section 31-3911, Idaho Code, may submit to the electors within the district the question of whether the levy authorized in subsection (1) of this section may be increased to a levy not to exceed six-hundredths percent (.06%) of market value for assessment purposes upon all taxable property within the district for the purposes of the district, if approved by a minimum of two-thirds (2/3) of the qualified electors of the district voting at an election called for that purpose and held on the $\frac{May}{April}$ or November dates provided in section 34-106, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 6. That Section 33-2715, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 33-2715. BOARD OF TRUSTEES -- SELECTION -- NUMBER -- QUALIFICATIONS -- TERM -- OATH -- APPOINTMENT OF FIRST BOARD. (1) Each library district shall

be governed by a board of trustees of five (5) members elected or appointed as provided by law, who at the time of their selection and during their terms of office shall be qualified electors of the district and if trustee zones have been established under section 33-2718, Idaho Code, shall be a resident of the trustee zone. Trustees shall be elected at each trustee election, held on the uniform election date in May April. The regular term of a trustee shall be for six (6) years, or until his successor has been elected and qualified. Within ten (10) days after his appointment an appointed trustee shall qualify and assume the duties of his office. An elected trustee shall qualify and assume the duties of his office at the annual meeting. All trustees qualify by taking the oath of office required of state officers, to be administered by one (1) of the present trustees or by a trustee retiring.

- (2) Following the initial establishment of a library district, the board of county commissioners of the home county within five (5) days shall appoint the members of the first board of trustees, who shall serve until the next election of trustees held in an odd-numbered year or until their successors are elected and qualified in an odd-numbered year. The initial election of trustees shall be for terms of four (4) years for two (2) trustees and thereafter their terms shall be for six (6) years, terms of six (6) years for two (2) trustees and thereafter their terms shall be for six (6) years, and a term of two (2) years for one (1) trustee and thereafter the term shall be for six (6) years. Addition of new territory to an existing library district shall not be considered an initial establishment. The first board of trustees shall be sworn by a member of the board of county commissioners of the home county of the district.
- (3) At its first meeting, and after each trustee election, the board shall organize and elect from its membership a chairman and other officers necessary to conduct the affairs of the district.
- (4) Members of the board shall serve without salary but shall receive their actual and necessary expenses while engaged in business of the district.
- (5) For the purpose of achieving an orderly transition to terms of six (6) years and to hold trustee elections in odd-numbered years, the following schedule shall be followed:
 - (a) For trustees elected in 2005, their terms shall expire in 2011 and the terms for each of those elected in 2011 shall each be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
 - (b) For trustees elected in 2006, their terms shall expire in 2011 and the terms for each of those elected in 2011 shall each be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
 - (c) For trustees elected in 2007, their terms shall expire in 2013 and the terms for each of those elected in 2013 shall each be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
 - (d) For trustees elected in 2008, their terms shall expire in 2013 and the terms for each of those elected in 2013 shall each be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
 - (e) For trustees elected in 2009, their terms shall expire in 2015 and the terms for each of those elected in 2015 shall each be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;

(f) For trustees elected in 2010, their terms shall expire in 2015 and the terms for each of those elected in 2015 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years.

SECTION 7. That Section 33-2728, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

33-2728. BOND ELECTION. (1) The purposes for which bonds may be issued shall be: To acquire, purchase, or improve a library site or sites; to build a library or libraries, or other building or buildings; to demolish or remove buildings; to add to, remodel or repair any existing building; to furnish and equip any building or buildings, including all facilities and appliances necessary to maintain and operate the buildings of the library; and to purchase motor vehicles for use as bookmobiles.

The library district may issue bonds in an amount not to exceed one percent (1%) of the market value for assessment purposes of property within the district, less any aggregate outstanding indebtedness.

The board of trustees of any library district, upon approval of a majority thereof, may call a bond election on the question as to whether the board shall be empowered to issue bonds of the district in an amount and for a period of time to be stated in the notice of election. The notice of bond elections, the qualification of bond electors, the conduct of the election, and the canvass of election and determination of the result of election shall be in accordance with chapter 14, title 34, Idaho Code, and with the general election laws of the state of Idaho. Provided however, that any such election conducted pursuant to this section shall be held on election day in the month of May April or November as provided for in section 34-106(1), Idaho Code. The majority required to pass a bond issue shall be two-thirds (2/3) of those voting in the election. The issuance of bonds, the expenditure of bond proceeds and the repayment of the bonds shall all be as specified in school district law.

- (2) District library bond funds may not be used to purchase or expand a building for a contracting agency providing library services unless the district library gains an ownership share in the building proportional to the percentage of district bond funds used to purchase or expand the building.
- SECTION 8. That Section 34-102, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 34-102. "PRIMARY ELECTION" DEFINED -- PURPOSES. (1) "Primary election" means an election held for the purpose of nominating persons as candidates of political parties for election to offices, and for the purpose of electing persons as members of the controlling committees of political parties. Primary elections, with the exception of presidential primaries, shall be held on the third Tuesday of May April in each even-numbered year.
- (2) For the purpose of this title, "presidential primary" means an election held for the purpose of allowing voters to express their choice of candidate for nomination by a political party for president of the United States. A presidential primary shall be held on the third Tuesday in April in each presidential election year.

SECTION 9. That Section 34-106, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 34-106. LIMITATION UPON ON ELECTIONS. On and after January 1, 2011, notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, there shall be no more than two (2) elections conducted in any county in any calendar year, except as provided in this section or section 34-220, Idaho Code, and except that elections to fill vacancies in the United States house of representatives shall be held as provided in the governor's proclamation.
 - (1) The dates on which elections may be conducted are:
 - (a) The third Tuesday in May April of each year; and

- (b) The Tuesday following the first Monday in November of each year.
- (c) In addition to the elections specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection and subsection (7) of this section, an emergency election may be called upon motion of the governing board of a political subdivision. An emergency exists when there is a great public calamity, such as an extraordinary fire, flood, storm, epidemic, or other disaster, or when it is necessary to do emergency work to prepare for \underline{a} national or local defense or to safeguard life, health or property.
- (d) In addition to the elections specified elsewhere in this section, a presidential primary shall be held on the third Tuesday in April in each presidential election year. Presidential primaries shall be held jointly with other primary elections held on the third Tuesday in April.
- (2) Candidates for office elected in $\underline{\text{May}}$ $\underline{\text{April}}$ shall take office on the date specified in the certificate of election but not more than sixty (60) days following the election.
- (3) Candidates for office elected in November shall take office as provided in the constitution or on January 1 next succeeding the November election.
- (4) The governing board of each political subdivision subject to the provisions of this section that, prior to January 1, 2011, conducted an election for members of that governing board on a date other than a date permitted in subsection (1) of this section shall establish as the election date for that political subdivision the date authorized in subsection (1) of this section that falls nearest the date on which elections were previously conducted, unless another date is established by law.
- (5) The secretary of state is authorized to provide such assistance as necessary, and to prescribe any needed rules or interpretations for the conduct of an election authorized under the provisions of this section.
- (6) Water districts governed by chapter 6, title 42, Idaho Code, are exempt from the provisions of this section.
- (7) Community colleges governed by chapter 21, title 33, Idaho Code, and school districts are subject to the limitations specified in subsection (1) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ and $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ of this section, except that school districts may also hold an election on the last Tuesday in August of each year on bonded indebtedness and property tax levy questions.
- (8) A city initiative or referendum election shall be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday in November of odd-numbered years. A county initiative or referendum election or a bond, levy and any other ballot question elections conducted by any political subdivision shall be held on the

nearest date authorized in subsection (1) of this section that falls more than sixty (60) days after the clerk of the political subdivision orders that such election shall be held in $\frac{\text{May}}{\text{April}}$ or November of even-numbered years or more than fifty (50) days after the order for all other elections, unless otherwise provided by law. Ballot language for any question to be placed on the ballot shall be submitted to the county clerk at least sixty (60) days before an election held in $\frac{\text{May}}{\text{April}}$ or November of even-numbered years and at least fifty (50) days before all other elections.

- (9) Recall elections may be held on any of the three (3) dates authorized in subsections (1) and (7) of this section that fall more than forty-five (45) days after the clerk of the political subdivision orders that such election shall be held.
- (10) Irrigation districts governed by title 43, Idaho Code, are subject to the limitations specified in subsection (1) of this section, except that irrigation districts may also hold an election on the first Tuesday in February of each year and on the first Tuesday in August of each year on questions required to be voted upon on by title 43, Idaho Code.

SECTION 10. That Section 34-411A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 34-411A. PRIMARY ELECTIONS -- CHANGING PARTY AFFILIATION -- UNAFFILIATED ELECTORS. (1) For a primary election, including a presidential primary election, an elector may change such elector's political party affiliation or become unaffiliated by filing a signed form with the county clerk no later than the last day a candidate may file for partisan political office prior to such primary election, as provided for in section 34-704 or 34-732, Idaho Code. An unaffiliated elector may affiliate with the party of the elector's choice by filing a signed form up to and including election day. The application form described in section 34-1002, Idaho Code, shall also be used for this purpose.
- (2) For a primary election, an unaffiliated elector may select a political party affiliation only prior to voting in the primary election. An elector may make such selection on or before election day by declaring such political party affiliation to the poll worker or other appropriate election personnel. The poll worker or other appropriate election personnel shall then record in the poll book the elector's choice. After the primary election, the county clerk shall record the party affiliation so recorded in the poll book as part of such elector's record within the voter registration system as provided for in section 34-437A, Idaho Code.

SECTION 11. That Section 34-601, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 34-601. DATES ON WHICH ELECTIONS SHALL BE HELD. Elections shall be held in this state on the following dates or times:
- (1) A primary election shall be held on the third Tuesday in $\frac{\text{May}}{2012}$, and every two (2) years thereafter on the above-mentioned Tuesday.

(2) A general election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 2012, and every two (2) years thereafter on the above-mentioned Tuesday.

- (3) Special state elections shall be held on the dates ordered by the governor's proclamation, or as otherwise provided by law.
- $\underline{\mbox{(4)}}$ A presidential primary shall be held on the third Tuesday in April in each presidential election year.
- SECTION 12. That Section 34-704, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 34-704. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY. (1) Any person legally qualified to hold such office is entitled to become a candidate and file his declaration of candidacy. Each political party candidate for precinct, state, district or county office shall file his declaration of candidacy in the proper office between 8:00 a.m. on the twelfth Monday preceding the primary election January 2 and 5:00 p.m. on the tenth Friday preceding January 16 in the year of the primary election. All political party candidates shall declare their party affiliation in their declaration of candidacy and shall be affiliated with a party at the time of filing. A candidate shall be deemed affiliated with the political party if the candidate submits a party affiliation form along with the declaration of candidacy to the filing official. The filing official shall reject any declaration of candidacy for partisan office in a primary election from candidates who are not affiliated with a political party. Candidates for nonpartisan office shall file during the period provided for in this section.
- (2) Candidates who file a declaration of candidacy under a party name and are not nominated at the primary election shall not be allowed to appear on the general election ballot under any other political party name, nor as an independent candidate.
- (3) Independent candidates shall file their declaration of candidacy in the manner provided in section 34-708, Idaho Code.
- (4) All information in declarations of candidacy shall be made publicly available upon request, except that the Idaho residential street address and telephone number of a judicial officer may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to sections $\frac{19-6002}{19-6202}$ and $\frac{74-106}{30}$, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 13. That Section 34-713, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 34-713. PREPARATION OF PRIMARY BALLOTS. (1) Upon receipt of the sample ballot and instructions from the secretary of state, each county clerk shall print and prepare the official primary ballots for the forthcoming election. The printing of the ballots shall be a county expense and paid out of the county treasury, except presidential primary ballots, which shall be paid for as provided in section 34-738, Idaho Code.
- (2) Each county clerk shall cause to be published on the earliest date possible $\frac{in\ May}{in\ may}$ the names of all the political party candidates who shall appear on the primary $\frac{or\ presidential\ primary}{in\ may}$ ballot. The names shall be listed alphabetically under each particular office title.

SECTION 14. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-731, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

- 34-731. PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY. (1) In years in which a president of the United States is to be nominated and elected, a presidential primary shall be held at which voters may express their choice of candidate for nomination by a political party for president. The presidential primary shall be held on the third Tuesday in April in each presidential election year.
- (2) Participation in a presidential primary by a political party shall be optional, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed as mandating a party's participation in a presidential primary. Any party that intends to participate in a presidential primary shall notify the secretary of state's office no later than the last Tuesday in the November prior to the presidential primary.
- SECTION 15. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-732, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 34-732. CANDIDATES. The name of any candidate for a political party nomination for president of the United States shall be printed on the ballots only if the candidate files with the secretary of state a declaration of candidacy accompanied by a one thousand dollar (\$1,000) filing fee no less than ninety (90) days prior to the presidential primary.
 - SECTION 16. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-733, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 34-733. REMOVAL FROM BALLOT. In the event the secretary of state is informed of a candidate's death, incapacity, or withdrawal from candidacy, the secretary of state may remove the name of such candidate from the ballot; provided, however, that no candidate's name shall be removed within the forty-five (45) days preceding the presidential primary.
 - SECTION 17. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-734, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 34 34-734. VOTING. At a presidential primary, qualified electors may 35 vote for one (1) candidate from among the candidates of one (1) political 36 party only in a manner consistent with the provisions of section 34-904A, 37 Idaho Code.
- 38 SECTION 18. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is 39 hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and des-40 ignated as Section 34-735, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 34-735. PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY -- RESULTS. Upon completion of the state canvass for the presidential primary, the secretary of state shall certify

to the state chair of each political party participating in the presidential primary the number of votes received by each candidate of that party. A winner shall be declared as prescribed by rule of the state and national party.

- SECTION 19. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-736, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 34-736. DELEGATES TO THE NATIONAL CONVENTION. Upon receiving the results of the presidential primary pursuant to section 34-735, Idaho Code, each party participating in the presidential primary shall select, according to national and state party rules, as many delegates and alternates to the national party convention as are allotted to it by the national committee of that party.
 - SECTION 20. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-737, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 34-737. CONDUCT OF ELECTION. Insofar as practicable, and where the provisions of this chapter do not specifically indicate otherwise, the presidential primary shall be conducted and canvassed in the manner provided by law for the conduct and canvassing of state primary elections.
 - SECTION 21. That Chapter 7, Title 34, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW SECTION</u>, to be known and designated as Section 34-738, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
 - 34-738. COSTS OF PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY. (1) Whenever a presidential primary is held as provided by this chapter, the state of Idaho shall assume all costs related to the presidential primary, including publication of legal notice and ballot preparation. The county clerk shall determine the costs and file a certified claim, which shall be examined, allowed, and paid as other claims against the state are paid.
 - (2) The costs of any other election held simultaneous to the presidential primary shall be covered in the manner elsewhere prescribed by law.
 - SECTION 22. That Section 34-904A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 34-904A. ELIGIBILITY TO VOTE IN PRIMARY ELECTIONS. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an elector who has designated a party affiliation shall be allowed to vote only in the primary or presidential primary election of the political party for which such an elector is so registered.
 - (2) A political party qualified to participate in elections pursuant to section 34-501, Idaho Code, may, no later than the last Tuesday in the November prior to a primary or presidential primary election, notify the secretary of state in writing that the political party elects to allow, in addition to those electors who have registered with that political party, any of

the following to vote in such party's primary $\underline{\text{or presidential primary}}$ election:

(a) Electors designated as unaffiliated;

- (b) Electors registered with a different political party qualified to participate in elections pursuant to section 34-501, Idaho Code. In the event a state chairman of a political party elects to allow electors to vote in that party's primary or presidential primary election pursuant to this paragraph, the state chairman shall identify which political parties' registrants are allowed to vote in such primary or presidential primary election.
- (3) In the event that more than one (1) political party allows unaffiliated electors to vote in their party's primary or presidential primary election, an unaffiliated elector shall designate which political party's primary or presidential primary election the elector chooses to vote in by declaring such designation to the poll worker or other appropriate election personnel, who shall then record in the poll book the elector's choice. The county clerk shall record such choice as part of the elector's voting history within the voter registration system as provided for in section 34-437A, Idaho Code.
- (4) In the event no more than one (1) political party allows unaffiliated electors to vote in their party's primary or presidential primary election, an "unaffiliated" elector may designate that political party's primary or presidential primary election as the election the elector chooses to vote in by declaring such designation to the poll worker or other appropriate election personnel, who shall then record in the poll book the elector's choice. The county clerk shall record such choice as part of the elector's voting history within the voter registration system as provided for in section 34-437A, Idaho Code.
- (5) An unaffiliated elector having declared such designation as provided for in subsection (3) or (4) of this section shall not be permitted to vote in the primary or presidential primary election of any other party held on that primary or presidential primary election date.
- (6) If an unaffiliated elector does not declare a choice of political party's primary or presidential primary election ballot, the elector shall not be permitted to vote in any political party's primary or presidential primary election but shall receive a nonpartisan ballot when such a ballot is available.
- (7) In the event that one (1) or more political parties allow electors affiliated with a different political party to vote in their primary or presidential primary election pursuant to this section, an elector affiliated with a different political party shall declare to the poll worker or other appropriate election personnel $\frac{1}{100}$ which primary or presidential primary election ballot such elector wishes to vote. The county clerk shall record such choice as part of the elector's voting history within the voter registration system as provided for in section 34-437A, Idaho Code.
- (8) Provided that all other provisions of this act are complied with, nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an elector designated as unaffiliated from voting in the primary or presidential primary election of a different party held in subsequent years. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, if a political party allows unaffiliated electors to

vote in that political party's primary or presidential primary election pursuant to this section, a vote by an unaffiliated elector in such primary or presidential primary election shall not change or affect the elector's unaffiliated designation.

SECTION 23. That Section 34-1203A, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

34-1203A. POSTELECTION AUDIT OF SELECTED BALLOTS.

- (1) (a) After the completion of all county canvasses for any primary or general election, including any presidential primary election, the secretary of state shall identify and order a postelection audit of certain paper ballots cast in any election, shall immediately post to the website of the office of the secretary of state a list of the elections, counties, and precincts selected for audit, and shall immediately notify each affected county clerk and county sheriff of the same. Upon receiving such notification, the county sheriff shall immediately impound and take into custody the affected ballots pursuant to the procedures in chapter 23, title 34, Idaho Code. Upon completion of the postelection audit, the ballots shall be resealed and returned to the custody of the county clerk or, in the event that the ballots are subject to a recount pursuant to chapter 23, title 34, Idaho Code, to the county sheriff. The postelection audit shall include, at a minimum, a hand recount of the ballots subject to the audit and a comparison to the results reported by the county for any precincts, days, batches, legislative districts, and tabulation machines selected for audit.
- (b) A postelection audit authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection may be ordered for:
 - (i) Any or all federal elections held in Idaho;
 - (ii) The election for governor;
 - (iii) The statewide office election having the narrowest percentage margin of votes;
 - (iv) The statewide ballot question election having the narrowest percentage margin of votes; and
 - (v) One (1) legislative office election within the county.
- (c) The precincts selected for audit pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection shall:
 - (i) Be selected by lot by the secretary of state without the use of a computer at an open public meeting governed by the provisions of chapter 2, title 74, Idaho Code; and
 - (ii) Not exceed five percent (5%) of the precincts in the county or one (1) precinct, whichever is greater. Provided, however, that multiple precincts may be selected in any county if the number of ballots from the precincts so selected is less than two thousand one hundred (2,100).
- (d) The secretary of state, in lieu of auditing the early or absentee ballots from any precincts selected for postelection audit, may select days, batches, legislative districts, and tabulation machines of early or absentee ballots for audit until the number of ballots selected equals or exceeds the number of early or absentee ballots that were cast from the precincts selected for postelection audit. Such days,

batches, legislative districts, and tabulation machines shall be selected under the same requirements by which precincts were selected. The provisions of this paragraph apply only to a county that:

- (i) Does not organize the storage of its early or absentee ballots by precinct;
- (ii) Organizes the storage of such ballots by day, batch, legislative district, or tabulation machine; and
- (iii) Publicly reports the election results for early or absentee ballots by day, batch, legislative district, or tabulation machine on the county's website prior to the secretary of state's selection of precincts to be audited.
- (2) The secretary of state shall conduct, and the county clerks shall facilitate, any postelection audit ordered pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. Such an audit shall be open to attendance by news media personnel. By directive issued at least sixty (60) days prior to the election, the secretary of state shall determine the procedures by which the postelection audit is to be conducted. Such procedures shall be developed in consultation with county clerks and shall include provisions allowing each interested candidate and political party, and each political committee that publicly reported expending money on a ballot question for which the results will be audited, to appoint a designated observer. Within the time specified in the directive, the secretary of state shall report the results of any postelection audits on the website of the office of the secretary of state and to the county clerk of each county in which paper ballots were audited.
- (3) The secretary of state may order additional postelection audits, without regard to the election or precinct limitations provided in subsection (1) of this section, if he determines that such action is warranted by the findings of the audits ordered pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. The secretary of state shall limit such orders for additional postelection audits to the types of problems identified by the audits performed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.
- (4) The office of the secretary of state shall pay for the cost of any postelection audits conducted pursuant to this section, including reimbursing county clerks for any costs associated with facilitating such audits.

SECTION 24. That Section 34-1205, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

34-1205. COUNTY BOARD OF CANVASSERS -- MEETINGS. The county board of commissioners shall be the county board of canvassers and the county clerk shall serve as their secretary for this purpose. The county board of canvassers shall meet within seven (7) days after a primary or presidential primary election and within ten (10) days after a general election for the purpose of canvassing the election returns of all precincts within the county.

SECTION 25. That Section 34-1404, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

34-1404. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY. (1) Candidates for election in any political subdivision shall be nominated by nominating petitions, each of which shall bear the name of the nominee, the office for which the nomination

is made, the term for which nomination is made, the signature of not less than five (5) electors of the candidate's specific zone or district of the political subdivision, and be filed with the clerk of the political subdivision. The form of the nominating petition shall be as provided by the county clerk and shall be uniform for all political subdivisions. For an election to be held on the third Tuesday in May April, in even-numbered years, the nomination petition shall be filed during the period specified in section 34-704, Idaho Code. The clerk of the political subdivision shall verify the qualifications of the nominees and shall, no more than seven (7) days after the close of filing, certify the nominees to be placed on the ballot of the political subdivision. For an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, in even-numbered years, the nomination shall be filed on or before September 1. The clerk of the political subdivision shall verify the qualifications of the nominees and shall, no more than seven (7) days after the close of filing, certify the nominees to be placed on the ballot of the political subdivisions. For all other elections, the nomination shall be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. on the ninth Friday preceding the election for which the nomination is made. The clerk of the political subdivision shall verify the qualifications of the nominee and shall, no more than seven (7) days following the filing, certify the nominees to be placed on the ballot of the political subdivision.

- (2) Nominating petitions shall include campaign contact information for candidates, including phone numbers.
- (3) All information in nominating petitions shall be made publicly available upon request.

SECTION 26. That Section 39-1330, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-1330. BIENNIAL ELECTION OF BOARD MEMBERS -- TERMS OF OFFICE. On the third Tuesday of $\frac{May}{April}$ in the next odd-numbered calendar year after the organization of any district, and on the third Tuesday of $\frac{May}{April}$ every second year thereafter, an election shall be held which shall be known as the biennial election of the district.

At the first biennial election in any district hereafter organized and each sixth year thereafter there shall be elected by the qualified electors of the district three (3) members of the board to serve for a term of six (6) years; at the second biennial election and each sixth year thereafter there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for a term of six (6) years; at the third biennial election and each sixth year thereafter there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for terms of six (6) years.

The county clerk shall provide for holding such elections and shall appoint judges to conduct them; the county clerk shall give notice of election by publication and shall arrange such other details in connection therewith as the board may direct. The returns of the election shall be certified to and shall be canvassed and declared by the board of county commissioners. The candidate or candidates, according to the number of trustees to be elected, receiving the most votes shall be elected. Any new member of the board shall qualify in the same manner as members of the first board qualify.

In any election for trustee, if after the deadline for filing a declaration of intent as a write-in candidate it appears that only one (1) qualified candidate has been nominated for a trustee's position, it shall not be necessary for the candidate to stand for election, and the board of trustees of the district shall declare such candidate elected as a trustee, and the secretary of the board of the district shall immediately make and deliver to such person a certificate of election.

 For the purpose of achieving an orderly transition to a term of six (6) years and to hold trustee elections in odd-numbered years, the following schedule shall be followed:

- (a) For trustees elected in 2005, their terms shall expire in 2011 and the terms for each of those elected in 2011 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
- (b) For trustees elected in 2006, their terms shall expire in 2013 and the terms for each of those elected in 2013 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
- (c) For trustees elected in 2007, their terms shall expire in 2013 and the terms for each of those elected in 2013 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
- (d) For trustees elected in 2008, their terms shall expire in 2015 and the terms for each of those elected in 2015 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
- (e) For trustees elected in 2009, their terms shall expire in 2015 and the terms for each of those elected in 2015 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years;
- (f) For trustees elected in 2010, their terms shall expire in 2017 and the terms for each of those elected in 2017 shall be six (6) years and thereafter those terms shall be for six (6) years.

SECTION 27. That Section 40-1305, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 40-1305. ELECTION OF HIGHWAY COMMISSIONERS -- TERM OF OFFICE. (1) On the third Tuesday of $\frac{\text{May April}}{\text{May district commissioners}}$ of the next odd-numbered year following the appointment of the first highway district commissioners, commissioners from subdistricts one and two shall be elected for a term of two (2) years and the commissioner from subdistrict three shall be elected for a term of four (4) years. Thereafter the term of office of all commissioners shall be four (4) years.
- (2) A highway district whose terms and election were established by prior law shall convert to the election of commissioners as provided in subsection (1) of this section.
- Each highway commissioner shall be elected on a districtwide basis.

SECTION 28. That Section 42-3211, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

42-3211. ELECTIONS -- TERMS OF OFFICE. (1) On the third Tuesday in $\frac{\text{April}}{\text{April}}$, in the first odd-numbered year after the organization of any district, and on the third Tuesday in $\frac{\text{April}}{\text{April}}$ every second year thereafter an election shall be held, which shall be known as the biennial election of

the district. Such election shall be held and conducted consistent with the provisions of chapter 14, title 34, Idaho Code.

- (2) In districts created under section 42-3202B, Idaho Code, biennial elections shall be held on the third Tuesday in May April.
- (3) At the first biennial election in any district hereafter organized, and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of the district, one (1) member of the board to serve for a term of six (6) years; at the second biennial election and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for terms of six (6) years, and at the third biennial election, and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for terms of six (6) years.

In any election for director, if after the deadline for filing a declaration of intent as a write-in candidate, it appears that the number of qualified candidates who have been nominated is equal to the number of directors to be elected, it shall not be necessary for the candidates to stand for election, and the board of directors shall declare such candidates elected as directors, and the secretary of the district shall immediately make and deliver to such persons certificates of election signed by him and bearing the seal of the district.

SECTION 29. That Section 63-802, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

63-802. LIMITATION ON BUDGET REQUESTS -- LIMITATION ON TAX CHARGES -- EXCEPTIONS. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no taxing district shall certify a budget request for an amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget that exceeds the maximum sum permitted under this section:

(a) (i) The highest dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget for any one (1) of the three (3) tax years preceding the current tax year, which amount may be increased by a growth factor of not to exceed three percent (3%) plus the amount of revenue calculated as described in this subsection. The taxing district shall determine what portion of the three percent (3%) increase permitted under this subparagraph that it requires and then calculate a preliminary levy rate based on the percent chosen. In calculating the preliminary levy rate, the most current taxable market value shall be used, except that for taxable market values of centrally assessed operating property, the prior year's valuation may be used instead of the current year's taxable market values. The preliminary levy rate shall be multiplied by the value shown on the new construction roll compiled pursuant to section 63-301A, Idaho Code, and by ninety percent (90%) of the value of annexation during the previous calendar year, as certified by the state tax commission for taxable market values of operating property of public utilities and by the county assessor; except for a fire protection district annexing property prior to July 1, 2021, pursuant to section 31-1429, Idaho Code, the new levy rate shall be multiplied by one hundred percent (100%) of the value of any such property annexed prior to July 1, 2021.

- (ii) The total budget increase calculated under this paragraph must not exceed eight percent (8%), except that any increase in the amount of property tax revenue to finance an annual budget added as a result of the termination, deannexation, or plan modification of a revenue allocation area of an urban renewal district pursuant to section 63-301A(3)(g), (j), or (k), Idaho Code, shall not be subject to such limitation.
- (iii) Following the first year in which a fire protection district has annexed city property pursuant to section 31-1429, Idaho Code, the city shall subtract an amount equal to the moneys spent on fire protection services during the last full year the city provided fire protection services to its residents from its budget limitation under this section.
- (b) If the taxing district has not imposed a levy for three (3) or more years, the highest dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget for the purpose of paragraph (a) (i) of this subsection shall be the dollar amount of property taxes certified for its annual budget during the last year in which a levy was made.
- (c) The dollar amount of the actual budget request may be substituted for the amount in paragraph (a) of this subsection if the taxing district is newly created, except as may be provided in paragraph (i) of this subsection.
- (d) This section does not apply to school district levies imposed in section 33-802, Idaho Code.
 - (e) (i) In the case of a nonschool district for which less than the maximum allowable increase in the dollar amount of property taxes is certified for annual budget purposes in any one (1) year, such a district may, in any following year, recover the forgone increase by certifying, in addition to any increase otherwise allowed, any or all of the increase originally forgone. Provided however, that prior to budgeting any forgone increase, the district must provide notice of its intent to do so, hold a public hearing that may be in conjunction with its annual budget hearing, and certify by resolution the amount of forgone increase to be budgeted and the specific purpose for which the forgone increase is being budgeted. Upon adoption of the resolution, the clerk of the district shall file a copy of the resolution with the county clerk and the state tax commission. Said additional amount shall be included in future calculations for increases as allowed, except as provided in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph.
 - (ii) If the forgone increase is budgeted for the purpose of maintenance and operations, the rate of recovering the reserved forgone moneys may increase the taxing district's budget by no more than one percent (1%) per year.
 - (iii) If the forgone increase is budgeted for a capital project or projects, the rate of recovering the reserved forgone moneys may not exceed three percent (3%) of the taxing district's budget for the year in which the forgone increase is budgeted. Forgone moneys budgeted for a capital project must be deducted from the taxing district's forgone balance in the year in which it is budgeted.

Upon completion of such a capital project, the taxing district shall certify such completion to the state tax commission and county clerk. If, upon certification, the state tax commission finds that the taxing district included forgone moneys for a capital project in calculating the increase permitted under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the state tax commission shall direct the taxing district to reduce its property tax budget for any year in which the forgone moneys were used to calculate a budget increase, in an amount equal to the forgone moneys budgeted plus any increases attributed to the forgone moneys improperly included in the taxing district's property tax budget. For the purpose of this paragraph, a capital project includes:

- 1. The construction, expansion, renovation, or replacement of public facilities, including the acquisition of land and other site improvements;
- 2. The construction, expansion, or reconstruction of public works improvements, including roads, bridges, water systems, sewer systems, and broadband systems; and
- 3. The purchase of equipment with a useful life of ten (10) years or more.
- (f) If a taxing district elects to budget less than the maximum allowable increase in the dollar amount of property taxes, the taxing district may reserve the right to recover all or any portion of that year's forgone increase in a subsequent year by adoption of a resolution specifying the dollar amount of property taxes being reserved. Otherwise, that year's forgone increase may not be recovered under paragraph (e) of this subsection. The district must provide notice of its intent to do so and hold a public hearing that may be in conjunction with its annual budget hearing, if applicable. The resolution to reserve the right to recover the forgone increase for that year shall be adopted at the annual budget hearing of the taxing district if the district has a budget hearing requirement.
- (g) In the case of cities, if the immediately preceding year's levy subject to the limitation provided by this section is less than 0.004, the city may increase its budget by an amount not to exceed the difference between 0.004 and the actual prior year's levy multiplied by the prior year's market value for assessment purposes. The additional amount must be approved by sixty percent (60%) of the voters voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held on the date in $\frac{May}{April}$ or November provided by law and may be included in the annual budget of the city for purposes of this section.
- (h) A taxing district may submit to the electors within the district the question of whether the budget from property tax revenues may be increased beyond the amount authorized in this section, but not beyond the levy authorized by statute. The additional amount must be approved by sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) or more of the voters voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held on the May April or November dates provided by section 34-106, Idaho Code. If approved by the required minimum sixty-six and two-thirds percent

- $(66\ 2/3\%)$ of the voters voting at the election, the new budget amount shall be the base budget for the purposes of this section.
- (i) When a nonschool district consolidates with another nonschool district or dissolves and a new district performing similar governmental functions as the dissolved district forms with the same boundaries within three (3) years, the maximum amount of a budget of the district from property tax revenues shall not be greater than the sum of the amounts that would have been authorized by this section for the district itself or for the districts that were consolidated or dissolved and incorporated into a new district.
- (j) This section does not apply to cooperative service agency levies imposed in sections 33-317 and 33-317A, Idaho Code.
- (k) The amount of money received in the twelve (12) months immediately preceding June 30 of the current tax year as a result of distributions of the tax provided in section 63-3502B(2), Idaho Code.
- (2) In the case of fire districts, during the year immediately following the election of a public utility or public utilities to consent to be provided fire protection pursuant to section 31-1425, Idaho Code, the maximum amount of property tax revenues permitted in subsection (1) of this section may be increased by an amount equal to the current year's taxable value of the consenting public utility or public utilities multiplied by that portion of the prior year's levy subject to the limitation provided by subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) No board of county commissioners shall set a levy, nor shall the state tax commission approve a levy for annual budget purposes, which exceeds the limitation imposed in subsection (1) of this section unless authority to exceed such limitation has been approved by a majority of the taxing district's electors voting on the question at an election called for that purpose and held pursuant to section 34-106, Idaho Code, provided however, that such voter approval shall be for a period of not to exceed two (2) years.
- (4) The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget does not include revenues from nonproperty tax sources and does not include revenue from levies for the payment of judicially confirmed obligations pursuant to sections 63-1315 and 63-1316, Idaho Code, and revenue from levies that are voter-approved for bonds, override levies or supplemental levies, plant facilities reserve fund levies, school emergency fund levies, or for levies applicable to newly annexed property or for levies applicable to new construction as evidenced by the value of property subject to the occupancy tax pursuant to section 63-317, Idaho Code, for the preceding tax year. The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget does not include any property taxes that were collected and refunded on property that is exempt from taxation, pursuant to section 63-1305C, Idaho Code.
- (5) The amount of property tax revenues to finance an annual budget shall include moneys received as recovery of property tax for a revoked provisional property tax exemption under section 63-1305C, Idaho Code.
- (6) For tax year 2023, before calculating the amount required in subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section, the board of county commissioners shall reduce the approved property tax levy portion of its budget for the immediate prior three (3) years in an amount equal to the amount levied for indigent

public defense. The reduced budget amount shall be the base budget for the purpose of subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section.

SECTION 30. That Section 67-4911, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-4911. ELECTIONS -- TERMS OF OFFICE. On an election date as provided for in section 34-106(1), Idaho Code, in <u>May April</u> of the first odd-numbered year after the organization of any district, and every second year thereafter, an election shall be held, which shall be known as the biennial election of the district.

At the first biennial election in any district hereafter organized, and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of the district, one (1) member of the board to serve for a term of six (6) years; at the second biennial election and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for terms of six (6) years, and at the third biennial election, and each sixth year thereafter, there shall be elected two (2) members of the board to serve for terms of six (6) years. Provided, a member of the board once in office shall serve until his successor is elected, qualified and takes office.

Not later than 5:00 p.m. on the ninth Friday before any such election, nominations may be filed with the secretary of the board. The county clerk shall provide for holding such election and shall appoint judges to conduct it. The county clerk shall give notice of election by publication, and shall arrange such other details in connection therewith. Adequate polling places shall be provided throughout the district boundaries for all elections. The returns of the election shall be certified to and shall be canvassed and declared by the board of county commissioners which shall report the results to the district. The candidate or candidates, according to the number of directors to be elected, receiving the most votes, shall be elected. Any new member of the board shall qualify in the same manner as members of the first board qualify.

In any election for director, if after the deadline for filing a declaration of intent as a write-in candidate, it appears that the number of qualified candidates who have been nominated is equal to the number of directors to be elected, it shall not be necessary for the candidates to stand for election, and the board shall declare such candidates elected as directors, and the secretary of the board shall immediately make and deliver to such persons certificates of election signed by him and bearing the seal of the district.

SECTION 31. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2024.