11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35 36

37

38

39 40 First Regular Session - 2025

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 6

BY JUDICIARY, RULES AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO CITY AND COUNTY OFFICERS; AMENDING SECTION 31-2002, IDAHO CODE,
3	TO REMOVE A PROVISION REGARDING VIOLATIONS OF THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW
4	AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 2, TITLE 50, IDAHC
5	CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION 50-238, IDAHO CODE, TO AUTHORIZE
6	INVESTIGATIONS AND ACTIONS AGAINST CITY ELECTED OFFICERS BY THE ATTOR-
7	NEY GENERAL AND TO PROVIDE FOR DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL; AMENDING
8	SECTION 67-1401, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE A PROVISION REGARDING A CERTAIN
9	DUTY OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND
10	DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 31-2002, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

31-2002. INVESTIGATIONS AND ACTIONS AGAINST COUNTY ELECTED OFFICERS -- DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the attorney general may conduct an investigation of any allegation of a violation of state criminal law_T against a county officer occupying an elective office for violation of state criminal law in his official capacity.

- (2) Upon completion of the investigation, the attorney general shall:
- (a) Issue a finding of no further action necessary;
- (b) Suggest training or other nonjudicial remedies; or
- (c) Determine that further investigation or prosecution is warranted and retain the matter and act as special prosecutor.
- (3) In furtherance of the duty to conduct investigations set forth in the provisions of this section, the attorney general shall have the authority to issue subpoenas for the production of documents or tangible things that may be relevant to such investigations.
- (4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any alleged violations of the open meetings law as codified in chapter 2, title 74, Idaho Code.
- (5) (4) For purposes of this section, a county officer occupying an elective office shall be deemed to have performed an act in his "official capacity" when such act takes place while the officer is working or claims to be working on behalf of his employer at his workplace or elsewhere, while the officer is at his workplace whether or not he is working at the time, and when such act involves the use of public property or equipment of any kind or involves the expenditure of public funds.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 2, Title 50, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a NEW SECTION, to be known and designated as Section 50-238, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

50-238. INVESTIGATIONS AND ACTIONS AGAINST CITY ELECTED OFFICERS -- DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the attorney general may conduct an investigation of any allegation of a violation of state criminal law against a city officer occupying an elective office for violation of state criminal law in his official capacity.

- (2) Upon completion of the investigation, the attorney general shall:
- (a) Issue a finding of no further action necessary;

- (b) Suggest training or other nonjudicial remedies; or
- (c) Determine that further investigation or prosecution is warranted and retain the matter and act as special prosecutor.
- (3) In furtherance of the duty to conduct investigations set forth in the provisions of this section, the attorney general shall have the authority to issue subpoenas for the production of documents or tangible things that may be relevant to such investigations.
- (4) For purposes of this section, a city officer shall be deemed to have performed an act in his "official capacity" when such act takes place while the officer is working or claims to be working on behalf of his employer at his workplace or elsewhere, while the officer is at his workplace whether or not he is working at the time, and when such act involves the use of public property or equipment of any kind or involves the expenditure of public funds.

SECTION 3. That Section 67-1401, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

67-1401. DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, it is the duty of the attorney general:

- (1) To perform all legal services for the state and to represent the state and all departments, agencies, offices, officers, boards, commissions, institutions and other state entities in all courts and before all administrative tribunals or bodies of any nature. Representation shall be provided to those entities exempted pursuant to the provisions of section 67-1406, Idaho Code. Whenever required to attend upon any court or administrative tribunal, the attorney general shall be allowed necessary and actual expenses, all claims for which shall be audited by the state board of examiners.
- (2) To advise all departments, agencies, offices, officers, boards, commissions, institutions and other state entities in all matters involving questions of law.
- (3) After judgment in any of the causes referred to in this chapter, to direct the issuing of such process as may be necessary to carry the same into execution.
- (4) To account for and pay over to the proper officer all moneys received that belong to the state.
- (5) To enforce the Idaho charitable solicitation act, chapter 12, title 48, Idaho Code, and the Idaho nonprofit hospital sale or conversion act, chapter 15, title 48, Idaho Code; to supervise charitable organizations, as such term is defined in section 48-1903(4), Idaho Code; and to enforce whenever necessary any noncompliance or departure from the charitable purpose of

such charitable organizations as set forth and provided in chapter 19, title 48, Idaho Code.

- (6) To give an opinion in writing, without fee, to the legislature or either house thereof or any senator or representative and to the governor, secretary of state, treasurer, state controller, and the superintendent of public instruction, when requested, upon on any question of law relating to their respective offices. The attorney general shall keep a record of all written opinions rendered by the office and such opinions shall be compiled annually and made available for public inspection. All costs incurred in the preparation of said opinions shall be borne by the office of the attorney general. A copy of the opinions shall be furnished to the supreme court and to the state librarian.
- (7) When required by the public service, to repair to any county in the state and assist the prosecuting attorney thereof in the discharge of duties.
- (8) To bid $\underline{\text{upon on}}$ and purchase, when necessary, in the name of the state and under the direction of the state controller, any property offered for sale under execution issued upon judgments in favor of or for the use of the state and to enter satisfaction in whole or in part of such judgments as the consideration for such purchases.
- (9) Whenever the property of a judgment debtor in any judgment mentioned in subsection (8) of this section has been sold under a prior judgment, or is subject to any judgment, lien, or encumbrance, taking precedence of the judgment in favor of the state, under the direction of the state controller, to redeem such property from such prior judgment, lien, or encumbrance; and all sums of money necessary for such redemption must, upon the order of the board of examiners, be paid out of any money appropriated for such purposes.
- (10) When necessary for the collection or enforcement of any judgment hereinbefore mentioned, to institute and prosecute, in on behalf of the state, such suits or other proceedings as may be necessary to set aside and annul all conveyances fraudulently made by such judgment debtors; the cost necessary to the prosecution must, when allowed by the board of examiners, be paid out of any appropriations for the prosecution of delinquents.
- (11) To exercise all the common law power and authority usually appertaining to the office and to discharge the other duties prescribed by law.
- (12) To report to the governor the condition of the affairs of the attorney general's office and of the reports received from prosecuting attorneys.
- (13) To appoint deputy attorneys general and special deputy attorneys general and other necessary staff to assist in the performance of the duties of the office. Such deputies and staff shall be nonclassified employees within the meaning of section 67-5302, Idaho Code.
- (14) To establish a medicaid fraud control unit pursuant to the provisions of section 56-226, Idaho Code, and to exercise concurrent investigative and prosecutorial authority and responsibility with county prosecutors to prosecute persons for the violation of the criminal provisions of chapter 2, title 56, Idaho Code, and for criminal offenses that are not defined in chapter 2, title 56, Idaho Code, but that involve or are directly related to the use of medicaid program funds or services provided through the medicaid program.

(15) To seek injunctive and any other appropriate relief as expeditiously as possible to preserve the rights and property of the residents of the state of Idaho and to defend as necessary the state of Idaho, its officials, employees, and agents in the event that any law or regulation violating the public policy set forth in the Idaho health freedom act, chapter 90, title 39, Idaho Code, is enacted by any government, subdivision, or agency thereof.

- (16) To establish an internet crimes against children unit (ICAC) pursuant to the provisions of section 67-1410, Idaho Code, and to exercise concurrent investigative and prosecutorial authority and responsibility with county prosecutors to prosecute persons for the violation of the criminal provisions of sections 18-1507, 18-1507A, 18-1507C, 18-1509A, 18-1513 and 18-1515, Idaho Code.
- (17) To respond to allegations of <u>any</u> violation of state <u>criminal</u> law by elected county <u>or city</u> officers <u>acting in their official capacity</u>, to investigate such claims, to issue appropriate findings, and to <u>refer retain</u> such cases for further investigation and prosecution pursuant to sections 31-2002 and 50-238, Idaho Code.
- (18) To establish a sobriety and drug monitoring program to reduce the number of people on Idaho's highways who drive under the influence of alcohol or drugs, to reduce the number of repeat offenders for certain offenses in which the abuse of alcohol or drugs was a contributing factor, and to increase pretrial and posttrial options for prosecutors and judges in responding to repeat DUI offenders and offenders for certain crimes in which the abuse of alcohol or drugs was a contributing factor in the commission of the crime; and to adopt such rules and establish such fees as are necessary for the operation of said program, as set forth by law.

SECTION 4. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2025.