49-2501. ENACTMENT OF COMPACT. The nonresident violator compact hereinafter called "the compact" is hereby enacted into law and entered into with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

NONRESIDENT VIOLATOR COMPACT

ARTICLE I

Findings and Declaration of Policy
(1) The party jurisdictions find that:
(a) In most instances, a motorist who is cited for a traffic violation in a jurisdiction other than his home jurisdiction must post collateral or bond to secure appearance for trial at a later date; or if unable to post collateral or bond, is taken into custody until the collateral or bond is posted; or is taken directly to court for his trial to be held. In some instances, the motorist's driver's license may be deposited as collateral to be returned after he has complied with the terms of the citation. The purpose of the practices described is to ensure compliance with the terms of a traffic citation by the motorist who, if permitted to continue on his way after receiving the traffic citation, could return to his home jurisdiction and disregard his duty under the terms of the traffic citation.
(b) A motorist receiving a traffic citation in his home jurisdiction is permitted, except for certain violations, to accept the citation from the officer at the scene of the violation and to immediately continue on his way after promising or being instructed to comply with the terms of the citation.
(c) The practice described in paragraph (a) of this subsection causes unnecessary inconvenience and, at times, a hardship for the motorist who is unable at the time to post collateral, furnish a bond, stand trial or pay the fine, and thus is compelled to remain in custody until some arrangement can be made.
(d) The deposit of a driver's license as a bail bond, as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, is viewed with disfavor.
(e) The practices described herein consume an undue amount of law enforcement time.
(2) It is the policy of the party jurisdictions to:
(a) Seek compliance with the laws, ordinances and administrative rules and regulations relating to the operation of motor vehicles in each of the jurisdictions.
(b) Allow motorists to accept a traffic citation for certain violations and proceed on their way without delay whether or not the motorist is a resident of the jurisdiction in which the citation was issued.
(c) Extend cooperation to its fullest extent among the jurisdictions for obtaining compliance with the terms of a traffic citation issued in one jurisdiction to a resident of another jurisdiction.
(d) Maximize effective utilization of law enforcement personnel and assist court systems in the efficient disposition of traffic violations.

(3) The purpose of this compact is to:
(a) Provide a means through which the party jurisdictions may participate in a reciprocal program to effectuate the policies enumerated in subsection (2) hereof in a uniform and orderly manner.
(b) Provide for the fair and impartial treatment of traffic violators operating within party jurisdictions in recognition of the motorist's right of due process and the sovereign status of a party jurisdiction.

ARTICLE II

Definitions

As used in this compact, the following words have the meaning indicated, unless the context requires otherwise:
(1) "Citation" means any summons, ticket or other official document issued by a police officer for a traffic violation containing an order which requires the motorist to respond.
(2) "Collateral" means any cash or other security deposited to secure an appearance for trial, following the issuance by a police officer of a citation for a traffic violation.
(3) "Compliance" means to appear in court or pay the fine and costs specified in the citation or to fulfill an obligation arising from any other option expressly stated upon the citation.
(4) "Court" means a court of law or traffic tribunal.
(5) "Driver's license" means any license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle issued under the laws of the home jurisdiction.
(6) "Home jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction that issued the driver's license of the traffic violator.
(7) "Issuing jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction in which the traffic citation was issued to the motorist.
(8) "Jurisdiction" means a state, territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, provinces of Canada or other countries.
(9) "Motorist" means a driver of a motor vehicle operating in a party jurisdiction other than the home jurisdiction.
(10) "Personal recognizance" means an agreement by a motorist made at the time of issuance of the traffic citation that he will comply with the terms of that traffic citation.
(11) "Police officer" means any individual authorized by the party jurisdiction to issue a citation for a traffic violation.
(12) "Terms of the citation" mean those options expressly stated upon the citation.

ARTICLE III

Procedure for Issuing Jurisdiction

(1) When issuing a citation for a traffic violation, a police officer shall issue the citation to a motorist who possesses a driver's license issued by a party jurisdiction and shall not, subject to the exceptions noted in subsection (2) hereof, require the motorist to post collateral to secure appearance, if the officer receives the motorist's personal recognizance that he will comply with the terms of the citation.
(2) Personal recognizance is acceptable only if not prohibited by law. If mandatory appearance is required, it should take place immediately following issuance of the citation.

(3) Upon failure of a motorist to comply with the terms of a traffic citation, the appropriate official shall report to the licensing authority of the jurisdiction in which the traffic citation was issued of the failure to comply.

(4) Upon receipt of the report, the licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction shall transmit to the licensing authority in the home jurisdiction of the motorist, the information in a form and content as contained in the compact manual.

(5) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction need not suspend the privilege of a motorist for whom a report has been transmitted.

(6) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction shall not transmit a report on any violation if the date of transmission is more than six (6) months after the date on which the traffic citation was issued.

(7) The licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction shall not transmit a report on any violation where the date of issuance of the citation predates the most recent of the effective dates of entry for the two (2) jurisdictions affected.

ARTICLE IV

Procedure for Home Jurisdiction

(1) Upon receipt of a report of a failure to comply from the licensing authority of the issuing jurisdiction, the licensing authority of the home jurisdiction shall notify the motorist and initiate a suspension action, in accordance with the home jurisdiction's procedures, to suspend the motorist's driver's license until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the traffic citation has been furnished to the home jurisdiction licensing authority.

(2) The licensing authority of the home jurisdiction shall maintain a record of actions taken and make reports to issuing jurisdictions as provided in the compact manual.

ARTICLE V

Applicability of Other Laws

Except as expressly required by the provisions of this compact, nothing contained herein shall be construed to affect the right of any party jurisdiction to apply any of its other laws relating to license to drive to any person or circumstance, or to invalidate or prevent any driver license agreement or other cooperative arrangements between a party jurisdiction and a nonparty jurisdiction.

ARTICLE VI

Compact Administrator Procedures

(1) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this compact and to serve as a governing body for the resolution of all matters relating to the operation of this compact, a board of compact administrators is established. The board shall be composed of one (1) representative from each party jurisdiction to be known as the compact administrator. The compact administrator shall be appointed by the jurisdiction executive and will serve and be subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction he represents. A compact administrator may provide for the discharge of his du-
ties and the performance of his functions as a board member by an alternate. An alternate may not be entitled to serve unless written notification of his identity has been given to the board.

(2) Each member of the board of compact administrators shall be entitled to one (1) vote. No action of the board shall be binding unless taken at a meeting at which a majority of the total number of votes on the board are cast in favor. Action by the board shall be only at a meeting at which a majority of the party jurisdictions are represented.

(3) The board shall elect annually, from its membership, a chairman and vice chairman.

(4) The board shall adopt bylaws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this compact or the laws of a party jurisdiction, for the conduct of its business and shall have the power to amend and rescind its bylaws.

(5) The board may accept for any of its purposes and functions under this compact, any and all donations, grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials and services, conditional or otherwise, from any jurisdiction, the United States or any other governmental agency, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same.

(6) The board may contract with, or accept services or personnel from any governmental or intergovernmental agency, person, firm or corporation, or any private nonprofit organization or institution.

(7) The board shall formulate all necessary procedures and develop uniform forms and documents for administering the provisions of this compact. All procedures and forms adopted pursuant to board action shall be contained in the compact manual.

ARTICLE VII

Entry Into Compact and Withdrawal

(1) This compact shall become effective when it has been adopted by at least two (2) jurisdictions.

(a) Entry into the compact shall be made by a resolution of ratification executed by the authorized officials of the applying jurisdiction and submitted to the chairman of the board.

(b) The resolution shall be in a form and content as provided in the compact manual and shall include statements that in substance are as follows:

1. A citation of the authority by which the jurisdiction is empowered to become a party to this compact.
2. Agreement to comply with the terms and provisions of the compact.
3. That compact entry is with all jurisdictions then party to the compact and with any jurisdiction that legally becomes a party to the compact.

(c) The effective date of entry shall be specified by the applying jurisdiction, but it shall not be less than sixty (60) days after notice has been given by the chairman of the board of compact administrators or by the secretariat of the board to each party jurisdiction that the resolution from the applying jurisdiction has been received.

(2) A party jurisdiction may withdraw from this compact by official written notice to the other party jurisdictions, but a withdrawal shall not take effect until ninety (90) days after notice of withdrawal is given. The notice shall be directed to the compact administrator of each member jurisdiction.
jurisdiction. No withdrawal shall affect the validity of this compact as to
the remaining party jurisdictions.

ARTICLE VIII

Exceptions

The provisions of this compact shall not apply to parking or standing
violations, highway weight limit violations or violations of law governing
the transportation of hazardous materials.

ARTICLE IX

Amendments to the Compact

(1) This compact may be amended from time to time. Amendments shall be
presented in resolution form to the chairman of the board of compact adminis-
trators and may be initiated by one (1) or more party jurisdictions.

(2) Adoption of an amendment shall require endorsement of all party ju-
risdictions and shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of the
last endorsement.

(3) Failure of a party jurisdiction to respond to the compact chairman
within one hundred twenty (120) days after receipt of the proposed amendment
shall constitute endorsement.

ARTICLE X

Construction and Severability

This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the pur-
poses stated herein. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and
if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared to
be contrary to the constitution of any party jurisdiction or of the United
States or the applicability thereof to any government agency, person or cir-
cumstance is held invalid, the compact shall not be affected thereby. If
this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any jurisdiction
party thereto, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the
remaining jurisdictions and in full force and effect as to the jurisdiction
affected as to all severable matters.

[49-2501, added 1991, ch. 91, sec. 1, p. 205.]

CHAPTER 26
SNOWMOBILES -- [REPEALED]